

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN *HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS*
TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

1 NAME

HISTORIC

West St. Mary's Manor

AND/OR COMMON

West St. Mary's Manor

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER

1 mile East of Drayden on St. Mary's River

___ NOT FOR PUBLICATION

CITY, TOWN

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

___ VICINITY OF Drayden

1

STATE

CODE

COUNTY

CODE

Maryland

24

St. Mary's

037

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY

___ DISTRICT
 BUILDING(S)
___ STRUCTURE
___ SITE
___ OBJECT

OWNERSHIP

___ PUBLIC
 PRIVATE

___ BOTH

PUBLIC ACQUISITION

___ IN PROCESS
___ BEING CONSIDERED

STATUS

OCCUPIED
___ UNOCCUPIED
___ WORK IN PROGRESS

ACCESSIBLE

YES: RESTRICTED
___ YES: UNRESTRICTED
___ NO

PRESENT USE

___ AGRICULTURE
___ COMMERCIAL
___ EDUCATIONAL
___ ENTERTAINMENT
___ GOVERNMENT
___ INDUSTRIAL
___ MILITARY
___ MUSEUM
___ PARK
 PRIVATE RESIDENCE
___ RELIGIOUS
___ SCIENTIFIC
___ TRANSPORTATION
___ OTHER:

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME

Colonial Williamsburg Foundation (Also see continuation sheet)

STREET & NUMBER

CITY, TOWN

Williamsburg

___ VICINITY OF

STATE

Virginia

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE,
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

Hall of Records

STREET & NUMBER

St. John's College Campus

CITY, TOWN

Annapolis

STATE

Maryland

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

Historic American Buildings Survey

DATE

 FEDERAL ___ STATE ___ COUNTY ___ LOCALDEPOSITORY FOR
SURVEY RECORDS

Library of Congress

CITY, TOWN

Washington, D.C.

STATE

D.C.

7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION

EXCELLENT
 GOOD
 FAIR

DETERIORATED
 RUINS
 UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

UNALTERED
 ALTERED

CHECK ONE

ORIGINAL SITE
 MOVED DATE _____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

West St. Mary's Manor is a one-and-a-half story house with gabled roof, brick basement and end walls, and front and rear walls of clapboards. Tall exterior double chimneys, with a one-story brick pent between them, rise at each gable end.¹ The house is 40 feet wide and 31 feet deep. The south (front) facade is five bays wide and has a center door with a small rectangular transom above it. The four tall windows on this elevation have nine over nine light sash and exterior paneled shutters. In the roof above are three tall and narrow dormers. The north (river) elevation is only three bays wide, but its center door and two flanking windows are similar to those on the front facade. The roof, on the north elevation, contains two dormers with four over four light sash. The brick end walls each have two smaller windows, one with four lights in the first-story pent and the other, located in the second story between the stacks, with six over six light sash. The west end wall also contains a side entrance, situated near the northwest corner.

The plan of the house, with its classically balanced four-room-and-center hall plan, represents an advance over the simpler one and two room plans of small 17th century dwellings. West St. Mary's Manor has a central hall separating the two main rooms on the south (front) elevation and two narrow back rooms on the north side. The center hall, extending through the house, is divided into two sections by means of a wooden elliptical or transverse arch. The rear portion of this hall, about 12 feet deep, contains a stair with paneled spandrel built against the west wall. The stair rail is chancelled on its upper surface and ends in a scroll above the newel. The rooms have deep wainscoting and each room has a fireplace. The living room, which is located in the southwest corner, has a chimney piece with broad facia surrounds.

1. A very common feature of Maryland 17th and early 18th century houses was the "chimney pent," located between double chimneys that projected outside the end walls. These chimney pents took many forms. Most commonly, and as illustrated in West St. Mary's Manor, the pent was a small closet with a shed or pent roof set between the chimneys. The pent wall could be built of brick or wood and it could be flush with the chimney face, as in this house, or project beyond. The chimney pent in effect added to the interior space and at the same time, buttressed the chimneys and added to massive appearance of the end walls. Chimney pents occurred outside of the chimneys as well as between and in some houses were two stories high, affording closets in each story. Chimney pents were also used in 17th and 18th century houses built in North Carolina, South Carolina, and Virginia.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES 1700-1730

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

Unknown

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

West St. Mary's Manor, erected in the period 1700-1730, is an outstanding and rare example of a small William and Mary brick-and-frame country house. A transitional house with center hall separating two main front rooms and two narrow back rooms, the manor house illustrates a point in the shift from the one and two room plans of 17th century Southern houses to the larger and more symmetrical room arrangements of 18th century structures.

