United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received AUG 983

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms
Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	ie			
historic Inb	y-Henderson-Todd	House		
and/or common				
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	112 Todd Ave n	ue [,]		_NA not for publication
city, town	Laurens	<u>NA</u> vicinity of	c ongressional distric	t
state South (Carolina c	ode 045 coun	ty Laurens	code 059
3. Clas	sification			
Category districtX building(s) structure site object	Ownership public both Public Acquisition NA in process NA being considered	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progres AccessibleX yes: restricted yes: unrestricte	entertainment government	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prop	erty		
name Mr	r. John J. Reid	- 		
street & number	112 Todd Avenue	<u> </u>		
	urens	NA vicinity of	etate	South Carolina 2936
		gal Descrip		: 30d th 641011114 25300
				
		_aurens County Cour	tnouse	
street & number	Courthouse Squ	iare		
	aurens	· ·· P····		South Carolina 2936
	resentation for some of the contract of the co	n in Existing	g Surveys	
	Carolina		property been determined	eligible? yesX no
date 1979			federalX_s	tate county local
depository for su	urvey records Sout	th Carolina Departm	ent of Archives and	History
city, town	Columbia			South Carolina 2921

Condition excellent	deteriorated	Check one	Check one	te	
excellent good fair	ruins unexposed	_X altered	moved	date .	

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Located on a large tree-shaded lot in Laurens, South Carolina, the Irby-Henderson Todd House displays an architectural evolution from antebellum farmhouse to classical revival mansion with Victorian details added later. The original farmhouse, which was probably built by James H. Irby ca. 1838, is believed to have been enlarged by William B. Henderson ca. 1855 and modified by Rutherford P. Todd ca. 1880. Although the Irby-Henderson-Todd House was built in three stages, the architectural features of the preceding period(s) were not concealed when the additions and alterations were made. In addition, the house possesses historical significance for each of the periods illustrated.

Additional Information

7. Description

The original portion of the house is a rectangular, two-story, gable-roofed section with a single story shed wing across the rear. It rests on brick piers which have been stuccoed and scored and are infilled with cement blocks. The roof is covered in metal and has a boxed cornice with returns. The facade (west elevation) is divided into five bays, featuring a central, single door entrance on the first story. Nine-over-nine windows with louvered shutters flank the entrance and are located in each bay of the second story. The ca. 1880 addition has obscured the northernmost bay, but the remainder of the facade retains its original appearance. A one-story portico with a low gabled pediment supported by four wooden pillars and two pilasters shelters the central bay. The house is sheathed in weatherboarding and has flush paneling beneath the portico. Of the two original exterior end chimneys, only the south chimney remains. This chimney is flanked by nine-over-nine-light windows on each story. A nine-over-six window is located in the north and south elevations of the shed wing. The second story rear (east elevation) is divided into three bays, each with a nine-over-nine window and louvered shutters. A shed roof porch has been added to the east elevation of this shed wing. This porch and the west portico have sawn balustrades, probably added ca. 1855.

The house was doubled in size by the addition of a two-story wing along its north elevation ca. 1855. This addition changed the orientation of the house to the north, and gave the entire house an "L" shape. This section, also sheathed in weatherboarding, rests on stuccoed and scored piers infilled with underpinning which is also stuccoed and scored. The metal-covered gable roof has a boxed cornice with returns. There are two exterior end chimneys. The facade is divided into three bays. A central, double-door entrance on each story has mullioned sidelights and transom framed by a fluted molding with bull's-eye corner blocks. This central bay is flanked by six-over-six windows with sidelights on each story. Each window has louvered shutters and is framed by a molding with bull's-eye corner blocks. Two gutter boxes display the date 1855. Dominating the central bay is a two-story pedimented portico with sawn brackets, supported by four massive wooden columns which are minutely fluted. Beneath the portico is flush paneling and a second story balcony. A single story porch was added ca. 1880; this porch, located

Continued.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 X 1800-1899 1900-	Areas of Significance—C — archeology-prehistoric — agriculture		g landscape architectur law literature military music	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation X other (specify) local history
Specific dates	22 1020 as 1055	Builder/Architect U	nknown	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Irby-Henderson-Todd House is situated on a large tree-shaded lot in a quiet residential section of Laurens, South Carolina. The original portion of the two-story, frame classical revival style house is believed to have been built by James H. Irby ca. 1838. It was greatly enlarged, evidently by William B. Henderson ca. 1855 and further additions are believed to have been made by Rutherford P. Todd ca. 1880. Built in three stages by three different owners, the house is significant for its visual depiction of the evolution of architecture in the area. The Irby-Henderson-Todd House also has historical significance for its association with Irby, Henderson, and Todd, locally prominent lawyers who were active in state politics and government.

Additional Information

According to members of the Irby and Henderson families (now deceased), Colonel James Henderson Irby built the original portion of the Irby-Henderson-Todd House. The land on which the house is located was evidently part of the Andrew Todd estate, which was sold ca. 1837. The Laurens County land records are not complete, but it is believed that Irby purchased the property and built the house around that time. Stylistic features and construction techniques used in building the house are in accord with a ca. 1838 date. The house, as originally built, was a two-story, gable-roofed, central-hall farmhouse with a small gabled portico.

By 1850 William Bias Henderson had moved to Laurens County to become the law partner of Irby, who was his cousin. Available Laurens County land records indicate that Henderson owned and lived on the Irby-Henderson-Todd House property but do not reveal when he acquired the property. Stylistic features of the front addition and portico and the date of 1855 which is found on the guttering on the facade suggest that the house was enlarged around that date. Since the 1858 gravestone of Henderson's son located on the property indicates that Henderson was living in the house at least by that date, it is believed that Henderson enlarged the original farmhouse ca. 1855. The size of the house was doubled by the addition of a large two-story section, which became the main block of the house. A two-story portico was built on the west elevation (facing Laurens) of this block and this elevation became the new facade.

In 1868 Colonel Rutherford Pressley Todd came into possession of the house and forty-eight and one-half acres; he owned the property until his death in 1886. Architectural details indicate that the front porch was added, the foyer was extended, and the present main staircase was built during Todd's ownership. Following the death of Todd's widow in 1897, the property passed to their son, Samuel R. Todd. He had the property subdivided in 1905, leaving six and one-half acres in the homeplace tract.

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9. Major Bibliographical References

See continuation sheet

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C			D		
nation is ens, S.C.' house and	shown as the and drawn t smokehouse a	e red line on the	e accompanyin l inch equals e setting of	g map entitled 200 feet. Th the house whil	Henderson-Todd House d "Irby-Henderson-Todd Hous ne nominated property inclu e excluding adjacent non- nries
state N/	1	code	county	NA	code
state N/	\	code	county	NA	code
organization	Upper Sava Der Post Off	nnah Council of ice Box 1366	Governments	date May 16	
city or town	Greenwoo	d		state South	Carolina 29646
12. S	tate His	toric Pres	servatio	n Officer	Certification
The evaluated	significance of	this property within th	e state is:		
665), I hereby according to 1	nominate this pr	operty for inclusion in rocedures set forth by	the Mational Reg	ister an ∮ certify tha	on Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– at it has been evaluated
State Historic	arles E. Lee	,	ficer	da	nte 7/25/83
Cha	ate Historic	II COCI VACIONI OI	*		· / / / /

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Description, continued.

beneath the portico, extends across the length of the facade and has Tuscan columns with a Victorian era balustrade. An identical balustrade was placed around the balcony and extends along the porch roof line. Granite steps lead to the porch. The east and west elevations are identical, each having a central chimney flanked by six-over-six windows on the first and second stories. These windows have louvered shutters and bull's-eye corner block molding. rectangular windows to each side of the chimneys light the attic.

A small two-story section with a metal-covered pyramidal roof was added ca. 1880 in the crook of the "L" where the two earlier sections joined. On its west elevation is a tripartite two-over-two window on the first story and a nine-over-nine window, taken from the original house, on the second story. The south elevation has a double-door entrance with a three-light transom on the first story and a six-over-six window with sidelights and louvered shutters on the second story, both taken from the ca. 1855 addition.

