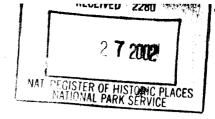
NPS Form 10-900 (Oct. 1990)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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OMB No. 10024-0018

348

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and parative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items

	Name of Property
histo	ric name Powder House Lot
	names/site number
2.	Location
stree	t & number High Street, 1/4 mile south of the junction of High Street and Winthrop Street N/A not for publication
city o	or townHallowellN/Avicinity
state	•
3. 3	State/Federal Agency Certification
	As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this in nomination request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property meets of Library and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property set and the property set and the property set and the property set and the property of the property o
	State or Federal agency and bureau
	National Bark Sanciae Cartification
l herel	National Park Service Certification Overtify that this property is: On the National Register. Date of Action On the National Register.

Name of Property		County and State			
5. Classification					
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply) private public-local	Category of Property (Check only one box) building(s) district	Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources in the count.) Contributing Noncontributing			
□ public-State	□ site	1	1	buildings	
□ public-Federal	□ structure□ object			sites	
		***		structures	
				objects	
		1	1	Total	
Name of related multiple pro (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a	perty listing multiple property listing.)	Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register			
N/A	•	N/A			
6. Function or Use					
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functions (Enter categories from instr	uctions)		
DEFENSE / Arms Storage	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	VACANT / NOT IN USE			
		-			
		-			
•					
		· ·			
7. Description					
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from instructions)			
OTHER: Brick Utilitarian Enclosure		foundation Granite			
		walls Brick			
		-			
		roof <u>Asphalt</u>			
		other			

KENNEBEC CO., MAINE

POWDER HOUSE LOT

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

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National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

POWDER HOUSE LOT
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KENNEBEC CO., MAINE

DESCRIPTION

The Powder House on High Street in Hallowell is a small, rectilinear, American common-bond, brick structure constructed in 1820 for the storage of ammunition and gun powder. The land on which the structure is located is atop a high ridge which provides an expansive view up and down the Kennebec River to the east. The small, windowless structure sits on a cut granite foundation, and is roofed with asphalt shingles. The south gable wall is brick from foundation to rake trim, but the top four feet of brick on the north side has been replaced with wood. A single batten door hung on strap hinges faces High Street to the west. A brass plaque identifying the structure as erected in 1813 by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and owned by the local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution is affixed to the west side of the building, to the north of the door. The brick has been patched in several places, at times with incompatible mortar, and the rake trim has been gnawed on the north west corner; otherwise the structure is in fair condition.

Sitting northeast of the building is the Beeman cannon, locally known as the 'Thunder Jug of Hallowell'. Although the cannon was reputedly captured from the British brig *Boxer* in September 1813 by the U.S. brig *Enterprise*, it is not historically associated with the Powder House and thus is listed at this time as a non-contributing resource.

The interior of the structure reveals a simple, sawn-rafter roof, with some original roofing boards through which are visible the undersides of early, if not original, cedar shingles. The Powder House contains a single room with a stone floor. On the east wall, five two-inch thick, hand-planed planks are mortared into the gable end walls. Each plank is approximately two feet wide. Vertical supports have been placed at the middle of each shelf to provide support. The west wall also contained shelves mortared into the gable ends and supported by vertical planks to either side of the door. Additional shelves ran along the gable walls; the ends of these were beveled and sat on the beveled edges of the east and west shelves. With the exception of the east wall, two shelves on the south wall and one shelf over the door, the planks have been temporarily removed and are stored in the building pending restoration. Names of local militia members are written in ink on the edge or face of many of the shelves; several inscriptions also include numbers and abbreviations.

8. St	atement of Significance	
Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)		Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)
⊠ A	Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	MILITARY
□ B	Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.	
□ C	Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.	
□ D	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	Period of Significance
Criteria (Mark "x"	Considerations in all the boxes that apply.)	
Property is:		Significant Dates
□ A	owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.	
□В	removed from its original location.	
□ c	a birthplace or a grave.	Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)
□ D	a cemetery.	N/A Cultural Affiliation
□ E	a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	N/A
□ F	a commemorative property.	
□ G	less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.	Architect/Builder Unknown
Narrativ (Explain th	re Statement of Significance ne significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)	
9. Maj	or Bibliographical References	
Bibliog	raphy pooks, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or	more continuation sheets.)
Previou	s documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	Primary location of additional data: State Historic Preservation Office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University Other Name of repository:

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KENNEBEC CO., MAINE

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Powder House on High Street in Hallowell is a small utilitarian structure erected by the citizens of Hallowell as a repository for the local militia's gun powder, armaments, and field supplies. This structure is one of three surviving early-nineteenth century magazines in Maine. The Buxton Powder house (NR 1/2/76:76000120) and the Wiscasset Powder House (NR 1/12/73: Wiscasset Historic District; 73000242) were both built prior to 1813, an era in which other Maine towns were building these facilities in anticipation of conflict with England. Tradition places the construction of the Hallowell Powder House to circa 1812, however town records indicate that it was not erected until 1819, during which time Maine was preparing for separation from Massachusetts, and the militia flourished in the community. The Hallowell Powder House is eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion A for its significance in the town's military history.

