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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

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This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properting (\$356). See instructions in Guidelines for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials. and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets

(Form 10-900a). Type all entries.			
1. Name of Property			
	n Pacific Depot		
other names/site number N/A			
2. Location			
street & number 65 Cahill St	reet		∠Anot for publication
city, town San Jose			/_Avicinity
state California code C	A county Santa	Clara code 085	zip code 95110
3. Classification			
Ownership of Property	Category of Property		rces within Property
private	building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing
∑ public-local	X district	_4	buildings
x public-State	site		sites
public-Federal	structure	6	structures
	object		objects
		10	Total
Name of related multiple property listin	g:		outing resources previously
N/A	The second secon	listed in the Natio	nal Register <u>N/A</u>
4. State/Federal Agency Certifica	tion		
In my opinion, the property meet Signature of certifying official California Office of Hist	Strade N. C.		ontinuation sheet Wareh 1, 1993 Date
State or Federal agency and bureau			and the second of the second o
In my opinion, the property meet		Register criteria. See c	ontinuation sheet.
Signature of commenting or other official			Date
State or Federal agency and bureau			
5. National Park Service Certifica	tion		
I, hereby, certify that this property is:		autered in	th.
entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the National	Selvery	Byen Hational R	egiste 4/1/93
Register. See continuation sheet.			
determined not eligible for the			
National Register.	HE description of the second o		
removed from the National Register other, (explain:)			
	Signature	of the Keeper	Date of Action

6. Function or Use	
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)
TRANSPORTATION: Rail Related	TRANSPORTATION: Rail Related
7. Description	
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)
	foundation <u>CONCRETE</u>
Italian Renaissance Revival	walls BRICK
	roof TERRA COTTA
	other METAL: Steel Sash Windows
	METAL: Iron Gate

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The Southern Pacific Depot on Cahill Street in San Jose is a multi-level combination (passenger and freight) railroad depot constructed in the Italian Renaissance Revival style. 1935, it consists of a three-story central section flanked by two-story wings. The building, a compilation of rectangular sections, is 390 feet long and varies in width from 40 feet to 78 The central section, which contains the passenger waiting room, measures 40 by 80 feet and 33 feet in height. The high center pavilion housing the waiting room is constructed of steel columns and trusses. The side wings are framed with wood. roofs of the three main sections are hipped with medium boxed eaves and covered with terra cotta tile in varied shades of red and "sunset." The south and rear wings are flat roofed and only trimmed with terra cotta tile. The exterior walls are clad with tapestry brick of varied colors and arranged in an English bonding pattern. The foundation walls are concrete. The depot is located in an industrial area dominated by warehouses and related commercial businesses. The depot faces east onto Cahill Street, which is lined with trees. Several vernacular sheds, a water tower, butterfly passenger sheds and the nearby Alameda Underpass are all contributing structures within the railroad station, which serves as the setting for the depot. The property is in fair condition and has been altered very little since its construction.

The main facade of the depot possesses three tall arches that frame the main entry and windows. The multi-light fixed windows are steel sash and wood framed. They are set in recessed fields which create vertical brick surrounds to compliment the symmetry. Flanking the central arch, a pair of pilasters, inset with capital terra cotta appliques, repeats the image. Surmounting the brick fields surrounding the arches, a white terra cotta imbrication with two rows of zigzags supports a metal cornice in a reference to the classical entablature. A cantilevered galvanized steel and concrete marquee shelters the main entry. Once on the marquee, galvanized steel facing repeating

8. Statement of Significance		aler lier greiche deur der Greich der Schreiche von der Gestähnt der State aus deutschaft ge- ausgeber ge-
Certifying official has considered the significance of this pro	perty in relation to other properties: X statewide	
Applicable National Register Criteria A B x C	D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	DEFG	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) Architecture	Period of Significance 1932–1935	Significant Dates1935
	Cultural Affiliation	
Significant Person	Architect/Builder Christie, John H. Morrison, E.C.	

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

The Southern Pacific Depot built in 1935 on Cahill Street in San Jose is an example of the Italian Renaissance Revival style with eclectic elements indicative of a changing aesthetic. Contextually it relates to the influence of that style on architecture in California, and to the statewide context, Arts in California. The depot meets National Register Criterion C in the area of Architecture as a late example of the Italian Renaissance Revival style in commercial architecture in the state.

Historical background and significance

The construction of the Southern Pacific depot in 1935 at 65 Cahill Street in San Jose, Santa Clara County, was the culmination of a 30-year effort to relocate 4.5 miles of the South Pacific Coast line of the Southern Pacific Railroad away from the heavy traffic of the downtown area around the Market Street Depot to the west side of the city, an industrial neighborhood area in the nineteenth century and the formerly the location of rail facilities belonging to other railroads. The Southern Pacific Depot relocation was heralded as the first major railroading change in San Jose in nearly three quarters of a century.

