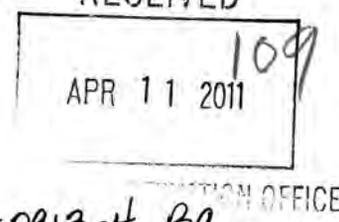
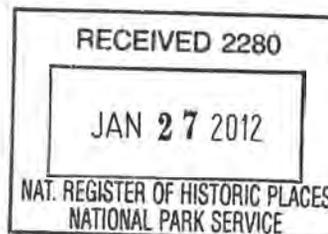


United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places  
Registration Form



This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

historic name Millington Schoolhouse

other names/site number Passaic Township/ Long Hill Township Town Hall

2. Location

street & number 1802 Long Hill Road, Millington

not for publication

city or town Long Hill Township

vicinity

state New Jersey

code NJ

county Morris

code 027

zip code 07946

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I certify that this  nomination  request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property  meets  does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant  nationally  statewide  locally.  See continuation sheet for additional comments.

Signature of certifying official/Title

Date

State or Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property  meets  does not meet the National Register criteria.  See continuation sheet for additional comments.

Signature of certifying official/Title

Date

State or Federal agency and bureau

4. National Park Service Certification

I hereby certify that this property is:

entered in the National Register.  
 See continuation sheet.

determined eligible for the National Register.  
 See continuation sheet.

determined not eligible for the National Register.

removed from the National Register.

other, (explain:)

Signature of the Keeper

Date of Action

*Edson H. Beall*

3-12-12

**5. Classification**

**Ownership of Property**

(Check as many boxes as apply)

- private
- public-local
- public-State
- public-Federal

**Category of Property**

(Check only one box)

- building(s)
- district
- site
- structure
- object

**Number of Resources within Property**

(Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)

Contributing	Noncontributing	
1	0	buildings
0	0	sites
0	0	structures
0	0	objects
1	0	Total

**Name of related multiple property listing**

(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)

N/A

**Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register**

0

**6. Function or Use**

**Historic Functions**

(Enter categories from instructions)

EDUCATION/school, library  
 GOVERNMENT/town hall, court room

**Current Functions**

(Enter categories from instructions)

VACANT

**7. Description**

**Architectural Classification**

(Enter categories from instructions)

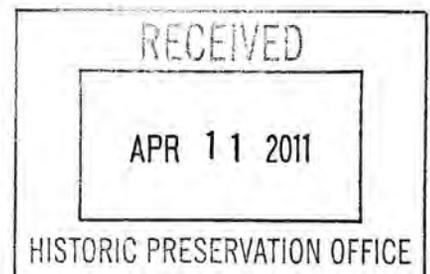
**Materials**

(Enter categories from instructions)

foundation Stone and poured concrete  
 walls Frame with clapboard  
 roof Asphalt  
 other

**Narrative Description**

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)



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# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Millington Schoolhouse  
Long Hill Township, Morris County, NJ

Section number 7 Page 1

### *Summary Paragraph*

The Millington Schoolhouse, located on the north side of Long Hill Road in Long Hill Township, Morris County, New Jersey, was originally a one-room schoolhouse built by 1853; it evolved over several additions as the needs of the community changed. Today, it is an L-shaped one-story frame building with clapboard and an asphalt roof. The original schoolhouse is oriented north/south with a south gable façade with centered door below a heavy molded lintel. It has a shale foundation, clapboard siding and large twelve-over-twelve arched windows on its east and west elevations. The west wing of the building is an accumulation of four different building campaigns. In 1910, the first addition was constructed, then in 1911 it was expanded. Three more sections were constructed in 1928. The last addition was added in the 1970s; an ADA-compliant wooden ramp was added in 1998 (Photos 5 and 6).

The Millington Schoolhouse stands on a ½-acre parcel, set back approximately 20-feet from and above Long Hill Road which winds up the long hill that gives the township its name. After a grassy pitch up from the road, the building stands on a flat area which abuts a steep grade to the north. A grass lawn lies in front of the school; behind, the steep hill behind is studded with trees; asphalt parking lots occupy either side of the building (Photo 1).