History

West St. Mary's Manor, a 2,000 acre tract granted to Captain Henry Fleet on May 9, 1634, is the earliest grant of land known to have been recorded in Maryland. Based on architectural evidence, the existing manor house was constructed at some time between 1700 and 1730, possibly by the Daniel Bell family.¹ The farmhouse was in poor condition by the late 1930's and has been carefully restored over a period of years by the present owners.

1. By 1729 the estate had been subdivided into 15 leaseholds. A 1762 plat showing the location of each 1729 leasehold cannot be located, hence it has been impossible to pinpoint who held the leasehold to the tract of land with the existing house on it.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES References: Henry C. Forman, The Architecture of the Old South, The Medieval Style (Cambridge, 1948), 150; Henry C. Forman, Early Manors and Plantation Houses of Maryland (Easton, Maryland, 1934), 29, 47; Henry C. Forman, Jamestown and St. Mary's, Buried Cities of Romance (Baltimore, 1938); 317-318; Henry C. Forman, Old Buildings, Gardens and Furniture in Tidewater Maryland (Cambridge, Maryland 1967), 209-211; Dorothy and Richard Pratt, A Guide to Early American Homes - South (New York, 1956), 40. Historic American Buildings Survey: (5 photos, 1934, 1939; 1 data sheet, 1940). James G. Vanderpool, "Historical Development of Architecture in the U.S.A., 1632-1912." (N.P.S. ms., 1966), 25.

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 175

UTM REFERENCES

A	<u>1,8</u>	<u>37,37,2,0</u>	<u>4,22,78,3,0</u>	B	<u>1,8</u>	<u>37,34,8,0</u>	<u>4,22,68,7,0</u>
	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING		ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING
C	<u>1,8</u>	<u>37,27,3,0</u>	<u>4,22,64,0,0</u>	D	<u>1,8</u>	<u>37,28,0,0</u>	<u>4,22,77,9,0</u>
	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING		ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

See continuation sheet

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Charles Snell / James Sheire

ORGANIZATION

NPS / HCRS

DATE

1969 / 1978

STREET & NUMBER

TELEPHONE

CITY OR TOWN

Washington, D.C.

STATE

20240

12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

NATIONAL X

STATE

LOCAL

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE

TITLE

DATE

FOR NPS USE ONLY

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

DATE

DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION
ATTEST:

DATE

KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY-NOMINATION FORM**

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West St. Mary's Manor

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE 1

PARCEL 1:

BEGINNING for the same at the end of course No. 14 (being North 87° 45 minutes East, 30 feet) of a deed from Ethel Goddard and James Goddard, her husband, Thomas McKay and Lettie McKay, his wife, et al, unto Whitney Leary and Elizabeth R. Leary, his wife, and recorded among the Land Records of St. Mary's County Maryland, on November 15, 1939, in Liber CBG 12, folio 29, and running the following courses and distances as shown in said deed:

