UNITED STATES DEPAPTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

## FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEVVED APR 211980
DATE ENTERED

## SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS

TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

## 1 NAME

historic
The Mass Grave of the Mexican Miners
AND/OR COMMON

## 2 LOCATION

street \& number
Mount Calvary Cemetery, Car1 Albert Parkway
CITY, TOWN


McAlester
STATE
Oklahoma
CLASSIFICATION

| CATEGORY | OWNERSHIP | STATUS | PRESENT USE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -DISTRICT | __PUBLIC | X XOCCUPIED | _Agriculture | _museum |
| -BUILDING(S) | $\underline{X}_{\text {Private }}$ | _-UNOCCUPIED | -COMMERCIAL | -PARK |
| _-structure | _BOTH | _-WORKIN PROGRESS | -EdUCATIONAL | __Private residence |
| - SITE | PUBLIC ACQUISITION | ACCESSIBLE | -_entertainment | _RELIGIOUS |
| X ObJect | _-IN Process | _-yES: RESTRICTED | _GOVERNMENT | __SCIENTIFIC |
|  | _-bEING CONSIDERED | Z XYES : UNRESTRICTED | _ industrial | -TRANSPORTATION |
|  |  | - NO | _military | X other: cemetery |

## 4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

name
Catholic Diocese of Tulsa
STREET \& NUMBER
824 S. Boulder
CITY.TOWN STATE Tu1sa $\quad$ VIcInity of 0 K

## 5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE.
REGISTRY OF DEEDS,ETC.
County Clerk's Office
STREET \& NUMBER
Pittsburg County Courthouse
CITY. TOWN STATE

## 6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

| Títle |
| :--- |
| Oklahoma Comprehensive Survey |
| DATE <br> 1979 |
| DEPOSITORY FOR <br> SURVEY RECORDS |

DEPOSITORY FOR
SURVEY RECORDS
Oklahoma Historical Society
Preservation Office

| CiTY, TOWN |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Oklahoma City | STATE |
| OK |  |

## 71 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION

| $X_{\text {EXCELLENT }}$ | _DETERIORATED |
| :--- | :--- |
| __GOOD | _RUINS |
| __FAIR | _UNEXPOSED |

## CHECK ONE

Xunaltered
__ALTERED

## CHECK ONE

X Original site
_MOVED DATE
$\qquad$

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The present site consists of a plot 70 feet long and 10 feet wide running north to south in Mount Calvary Cemetery, McAlester. The line of headstones runs from south to north and the monuments carry the following inscriptions in this order:

1. Memorias

Francisco Moreno, 1890-1929
Alverto (sic) Moreno, 1905-1929
2. Juan M-P Chavez

Nacio 6 Marzo 1910
Fallecio 17 Dec. 1929
N. McAlister Okla
3. Gregorio Chavez

Nacio 9 Mayo 1905
Fallecio 17 Dec 1929
N. McAlister Okla
4. Alberto Chavez

Nacio 7 Augusto 1909
Fallecio 17 Dec 1929
N. McAlester Okla
5. Ignacio Castillo

Nacio 1882
Fallecio Dec. 17, 1929
N. McAlester

Antonia R. Castillo
Recuerdo
6. Frank Medena (sic)

Husband of
Ines Medena (sic)
1901-1929
7. Manuel Huerta

Husb. of
Aurora، Huerta
1909-1929
8. Anasato Numez (sic)

Mar. 17, 1896
Dec. 17, 1929
Gone but not forgotten
9. Emilio Gonzales

1898-1929

The Chavez monuments are grouped together, but the other stones are separated by irregular intervals.