The original schoolhouse is a front gabled building with a red shale foundation with other undressed stone including granite topped by clapboard siding. The clapboard appears to be new, likely installed in 1998. A large center door dominates the south façade. The opening is original; the door is a late twentieth-century replacement with two lower panels below and nine lights above. A molded lintel tops the door; it is a historic feature, if not original feature. Six-over-six windows flank the door; they were added in 1934. The raised entrance is accessed by a concrete and bluestone stair with a wrought iron railing. Originally, a wood stair provided access to the door from the east and west; the current masonry steps were added in the 1960s. A round window with diamond-shaped coming punches the upper gable end. The opening is original; the current glass window was added in 1934. This is topped by the cornice of three-inch quarter-round applied over a six-inch fascia board; this cornice is likely a combination of original and 1934 materials (Photos 2 and 3).

The east elevation of the original schoolhouse includes the original stone foundation, new clapboard siding and the three original twelve-over-twelve sash now covered by exterior storm windows. These large windows are arched and are graced by a molded casing. The eave is deep with tongue and groove beaded board above a wide frieze board with bed molding; this is likely an original feature. The original chimney is visible at the rear of the original schoolhouse. To the north of the original schoolhouse, beyond the line of the chimney, sits a one-story, one room masonry shed addition. It was built in the 1970s and has an entrance door on its east elevation (Photo 4). The upper gable end of the original schoolhouse is extant on the north elevation of the building behind the 1970s addition. Original clapboard remains.

The west elevation of the original schoolhouse retains the original stone foundation, new clapboard siding and the southern most original twelve-over-twelve arched window with molded casing. It is covered by a modern exterior storm. The rest of the original building has been consumed by the west wing additions (Photo 2).

The west wing has a poured concrete foundation topped by clapboard. The clapboard likely dates to the 1970s when the last addition was constructed although some of it may be original to each of the four building phases 20<sup>th</sup> century construction period. The south façade of the west wing is dominated by the pressure-treated wood accessible ramp that was added in 1998; like the original schoolhouse, the entrance to the west wing is above grade, above the poured concrete foundation. The entrance door, located in the southeast corner of the building, is wood with three horizontal panels below and nine lights above. It is accessed off a wood pressure-treated stair and landing that connects to the ramp. To the west of the door, four, six-over-six windows grace the elevation. These now have modern storm windows. Three are a part of the 1928 addition and date to

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Long Hill Township, Morris County, NJSection number 7 Page 2

this period; the western most was added with the 1970s addition. A wide frieze board with bed molding and deep beaded board eave tops the windows; because there are no breaks in the frieze board, it must date to the 1970s (Photo 6).

To the west of the entrance, concrete steps located behind the ramp lead to a modern steel door which enters the basement. A three-light fixed wood window accompanies the door; it dates to 1911.

The west elevation of the west wing represents the gable end of the 1970s addition. The foundation is poured concrete topped by three, six-over-six windows with exterior storm windows. The upper gable end is punched by a louvered opening (Photo 6).

The north elevation of the west wing is made up of two sections. To the west is the 1970s addition. To the east sit two sections built in 1928. All have poured concrete foundations. The 1970s section has no windows. The adjacent 1928 section has two, six-over-six windows with exterior storm windows. Moving east, a plain masonry block protrudes beyond the frame wall. It was added in 1928 to house a fireproof vault. To the east of this, behind the original schoolhouse, is another masonry block, added in the 1970s. This section is adorned with one eight-over-eight window with exterior storm.

Two large spaces dominate the interior of the Millington Schoolhouse: the original classroom and the largely open west wing. The original classroom, used as a court room when it was town hall, generally retains its original configuration. One enters a vestibule, centered on the south wall. To the west of this sits a bathroom. This bathroom was an original cloak room. To the east of the vestibule sits an office that was added in 1998. It was originally a second cloakroom that was enlarged to the north in 1998. This office now encloses an original east elevation window; originally, this window was in the class room. Beyond the vestibule, sits the original class room. It retains its original beaded board wainscot, ceiling height and three of its original six windows with molded casings (two were removed when the west additions were constructed, one is now in the office in the southeast corner). Historic narrow gauge wood floor is exposed in some areas. The rest of the floor has modern finishes.

