United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for *Completing National Register Forms* (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

OMB No. 1024-0018

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(i 5 m to soca). Typo an entries.			
1. Name of Property			
historic name Hellgate Lodg	e 383 BPOF		·····
	Lodge		
	Lodge		
2. Location			
street & number 120 North P			not for publication
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	allee Street	n/a not for publication n/a vicinity	
<u>state Montana cod</u>	e 030 county Missoula	code 063	zip code 59802
			·····
3. Classification		·	
Cwhership of Property	Category of Property	Number of Resourc	es within Property
X private	X building(s)	Contributing N	Voncontributing
public-local	district	<u> </u>	buildings
public-State	site		<u>stes</u> , sta
public-Federal	structure		structures
	object	x	objects
		1	Total
Name of related multiple property I	isting:	Number of contribut	ing resources previously
Name of related multiple property I Historical Resources in	Missoula, 1864-1940	listed in the Nationa	
		insted in the reactorie	
4. State/Federal Agency Certi	fication		
In my opinion, the property X r Signature of certifying official State or Federal agency and bureau	ces and meets the procedural and profes neets does not meet the National Reg Manual Defy MT SHPO	ister criteria. See con	tinuation sheet. <u>3 - 14 - 9 0</u> Date
In my opinion, the property	neets does not meet the National Reg	jister criteria. See con	tinuation sheet.
S-gnature of commenting or other o	fficial		Date
State or Federal agency and bureau	l		
5. National Park Service Cert	ification	······································	<u> </u>
I. hereby, certify that this property		P-+	
 A entered in the National Registe See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined not eligible for the 	r. <u>Helouspyer</u>	Entered in the National Regis	ter 4/30/90
National Register.			
removed from the National Reg other, (explain:)	ister.	مى مەركىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىت مەركىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى بىرىيىتىنى ب	1 ma
	Signature of t	he Keeper	Date of Action

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6. Function or Use		
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions) Fraternal lodge Commerce	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions) Fraternal Lodge Commerce	
7. Description Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)	
Neoclassical	foundation <u>concrete</u> walls <u>brick</u> , terra cotta	
	roofasphalt otherglass block	

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The Hellgate Lodge is a square, three-story brick and terra cotta building with a flat roof, a dentilated terra cotta cornice, high-fire brick walls, polychrome brick quoined corners, and a recessed, arcaded gallery with monumental gallery columns above a large, recessed entryway. Windows are three-over-four and one-over-four, wood frame, double-hung units. The building is located on the east edge of the central business district and is a pivotal building at the intersection of Front and Pattee Streets. Most of the historic fabric of the immediate area has disappeared, except for the Missoula Mercantile, which is located across Pattee Street to the west.

The large cornice is terra cotta with a centered ornamental parapet with "BPOE" written across it. The underneath side of the cornice is metal with modillions and paired, scrolled brackets at each side of the gallery and at the corners of the building. The arcaded gallery includes the upper two stories of the building. Balconies supported by modillions and scrolled brackets are located at the third floor level, which also has paired three-over-four, double-hung windows with flat arches and keystones. Second-story windows within the gallery are framed by terra cotta tiles surrounds with centered, scrolled brackets that serve as cosmetic "support" to balconies at the third floor window level. Second floor gallery windows have large, central, fixed panes and multi-pane sidelights, and tripart multi-pane transoms above. The three sets of second and third story windows are separated by massive Ionic style, fluted columns. The arcade railing separating the first and second levels is decorative wrought iron. Third story windows to either side of the front facade are three-over-one, doublehung with flat arches and centered scrolled brackets. The second floor windows are framed by terra cotta tile with centered scrolled brackets. They are one-over-one, double-hung units. The south side windows are identical to those on the front facade flanking the recessed gallery section.

The first floor is separated from the second story by raised ornamental terra cotta banding with an ornamental frieze consisting of terra cotta panels with raised circular medallions. Most of the first floor was remodeled in 1950 with ivory-colored high fire brick. First

X See continuation sheet____

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ____7 Page __1 Hellgate Lodge

floor windows are narrow glass block infill and concrete sills. The front, centered, entryway protrudes about four feet from the facade of the building and has large brick columns separating the anodized metal framed plate glass windows from the thick plate glass double swinging doors under horizontal plate glass window panel. A large, flat roofed, one-foot-thick aluminum canopy covers the front entryway. Two stacked metal frame plastic signs hung perpendicular to the building's facade are located above the aluminum canopy. The top sign reads "ELKS" in blue letters on white background. The bottom sign is a marquis.

