AUG 2 8 1980

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

determined not eligible for the

removed from the National Register.

National Register.

other, (explain:)

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Name of Property		
historic name The Mathers, William, House		
other names/site number N/A		
2. Location		······································
street & number State Highway 36		N/Anot for publication
city, town Carlisle		N/Avicinity
state Kentucky code Ky county Nicholas	code	181 zip code 40013
3. Classification		
Ownership of Property Category of Property		ources within Property
x private x building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing
public-local district		buildings
public-State site	<u> </u>	sites
public-Federal structure		structures
object		objects
	<u> </u>	<u>–0–</u> Total
Name of related multiple property listing: N/A		ibuting resources previously
N/ A	listed in the Nat	ional Register <u>-0-</u>
4. State/Federal Agency Certification		······································
As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Ad As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Ad National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and prof In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National F Signature of certifying official David L. Morgan, State Historic Pr Kentucky Heritage Council State or Federal agency and bureau In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National F	umentation standards fo ressional requirements s register criteria. See reservation Office	r registering properties in the set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. continuation sheet. <u><u>C</u><u>Z</u><u>Z</u><u>Z</u><u>Z</u><u>Z</u><u>Z</u><u>Z</u><u>Z</u><u>Z</u><u>Z</u><u>Z</u><u>Z</u><u>Z</u></u>
Signature of commenting or other official State or Federal agency and bureau		Date
5. National Park Service Certification		
I, hereby, certify that this property is:		
See continuation sheet.	un	10/12/89
determined eligible for the National	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Register. See continuation sheet.		

Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)			
Domestic/Single dwelling	Domestic/Single dwelling			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
7. Description				
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)			
	foundation <u>Stone</u>			
(Early Republic):	walls Brick			
Federal				
Mid-19th Century):	roof Asphalt			
Greek Revival	other Wood			

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The Mathers, William, House is located on the northwestern boundary of Carlisle, on State Route 36. The house began circa 1812 as two rooms of brick construction, executed in the Flemish bond pattern. The bricks were fired in the yard from local clay brought from Pleasant Valley, a small town approximately 10 miles north of Carlisle. The house is part of a large farm that once served as a picnic ground for the locals at the turn-of-the-century. A decorative stone wall encloses a large yard for the house, and separates it from the fields. A fork of the Brushy Fork Creek meanders through the middle of the farm, visible from the front porch. Several barns and outbuildings are associated with the site, but are not included as part of the nomination. Several head of cattle are still raised on the farm. The house is the sole building included in the nomination.

The house is composed of two distinct sections, built approximately 40 years apart. The house faces east toward Brushy Fork Creek. The first section of the house is a one and one-half story brick construction of flemish bond. The side-gabled roof is decorated with beaded, tapering vergboaards. The four-bay, two room section has two exterior end chimneys. The main facade is composed of two central wood doors with glass transoms. The doors are flanked by double-hung sash windows. A one-story brick shed-roofed addition has been added to the rear of this section, circa 1960.

The second section of the house was built circa 1858. The two-story Greek Revival section repeats the flemish bond masonry pattern of the original house. The "L-shaped" center-passage plan section is composed of three bays. The central door is sidelighted. Double-hung sash windows with wood lintels and sills flank the entrance on the first-story. The second story is composed of three evenly spaced double-hung windows. A Colonial Revival porch was added over the entrance, circa 1920.

8. Statement of Significance				·	s
Certifying official has considered the s	ignificance of this pr	operty in	<u> </u>	S:	· · ·
Applicable National Register Criteria	xA B	C D			
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)		C 🗌 D	E F G		•
Areas of Significance (enter categories Religion	s from instructions)		Period of Significance 1812-1848	•	Significant Dates
Architecture		-	1812, 1848		1812, 1848
	•	-	Cultural Affiliation		
Significant Person		-	Architect/Builder Unknown		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

The William Mathers House is eligible for National Register under Criterion A, for its association with local religious history, and C, because it is the best local example of a nationally important architectural style. The Mathers house was built in two main sections, approximately 40 years apart. The Federal style main block was built circa 1812 by William Mathers. A major two-story Greek Revival addition was made to the house by his son, Barton W. Mathers, circa 1848. William Mathers figured prominently in the Christian Revival Movement of the early nineteenth century, as did several of his children, including Barton. Local sources say that Barton Stone, an influential agent in the movement, conducted gospel meetings on the Mather's farm circa 1821. These meetings mark the beginning of the Christian Revival Movement in Nicholas County.