A raised dais stands out at the northern end of the room; it was added in 1998 for courtroom use. Behind this, the original wainscot survives on the north wall as does the chimney that vented the stove that originally heated the classroom. To the west of the chimney lies a door to the 1970s addition to the north. To the east of the chimney, there is evidence of an original window. While the door to the 1970s addition removed any evidence, it seems likely that a window flanked each side of the chimney. The other possibility is that the door location is original and led to the outhouses which were found behind the schoolhouse.

Access to the west wing is centered on the west wall of the original schoolhouse. When the second addition was constructed in 1911, the original center window of the schoolhouse was removed and made into a door. One enters the west wing from the original schoolhouse into a small hallway. This hallway remains roughly the size of the cloakroom of the 1911 addition. To the north of this is a small office; this is a modern office that was added at the end of the twentieth century. The rest of this wing was constructed in three campaigns: 1910, 1911 and 1928. Historic features include beaded board wainscot on several isolated walls and the six-over-six windows. The plaster walls also remain. The floor is carpet and there is now a modern dropped ceiling but a vaulted plaster ceiling remains above. In the southwest corner, there is a stair that accesses the basement.

To the west of this large room sits the 1970s addition which consists of two offices. Below this section, sits the basement with bathrooms, a kitchen and break room. The basement is accessed from the large room of the west wing.

To the north, in the east corner of the west wing, there sits a large fireproof vault that was added in 1928 to house the township records. It is plain masonry block with tile floor and concrete block walls.

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Millington Schoolhouse  
Long Hill Township, Morris County, NJ

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## *Construction Chronology of the Millington Schoolhouse*

The Millington Schoolhouse is the result of six building campaigns. Phase I was the original one-room schoolhouse built between 1845 and 1853; Phase II was a small classroom addition constructed in 1910; Phase III in 1911 extended the 1910 addition; Phase IV was in 1928 when the building began to be used as town hall; Phase IV included renovations in 1934 following a fire in the building and Phase V was the construction of two masonry additions in the 1970s (See chronology floor plan).

Between 1845 and 1853, the original schoolhouse was constructed (Figures 1 and 2).<sup>1</sup> The original schoolhouse had a south gable front façade with a round louver in the upper gable end. It had a stone foundation with a raised centered entrance with double doors topped by a transom. Wood stairs with simple wood railings provided access to the door from the east and west. The east and west elevations were dominated by three large arched twelve-over-twelve windows on its east and west elevations (Figures 6 and 7). Most of these details remain today (Photos 2-4).

In 1910, the first addition was built, adding another class room to the west of the original class room (chronology floor plan). The specifications for Phase II describe the original configuration of this "new room."<sup>2</sup> The cellar was seven feet below the top of the original schoolhouse foundation and had walls that were eight-inch thick concrete. The "No. 1 white pine beveled siding" was painted with white lead and the roof had eighteen-inch red cedar shingles with less than a 5 ½" exposure. The interior was lath and plaster with a ceiling height of thirteen feet. The subfloor was diagonal tongue and groove topped with narrow maple flooring (this diagonal flooring remains; it is visible from the basement. It is unknown the extent of the maple flooring, as it is covered by carpet). The interior was painted with white lead and varnish.

This addition, a single small room, was as large as the existing eastern basement. The location of the interior connection between the two classrooms is unknown as no evidence remains. Access to the basement was from the exterior only through a bulkhead door. The concrete walls of this basement access remain and now constitute a small hallway. When they were constructed, they housed a stair. The cellar and stair walls are extant materials from Phase II as are the floor framing, the diagonal tongue and groove subfloor and the roof framing. The rest of this addition was removed when later additions were constructed.

