UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

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SEE	INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T			3	
	TYPE ALL ENTRIES (COMPLETE APPLICA	BLE SECTIONS		
NAME					
HISTORIC					
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
AND/OR COMMON	PUBLIC SCHOOL #99 (pr	oformed). The Col.	mbug Sahaal		
T O C A MILON		ererred), me (core	THOUS SCHOOL		
LOCATION				_	
STREET & NUMBER	Northeast corner of E	ast North Avenue a		n Street	
CITY, TOWN		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ICT	
CITT, TOWN	Baltimore	VICINITY OF	Seventh		
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	CODE	
	Maryland	24	Baltimore Cti	y 510	
CLASSIFIC	CATION				
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	PRESENT USE	
DISTRICT	X_PUBLIC	OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM	
X BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	XUNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK	
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC	
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS	
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC	
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION	
		<u>X</u> NO	MILITARY	X_OTHER: COMMUNI	
OWNER O	F PROPERTY				
Pla	ayor and City Council	of Baltimore			
STREET & NUMBER	oom 250, City Hall				
CITY TOWN	altimore		ŞTATE Maryland	21202	
		VICINITY OF		21202	
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION			
COURTHOUSE,	ETC. Records Office,	Room 601			
REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	EIC. MCCOIds Office,	INDOM OUT			
STREET & NUMBER	Baltimore City C	ourthouse			
CITY, TOWN	D. 1. 4		STATE	0.1.0.0.0	
	Baltimore		Maryland	21202	
REPRESEN	ITATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS			
City of I	Baltimore Neighborhood	Survey			
DATE 1978		FEDERAL _	_STATECOUNTY _XLOCAL	······································	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS (Commission for Histori	c and Architectura	al Preservation		
CITY, TOWN	Baltimore	· ************************************	STATE Maryland	21202	
	DALLINOTE		Marviana	7.1.7.11.7	



__EXCELLENT

_GOOD

X_FAIR

CONDITION

__DETERIORATED __RUINS __UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

_UNALTERED XALTERED

CHECK ONE

XORIGINAL SITE __MOVED DATE____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Columbus School, #99, is a Romanesque styled structure, the chief features of which are a central square tower with pyramidal roof and a flanking pair of cylindrical corner towers with cornical roofs. It is located in a neighborhood just south of Clifton Park, a primarily residential area of nineteenth and twentieth century rowhouses in good condition. The structure is currently used as the South Clifton Park Community Center.

The two-story, eleven bay wide building is defined by the corner towers and large three-story central tower. Large wooden double doors with side wooden panels on the tower facade surmount seven stone steps and brick cheek walls with stone covering. This entrance, recessed into a large stone arch supported by two columns with decorative capitals, is ornamented with a lion's head keystone. A large multi-paned, semi-circular transom surmounts the double doors. Above the archway is a large stone with a decorative outline. Four one-over-one windows with single light transoms are divided by three stone pilasters. The windows have stone sills and lintels. The second and third story Tevels are divided by a stone band course. A large stone lintel is surmounted by louvered semi-circular windows set into a blind archway with gauged brick Voussoirs. A wooden arch, painted white, encloses the two windows. Round stone ornamentation at the spandrels displays star designs. The tower facade is capped with a dentiled wooden cornice, metal roof gutter, and large pyramidal slate roof with ball finials.

The flanking wall east of the tower is four bays wide, while the west flanking wall is three bays wide. Both sides are designed similarly. Basement windows with gauged brick lintels punctuate the foundation walls and are surmounted by a stone water table. Windows on the first floor have one-over-one sash with a semi-circular multipaned transom and gauged semi-circular arched brick lintels. The windows have stone sills, and a stone band course trayels along the walls at the top rail level of the windows. Recessed rectangular brick panels decorate the walls between the first and second stories. The second story windows have one-over-one sash with a twelve-light transom, walls at the top rail level of the windows. The building walls are capped by corbeled brick and a metal roof gutter. A brick parapet rising above the walls is decorated with corbeled openings and topped by a metal cap.

The round cylindrical towers each have six windows identical to the second story windows on the building walls. The towers rise above the cornice, ending in conical roofs. Eight openings defined by pilasters punctuate the towers above the building's roof line. A flag pole is hung from the western cylindrical tower.

The side facade of the original building is ten bays wide with six-over-six sash, segmentally arched windows with double header brick lintels and stone sills. Basement openings of the same style have been bricked in. Projecting boys' and girls' entranceways are located on either end of the side facade. The entrances are composed of wide double doors above a stone stoop, a large multi-paned transom, a stone lintel, and a decorative metal pediment displaying "Boys" on the north entrance and "Girls" on the south. The walls end in a simple corbeled brick cornice and metal roof gutter. A four bay wide section connects the original building to a later addition. This section, containing a stairway, is styled similarly to the side facades of the original building. UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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DATE ENTERED

PUBLIC SCHOOL #99 Baltimore City

CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland

ITEM NUMBER

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(DESCRIPTION CONTINUED)

The first addition is eight bays wide with six-over-six windows of a wider proportion than the original side windows; these have stone sills and lintels. This addition is capped by a metal roof gutter over a brick cornice. A second addition is connected to this addition by a stuccoed building section housing a single hallway.

The rear addition is seven bays wide, constructed of dark brick, and three stories high. It is defined by three piers with smooth stone capitals. The south section has five nine-over-nine windows grouped together on the second and third floor levels. They have a shared stone sill and gauged brick lintel. The northern section has two smaller windows on the second and third stories. Both first stories have three nine-over-nine windows on each side, directly below a wide stone band course. The building walls are capped in crenelated stone molding.

The rear of the second addition is defined by a central entrance section projecting slightly and ending in a shallow pediment. It has a wide entrance on the first floor and a large window at the third floor level. The flanking walls are five bays wide. The outer windows are nine-over-nine with a stone sill and brick lintel. The central windows are tri-partite nine-over-nine with shared sills and lintels. The building walls end in crenelated stone molding.

The school's interior has a simple plan of classrooms flanking a central corridor which bends at the connecting walls of each section and ends in a T-shape in the rear addition. Main stairways are located in the connecting section between the original building and first addition and at the center of the rear addition. The interior's most notable characteristics include metal ceilings in many classrooms and the halls of both additions, interior windows (many of them have been painted over) in the original building section, and the large staircase with wooden handrails in the rear addition. The corner rooms facing the front have an unusual shape incorporating the round tower walls.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION	
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE	
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE	
1600-1699	X ARCHITECTURE	X EDUCATION	MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER	
<u>X_</u> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	_TRANSPORTATION	
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		INVENTION			
SPECIFIC DATES 1891/1905/1912 BUILDER/ARCHITECT A.S. Brown					

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Columbus School is a representative example of the best of Romanesque Revival architecture in Baltimore. The cylindrical end towers, large stone entrance arch, and central tower are characteristic of this style of architecture. The original building was constructed in 1891. The builder was A.S. Brown. It housed fourteen classrooms, cloak rooms for each class, well lighted, wide corridors, and the Smead system of ventilation. In 1905 an additional eight classrooms were added, as well as a new stairway. The final rear addition was constructed in 1912 when, at a cost of over \$53,000, ten new standard size classrooms (26 feet by 32 feet) were added. From 1912 the building housed thirty-three classrooms, three later converted to a library, health suite, and multi-purpose room. Since this school is still occupied, it has suffered less vandalism than the other five schools proposed for new housing.

The building is proposed for re-use as 39 housing units plus ground level meeting spaces for active neighborhood organizations. The school is located just south of Clifton Park. It is surrounded by two-story brick rowhouses of the turn of the century facing the school on three sides. Because of its size and location on North Avenue, a major traffic corridor, the school is a distinctive visual landmark for the community.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Columbus School is an example of the best of Romanesque Revival architecture in Baltimore. The central pyramidal tower and end turrets are highly visible on North Avenue, a major traffic corridor. Built in three different stages, it represents the changing quality of school construction in the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries. The interior metal ceilings are rare for Baltimore City schools.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Baltimore City Public Schools Reports, 1891, 1905, and 1912. Baltimore City Inspector of Buildings Reports, 1891. 10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY _____.77 acre **UTM REFERENCES** A 1 1 8 1 3 6 2 9 0 0 0 VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION Irregularly shaped lot, 112 feet on North Avenue, 200 feet on Washington Street, and 146 feet on 20th Street. LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES STATE CODE COUNTY CODE CODE CODE COUNTY STATE FORM PREPARED BY NAME / TITLE Fred Shoken, Planning Assistant DATE ORGANIZATION Commission for Historic and Architectural Preservation 1978 TELEPHONE STREET & NUMBER (301)396-4866 100 North Holliday Street CITY OR TOWN STATE Baltimore Maryland 21202 12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: STATE_ NATIONAL _ As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE DATE TITLE STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