N 1 degree 30 minutes East, 239 feet to a post, N 32 degrees E, 27 feet to a Sycamore Tree, N 11 degrees E, 331 feet to a Hickory Tree, N 9 ° 30 minutes East, 164 feet to a Sycamore Tree, N 20° 15 minutes East, 196 feet to a Sycamore Tree, N 13° 15 minutes East, 311 feet to a stake, N 10° 45 minutes East, 130 feet to a large Poplar Tree, N 8° 20 minutes East, 505 feet to a Chestnut Oak Stump and sprouts, N 10 degrees 45 minutes East, 302 feet to a Walnut Tree, N 32 degrees 30 minutes East, 39 feet to a Cedar Tree, N 54° East, 46 feet to a Cedar Tree, N 79° East, 185 feet to the shore of the St. Mary's River (at 119 feet on this course passing over a Concrete block fixed at the foot of a fence corner post on the North side of a small stream or cut to mark the boundary); then leaving said Adams land and running with the St. Mary's River and binding thereon S 62 degrees East, 200 feet, S 85 degrees 20 minutes East, 441 feet, S 38° East, 148-1/2 feet, S 5° east, 147 feet, S 36° East, 118-1/2 feet, S 69° East, 374 feet to a stake; then leaving said River Shore and running S 33° East, 45 feet to a Concrete Block fixed at the foot of a fence corner post, the corner of this land, the land known as "Peggins Point" now owned by W. Gwynn Gardiner and the land also formerly part of "West St. Mary's" now owned by Susan E. Burch and Henry B. Burch; thence running with the fence of the line of said Burch land, reference being had to survey set forth in deed Luke Goddard et ux unto said Susan E. Burch et ux, dated April 18, 1930, recorded in Liber J.M.M. No. 7 at folio 16, S 19° West, 207 feet, S 7° West, 125 and 4/10 feet, S 25 degrees West, 95 feet, S 22 degrees 30 minutes West, 142 feet, S 8° West, 99 feet, S 2° 30 minutes West, 137 feet, S 21 degrees West, 89 feet to a Cedar Tree standing in the corner of the fence; thence with the fence S 67° East, 106-1/2 feet, S 51° 30 minutes East, 665 feet to a post fixed on the southeast side of the road at the entrance into said Burch land, said post being at the top of the River Bank, thence with the fence S 85° East, 106 feet to a Concrete Block fixed in the ground on the shore of the St. Mary's River; thence leaving said Burch land and running with the St. Mary's River and binding thereon S 33° 30 minutes East, 182 feet, S 47°

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West St. Mary's Manor
CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE 2

35 minutes East, 297 feet, S 64° West, 281 feet, S 78° West, 200 feet, S 88° 15 minutes West, 256 feet, S 71° 30 minutes West, 137 feet, S 46° 50 Minutes West, 100 feet, S 29° 30 minutes West, 377 feet, S 6° 45 minutes East, 145 feet, S 9° 30 minutes West, 123 feet, S 39° 30 minutes West, 145 feet, S 2° 45 minutes East, 50 feet, S 36° 30 minutes West, 285 feet, S 10° 30 minutes West, 50 feet, S 36° 30 minutes West, 245-1/2 feet, S 71° 30 minutes West, 332-1/2 feet, S 77° 30 minutes West, 475 feet, S 61° 45 minutes West, 253-1/2 feet S 48° 45 minutes West, 101 feet, S 61° 45 minutes West, 168 feet to its intersection with the line of the parcel of land Part of "West St. Mary's", conveyed by William K. Watts et ux unto John B. Myers and by deed dated June 24, 1871 and recorded in Liber J.F.F. No. 5 at folio 255, among the Land Records of St. Mary's County, and now owned by the Heirs of a certain Smith; then leaving said St. Mary's River and running the lines of said land as set forth in said deed with proper allowance for Declination of the Magnetic Needle to date, N 35° 52 minutes West, 172 feet to a Concrete Block fixed in the corner of the fence (at 10 feet on this course passing over a concrete block on the river shore to mark the Boundary); thence N 14° 20 minutes East, 875 feet to a Concrete Block fixed on the south side of the road leading to "West St. Mary's" Residence and to "Peggins Point" (shown as "Pagan Point" on Plat attached hereto) and near the old entrance gate, and being the end of course No. 65 of the 1939 Goddard/McKay/Leary deed, Liber CBG 12, folio 29; thence running in a straight line approximately 1,100 feet from the end of said course No. 65 to the point of beginning, being the end of said course No. 14.

Containing 167.5 acres of land more or less and being part of the same land as described as Parcel 1 in a deed from Elizabeth R. Blagojevich to Colonial Williamsburg Foundation, Williamsburg, Virginia, recorded among the Land Records of St. Mary's County, Maryland on December 3, 1976 in Liber 263, folio 77.

PARCEL 2:

BEGINNING for the same at a post set on the shore of St. Mary's River near the mouth of "Wheatly Creek", a boundary of Lee McKay's land (formerly) and running with said McKay's land the following courses and distances:

1. North 40° 15 minutes West, 10.32 perches (approximately 170.28 feet) to a post on the said McKay's land;
2. THENCE, leaving the said McKay's land and running South 74° West, 4.64 perches (approximately 76.56 feet) to the post by the west side of a walley;
3. THENCE, South 25° East, 12.12 perches (approximately 199.98 feet) to a post on the shore of said River;
4. THENCE, running with said shore North 54 degrees East, 7.36 perches (approximately 121.44 feet) to the beginning.