The new \$100,000 building, part of a \$3,250,000 project, replaced the Market Street station which had been built in 1872. The Southern Pacific depot on Cahill Street was designed by Southern Pacific architect, John H. Christie, who had worked on the Southern Pacific remodeling of the Fresno, California depot in 1915 and later, in 1939, worked on the Los Angeles Union Passenger

See continuation sheet	
	See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested	State historic preservation office
previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency
x previously determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings	University
Survey # recorded by Historic American Engineering	Other Specify repository:
Record #	opecity repository.
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property approximately 12.5 acres	
UTM References	
A 1.0 [5]9.7[2.4.5] [4.1[3.2]0.8.0] Zone Easting Northing	B [1,0] [5 9,7 2,8,0] [4,1 3,2 0,8,3] Zone Easting Northing
c = 1, 0 = [5 9, 7 2, 8, 3] = [4, 1 3, 2 0, 2, 5]	$D \ [1,0] \ [5]9,7[3,5,8] \ [4,1]3,2[0,3,0]$
	X See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
The boundary of the nominated property is delimarked by the following UTM reference points: AC 10 597283 4132025, D 10 597358 4132030, E 10 G 10 597364 4131715, H 10 597250 4131710, I 10	1 10 597245 4132080, B 10 597280 4132083, 597362 4131741, F 10 597363 4131741,
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification Approximately 12.5 acres surrounding the Southe	ern Pacific Depot at the Cahill Street Stati
in San Jose have been a historical part of the the property's setting. These include the depo Underpass, the tracks at the station, the butte shack, the herder's shack, and the compressor	station, maintain integrity and convey ot, the water tower, the Santa Clara erfly passenger sheds, the car cleaners'
shack, one herder b shack, and one compressor	X See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
11. Form Prepared By name/title Elizabeth A. McKee, Historian	
name/title <u>Elizabeth A. McKee, Historian</u>	date December 1, 1992 telephone (510) 286-5611

9. Major Bibliographical References

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Description (continued)

the pilaster theme with capped colonettes has been removed. The marquee and the windows show the most pronounced deterioration on the facade.

The recessed brick fields and terra cotta appliques of the main structure are repeated on the facades of the side wings. The windows there, however, are rectangular and include casement sections. Connected by a concourse distinguished by large basket arches which lead to the tracks, a southern one and one half story annex was constructed as the baggage office, telegraph and telephone office and equipment room. Befitting its purpose, the annex possesses wooden garage doors and loading docks.

The decorative features of the facade are also repeated on the rear of the central building, with its reversed role as entrance to the building and San Jose beyond for passengers arriving by train. Extending from the rear of the building a single story glass and metal structure encloses the concourse to the pedestrian subway to the metal butterfly sheds (described in contemporary writings as umbrella sheds) that sheltered waiting passengers.

The interior of the waiting room has terrazzo floors with stone inlay. The walls are scored in a ashlar pattern (Caen stone plaster) above a marble wainscot. The coffered ceiling possesses a large ridge beam flanked by two purlins on either side which support beveled rafters decorated with corbels. The beams are grained and stenciled with a floral pattern. At the north and south ends of the waiting room blind arches lead to the attached A moderne clock is located above the blind arch on the south end of the room. Above the north arch there is a mural by San Francisco artist John MacQuarrie. The mural depicts the colonization of the Santa Clara Valley, with a view of modern San Jose, the Lick Observatory, and a train in the background clouds. Plaster grilles with ornamental motifs flank the clock and mural. The original marble ticket counter at the north end of the room includes rippled glass, maple ticket files, and lights supported on tubuar brass arches.

There are several structures within the boundaries of the rail-

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Description (continued)

road station which are contributing resources. An iron gate with square classical posts and curvilinear details is located on the north side of the depot. Butterfly passenger sheds between tracks 2 and 3 and tracks 4 and 5 were erected by the Soule Steel Company to the west of the depot, connected by a subterranean passage. Located to the south of the depot is a vernacular woodframed shed, commonly referred to as the car cleaners' shack. is gable-roofed and clad with board and batten siding, and possesses a series of doorways in the facade for the men's and women's locker rooms within the building. The water tank situated to the west across the tracks is also a contributing structure. About 600 feet to the north there is presently located a small rectangular wood-clad compressor house from which the machinery has been removed. The four passenger tracks, separate track for handling mail, baggage, and express in carload lots, and freight tracks, which handle traffic around the terminal yard without interfering with passenger trains, are relatively intact features of the station, though there has been some minor realignment over time and the rails and ties have been replaced.