William Mathers was a recognized leader in the Revivalist Movement, the religious movement begun in northeastern American in 1791. The movement had reached Nicholas County by 1803. The Revivalists were part of the Second Great Awakening period in American Prostestant religions. Revival meetings led by itinerant preachers were widespread during the period. Emotional preaching and mass conversions were commonplace at church services. The Mathers farm served as the site of camp meetings for Nicholas County Revivalists.1

On his death, William Mathers was eulogized as being ..."among the number of those who went into the organization of the original Christian congregation established at old Concord (the first organized church in Nicholas County) upon the Bible alone, after Barton W. Stones's withdrawal from the Synod of Kentucky in September 1803, and now that he is gone the last link that connected this church with the original organization in 1803 is gone."2

9. Major Bibliographical References

Conley, Joan Weissinger, ed. <u>History of Nicholas County</u>. Carlisle, KY: Nicholas County Historical Society, Inc., 1976.

Gruver, Rebecca Brooks. <u>An American History</u>. Readings, MA: Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 1976.

McAlester, Virginia and Lee. <u>A Field Guide to American Houses</u>. New York, NY: Alfred A. Knopf, 1976

	See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested	x State historic preservation office
previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings	
Survey #	Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	Kentucky Heritage Council
10. Operation Data	
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property Less than one acre	
UTM References	
A $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 5 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & 4 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 8 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	B , , , , , , , ,
Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
Carlisle, KY. Quad	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
Refer to Map for the boundary description.	
The nominated area includes the property on which ten foot perimeter surrounding.	ch the house sits and an additional
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	1 1. Souther Frist mention
The nomination area includes the property the	house sits on plus a ten-root perimeter.
None of the outbuildings associated with the	site fit into the house's period of
significance, and this boundary eliminates th	lem.
	See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	······································
name/title Donna M. Neary, Historical Consult	ant
organization	date <u>May 1, 1989</u>
street & number 1500 S. Fifth St. Apt 124	telephone (502) 635-1659
city or town <u>Carlisle</u>	state Kentucky zip code

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

The Mathers, William, House, Carlisle, Nicholas County, Kentucky Section number ____7 Page ___2

The south facade of the house is three bays deep. An entrance with a circa 1890-1900 porch occupies the furthest bay west. Double-hung sash windows occupy the other first and second story bays.

The 1960 addition follows the ell of the plan, and simply made the house one room deeper. A one story aluminum porch overhang rests in the ell. These additions to the rear of the house have not altered its appearance from the front.

Project budget and deadlines precluded interior investigation of the house.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

The Mathers, William, House, Carlisle, Nicholas County, Kentucky

Section number <u>8</u> Page <u>2</u>

The two-section Mather's House is the only brick example of Federal and Greek Revival styles in Carlisle. The original section of the house is today thought to be the earliest remaining example of Federal style architecture in town. Several Federal-style frame houses are present in Carlisle, but none exhibit the detail of the Mather's House. The Mather's House also retains its original integrity, where the other buildings have been altered.

Greek Revival was the dominant American architectural style during the period from 1830 to 1860, but the Mathers House is one of only two residences in Carlisle designed in the Greek Revival style.3 The Mathers House was built mid-way through the peak period for Greek Revival, in 1848, and the two-story, frame, Anderson Cornwall House was built circa 1855 at 361 West Main Street. Both houses exhibit an abundance of detail and ornament, and both are located on the outskirts of the original town. The houses are also associated with prominent figures in the community. It is unclear why so few Greek Revival buildings exist in Carlisle.

The William Mathers's House has remained in the Mathers's family for six generations. William Mathers (1785-1858) and his wife Margaret Ardery Mathers raised a family in the house and lived there for the remainder of their lives.

Barton W. Mathers (1809-1889) is presumably named after Barton Stone, the catalyst of the Revivalist Movement in Nicholas County, and a friend of his fathers. Barton Mathers took possession of the house in 1858, on the death of his father. He and second wife, Emily Todd Mathers, added the two-story brick Greek Revival section to the house circa 1858.

Silas W Mathers (1845-1925) was the son of Barton and Emily Mathers. Silas and his wife Virginia Boone Rice Mathers took over the house on the death of his parents. Taylor B. Mathers (1876-1943) was the fourth owner of the house. Taylor was married to Bertie Dallas Mathers. Taylor Mathers and William Dinsmore founded Dinsmore and Mathers Furniture and Undertaking circa 1900. Current owner of the house is Taylor T. Mathers, son of Marion Taylor Mathers (1903-1965).

