

Brian Head Peak

An Abrupt Change

On the drive from Cedar City to Cedar Breaks National Monument, a cascade of sensory changes begins. At 10 thousand feet, the air cools and becomes crystal clear. It sharpens the reds and whites, purples and pinks of the landscape. The Milky Way and celestial objects beyond our solar system fill the night sky. Meadows blaze urgently with wildflowers. Sleet falls in July. At the spot where the Colorado Plateau abruptly ends and the land breaks away to the west, you've crossed a line into the unexpected. A stop here, on the way to betterknown destinations, can stretch into a satisfying day, or days, if you allow it.

In 1933 President Franklin D. Roosevelt designated these 6,155 acres as a national monument. Early visitors arrived by rail or car at Cedar City, then continued by bus on a circuit that included Cedar Breaks National Monument, Grand Canyon, Bryce Canyon, and Zion national parks.



An inland sea 90 million years ago

As mountains to the west aged, day Utah and northern Arizona. they shed sediments, including sediments eastward to a sea that covered much of present- canyons near Cedar City.

As the sea drained, it exposed sandstone, limestone, and shale. rock formations created by com-Rivers and streams carried these pressed layers of sediments. You can see these formations in the

> Bristlecone pines are among Earth's oldest surviving organ-

isms. In a grove at Spectra Point,

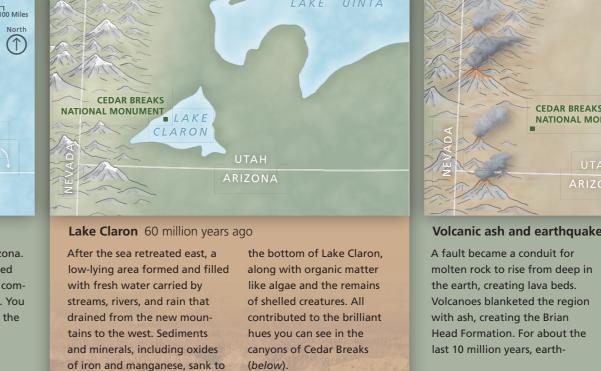
some trees are over 1,500 years

old. Few other tree species will

grow at the edge of the breaks,

where the soil is poor, water is

scarce, and wind is extreme.





quakes continuously lowered the Cedar Breaks, at the western

landscape to the west, leaving the park at the highest elevation Volcanoes blanketed the region point of the Grand Staircase. Brian Head Peak

and wetter than points to the east. It supports species that thrive in high-elevation condi-

tions, including coyote mint edge of the Colorado Plateau's (below), southern ligusticum, Grand Staircase, is higher, cooler, deer, and elk (far left). Outside the park, American Indians continue to gather and hunt these and other species for healing and food.

ZION BRYCE CANYON

GRAND CANYON NATIONAL PARK



Listen for a high-pitched call and look for neat piles of drying plant stalks—signs that pikas are near. The small, highly social species thrives above 7,500 feet. A decline in their numbers in

Wind, rain, and insects pollinate subalpine wildflowers.

Bumblebee on | Milberts' tortoisecoyote mint shell butterfly

Plan Your Visit to Cedar Breaks

are open daily from late May to mid-October.

Scenic Drive Take a 7½-mile road through the highcountry. Protect yourself and wildlife by of the campsites can be reserved • Do not feed wildlife. • Do not pick obeying posted speed limits. Do at www.recreation.gov up to six not drive into meadows, which months in advance. The campare easily damaged. Stop only at designated roadside parking showers, tables, and fire grills. areas and overlooks.

Overlooks View the massive Cedar Breaks amphitheater from different perspectives at water, and tables. Fires are perfour overlooks along the scenic mitted only in the campground. drive. Stay behind fences and away from the edge, where the Safety and Regulations Your not throw rocks or other objects • High altitudes may cause off the rim. Watch children

closely. Avoid exposed areas during thunderstorms.

Camping and Picnicking The 25-site campground is open mid-June to mid-September. All regulations, check the park website. ground has water, restrooms, Daytime temperatures are in the 60s and 70s°F; nighttime lows are in the 30s and 40s°F. The picnic area has a shelter,

safety is your responsibility.

shortness of breath and tiredness—slow down, rest often. and drink plenty of water.

 Wear a hat and use sunscreen. Pets must be leashed and attend-

 Hunting is prohibited inside the park. For firearms and other

flowers or plants. • Federal laws protect all natural and cultural features; leave them undisturbed.

Accessibility We strive to make our facilities, programs, and services accessible to all. To learn more, ask a ranger or visit the park website.