On April 5th, 1819 the inhabitants of Hallowell met to consider the town's business. The eleventh item on the warrant was: "To see if the town will give directions for building a Magazine for the safe keeping of Powder." According to the town records, the article was approved by the voters; no discussion or dissension was recorded. (Town report, April 5, 1819.) By June of the next year the Powder House had been constructed of local brick and granite, and was situated on a tall hill that provided an extensive view of the Kennebec River. In preparation for either an unwanted advance up the Kennebec, or a local muster day, gunpowder and field supplies were laid upon the shelves marked with the names of each of the local militia members.

At the time the Powder House was built Hallowell was the principal settlement along the Kennebec River in Kennebec county. Augusta had been partitioned off from Hallowell in 1797, and although it later became the capitol of Maine, Hallowell was considered by historians to be socially, intellectually and commercially more successful during the early part of the nineteenth century. (*Kingsbury, p. 510.*) The following passages, from *Historic Hallowell* summarize the history of the local militia in Hallowell.

After the [Revolutionary] War, Hallowell continued its growth. Along with her population grew her militia system. The years between 1790 and 1830 were the strongest years of the "common militia" system that was known to and depended upon by the framers of the Federal Constitution. It was a state system, in practice not at all controlled by the United States government. It was organized upon political lines, the inhabitants of a certain territory being organized into a "standing company".

The men were required to provide their own arms and equipment and were not uniformed nor in the beginning paid for training. The system did provide an organization and a measure of training for the men. As Hallowell grew and the War of 1812 approached, her military companies were more than a farce and a military masquerade. (Snell and Ledew, p. 107.)

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KENNEBEC CO., MAINE

During the War of 1812 Colonel William Oliver Vaughan, son of one of the earliest and most prominent families in Hallowell, became the Commander of the Hallowell militia, until his death in 1825. During this time the local units trained hardily and muster day became an occasion for ceremony, exercise, music and pride. Although there was little in terms of pending military conflict to instigate the construction of a new facility to store powder, the formation of the State of Maine, as distinct from that of Massachusetts, resulted in statements of celebration and civic growth throughout the state. The construction of the Powder House is clear evidence that military defense was still considered a local and important responsibility in 1820, but it is also symbolic of the independent and autonomous sentiment that was flooding the State at the time.

By 1843 the state legislature relaxed the requirements for local militias and the Powder House fell out of use. In 1839 the cannon "Thunder Jug of Maine," was brought to Hallowell and by the end of the century had been positioned next to the Powder House, overlooking the Kennebec. In 1947 the Town of Hallowell sold the Powder House and lot to the Mary Kelton Dummer-Patience Stanley Chapter of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, who currently own the building.

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Briggs, Bob. Around Hallowell. (Dover, NH: Arcadia Publishing), 1996.

Nason, Emma Huntington. Old Hallowell on the Kennebec. (Salem, MA: Higginson Book Company), 1998.

Snell, Katherine H. and Vincent P. Ledew. *Historic Hallowell*. (Augusta: The Kennebec Journal Print Shop), 1962.

Town Reports, Town of Hallowell, 1819. Microfilm on file at the Maine State Archives, Augusta, Maine.

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

____ telephone __

state

_ zip code _

street & number

name _

city or town

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Project (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

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KENNEBEC CO., MAINE

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

The nominated property is described by the City of Hallowell Tax map 6, lot 53.

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION

The nominated property includes all the land historically associated with the Powder House.

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PHOTOGRAPHS

Photograph 1 of 4
Christi A. Mitchell
January 8, 2002
Maine Historic Preservation Commission
(Interior shot)

Photograph 2 of 4 Christi A. Mitchell November 14, 2001 Maine Historic Preservation Commission Exterior of Powder House and lot, looking SE.

Photograph 3 of 4 Christi A. Mitchell November 14, 2001 Maine Historic Preservation Commission West facade; looking East.

Photograph 4 of 4
Christi A. Mitchell
November 14, 2001
Maine Historic Preservation Commission
Exterior of Powder House and cannon, looking SW.