The Santa Clara Underpass (referred to as the San Jose Underpass, Bridge No 37-45, 04-SCl-82, at P.M. 8.40 in the CALTRANS Bridge Inventory) is located about 500 feet to the north of the depot. Also a contributing structure, it is comprised of 43 simple span rolled steel beams on a reinforced concrete pier with windows, and double-walled abutments with pedestrian passages. Its two spans total 82 feet in length, and carry three tracks of the Southern Pacific Depot's north yard throat over Route 82, crossing the roadway at right angles (no skew). The bridge has solid parapet railings, with a large enameled Southern Pacific herald placed above the center pier. Railing ends posts are surmounted by Beaux-Arts luminares cast by the Joshua Hendy Iron Works at Sunnyvale.

At the north end of the underpass there is located a small wood-framed herder's shack (which shelters the railman responsible for switching tracks at the end of the yard). The walls are clad with board and batten siding and the gabled roof is covered with shingles. The door is sheltered by a corrugated metal awning.

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Description (continued)

The structure was lengthened by four and a half feet at an unknown date, probably in the 1930s or 1940s. The Santa Clara Underpass has spalled concrete.

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Explanation of Resource Count:

Contributing Buildings:

Depot

Car cleaner's shack Herder's shack Compressor House

Contributing Structures: Wall and Fence System

Water tower Underpass

2 Butterflv sheds

Tracks

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Significance (continued)

Terminal. The depot on Cahill Street in San Jose was constructed by the C.N. Swenson Construction Company. The grade separations for the station were heralded as models of safe design. The Cahill Street station replaced the Market Street station in San Jose as the terminus of the San Francisco Peninsula rail service, which has operated since the 1860s. Today the neighborhood is semi-industrial, as it has been for nearly a hundred years. The liveliest operation remains that at the depot.

Contemporary literature of the 1930s described the Southern Pacific Depot in San Jose as designed in the Italian Renaissance Revival style, though in retrospect it can be interpreted as an eclectic design combining the historicist elements with The revival idiom contemporary Streamline Moderne features. prescribed the monumental character which is established by the massing of the main structure with the two wings. This is enhanced by the texture of the masonry. However, the application of the cantilevered marquee, for example, injected a contemporary element, emphasizing the passage of crowds and suggesting the grand movie houses of the period. The waiting room mural, painted by John MacQuarrie, the artist responsible for murals in the Southern Pacific depot at Sacramento and the statue commemorating the Donner Party in Truckee, California, was an interior detail that suited the historicist motif but was common to Moderne design as well.

The Southern Pacific Depot in San Jose has the distinction of being one of only four transportation facilities in the Italian Renaissance Revival style in California. It is the only one in that style in the Southern Pacific San Francisco-San Jose Peninsula Service and the largest surviving depot on that line. The well-proportioned and gracefully-detailed building was the last depot constructed in the grand-scale in northern California and, serves to represent the architectural and corporate ambitions of its time. It is one of six large-scale passenger terminals in California that are still extant. It is furthermore unusually large and elaborate to have been built in the late

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Significance (continued)

1930s. The Los Angeles Union Passenger Terminal is the only other large depot that was built in the 1930's. The other large-scale stations in the state, located in Stockton, Sacramento, Oakland, and San Diego date from the 1910's and 1920's.

The Southern Pacific Depot in San Jose retains a high level of integrity. It is essentially unaltered since its construction and has continued to serve its original purpose. It has undergone few changes in the years since its construction, save for the removal of the galvanized steel facing of the cantilevered marquee and some cosmetic deterioration due to the passage of time. Yet it continues to function for new generations of travelers and it still dominates the site with stately grandeur.

The contributing structures at the Cahill station were built or installed to complement the new rail facility. The Santa Clara Underpass was constructed in 1933. The ornamental iron railing and, most probably, the water tower were built at the same time as the depot. The history of the car cleaner's shack, the herder's shack and the compressor house is more obscure. They were most likely moved onto the in the mid-1930s, though the car cleaners' shack may have been moved to its present location at a later date.

Though these utilitarian buildings have undergone some modifications and deterioration over the years, they retain enough integrity to represent vernacular railroad structures once common within the Southern Pacific Company system. Such buildings were repeatedly relocated and their dates of construction are a mystery even in Southern Pacific Company property records. The three sheds at the Southern Pacific Depot on Cahill Street were most likely constructed between 1900 and 1920 in accordance with Southern Pacific Lines common standard plans specifications. Because such buildings were constantly recycled, they are fast disappearing, particularly, as their function is eliminated. They survive to represent the physical operation of the Southern Pacific Cahill Street yard of which the Depot was the centerpiece.