Emergencies call 911 first, then contact a park employee.

Cell service is limited in the park.

More Information

Cedar Breaks ed; they are prohibited on trails. National Monument

2390 West Hwy. 56, Suite 11 Cedar City, UT 84720-4151 www.nps.gov/cebr

Cedar Breaks National Monu-

ment is one of over 400 parks in the National Park System. To learn more about national parks and National Park Service programs, visit www.nps.gov.

National Park Foundation Join the park community. www.nationalparks.org

Ski and Snowshoe

Roads, facilities, and services are closed mid-October through May because of heavy snow, but it's possible to pursue winter sports. Visit the park website for more information.



See the Stars

An International Dark Sky Park, Cedar Breaks hosts star parties throughout the year to celebrate and share the beauty of the night sky. Visit the park website for scheduled programs and locations.



Take the Trails

Cedar Breaks offers hiking options for all skill levels. Pets are allowed only on Sunset Trail and must be leashed at all times.

Sunset Trail, 2 miles, roundtrip

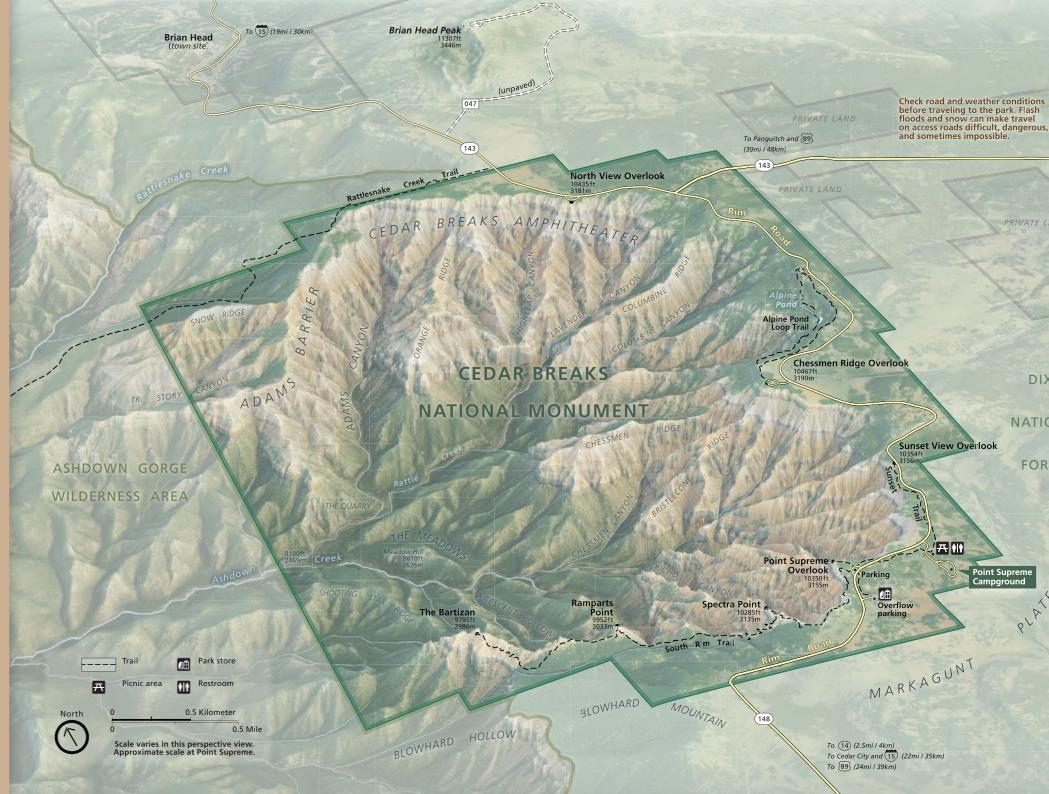
The easy, paved, wheelchair-accessible path passes through the Point Supreme picnic area and campground. It connects the Point Supreme and Sunset View overlooks and offers gentle slopes and many rest areas.

Alpine Pond Loop Trail, 2 miles

Easy to moderate. The upper trail takes you past meadows of native wildflowers, through spruce-fir-aspen forest, and past ancient deposits of volcanic materials. The lower trail offers excellent views of the "breaks."

South Rim Trail, 5 miles, roundtrip

Moderately strenuous, not recommended for those with cardiac or pulmonary problems. The trail follows the plateau rim. It includes steep climbs, spectacular views, and ancient bristlecone pines. Viewpoints along the trail include Spectra Point (1 mile), Ramparts Overlook (2 miles), and the Bartizan (2½ miles).



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