The north side of the building along the alleyway is of stretcher bond, low-fired brick with three-tiered header relief arched wood frame, double-hung windows on the second and third floors. Two large, secondstory openings with Tudor arched windows are located on the second floor. Some of the northside windows have been infilled with brick.

The south side secondary facade along Front Avenue is similar in design, materials, and first floor remodeling to the front facade except for the absence of a recessed gallery area. Like the north side of the building it has a three-story steel fire escape.

This building possesses excellent integrity of design and materials on the top two floors and on the north and south sides. It has lost its integrity of design and materials on the first floor with the remodeling of the front facade with high fire brick and the plate glass door and window entryway with the metal canopy. However, these changes are mitigated by the use of brick in the remodeling that is similar in color to the terra cotta, by the large scale of this three-story building, and by the elaborate and striking columned second and third floor arcade and balconies that draw the eye away from the insensitive treatments of the first floor.

8. Statement of Significance		
Certifying official has considered the significance of this pro	perty in relation to other properties:	······
Applicable National Register Criteria XA BXC	D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)		
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) Architecture	Period of Significance 1911-1940	Significant Dates 1911
Commerce		
	Cultural Affiliation	
Significant Person n/a	Architect/Builder Link & Haire, 1909; Kin Montana Construction Su Construction Company, 1	upply, 1911; Peterso

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

The Hellgate Lodge building is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places due to its architectural and local historical significance. The building is one of the most outstanding examples of institutional Neoclassical architecture in Missoula, with its unique, recessed, arcaded gallery, monumental columns and balconies, large, scrolled brackets, and extensive use of terra cotta in the cornice, window surrounds, scrolled brackets, and the massive, Ionic style fluted columns. The building exhibits a high standard of design, materials, and workmanship, and possesses a high degree of integrity, with the exception of the first floor remodeling. It is a good example of the monumental architecture practiced by Link and Haire, a firm noted for its large public and institutional buildings.

The building also fulfilled an important commercial function, housing the Missoula Mercantile implement store on its first floor for years. This commercial function, coupled with its location in the cental business district, and its architectural merit make it a pivotal building in the downtown area and a reminder of the confidence and optimism that accompanied the early twentieth century building boom in Missoula.

This building was designed by Link and Haire Architects and was constructed by Montana Construction and Supply in 1911 as Hellgate Lodge #383. The Benevolent Paternal Order of the Elks was founded in 1898. Since the building was completed, it has been the Elks Lodge and Temple. Apartments are located on the upstairs floors. The Missoula Mercantile operated an implements store on the first floor for a number of years. The first floor was remodeled in 1950 that resulted in major alterations to the front entryway and the application of ivory-colored, high-fired brick to the facade of the building. Extensive interior remodeling also occurred in 1950.

See continuation sheet

9. Major Bibliographical References

McDonald, James, and Gary Williams, <u>Missoula Hi</u> Porky Press, 1980.	storical Resource Survey. Missoula:
BPOE, Hellgate Lodge Number 383. <u>Dedication o</u> Publishing Company, 1912.	f the Elks Temple, Missoula: Missoulian
BPOE, Hellgate Lodge Number 383, <u>Dedication of</u> Missoula: Missoulian Publishing Company,	the Remodeled Home of the Elks, 1950.
	See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested	X State historic preservation office
previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
Survey #	University Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	
10. Geographical Data	·
Acreage of property less than one acre	
Acreage of property	
UTM References	
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	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
Original Townsite, Block 1, Lots 12, 13, fract	ion of 14.
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
The boundary includes the city lots upon which	n the historic building was erected.
	See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title William A. Babcock, Jr., Missoula Histo	pric Preservation Officer
organization <u>City</u> of Missoula	date August 1989

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name/title William A. Babcock, Jr.,	Missoula Historic Preservation Officer
organization <u>City of Missoula</u>	date August 1989
street & number 201 West Spruce St.	telephone 406/721-4700 ext 250
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