UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY
MAR 8 1978
RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED MAY 2 2 1978

SEET	NSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T	O COMPLETE NATION	AL REGISTER FORMS	
JLL	TYPE ALL ENTRIES (			,
NAME				
HISTORIC				
<b>\</b>	e			
Hundley Hous				
Same				
LOCATION	J			
STREET & NUMBER				
401 Madison Street			NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT	
<u>Huntsville</u>		VICINITY OF	5	
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Alabama	A MY ON Y	01	Madison	089
CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT USE	
DISTRICT	XPUBLIC	OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
XBUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	_XUNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	BOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	XGOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	XYES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:
NAME City of Hunt	F PROPERTY			Ç.
STREET & NUMBER				
Municipal Bu	11ding		STATE	
Huntsville		VICINITY OF	Alabana	
	OF LEGAL DESCR		Arabana	
LUCATION	OF TEGYT DESCR	AIF ITON		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	FTC			
**************************************	Madison County Con	urthouse		
STREET & NUMBER				
Courthouse Security, Town	quare		STATE	
Huntsville			Alabama	
	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
		nio sentaro		
TITLE	Ilimtarilla Amabitart			
Inventory or	Huntsville Architect	ıre		
1976		FEDERAL	STATE _COUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR				
SURVEY RECORDS	Huntsville Planning Co	ommission		
CITY, TOWN	anna scalit de de la	et tit til 1900 til til 1900 til til 1900 til 1 Til 1900 til 1900 ti	STATE	
Huntsville			Alahama	



### CONDITION

CHECK ONE

**CHECK ONE** 

\_\_EXCELLENT

\_\_GOOD

XFAIR

\_\_DETERIORATED
\_\_RUINS

\_\_UNEXPOSED

\_\_UNALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE

\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_

### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Hundley House is a detached, two-story frame building with a full unfinished attic. It is rectangular in shape, measuring about 42' across by 75' deep, and has a round one-story bay on the facade and an angular bay on each side. The limestone foundations and front bay are of rock-faced random ashlar painted red. The first floor is sheathed with clapboard and the second is covered with square cut shingles; a band of scalloped shingles separates the two floors, and all are painted white.

The steeply pitched hipped roof is of pressed metal painted red with a large gambrel gable over the front bay which intersects with another gable on the south side. Smaller triangular gables terminate each side bay. There is a small gabled and shingled dormer on the front while the eaves are detailed with dentils and modillions. A one-story porch extends across the front to the bay, and clusters of three plain columns standing on panelled pedestals support the denticulated entablature and flat roof. Four tall, unadorned chirmeys pierce the roof. The windows are double hung having a single large pane in each sash, although the upper sashes of the second floor windows have a pattern of leaded, beveled glass. The original leaded and stained glass windows of the stair landing and dining room have been removed and will be replaced when the house is renovated.

The front door has a large single pane of glass above a design of applied garlands. There are several additions to the rear of the structure, one of which was an elevator shaft; these were probably added by the funeral home in the 1930's and should be removed. The original stable has been replaced by a large, one-story metal garage, and the landscaped side yard on the south side of the house has been covered with asphalt for use as a parking lot.

The interior has a living hall with large fireplace and open stairway. The stairway has a full half turn with window seats on the landing and is decorated with dark wainscot and a panelled ceiling, as is the hall. Double pocket doors framed by fluted Ionic columns open into the parlor where the columns are repeated on either side of the mantel and of the window seats which flank the fireplace. Another set of ornately panelled pocket doors open into the dining room from the parlor. The mantel here is of yellow marble with carved monsters at either side, the ceiling is beamed, and there is wainscot along the lower walls.

The floors throughout are of hardwood laid in a variety of a patterns with a border design around the edge. The hinged doors throughout have transoms and heavy, classically detailed frames. The original brass hardware has mostly disappeared, but the large overmantel mirrors survive. Modern paneling has been used to divide the first floor into smaller rooms and to lower ceilings, but there does not appear to be any structural damage. The second floor, with its central hallway, has been much altered by the closing of windows and fireplaces.