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West St. Mary's Manor

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE 3

Containing .45 acres of land more or less and being the same land conveyed to Joseph Allan Coad by deed from Clara H. Kent, et al, dated January 29, 1952, and recorded among the Land Records of St. Mary's County, Maryland in Liber CBG No. 36, folio 10.

AND BEING the same land conveyed to the Lincoln National Bank, a corporation organized and existing under the Banking Laws of the United States of America, by deed from Joseph Allan Coad dated June 2, 1952, and recorded among the Land Records of St. Mary's County, Maryland in Liber 37, folio 245.

AND BEING the same land conveyed to Colonial Williamsburg Foundation as Parcel 2 "Part of West St. Mary's" by deed from Elizabeth R. Blagojevich dated December 3, 1976, and recorded among the Land Records of St. Mary's County, Maryland in Liber 263, folio 77.

Exhibit A consists of 40 pages and includes as Page 1 a schedule (which is recorded with this deed of easement) describing the documents and photographs that are a part of the exhibit and that are filed at the offices of the St. Mary's City Commission. Such documents and photographs are not recorded here-with but are nonetheless as fully and completely incorporated into this deed of easement as though recorded herewith.



United States Department of the Interior

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20240

IN REPLY REFER TO:

A1619-DOS

APR 13 1970

Memorandum

To: Secretary of the Interior
Through: Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife, Parks, and Marine Resources *LP 4/14*

From: ^{Acting} Director, National Park Service

Subject: National Historic Landmark recommendations, 61st meeting of the Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings and Monuments

Enclosed herewith is the memorandum of the Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings and Monuments summarizing its findings and recommendations on the National Survey of Historic Sites and Buildings partial theme study of "Colonial Architecture." This memorandum makes two principal recommendations: (1) That 77 sites encompassed by this study be declared eligible for National Historic Landmark status. These are listed under Sections A, B, C, and D of the memorandum; (2) That 41 of these sites be given further consideration in long range plans for addition to the National Park System.

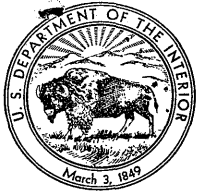
We recommend that you approve the Advisory Board's memorandum, and that it be returned to this office to become a part of the permanent record of actions recommended by the Board and approved by you.

Harthon L. Price

Enclosure

Approved: APR 15 1970

Walter Hickel
Secretary of the Interior



United States Department of the Interior

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20240

IN REPLY REFER TO:

October 8, 1969

Memorandum

To: Secretary of the Interior

From: Chairman, Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings, and Monuments

Subject: National Survey of Historic Sites and Buildings: Partial study of "Colonial Architecture" comprising sites in eighteen States and the District of Columbia

The Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings, and Monuments, at its 61st meeting in Washington, D. C., October 6-9, 1969, having carefully evaluated the partial study of "Colonial Architecture," submits the following statements with recommendations:

A. Of the sites included in the study, the following are recognized as nationally significant in illustrating or commemorating the history of the United States, and it is recommended that they be declared eligible for designation as Registered National Historic Landmarks with boundaries, as appropriate, described in attachments:

Alaska

1. Church of the Holy Ascension, Unalaska
2. Church of the Assumption of the Virgin Mary, Kenai

California

3. Anza House
4. Jose Castro House
5. Estudillo House
6. Fort Ross Commander's House
7. Fort Ross Russian Orthodox Church
8. Guajome Ranchhouse
9. Los Alamos Ranchhouse
10. Los Cerritos Ranchhouse
11. Monterey Old Town Historic District
12. Petaluma Adobe
13. San Diego Mission Church
14. San Juan Bautista Plaza Historic District
15. San Luis Rey Mission Church
16. Vhay House

Delaware

17. Aspendale

Florida

18. Llambias House
19. Oldest House
20. St. Augustine Town Plan Historic District

Illinois

21. Church of the Holy Family
22. Pierre Menard House

Louisiana

23. Keller (Homeplace) Plantation House
24. Lafitte's Blacksmith Shop
25. Mayor Girod House
26. Madame John's Legacy
27. Parlange Plantation House
28. Presbytere

