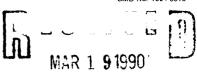
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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service



National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

Name of Property			
storic name Hellgate Lo	dge 383 BPOE		
er names/site number El	ks Lodge		
Location			
ee: & number 120 North	Pattee Street	n/a	not for publication
town Missoula			vicinity
	code 030 county Missoula	code 063	zip code 59802
	2000 000 000114		2.5 333 33002
Classification			
nership of Property	Category of Property	Number of Resource	es within Property
private			, ,
•	X building(s)	Contributing 1	Noncontributing
public-local	district		buildings
public-State	site		sites
public-Federal	structure		structures
	object	<u>.</u>	objects
			Total
me of related multiple proper	ty listing: in Missoula, 1864-1940		ting resources previously
storical Resources	in Missoula, 1864-1940	listed in the Nation	al Register <u>U</u>
State/Federal Agency Co	ortification		
State/ Ederal Agency Co	stillcation		
Signature of certifying official	moulle Shefy		Date
State or Federal agency and bur	MT SHPO		
In my opinion, the property	meets does not meet the National	Register criteria. See con	itinuation sheet.
			Data
Signature of commenting or othe	эгопісіаі		Date
State or Federal agency and bur	eau		
National Park Service Co			
nereby, certify that this prope	rty is:	Entered in the	
entered in the National Regi	ster.	Mational Regis	, ,
See continuation sheet.	Kilonostone	and segin	ter 4/30/90
determined eligible for the N	lational		
Register. See continuation			
determined not eligible for the			
National Register.			
removed from the National F	Register		
other, (explain:)			1772
		of the Keeper	Date of Action
	Z Signature	or the Meeper	Date of Action

6. Function or Use		
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions) Fraternal lodge Commerce	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions) Fraternal Lodge Commerce	
7. Description Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)	
Neoclassical	foundation concrete walls brick, terra cotta	
	roofasphalt other _glass block	

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The Hellgate Lodge is a square, three-story brick and terra cotta building with a flat roof, a dentilated terra cotta cornice, high-fire brick walls, polychrome brick quoined corners, and a recessed, arcaded gallery with monumental gallery columns above a large, recessed entryway. Windows are three-over-four and one-over-four, wood frame, double-hung units. The building is located on the east edge of the central business district and is a pivotal building at the intersection of Front and Pattee Streets. Most of the historic fabric of the immediate area has disappeared, except for the Missoula Mercantile, which is located across Pattee Street to the west.

The large cornice is terra cotta with a centered ornamental parapet with "BPOE" written across it. The underneath side of the cornice is metal with modillions and paired, scrolled brackets at each side of the gallery and at the corners of the building. The arcaded gallery includes the upper two stories of the building. Balconies supported by modillions and scrolled brackets are located at the third floor level, which also has paired three-over-four, double-hung windows with flat arches and keystones. Second-story windows within the gallery are framed by terra cotta tiles surrounds with centered, scrolled brackets that serve as cosmetic "support" to balconies at the third floor window level. Second floor gallery windows have large, central, fixed panes and multi-pane sidelights, and tripart multi-pane transoms above. The three sets of second and third story windows are separated by massive Ionic style, fluted columns. The arcade railing separating the first and second levels is decorative wrought iron. Third story windows to either side of the front facade are three-over-one, doublehung with flat arches and centered scrolled brackets. The second floor windows are framed by terra cotta tile with centered scrolled brackets. They are one-over-one, double-hung units. The south side windows are identical to those on the front facade flanking the recessed gallery section.

The first floor is separated from the second story by raised ornamental terra cotta banding with an ornamental frieze consisting of terra cotta panels with raised circular medallions. Most of the first floor was remodeled in 1950 with ivory-colored high fire brick. First

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number	7	Page1	Hellgate Lodge
and the second s			

floor windows are narrow glass block infill and concrete sills. The front, centered, entryway protrudes about four feet from the facade of the building and has large brick columns separating the anodized metal framed plate glass windows from the thick plate glass double swinging doors under horizontal plate glass window panel. A large, flat roofed, one-foot-thick aluminum canopy covers the front entryway. Two stacked metal frame plastic signs hung perpendicular to the building's facade are located above the aluminum canopy. The top sign reads "ELKS" in blue letters on white background. The bottom sign is a marquis.