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Bibliography

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- Bradley, Bill. The Last of the Great Stations: 40 years of the Los Angeles Union Passenger Terminal, Interurban Publications, 1979.
- Holmes, Norman W. <u>Prune Country Railroading: Steel Trails to San</u>
 <u>Jose</u>. Huntington Beach, CA: Shade Tree Books, 1985.
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- Miller, Steve. "The Peninsula Commute Story," October 8, 1987.
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- Southern Pacific Company. "Passenger Station San Jose, Elevations." May 15, 1935.
- Stindt, Fred A. "Penninsula [sic] Service: A Story of Southern Pacific Commuter Trains," The Western Railroader, Vol. 20 No. 9, July 1957, pp.5-40.
- Urban/Rural Conservation of San Jose. "Regional Transit Terminal Project." Santa Clara Transportation Agency. October 1980.

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UTM References

E	Zone 10	Easting 597362	Northing 4131741	F	Zone 10	Easting 597363	Northing 4131741
G	10	597364	4131731	Н	10	597250	4131710
I	10	597230	4131940	J	10	597250	4132020

Boundary Justification

The National Register nomination of the Southern Pacific Depot in San Jose is confined to the transportation features within the station area and excludes those beyond the station historically owned by the Southern Pacific Transportation Company because they are not contributors to the depot. The northern boundary of the National Register nomination crosses the north end of the San Jose Underpass going eastward from UTM points A to B, including the switchman's shanty at the north end of the Underpass. From UTM points B to C the boundary extends southward to encompass the eastern side of the Underpass before turning easterly from UTM points C to D. The eastern boundary follows the perimeter of Santa Clara Assessor's parcel 261 35 24 from UTM points D to E, E to F and F to G and includes the depot and the car cleaners' shack. The southern boundary of the nominated property extends westerly from UTM points G to H from the car cleaners' shack across the tracks to the water tower. The western boundary of the property follows the tracks north from UTM points H to I and northeast from UTM points I to J. The boundary then proceeds north along the San Jose Underpass from UTM points J to A.

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Photographs

- Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose Santa Clara County, CA photographer unknown ca. 1940 San Jose Historical Museum Facade and north side elevation of central section of depot, looking southwest
- 2. Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose Santa Clara County, CA Don Tateishi April 1989 California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, CA East facade looking west
- 3. Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose Santa Clara County, CA Don Tateishi April 1989 California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, CA South side elevation of freight wing and central section of depot, and east facade of freight wing of depot, looking northwest
- 4. Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose Santa Clara County, CA Don Tateishi April 1989 California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, CA North side elevation of central section of depot, looking south
- 5. Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose Santa Clara County, CA Don Tateishi April 1989 California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, CA South side elevation of central section of depot, looking north

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Photographs (cont.)

- 6. Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose Santa Clara County, CA Don Tateishi August 1990 California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, CA Interior of depot waiting room, in the depot's central section, looking southeast
- 7. Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose Santa Clara County, CA Don Tateishi August 1990 California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, CA Depot waiting room ticket counter and mural on north wall, in the depot's central section
- 8. Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose
 Santa Clara County, CA
 Don Tateishi
 August 1990
 California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, CA
 Subway ramp to platform, at the rear of the central section
 of the depot, looking south
- 9. Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose Santa Clara County, CA Don Tateishi April 1989 California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, CA Butterfly sheds, platform, tracks, and rear elevation, looking north
- 10. Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose Santa Clara County, CA
 Don Tateishi
 April 1989
 California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, CA
 Passenger platform, subway, and rear elevation of depot, looking northeast

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Photographs (cont.)

- 11. Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose
 Santa Clara County, CA
 Don Tateishi
 April 1989
 California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, CA
 West facade and south side elevation of car cleaners' shack
- 12. Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose Santa Clara County, CA Don Tateishi April 1989 California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, CA Iron gate on north side of depot, looking southeast
- 13. Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose Santa Clara County, CA Don Tateishi April 1989 California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, CA Santa Clara Street Underpass, looking northeast
- 14. Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose Santa Clara County, CA Don Tateishi April 1989 California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, CA West elevation and facade of herder's shack, looking northeast
- 15. Southern Pacific Depot, 65 Cahill Street, San Jose Santa Clara County, CA
 Don Tateishi
 April 1989
 California Department of Transportation, Sacramento, CA
 West elevation of depot, north elevation of butterfly sheds, station tracks, water tank and compressor house, looking south

SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA

