INTENSIVE S		toric Preserva	ation D	ivision Stat	e Histori	cal Soc	iety of	Wiscone	sin
City, Village or Town: County:			Surveyor: L. Garfield			Date:		6	
Friendship Adams				D. Filipowicz			10/	14/81	Street
Street Addr	ess:	Legal Description: Lots 1-2-3-4 Acreage:					et		
402 Main	St.	of Block 8; Lots 5-6-7-8 of Block 6, vacated, Third St. 1.0							
Current Nam	e & Use:	Current Owner:							
Adams Cou	nty Courthouse	County of Adams;							
Film Roll No.		Attn: Rita Dittburner, County Clerk Current Owner's Address:							
		P. O. Box 278, Friendship, WI 53934							
Negative No.	Affix Conta	Special Features Not Visible In Photographs:					Nu		
							Number		
Facade Orient.							-		
		Interior visited? ()Yes 🚳 No							
Original Nam	l me & Use:		Source			Uses	\bigcirc	Source	
2									Town
Adams County Courthouse			C Source						ă.
Dates of Construction:									
1913-1914; (Addition, 1975)			D						7
Architect and/or Builder:			Source			T			Range
Arthur Peabody			Е		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+			
Architectura	al Significance	Historical S	ignificance			-			
3 Architectural Significance ORepresents work of a master OPossesses high artistic values ORepresents a type, period, or method of construction OIs a visual landmark in the area Other:				Assoc. wi	th lives of				Sec
				O Other: 🛞 None.					Section
									ă
	chitectural Signific	Statement of Historical Significance:					~		
	-	Although the Adams County Board adopted					Мар		
Description: Dominated by a central pavilion with an engaged portico, the Adams County Court-				architectural plans for a new Courthouse					Name
house is a NeoClassical brick building, nearly				at its annual sessions of 1911 and 1912, ^A it was not until spring, 1913 that county					õ
cubic in proportion, which rises from a raised basement and culminates in a low-pitched hip				voters approved the bond issue which would					
roof. Although modest in plan and detail, the				raise the \$30,000 needed to meet construc-					
building is transformed into a more imposing				tion costs. ^B Not surprisingly, the out- come was lopsided: Friendship voters					
edifice by the application of simplified Neo-				approved overwhemingly (127 in favor of the					
Classical detail. Divided horizontally by stone courses and crowned with a projecting cornice,				courthouse bonds; 4 opposed) while the					
the front facade is symmetrically composed, five				arch-rival, village of Adams, voted the opposite (18 in favor; 158 opposed). ^B					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Sources of Information (Reference to Above)				Nevertheless, the courthouse was approved,					
Adams County Press, March 22, 1913, (Vol. 52, No. 37), p. 1.				built on the site of the previous structure, and completed in 1914.					
Adams County Press, April 5, 1913, (Vol. 52, No. 37), p. 1.									
C Cornerstone				6 District Classification					
Adams County Press, Jan. 10, 1914,				District Name:					Мар
(Vol. 53, No. 25), p. 1.				O Pivotal O Contributing O Non-Contributing					Code
Blueprints, Adams County Courthouse				Initials:Date:					de
7 Representation in Previous Surveys: O HABS O NRHP O WRL O Local Landmark				8 Eligibility for the National Register Eligible O Note Eligible O Unknown Local					
Other:	WIHP	Initials: L(GC	ate: 10,	/81				
HP-02-16								1	

Architectural Statement (cont.):

window bays wide, with each window surmounted by either a stone lintel or a keystone. Although the flat and linear quality of the facade contributes an inert quality to the building, the suggestion of monumentality is present in the engaged portico which frames Projecting shallowly from the facade, the portico is crowned with the central pavilion. a limestone pediment and entablature upon which is inscribed "Adams County." Four colossal Doric pilasters support the entablature, rising from a flight of stairs which leads to the entrance. Between the pilasters, second story windows (illuminating the courtroom) are framed with fanlights and sidelights and rest on stone panels, suggesting a modified Palladian motif. The double door front entry is surmounted with a transom and set within a stone frame. Although the rear and side facades are essentially unornamented, the cornice and stone courses continue around the building. A variegated brick exterior of light red hue contrasts with the stone trim while creating a smooth surface (favored in NeoClassical architecture). Although the interiors have been generally altered, and a one-story addition constructed to the south of the building, the front facade is unencumbered by the changes. Situated in the center of the small commercial district and set back in a large courthouse lawn, the Adams County Courthouse is the outstanding visual landmark in the village of Friendship.

<u>Significance</u>: Conveying both a sense of restraint and the suggestion of monumentality, the Adams County Courthouse is an architecturally significant example of the Neoclassical style in Adams County. Despite its modest size and detail, the structure is the dominant visual landmark in the village of Friendship; the shallow limestone portico and broad courthouse lawn create a sense of civic grandeur and testify to the ease with which classical detail could transform the simplest cubes into imposing public buildings. Built in 1913-14, the courthouse was designed by Arthur Peabody (1858-1942), Supervising Architect for the University of Wisconsin (and later Wisconsin's first first State Architect), and executed by chief construction engineer George Kieke.