The north side of the building along the alleyway is of stretcher bond, low-fired brick with three-tiered header relief arched wood frame, double-hung windows on the second and third floors. Two large, second-story openings with Tudor arched windows are located on the second floor. Some of the northside windows have been infilled with brick.

The south side secondary facade along Front Avenue is similar in design, materials, and first floor remodeling to the front facade except for the absence of a recessed gallery area. Like the north side of the building it has a three-story steel fire escape.

This building possesses excellent integrity of design and materials on the top two floors and on the north and south sides. It has lost its integrity of design and materials on the first floor with the remodeling of the front facade with high fire brick and the plate glass door and window entryway with the metal canopy. However, these changes are mitigated by the use of brick in the remodeling that is similar in color to the terra cotta, by the large scale of this three-story building, and by the elaborate and striking columned second and third floor arcade and balconies that draw the eye away from the insensitive treatments of the first floor.

8. Statement of Significance			
Certifying official has considered the significanc nati		y in relation to other properties: statewide X locally	
Applicable National Register Criteria XA	в ХС	D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	В С	D E F G	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from inst Architecture	tructions)	Period of Significance 1911-1940	Significant Dates 1911
Commerce			
		Cultural Affiliation n/a	
	-		
Significant Person n/a		Architect/Builder Link & Haire, 1909; Komontana Construction States Construction Company,	Supply, 1911; Peters
State significance of property, and justify criteria	a, criteria consid		

The Hellgate Lodge building is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places due to its architectural and local historical significance. The building is one of the most outstanding examples of institutional Neoclassical architecture in Missoula, with its unique, recessed, arcaded gallery, monumental columns and balconies, large, scrolled brackets, and extensive use of terra cotta in the cornice, window surrounds, scrolled brackets, and the massive, Ionic style fluted columns. The building exhibits a high standard of design, materials, and workmanship, and possesses a high degree of integrity, with the exception of the first floor remodeling. It is a good example of the monumental architecture practiced by Link and Haire, a firm noted for its large public and institutional buildings.

The building also fulfilled an important commercial function, housing the Missoula Mercantile implement store on its first floor for years. This commercial function, coupled with its location in the cental business district, and its architectural merit make it a pivotal building in the downtown area and a reminder of the confidence and optimism that accompanied the early twentieth century building boom in Missoula.

This building was designed by Link and Haire Architects and was constructed by Montana Construction and Supply in 1911 as Hellgate Lodge #383. The Benevolent Paternal Order of the Elks was founded in 1898. Since the building was completed, it has been the Elks Lodge and Temple. Apartments are located on the upstairs floors. The Missoula Mercantile operated an implements store on the first floor for a number of years. The first floor was remodeled in 1950 that resulted in major alterations to the front entryway and the application of ivory-colored, high-fired brick to the facade of the building. Extensive interior remodeling also occurred in 1950.

See continuation sheet	

9. Major Bibliographical References				
McDonald, James, and Gary Williams, <u>Missoula Hi</u> Porky Press, 1980.	storical Resource Survey. Missoula:			
BPOE, Hellgate Lodge Number 383. <u>Dedication of the Elks Temple</u> , Missoula: Missoulian Publishing Company, 1912.				
BPOE, Hellgate Lodge Number 383, <u>Dedication of</u> Missoula: Missoulian Publishing Company,	the Remodeled Home of the Elks,			
	See continuation sheet			
Previous documentation on file (NPS):				
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:			
has been requested previously listed in the National Register	X State historic preservation office Other State agency			
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency			
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government			
recorded by Historic American Buildings	University			
Survey #	Other			
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:			
Record #				
10. Geographical Data				
Acreage of property less than one acre				
Acreage of property 1633 than one dete				
UTM References A [1 ,2] [2 7 ,1 9 ,6 ,0] [5 ,1 9 ,4 8 ,8 ,5] Zone Easting Northing C [B			
	See continuation sheet			
Verbal Boundary Description				
Original Townsite, Block 1, Lots 12, 13, fract	10n of 14.			
	See continuation sheet			
Boundary Justification				
The boundary includes the city lots upon whic	h the historic building was erected.			
	See continuation sheet			
11 Form December D	<u> </u>			
11. Form Prepared By name/title William A. Babcock, Jr., Missoula Hist	Onic Proconvation Officer			
name/title William A. Babcock, Jr., Missoula Hist organization City of Missoula	date August 1989			
street & number 201 West Spruce St.	telephone <u>406/721-4700 ext 250</u>			
city or town Missoula	state Montana zip code 59802			