TIONAL REG	DEPARTMENT OF TH TIONAL PARK SERVICE ISTER OF HIST(NOMINATIO	ORIC PLACES	FOR NPS USE ONLY RECEIVED FEB 28197 DATE ENTERED JUN	
	INSTRUCTIONS IN HO		TIONAL REGISTER FORM	MS
1 NAME				·
HISTORIC	Cook House			
AND/OR COMMON				- <u> </u>
2 LOCATION STREET & NUMBER		· · · · ·		
CITY, TOWN	1301 Murdoch A arkersburg		NOT FOR PUBLICATIO CONGRESSIONAL DIS 1st Congressional D	STRICT
STATE	Virginia	CODE 54	COUNTY Wood	CODE 107
3 CLASSIFIC		······································	· · ·	
CATEGORY DISTRICT X_BUILDING(S) STRUCTURE SITE OBJECT	OWNERSHIP PUBLIC SPRIVATE BOTH PUBLIC ACQUISIT IN PROCESS BEING CONSIDERED	STATUS CCCUPIED UNOCCUPIED WORK IN PROGRE NON ACCESSIBLE YES: RESTRICTED YES: UNRESTRICT NO	AGRICULTURE COMMERCIAL SSEDUCATIONAL ENTERTAINME GOVERNMENT	
NAME Mrs. E1 Street & NUMBER	F PROPERTY izabeth Wolfe Eddy kdale Road, N. E.		-	rters for Juni of Parkersburg
CITY, TOWN	· · ·		STATE	0307
Atlanta			Georgia 3	0307
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS	N OF LEGAL DES		ni na serie de la composición de la com La composición de la c	
STREET & NUMBER	Court Square			· · · · · ·
CITY, TOWN	Parkersburg,		state West Virgi	nia
6 REPRESEN	TATION IN EX	ISTING SURVE	YS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
τΪΤLE				
DATE	•	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	RALSTATECOUNTYLO	

7 DESCRIPTION

C	ONDITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
X_EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	UNALTERED	X_ORIGINAL SITE
GOOD FAIR	RUINS UNEXPOSED	X_ALTERED	MOVED DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The gabled, center block plan with flanking wings (three part composition) identifies the Cook House, together with its scale, articulation of detail, and building material as a Federal Style residence similar in manner to certain houses found in eastern Virginia in the time of Thomas Jefferson. Exterior decoration is confined almost entirely to the entrance and center gable, a characteristic affinity of late Federal style residences of the Ohio Valley and Western Virginia. The embellishment of the red brick facade in a Flemish bonding is the only other reference to ornament on the building's exterior.

Both the structural integrity and fabric of the Cook House remain largely intact from the date of construction in 1825. Minor changes occured in 1949 with concrete paving of the cellar floor, the resurfacing of the roof, and the reinforcement of the front door sill. The red bricks of the facade were painted red in 1976.

The house is positioned in a highly symmetrical inverted T plan emphasizing rectangular outlines. The roofs of the center block and complementary wings are low pitched gable types devoid of cornice trim. The main unit gable suggests a pediment with short partial return cornices. The gable is centered with a semielliptical fanlight with wooden members.

The brick arches framing the gable fanlight and semi-elliptical transom of the entry are centered in the middle bay of the main unit. Windows elsewhere in the front elevation are headed with flat brick arches and filled with 9/6 light double hung sashes. Of special interest is the depth of the paneled reveals of the entrance indicating the thickness of the center block load-bearing walls at 13 to 14". The millwork of the doorway is original and outlined with attenuated, ribbed pilasters, a subtle reference to the building's Federal styling. The building's rear walls are finished in a common brick bond but contain the same fenestration as the front with the exception of the upper floor windows which exhibit 6/6 light sashes.

The main unit of the Cook House is two rooms deep on both floors for a total of four rooms. Each wing contains a single room. The house wings measure 15'-6'' in width, while the total length of the center block is 32'-3''.

The large central chimney of the house bisects the roof ridge running front to rear. It forms the central division between the two upper and two lower rooms. Two interior end chimneys of elegant proportion rise high above the single story wings. They are flanked on the end walls by louvered quarter vents.

The oaken woodwork of the Cook House has been uncovered following the removal of paint during recent restoration activity. The plain window casing and matching chair rails complement the first floor single-shelf mantles that are noteworthy for their simple lines and subtle detail. The mantles' thin, ribbed pilasters frame both sides of the rectangular fireplace openings. Paneled end blocks and a plain frieze are found in themantles of the first floor wings.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AF	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X_1800-1899	COMMERCE	XEXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY INVENTION	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1825	BUILDER/ARC	HITECT Tillinghast A	A. Cook

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Cook House of Parkersburg, West Virginia, reflects in its intact architectural plan the station of its builder in the settlement and affairs of the mid-Ohio Valley in the early nineteenth century. Built of red brick in an imposing Federal style unique in the area, the house served as the seat of a landed gentleman-a local squire-on a hundred acre estate commanding the principal northsouth thoroughfare of early Parkersburg. The evolution of the Cook property from its rude beginnings in the last years of the eighteenth century to its refined status in the mid 1820's is echoed in the eloquent prose of the noted frontier physician and historian, Dr. Samuel P. Hildreth of Marietta, Ohio, on the general development of Parkersburg. Hildreth writes in 1842 in his <u>Original Contributions</u> to the <u>American Pioneer</u> on the history of a voyage on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers in 1805:

"Twelve miles below the mouth of the Muskingum, at the junction of the Little Kanawha with the Ohio, they passed without landing, the little town of Newport, since changed to that of Parkersburg. Although it was at that time the seat of justice for Wood County, it consisted of only a few log houses. It has since grown into a town of considerable importance, with many large brick buildings. The settlement commenced about the same time with that at Marietta."