## 8 SIGNIFICANCE

#### **PERIOD** AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW \_PREHISTORIC \_\_COMMUNITY PLANNING \_\_RELIGION \_\_ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC \_\_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE \_1400-1499 \_\_ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC \_\_CONSERVATION \_\_LAW \_\_SCIENCE \_1500-1599 \_AGRICULTURE \_\_ECONOMICS \_\_LITERATURE \_\_SCULPTURE XARCHITECTURE \_1600-1699 \_\_MILITARY \_\_EDUCATION \_\_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN \_1700-1799 \_\_MUSIC \_\_ART \_\_ENGINEERING \_\_THEATER \_1800-1899 \_\_COMMERCE EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT \_\_\_PHILOSOPHY \_TRANSPORTATION 1900-\_XPOLITICS/GOVERNMENT \_\_COMMUNICATIONS \_\_INDUSTRY \_OTHER (SPECIFY) \_INVENTION SPECIFIC DATES 1899-1900 BUILDER/ARCHITECT Unknown

### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Hundley House is representative of fashionable domestic architecture in a small southern town at the start of this century. It is an amalgam of stylistic elements without being a unified statement of any single style. The rigid massing, vertical emphasis and fenestration typical of the Queen Anne are combined with the shingled surfaces and living-hall floor plan of the shingle style and the classically derived trim and gambrel gables of the Colonial Revival. The slowness with which rural areas accepted the new styles that were developed in the northeast is apparent by the presence of Queen Anne elements in this 1900 house and by the limited use of Colonial Revivalinspired features which did not become common in Huntsville until the first decade of this century.

Oscar Hundley who built this house as his residence also erected three other houses in the neighborhood, two of which exhibit a similar combination of stylistic elements. It is assumed that he employed the same architect for at least three of these four houses, but no architect has yet been identified. His own house was obviously a very elegant structure at the time as a local newspaper noted that it had "the most expensive and beautiful bathroom fixtures ever put in the city."

The house is also important as one of the last surviving examples of the large and costly Victorian homes which were built adjoining the commercial center of town. It is located on a half acre lot just one block south of the Public Square. Oscar Hundley purchased part of this tract, containing an old building, at auction in 1890 for \$2,200 and bought the remainder in two pieces in 1898 and 1900 for an additional \$2,200. The original structure was razed and by September, 1899, the newspaper reported that "the new residence was fast approaching completion." In June, 1900, "the elegant new home of Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Hundley, on Madison Street, was thrown open for the first time."

Oscar Hundley was born in Limestone County, October 30, 1854. He studied at Phillips Exter Academy in New Hampshire, graduated from Vanderbuilt law department in 1877 and was admitted to the Alabama bar within a year. Hundley became very active in local and state politics being elected city attorney in 1882, 1884 and 1899. In 1886 and 1888 he was elected a state representative from Madison County and then served as a state senator from 1890 to 1897. President Roosevelt appointed him federal judge for the northern district of Alabama in 1907, and President Taft reappointed him to the position, but he failed to receive Senate confirmation and was replaced by Judge Grubb in 1909 after serving two years.

## 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

CHIEF OF REGISTRATION

Illustrative and Descriptive Huntsville and Madison County, Alabama, Before, 1908, Business Men's League, reprinted by T.H. Speegle, n.d.

The Weekly Mercury, 1899; The Huntsville Democrat, 1900; and, The Republican. Newspapers: 1900. TOGEOGRAPHICAL DATA ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 3 acre QUADRANGLE NAME Huntsville QUADRANGLE SCALE 1:24000 UTM REFERENCES A 116] 1513181015101 VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION Block 59, Old Town, located at the southeast corner of the intersection of Madison and Gates streets, running 150' along each street. LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES STATE CODE COUNTY CODE STATE CODE COUNTY CODE FORM PREPARED BY NAME / TITLE Ellen Mertins and Linda Bayer DATE February 22 Alabama Historical Commission STREET & NUMBER 725 Monroe Street (205) 832-6621 CITY OR TOWN Montgomery Alahama STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: STATE V LOCAL\_ NATIONAL. As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE TITLE FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER DATE ATTEST: DATE

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**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

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In December, 1909, Hundley sold his Huntsville residence for \$11,000 and moved permanently to Birmingham where he practiced law. The house was resold to a funeral home in 1930 and served as such until 1958. In 1959 the city of Huntsville purchased the structure and used it for city offices until 1976. It is now vacant.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Republican, June 30, 1900, p. 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The Weekly Mercury, September 20, 1899, p. 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The Huntsville Democrat, June 6, 1900, p. 3.