Interior

The original portion of the Irby-Henderson-Todd House has a central-hall plan with one room to each side on each story and a shed wing extending across the rear. The original downstairs hall has been converted into a kitchen, but retains its original flushboard paneling and ceiling and high baseboards. original parlor (south room) has an enclosed quarter-turn staircase leading to the upstairs hall. This room has a flushboard ceiling and its original mantel with fluted pilasters. The dining (north) room was renovated when the ca. 1855 wing was built. It has its original ceiling, and wide crown molding which was added at the time of the addition. The end chimney was removed at this time and the fireplace replaced by French doors leading to the present parlor. The shed wing has been expanded and partitioned through the years and now contains a pantry, bath, small hall, and breakfast room. The second story of the ca. 1838 portion has two bedrooms divided by the central hall. The south bedroom retains its original mantel with simple pilasters and has a false staircase to the attic. The north bedroom has been partitioned to add a closet and a bath, but has the original ceiling and floors. The hall also retains its original paneling, ceiling, floor, and staircase balustrade. Most of the walls were covered with beaverboard in the 1920's, but the original six-panel doors remain throughout.

The ca. 1855 wing was also built as a central-hall plan with a room to each side on each story. The ca. 1880 addition lengthened the fover and upstairs hall to give them their present dimensions. Floors and ceilings are of the original wide boards throughout. Each downstairs room has high baseboards and decorative crown molding. Window surrounds are reeded and have corner blocks. Doors feature two long vertical panels. The spacious foyer is dominated by a single flight, closed string staircase. At the two landings, the balustrade displays

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Description, continued.

the same decoration found in the porch balustrade, indicating a similar date of construction. It is probable that at the time of construction of this wing, the staircase was much smaller and less ornate and that the ca. 1880 addition was built to accomodate the construction of this staircase. Tuscan columns add support and decoration at the point where the ca. 1855 and ca. 1880 additions adjoin on each floor. The library (west room) has its original mantel, which is approximately five and one-half feet high and features simple pilasters. A bathroom has been added by carefully partitioning off a corner of this room. The parlor (east room) mantel was destroyed in a fire and has been replaced. The second floor has been changed very little. Both mantels are original, as are the ceilings and floors. An enclosed staircase leads from the second story hall to the attic. Walls in this portion were also covered with beaverboard in the 1920's.

Surroundings

The Irby-Henderson-Todd House is located on a four-acre tract of land. It is surrounded by a large yard, which is shaded by many old trees. The nominated acreage also includes a nineteenth century well house (smokehouse) and a nonhistoric garage.

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Significance, continued.

In the following years the house has passed through several owners. 8 It is currently owned by John J. Reid.

Architecture: When the original section of the Irby-Henderson-Todd House was built ca. 1838, the site was outside the town limits of Laurens. Although simple, the house did display fine points of workmanship, which are best exemplified by the two hand-carved mantels which remain. The portico, nine-over-nine windows, and six-panel doors are also noteworthy.

The ca. 1855 classical revival section indicates the desire of the owner to have a more pretentious home. Distinctive features include the two-story portico, fine window and door surrounds, carved mantels, and wide crown moldings.

The third stage in the evolution of the house was the addition ca. 1880 of a front porch and an elegant main staircase. The single story porch and staircase have similar Victorian period balustrades.

Politics/Government: James H. Irby was active in local and state politics for many years. He was a member of the South Carolina House of Representatives, 1826-30, 1832-40, 1848-52; lieutenant governor, 1852-54; and state senator, 1854-60.9 William B. Henderson served in the state house of representatives in 1854 and 1855. 10 Rutherford B. Todd was in the state house of representatives from 1877 to 1880 and 1884 to 1885. 11

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¹C. Richard Sanders, Durham, N.C., to Betty Jean Reid, 14 April 1981, Personal Files of Betty Jean Reid, Laurens, S.C.

²Will Book 1, p. 66 and Box 333, Pack 8, Probate Court, Deed Book N, pp. 53, 232, Clerk of Court, Laurens County Courthouse, Laurens, S.C.; Laurens County Equity Court Bills, 1837, No. 4, Laurens County Library, Laurens, S.C.