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

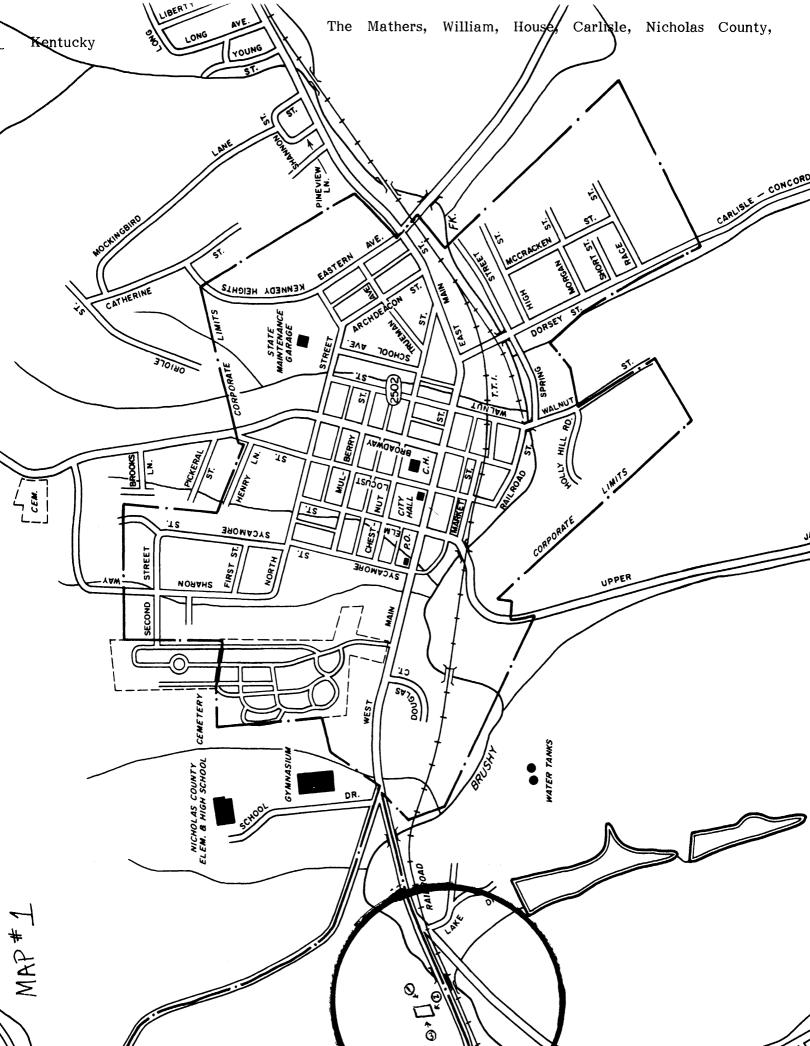
The Mathers, William, House, Carlisle, Nicholas County, Kentucky. Section number ______ Page _____ •

ENDNOTES

1 Rebecca Brooks Gruver, <u>An American History</u> (Readings, MA: Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 1976) pp. 271-272.

2 Joan Weissinger Conley, ed., <u>History of Nicholas</u> <u>County</u> (Nicholas County Historical Society, Inc., 1976) p. 401.

3 Virginia and Lee McAlester, <u>A Field Guide to</u> <u>American Houses</u> (New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1976) p. 182.



National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number _____ Page ____

SUPPLEMENTARY LISTING RECORD

NRIS Reference Number: 89001600

Date Listed:10/12/89

William Mathers House Property Name Nicholas **County** KY State

Multiple Name

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This property is listed in the National Register of Historic Places in accordance with the attached nomination documentation subject to the following exceptions, exclusions, or amendments, notwithstanding the National Park Service certification included in the nomination documentation.

attill Andres

for Signature of the Keeper

وي موجد بلبان الرجب البليد الرجب محمد جوجه موجد الاترار بينيه

10/12/89 Date of Action

Amended Items in Nomination:

This property is significant for its association with religious history, but the nomination form does not have checked Criteria Consideration A (Religious Property). Marty Perry with the KY SHPO has been informed of this technical oversight. The form is now amended to add Criteria Consideration A.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

The Mathers, William, House, Carlisle, Nicholas County, Kentucky

Section number ____Photos Page ____1

PHOTOGRAPHS

 Mathers, William, House
Carlisle, Nicholas County, Kentucky
Photographer, Donna M. Neary
Date: March 1989
Negatives on file with the Kentucky Heritage Council, Frankfort, Kentucky

(The above information is the same for all three photographs submitted with the nomination. Below is a numbered list of the photographs.)

1. Mathers, William, House; photographer facing west.

2. Mathers, William, House; photographer facing northwest.

3. Mathers, William, House; photographer facing southeast.