## 8 SIGNIFICANCE

| PERIOD | AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| __PREHISTORIC | -ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC | __COMMUNITY PLANNING | __LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE | __religion |
| -1400-1499 | -ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC | __CONSERVATION | _ LAW | _ science |
| - 1500-1599 | -_AGRICULTURE | - economics | __literature | __sculpture |
| -1600-1699 | -architecture | -_education | _-MILITARY | __SOCIALHUMANITARIAN |
| -1700-1799 | -ART | --ENGINEERING | __music | - theater |
| -1800-1899 | -COMmERCE | -EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT | _PHILOSOPHY | - transportation |
| $\mathrm{X}_{1} 1900$ - | _COMMUNICATIONS | $\chi^{\text {X }}$ INDUSTRY | -_POLITICS/GOVERNMENT | $\underline{X}_{\text {OTHER (SPECIFY) }}$ |
|  |  | __INVENTION |  | Ethnic History |
| SPECIFIC DATES |  | BUILDER/ARCHITECT |  |  |

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE
Mexican miners played a heroic role in the coal mining industry of southeastern Oklahoma. At its height between about 1910 and 1930, some 1200 Mexicans worked in the mines of the district. Most had immigrated to the area from Mexico after having been miners in Texas or Colorado. The Oklahoma mines were very attractive to these men because wages were"comparatively high for the time--about \$3.60 per day in 1917 and $\$ 5.00$ per day by 1931. But the mines were also the most dangerous in the country; coal mining had the highest fatality rate of any industry in the state. Major disasters took scores of lives at a time.

On February 22, 1912, for example, a fire broke out about 100 feet from the bottom of the shaft in the Number Five Mine at Lehigh. On this occasion, 22 year old Rufino Rodriguez, an illiterate Mexican miner, saved 190 fellow workers from certain death. He sounded the alarm throughout the mine, almost losing his own life in the process. In May, 1914, Rodriquez received a medal for heroism from the Carnegie Hero Fund Commission.

Other disasters ended on a more tragic note. On December 17, 1929, a gas explosion in the Old Town Company Little Bolen Mine in North McAlester resulted in the death of 61 of the 66 men working below. Among them were 32 Mexicans, including five sets of brothers who worked together and died together in the mine. In all, this disaster left more than 250 destitute and grieving relatives to face a dismal future without their men. Since there were neither death benefits for dependents nor even enough money to bury the dead, a public subscription was mounted. After an appeal by Will Rogers, donors from around the country pledged more than $\$ 70,000$. The Mexican government alone contributed $\$ 10,000$ to the destitute families, and the Red Cross coordinated the relief effort.

Three days after the explosion, the victims were intered in several nearby cemeteries. Twenty-four of the Mexican miners were laid to rest side by side in a huge grave dug by convicts from the Oklahoma State Penitentiary. Though a representative of the Govenor placed a wreath on the grave, and the Mexican consul led the faneral cortege, the mass grave itself was marked only by a single wooden cross. Subsequently, families of ten of the victims erected stone monuments commemorating their loved ones. These headstones are the only monuments to the Mexican miners who died in the disaster of 1929.

## 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Smith, Michae1 M. Mexicans in Oklahoma. Norman: University of Oklahoma Press, 1980. (In manuscript.)

McAlester News Capital, December 20, 1929, p. 1.

## DTH NOT VEREIED

## 10GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

acreage of nominated property under 1 acre ACREAGE NOT VERFIFED


VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION
The mass grave lies approximately 100 feet north of the central entrance of Mount Calvary Cemetery and 150 feet south southwest of the central crucifix monument of the cemetery.

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES Cemeteries.

| STATE | CODE | COUNTY | CODE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE | CODE | CO |  |

## 11FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE


## 12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: NATIONAL $\qquad$ STATE $\qquad$ LOCAL $\qquad$ As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National ParkService.

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE
TITLE


## COHMPS USE OMLY

WEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTVIS MCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER
DATE


DATE

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Verbal boundary description
From bench mark 728 in section 8 proceed at a $355^{\circ}$ bearing for 140 meters. Observe the mass grave on the right and establish point $A$ at the SW corner of the site, proceed north 70 feet, turn east 10 feet, turn south 70 feet and finally turn west 10 feet to the starting point $A$.

