United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

FEB 1 4 1989

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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Section	HUILIDE		1 age	

Perkinsville Bridge: Period of significance, 1936-1939. Walnut Creek Bridge: Period of significance, 1936-1939.

These periods of significance are based on the dates of construction of these bridges (in 1936) through the end of historic period in 1939.

## HABS/HAER INVENTORY

See "HABS/HAER Inventory Guidelines" before filling out this card.

1. NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE Perkinsville Bridge; Walnut Creek Bridge Yavapai County, Arizona Forest Service Road over Walnut Creek (Walnut) (Calva Bridge before move) Perkinsville-Williams Road over Verde River (Perkinsville) ADOT: 9474; 3228 3. DATE(8) OF CONSTRUCTION 6, RATING 4. USE (ORIGINAL/CURRENT) NRHP cligible; local significance 1913; 1921; truss moγed 1936 roadway bridge / roadway bridge See continua-tion sheet

e. CONDITION

good; sufficiency rating: 36.1 (Perkinsville) owner: Yavapai County (Perkinsville); U.S. Forest Service (Walnut)

span length: 139.0' span number : Perkinsville roadway wdt.: total length: 330.0' span length span number roadway wdt.: total length: Walnut Creek 139.0° 170.0° 12.8 other features: upper chord: 2 channels w/ webbing; diagonal and webbing; substructure : concrete abutments, wingwalls w/ spill-through piers superstructure: riveted steel 8-panel Pratt through truss floor/decking:: timber decking and stringers vertical: 2 channels w/ webbing; diagonal: 2/4 angles w/ webbing; floor beam: I beam; strut: 4 angles w/ web-

bing; lateral bracing: 1 angle

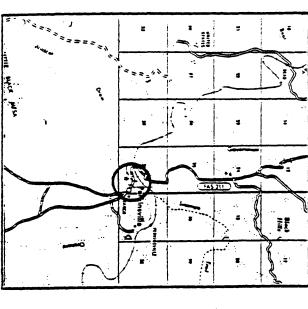
until the south approach washed away in a 1915 flood, rendering it impassible. The USIS waited until February 1921 to reopen the bridge by erecting four new through trusses. In 1935, it was decided to replace the bridge. In January 1936, Arizona Highway Department Bridge Engineer Ralph Hoffman designed new concrete substructures to use three salvaged spans necessity for a "suitable steel and concrete wagon bridge" across the Gila River on the San Carlos Indian Reservation. relatively remote forest crossings. that summer and built the Perkinsville and Walnut Creek bridges. The two structures have since functioned unaltered as National Forest in Yavapai County. Laborers enlisted from an Arizona Transient Camp dismantled the San Carlos Bridge The U.S. Indian Service completed the multi-span steel through truss in the fall of 1913. The bridge carried traffic In 1912, Arizona Congressman Carl Hayden passed legislation authorizing the Secretary of Interior to investigate the (it is unclear whether these were 1913 or 1921 spans) from the San Carlos Bridge at two locations in the Prescott

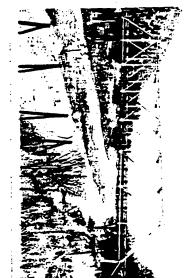
One of Arizona's few multi-span through trusses, the San Carlos Bridge in its original location was historically significant as a regionally important river crossing. It is further distinguished as the earliest dateable USIS span in the state. The re-erection of these three trusses in the Prescott National Forest marked part of a cooperative program state of one of the most common vehicular truss type built in America: the riveted Pratt through truss. of this federal/state relief program. The two bridges are technologically noteworthy as the earliest examples in the built public works undoubtedly still remain in Arizona, these are the only known examples of bridges constructed as part for the "vast army of unemployed transients" housed in Transient Camps across the state. Although other such transientdeveloped in 1934 by the Arizona State Transient Directors and the U.S. Forest Service to provide suitable labor projects

## 10. NAME(8) OF STRUCTURE

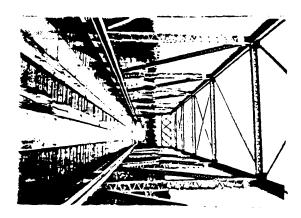
Perkinsville Bridge; Walnut Creek Bridge

11. PHOTOS (W/ FILM ROLL & FRAME NO.) AND SKETCH MAP OF LOCATION











Bridge Records, Arizona City Streets and County Roads: 9474; Structures Section, Arizona Department of Transportation,

U.S. Congress. House. A Bill to Authorize the Secretary of Interior to Construct Bridges across the San Carlos and Gila Rivers on the White Mountain or San Carlos Indian Reservation, Prescott National Forest; 1918-1920, (Phoenix: The Republican Print Shop, 1920), page 65; .R. 22720, 62nd Congress, 2nd session, 29 January 1912; Fourth Biennial Report of the State Engineer of Arizona Republican Print Shop, 1920), page 65; Original construction drawings for 19 Claude W. McKenzie, "Wanderers Go To Work," Arizona Highways, 6:1936:10,22. in the Territory of Arizona, and for Other 1936 substructures, Purposes

Field inspection by Clayton Fraser, 5 December 1986.

13. INVENTORIED BY:

Clayton B.

Fraser

**AFFILIATION** 

Fraserdesign Loveland Colorado

DATE

1 April 1987

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE FOREST SERVICE (TURKEY GANYON) 330

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