Maryland

29. Brice House
30. Chase-Lloyd House
31. Chestertown Historic District
32. His Lordship's Kindness
33. London Town Publik House
34. Montpelier
35. Mount Clare
36. Resurrection Manor
37. Tulip Hill
38. West St. Mary's Manor
39. Wye House

Missouri

40. Louis Bolduc House

New Mexico

41. San Estevan del Rey Mission Church
42. San Francisco de Assissi Mission Church
43. San Jose de Gracia Church

North Carolina

44. Chowan County Courthouse
45. Cupola House
46. Palmer-Marsh House
47. Single Brothers' House

South Carolina

48. Brick House Ruin
49. William Gibbes House
50. Hampton Plantation
51. Heyward-Washington House
52. Middleburg Plantation
53. Pompion Hill Chapel
54. St. James' Episcopal Church, Goose Creek
55. St. James' Episcopal Church, Santee
56. St. Stephen's Episcopal Church

Texas

57. Mission Concepcion
58. Spanish Governor's Palace

Virginia

59. Brandon
60. Bruton Parish Church
61. Carter's Grove
62. Christ Church, Alexandria
63. Kenmore
64. Sabine Hall
65. James Semple House
66. Shirley
67. Waterford Historic District
68. Wythe House
69. Yeocomico Church

Washington

70. Fort Nisqually Granary

B. Three sites included in the portion of Colonial Architecture that considered the Middle Colonies are recognized as nationally significant and it is recommended that they be declared eligible for designation as Registered National Historic Landmarks:

1. William Trent House, New Jersey
2. Christ Church, Pennsylvania
3. Carpenters' Hall, Pennsylvania

C. Two sites included in this study are recognized as nationally significant in Theme IV, "Spanish Exploration and Settlement." It is recommended that they be declared eligible for recognition as Registered National Historic Landmarks:

1. La Purisima Mission, California
2. Cathedral of St. Augustine, Florida

D. Two sites not originally included within this study are recommended for designation as National Historic Landmarks within Theme XX, Subtheme, "Architecture."

1. El Santuario de Chimayo, New Mexico
2. Peyton Randolph House, Virginia

E. Other Recommendations:

1. That the following sites be placed in the category of "Other Sites Considered:"

California

- (1) Avila House
- (2) La Casa de Cota de la Cuesta
- (3) La Casa de Eduardo de la Cuesta
- (4) Covarrubias Adobe
- (5) De La Guerra Adobe
- (6) El Cuartel
- (7) Guadalupe (Olivera) Ranch House No. 1
- (8) Hill-Carrillo Adobe
- (9) Ortega House

- (10) Plaza Church
- (11) Rocha House
- (12) San Diego Old Town Historic District
- (13) San Juan Capistrano Mission Church

District of Columbia

- (14) Alva Belmont House

Illinois

- (15) Cahokia Courthouse
- (16) Cahokia Historic District

Louisiana

- (17) Darby Plantation House
- (18) Ormond Plantation

Maryland

- (19) Emmanuel Protestant Episcopal Church
- (20) Genesar
- (21) Hammond Manor House
- (22) Kilmarock (Burleane Hall)
- (23) Ogle Hall
- (24) Otterbein Church
- (25) Patuxent Manor House
- (26) St. John's Episcopal Church, Broad Creek
- (27) St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Kent County
- (28) Talbot County Court House
- (29) Third Haven Meeting House
- (30) Trinity Episcopal Church, Dorchester County

Missouri

- (31) Jean Baptiste Valle House

New Mexico

- (32) San Geronimo de Taos Mission Church

North Carolina

- (33) Bath Historic District
- (34) St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Edenton
- (35) St. Thomas Episcopal Church, Bath
- (36) Tryon Palace, Original (West) Wing

South Carolina

- (37) Branford-Horry House
- (38) Fenwick Hall
- (39) Medway Plantation
- (40) Thomas Rose House
- (41) Col. John Stuart House
- (42) Sword Gate House

Virginia

- (43) Berkeley Plantation
- (44) Brafferton Hall, College of William and Mary
- (45) The Glebe House
- (46) Noland's Ferry House
- (47) Pohick Church
- (48) President's House, College of William and Mary
- (49) Smithfield Plantation
- (50) Tazewell House

