UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

FOR NPS USE ONLY

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS **TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS**

1 NAME

HISTORIC Plaza Ferdinand VII

AND/OR COMMON

Plaza Ferdinand VII

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER Bounded by Government, Jefferson, Zarragossa and Palofax Sts.

	NOT FOR PUBLICATION		
CITY, TOWN		CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT	
Pensacola	VICINITY OF	first	
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Florida	12	Escambia	033

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENTUSE
DISTRICT	XPUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	X_PARK
STRUCTURE	вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENCE
X_SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	-RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	X_YES: UNRESTRICTED	_INDUSTRIAL	-TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	-OTHER:

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME	City of Pensacol	a, Office of the Mayor	
STREET &	NUMBER		
	City Hall		
CITY, TOW	N Pensacola	VICINITY OF	state Florida
LOCA	ATION OF LEGAL	DESCRIPTION	
COURTHO REGISTRY		try of Deeds	
STREET &		ounty Courthouse	
CITY, TOW	/N	· · ·	STATE
	Pensacola		Florida
REPR	RESENTATION IN	EXISTING SURVEYS	
TITLE	none known		
DATE			
		FEDERAL	STATECOUNTYLOCAL
DEPOSITO			
SURVEY R	RECORDS		
CITY, TOW	/N		STATE



co	NDITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE	
EXCELLENT X_GOOD	DETERIORATED RUINS	UNALTERED XALTERED	<u>x</u> _ORIGINAL SITE MOVED DATE	
FAIR	UNEXPOSED			

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The present Plaza Ferdinand VII is a remnant of the original city square laid out by the British in 1765, a large part of which was subdivided and sold as building lots in 1802. It has always been a city park, and has been replanted and renovated in the past decade, as part of general restoration and improvement activity in this oldest section of downtown Pensacola. The plaza is located in the midst of the old civic and commercial center, parts of which are listed as historic districts on the National Register.

While original descriptions of the park have not been located, it is known that the area has always been a city park. In the recent improvement project a new fountain was designed and benches were installed along the walks. At this time, the nineteenth century fountain was removed, but because of public outcry at this "modernization," the old cast-iron fountain was replaced, in the new basin.

Within the park also is a stone obelisk monument and at the northwest corner there are four plexiglass bus-stop shelters. The park is now landscaped and well-maintained, a considerable improvement over its condition a decade ago. Shrubs and flowers are planted amid an abundance of mature native trees. A low stone wall surrounds the park and old cannon are mounted at the four corners.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	HECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	XPOLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		
		·		• •

SPECIFIC DATES July 17, 1821

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

W. 87 .

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In this square, on July 17, 1821, the transfer of Florida from the rule of Spain to that of the United States was formally completed. As a result of the Adams-Onis Treaty of July 22, 1819, Spain agreed to cede East and West Florida to the United States in exchange for American assumption of claims against the Spanish Government amounting to five million dollars. After two years delay, Spain finally ratified the treaty on February 22, 1821.

On March 12, Andrew Jackson received a commission as governor of both Spanish provinces, which were to be combined into one territory. Jackson appointed Col. Robert Butler as his deputy to accept the transfer of East Florida, while he proceeded to Pensacola to accept that of the other province. Both Jackson and Butler encountered delaying tactics on the part of the Spanish governors, but the transfer of East Florida was accomplished first, on July 10. Another transfer ceremony occurred at Fort St. Marks early in July.

The third and final transfer ceremony occurred here on the morning of July 17. At 10 a.m., Jackson rode to the steps of Government House (on the site of the present City Hall), met the Spanish Governor Callava, and with him descended the steps and entered the plaza. Passing between lines of United States and Spanish troops, they stood at attention. While the Fourth Infantry band played "The Star-Spangled Banner," the Spanish royal standard was lowered to half-staff, and the American flag was raised to a level with it. Then, as the <u>USS Hornet</u> in Pensacola Bay began firing a 21-gun salute, the Spanish flag was lowered and the Stars and Stripes raised to full staff. With completion of this ceremony, Jackson officially proclaimed the establishment of Florida Territory, and four days later he set up a territorial government, with the temporary seat at Pensacola. Of the three transfer ceremonies, this one at Pensacola was the most significant, because it was the only one in which the territorial governor participated, and because it was followed immediately by the official proclamation of transfer and the establishment of the territorial government.

***The above statement is taken from the original report of December 5, 1958, by Robert Squier.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Bailey, Thomas A., <u>A Diplomatic History of the American People</u>, 1947.
Dovall, J.E., <u>Florida: Historic</u>, <u>Dramatic</u>, <u>Contemporary</u>, 4 vols., 1952.
James, Marquis, <u>The Life of Andrew Jackson</u>, 1940.
Young, Rogers W. "The Transfer of Fort San Marcos and East Florida to the United States," <u>Florida Historical Quarterly</u> XIV, April 1936.

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

The present city park of approximately two acres has the same dimensions as the plaza at the time of the transferring ceremony in 1821. It is bounded on each side by the curb nearest to the park, on the north by Government Street, on the east by Jefferson Street, on the south by Zarragossa Street, and on the west by Palofax Street.

LIST ALL STATES A	ND COUNTIES FOR PROPER	RTIES OVERLAPPING	STATE OR COUNTY BO	UNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	<u></u>	CODE
II FORM PREPARE	DBY			
NAME / TITLE				
Blanche Higgi	ns Shcroer } Landman	rk Review Proje	ect	
ORGANIZATION			DATE	
STREET & NUMBER			TELEPHONE	
CITY OR TOWN			STATE	
12 STATE HISTORI	C PRESERVATIO	ON OFFICER	CERTIFICATIC	N
THE EV	ALUATED SIGNIFICANCE O	F THIS PROPERTY W	ITHIN THE STATE IS:	
THE EV	. ST/	ATE	LOCAL	
As the designated State Histor	c Preservation Officer for the	National Historic Pres	ervation Act of 1966 (Pul	olic Law 89-665), I
TITLE	for inclusion in the National	Register and certify t	hat it has been evaluate	d according to the
Criteria and procedures set fort	h by the National Park Servic	e .		
FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVE SIG	NATURE		1 -	andmink OLTG, 1
TITLE			DATE	Lever F. Gunga
FOR NPS USE ONLY				12/11/27
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT T	HIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDE	D IN THE NATIONAL I	REGISTER	9/7 / / him
	101		DATE	· · ·
DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARC ATTEST:	HEOLOGY AND HIETORIC	PRESERVATION	DATE	14(2)
KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL	REGISTER		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
			ATIONAL HISTORIC	
(NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARKS)		(L)	LANDMARKS)	