³C. Richard Sanders to Betty Jean Reid; <u>Population Schedules of the Seventh of the United States</u>, 1850: <u>South Carolina</u> (Washington, D.C.: National Archives Microfilm Publications, 1964), microcopy 432, roll 855 Laurens District, p. 231.

⁴Analysis of Title, Personal Files of Betty Jean Reid; Deed Book R, p. 203, Clerk of Court, Laurens County Courthouse.

⁵Box 151, Pack 1, Probate Court, Laurens County Courthouse; Bessie Royal Scrapbook, Laurens County Library, Laurens, S.C.; Laurens City Cemetery, Laurens, S.C.

⁶Analysis of Title.

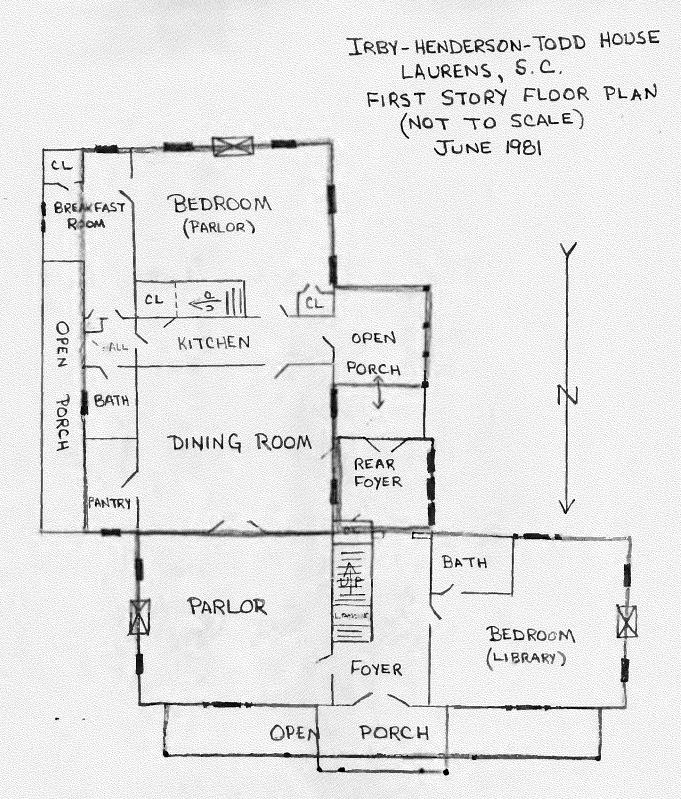
7 Ibid.

⁸Ibid.

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¹¹Edgar, pp. 397-400; Reynolds and Faunt, pp. 322-23.

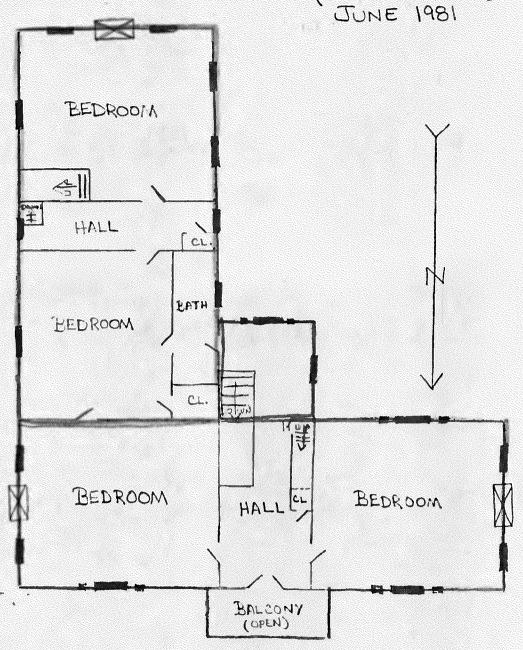


— c. 1838

___ c. 1855

c.1880

IRBY-HENDERSON-TODD HOUSE LAURENS, S. C. SECOND STORY FLOOR PLAN (NOT TO SCALE) JUNE 1981



c. 1838

c. 1855