West Virginia

- (51) Crane (Lord Fairfax) House
- (52) Mordington (Happy Retreat)
- (53) Governor Tiffin House

2. That the following sites be given further study under this theme:

California

- (1) Olivas Adobe
- (2) San Gabriel Mission Church

Colorado

- (3) Baca House

Connecticut

- (4) Hatheway House

Delaware

- (5) Christ Church, Laurel
- (6) Prince George's Chapel

Florida

- (7) Spanish Treasurer's House

Louisiana

- (8) African House, Melrose Plantation
- (9) Creole Cottage
- (10) Louis Arceneaux House
- (11) E. D. White Memorial Cottage
- (12) Voisin Plantation House
- (13) Spanish Custom House
- (14) Erariste Blanc House
- (15) Montegut House
- (16) Bank of the United States
- (17) Absinthe House
- (18) Cathedral of St. Louis

Maryland

- (19) Carroll Mansion
- (20) Providence Plantation
- (21) Queen Anne's County Courthouse
- (22) Horatio Sharp (Rideout) House
- (23) Scott House
- (24) St. John's Episcopal Church, Hillsboro
- (25) St. Luke's Episcopal Church, Church Hill
- (26) St. Luke's Episcopal Church or Tuckahoe Chapel, Queenstown
- (27) Old Wye Church
- (28) Doughoregan Manor

New Mexico - Florida

- (29) Pascual Martinez Ranch House
- (30) Santa Fe and Albuquerque and Pensacola town plans

North Carolina

- (31) Breezeway type of Colonial House
- (32) Edenton Historic District
- (33) Hayes Plantation House
- (34) Sycamore Plantation

South Carolina

- (35) Edward's House
- (36) Edisto Hall

Virginia

- (37) Battersea
- (38) Blandfield
- (39) Carlyle House
- (40) Dulaney House
- (41) Elmwood
- (42) Hanover Tavern
- (43) Hanover Courthouse
- (44) King William Courthouse
- (45) Long Bridge Ordinary
- (46) Marmion
- (47) Powhatan Courthouse
- (48) Powhatan Tavern
- (49) Three-story wooden row houses, south side of 200 block of Prince Street in Alexandria
- (50) Smithfield Courthouse
- (51) Washington Historic District
- (52) Wetherburn's Tavern
- (53) Fincastle Historic District

West Virginia

- (54) Harewood
- (55) Sweet Springs

F. The National Park System includes the following structures that are Importantly Related to this study:

1. Tumacacori National Monument, Arizona
2. Castillo de San Marcos National Monument, Florida
3. Fort Matanzas National Monument, Florida

4. Hampton National Historic Site, Maryland
5. Nelson House, Colonial National Historical Park, Virginia
6. San Jose Mission Church, Texas

G. Forty-eight sites related to this theme have been classified as possessing national significance in other theme studies. These are:

Importantly Related to Colonial Architecture

1. Russian Mission Orphanage, Alaska
2. San Xavier del Bac Mission Church, Arizona
3. Carmel Mission Church, California
4. Larkin House, California
5. Old Custom House, California
6. Royal Presidio Chapel, California
7. Santa Barbara Mission Church, California
8. Sonoma Pueblo Historic District, California (with boundaries enlarged and defined in the attachments)
9. Savannah Historic District, Georgia
10. The Cabildo, Louisiana
11. Ursuline Convent, Louisiana
12. Vieux Carre Historic District, Louisiana
13. Jackson Square, Louisiana
14. Colonial Annapolis Historic District, Maryland
15. Hammond-Harwood House, Maryland
16. Maryland State House, Maryland
17. Whitehall, Maryland
18. Ste. Genevieve Historic District, Missouri
19. Palace of the Governors, New Mexico
20. Old Salem Historic District, North Carolina
21. Miles Brewton House, South Carolina
22. Robert Brewton House, South Carolina
23. Charleston Historic District, South Carolina (with boundaries enlarged and defined in the attachments)
24. Drayton Hall, South Carolina
25. Mulberry Plantation, South Carolina
26. St. Michael's Episcopal Church, South Carolina
27. Presidio de La Bahia, Texas
28. Alexandria Historic District, Virginia
29. Bacon's Castle, Virginia
30. Christ Church, Lancaster County, Virginia