The Cook House is one of the few remaining buildings in Wood County directly linked with the settlement period. Moreover, the element of historical continuity is here emphasized with the ownership of the house by the same family from the date of its construction in 1825 to the present.

Progenitor of the Parkersburg Cooks was Captain Joseph Cook who arrived in the mid-Ohio Valley from Dartmouth, Massachusetts, in 1795. He settled first at Belpre, Ohio, (Northwest Territory) on a farm overlooking the island Harmon Blennerhassett later purchased (in part) in 1798. In 1797 Cook bought a 216 acre farm in what is now Parkersburg and moved his family into a hastily constructed log house on the property.

The son of Captain Joseph Cook, Tillinghast A. Cook (1790-1869), inherited this estate then reduced to half its original size. On this parcel - adjacent to 13th Street, the Parkersburg corporation limit - Tillinghast Cook built in 1825 an elaborate brick house fronted by Sand Road, now Murdoch Avenue.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

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10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA	
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 2 acre	
QUADRANGLE NAME <u>Parkersburg, W.Va Ohio</u>	QUADRANGLE SCALE
A 1,7 4 5,2 0,7,5 4,3 4,7 2,1,0 B	EASTING NORTHING
EL. I LIII LIII LIII FLII	
GLII LIII LIII HIII	
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION The Cook House is located adjacent to the nort	hwest corner of Murdoch Avenue
and 13th Street on a lot bounded by Murdoch Avenue	on the east, 13th Street on the
south, the property of Montgomery Ward and Co. on t	
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPIN	IG STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE COUNTY	, CODE
STATE CODE COUNTY	CODE
11 FORM PREPARED BY	
Rodney S. Collins, Research Assistant	
ORGANIZATION	DATE
West Virginia Department of Culture and	
STREET & NUMBER	TELEPHONE
West Virginia Science and Culture Cente	
CITY OR TOWN Charleston	STATE
	West Virginia
12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER	R CERTIFICATION
THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY	WITHIN THE STATE IS:
NATIONAL STATE	
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National H	reservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I
hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certif	y that it has been evaluated according to the
criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.	
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE	lorau
TITLE West Virginia State Historic Preservation Off	icer DATE February 23, 1978
FOR NPS USE ONLY	1 OFCIOTED
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONA	
hulp	DATE 6/2/28
ATTEST: ATTONAL REGISTER	DATE 6.6.78
CHIEF OF REGISTRATION	F U 10

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Cook House, Wood County, West Virginia

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Tillinghast A. Cook was a prominent man of community affairs whose background fitted well into the local social milieu. As a young man Cook served in the War of 1812 in a company of Virginians under the command of General William Henry Harrison. He was later entrusted with the office of Sheriff of Wood County in the years 1853-57, a position he apparently took with utmost gravity. Appointed to carry out a whipping sentence for thievery, Mr. Alvaro J. Gibbens relates in his <u>Wood County Formation</u> that "the Sheriff, Uncle Till Cook, with a good strong whip, began the execution of this sentence, and as the red streak appeared after each stroke of the whip, we were convinced that it was an awful bad job to be caught stealing from a clothesline".

T. A. Cook was a leading member of the Methodist Episcopal Church of early Parkersburg. Following the "Great Revival" of 1832 the efforts of Cook, Henry Logan, and James H. Neal were manifest in the construction of the first brick Methodist church in Parkersburg on Littleton Street (Fifth and Market Street) in 1935. Cook was a local activist in the doctrinal dispute between the North and South Methodist Churches that reached crisis proportions in the years 1844-45.

Following the death of T. A. Cook in 1869, the house was occupied by a son Horace, and then by his descendants. In this period a newspaper article states: "the boards were covered with old rugs, the mantels were hung with stockings belonging to the little Cooks, the quaint cupboards were filled with venerable china and pewter and brass, the old flintlock musket sat in the corner..."

The Cook descendants, among them Nellie Cook, artist, ceramist, and once board member of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, have jealously conserved the architectural and historic fabric of the house over the years. The present owner, Mrs. Elizabeth Wolf Eddy, great-granddaughter of the builder, can recall the story of how the house was built from locally fired brick and sawn timber from the long vanished virgin forests of early Parkersburg.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Cook House, Wood County, West Virginia

CONTINUATION SHEET ITEM NU	JMBER 9	PAGE	2
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Captain Joseph Cook, <u>One of the Early Pioneers and Settlers of Wood County</u>, <u>West Virginia</u>, Parkersburg, West Virginia, 1879.

Cook family genealogical records, Parkersburg, West Virginia.

- Death records, Book 1, page 44, Wood County Court House, Parkersburg, West Virginia.
- Gibbens, Alvaro J. <u>Wood</u> <u>County</u> <u>Formation</u>. Morgantown, West Virginia: The Acme Press, 1899.
- Heritage and Horizons. Parkersburg Art Center, Parkersburg, West Virginia, 1972.
- Hildreth, Samuel P. <u>Original Contributions to the American Pioneer</u>, Cincinnati, Ohio, 1844.
- Parkersburg 1907. Parkersburg, West Virginia: The W. M. Barnes Directory Co., 1907
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Thomas, Kathy. "Junior League Will Move into Historic House". <u>Parkersburg</u> <u>News</u>, April 28, 1974.

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Cook House, Wood County, West Virginia

CONTINUATION SHEET

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