31. Colonial Williamsburg Historic District, Virginia
32. Gadsby's Tavern, Virginia
33. Gunston Hall, Virginia
34. Mount Airy, Virginia
35. Mount Vernon, Virginia
36. St. Luke's Church, Virginia
37. Stratford Hall, Virginia
38. Adam Thoroughgood House, Virginia
39. Tuckahoe Plantation, Virginia
40. Westover, Virginia
41. Wren Building, College of William and Mary, Virginia

Also Related to Colonial Architecture

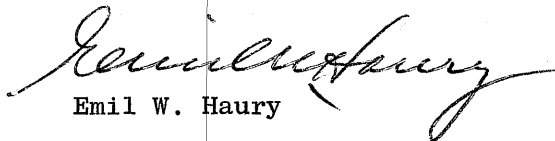
42. Erskine House, Alaska
43. St. Michael's Cathedral, Alaska
44. Commandant's House, Presidio of San Francisco, California
45. Las Trampas Plaza Historic District, New Mexico
46. Salem Tavern, Old Salem, North Carolina
47. The Alamo, Texas
48. Rising Sun Tavern, Virginia

H. The Board recommends that the Old State (Colony) House in Newport, Rhode Island, a Landmark previously placed in the category of Also Related to Colonial Architecture, be noted as being Importantly Related to Colonial Architecture.

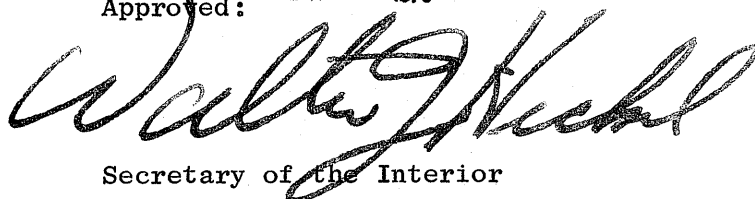
I. The following sites are judged of such prime significance as to merit further study for possible addition to the National Park System. It is recognized that many, such as Colonial Williamsburg, are being adequately preserved at present and are not available. Because unforeseen contingencies may change present circumstances, such sites should nevertheless be identified as potential units of the system and noted for long-range consideration in the evolution of the National Park System Plan.

1. Russian Mission Orphanage, Alaska
2. San Xavier del Bac Mission Church, Arizona
3. Fort Ross, California
4. Guajome Ranchhouse, California
5. Los Alamos Ranchhouse, California
6. Monterey Old Town Historic District, California

7. Petaluma Adobe, California
8. Royal Presidio Chapel, California
9. Santa Barbara Mission Church, California
10. Church of the Holy Family, Illinois
11. Parlange Plantation House, Louisiana
12. Vieux Carre Historic District, Louisiana
13. Colonial Annapolis Historic District, Maryland
14. Resurrection Manor, Maryland
15. Tulip Hill, Maryland
16. Whitehall, Maryland
17. Wye House, Maryland
18. Ste. Genevieve Historic District, Missouri
19. San Estevan del Rey Mission Church (Acoma), New Mexico
20. San Jose de Gracia Church (Las Trampas), New Mexico
21. Old Salem Historic District, North Carolina
22. Charleston Historic District, South Carolina
23. Drayton Hall, South Carolina
24. Mulberry Plantation, South Carolina
25. St. James Episcopal Church, Goose Creek, South Carolina
26. St. James Episcopal Church, Santee, South Carolina
27. Mission Concepcion (San Antonio Missions Park Proposal), Texas
28. Presidio de la Bahia (Goliad Complex), Texas
29. Alexandria Historic District, Virginia
30. Brandon, Virginia
31. Bacon's Castle, Virginia
32. Christ Church, Lancaster County, Virginia
33. Colonial Williamsburg Historic District, Virginia
34. Gunston Hall, Virginia
35. Mount Airy, Virginia
36. Mount Vernon, Virginia
37. St. Luke's Church, Virginia
38. Shirley, Virginia
39. Stratford Hall, Virginia
40. Adam Thoroughgood House, Virginia
41. Westover, Virginia


Emil W. Haury

Approved: **APR 15 1970**


Secretary of the Interior