In the summer of 1911, Phase III extended the west wing further to the west (chronology floor plan). It is unclear why Phase III happened so quickly after Phase II; it occurred the following summer. Basically, this addition enlarged the 1910 classroom to the west and added the cloakroom to the south (see Figures 9-11). The west wall of the 1910 section was reused in the 1911 addition: "Move west wall of present addition out to west to form end wall of the new addition."<sup>3</sup> The siding was the same #1 pine and the roof was the same quality shingles, integrated with the existing. The windows were reused on the west wall and two new windows were added in the new walls. The wainscot matched the 1910 wainscot.

The cloakroom also was added at this time and the exterior door to the 1910 classroom was reused and moved south to provide access to the cloak room. The cloak room had 6-foot high wainscot; portions of this are still extant today on the south wall. The specified 10-inch shelf at the top is not, however (Photos 9 and 10). When the cloak room was constructed, the center window of the west wall of the original schoolhouse was converted to a door to provide the interior connection between the two sections; this door opening remains today. The original specifications call for a trap door within the cloak room to access the cellar stairs. However, an addendum to the specifications state, "The trap door hereinbefore specified in Cloak Room floor will not be required, but in it's [sic] place the cellar way door on the south side shall be extended out from new wall, and all suitable old materials, including the door may be reused." The new bulkhead door is visible in the historic photograph (Figure 9). Evidence for this was lost when the current ramp was constructed in 1998.

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Remaining fabric from this 1911 addition includes the roof and floor framing. The south wall of the cloak room also survives intact both on the exterior and the interior. The exterior door opening remains but it has been enlarged and the door replaced. On the interior, the door opening between the cloak room and the original schoolhouse remains; the door itself has been replaced (Photos 9 and 10).

Phase IV occurred in 1928 when the building was added onto for use as town hall (chronology floor plan). When this work was completed, the building had temporarily stopped being used as a school but remained the library. This work cost \$2,000 and included "necessary carpentry and painting, repairs to the chimney [of the original schoolhouse], [the purchase and installation of] furniture and equipment for \$731, wiring and electric light fixtures not to exceed \$150 and the construction of six eight-foot benches at \$15 each including painting."<sup>4</sup> (It is assumed that these benches were constructed for use in the original schoolroom for use as a court room. This was the largest room in the building). Other work included the installation of a used safe that was purchased for \$25 from the New York Life Insurance Company. Moving it from New York City cost \$85.<sup>5</sup> A new furnace was installed in December 1928.<sup>6</sup> On July 6, 1929, it was reported that an outdoor toilet at town hall had been constructed.<sup>7</sup>

Phase IV also included the construction of two small frame side aisle-like additions to the south and north elevations of the west wing and the construction of the masonry block on the north elevation that houses the fireproof vault for the township's records. These additions remain today. Generally, they are intact including their framing, exterior walls and windows. The wainscot on the south wall dates to this period. The western end of the southern aisle was altered when the stairs were added to the basement in the 1970s. The rest of the finishes in the Phase IV additions are modern (Photos 9-11).

Phase V occurred in 1934 following a fire in the summer of 1933. The fire appears to have been limited to the ceiling at the south end of the original schoolhouse. Charred roof framing is evident above the ceiling, especially on the east side. The extant building fabric indicates that additional work was completed in conjunction with the repairs that were necessary following the fire. This includes the addition of the windows on the south façade. They are extant by the 1950s. The small round window in the upper gable end also dates to this renovation. It too is visible in the 1950s postcard (Figure 13). The installation of the bathroom in the west cloakroom and the beaded board shelving in the entry vestibule also probably date to this phase.

In the 1970s, the west end of the west wing was constructed, resulting in Phase VI (chronology floor plan). This included a full basement and two offices on the first floor. At the same time, a masonry addition was built to the north of the schoolhouse. All of the existing fabric in these sections dates to the 1970s construction (Photo 12). This work was completed by Fred Schaan, a local contractor. According to local oral history, the basement was designed to be converted to a bomb shelter in case of emergency.<sup>8</sup>

Other known work to the building includes installation of the bluestone and concrete entrance to the original schoolhouse. According to the Historic Preservation Advisory Committee, this occurred about 40 years ago or in the 1960s. At some point, plaster board was installed over the plaster in the original school room. Paint analysis puts its installation to the mid-twentieth century. Other work to the building includes the addition of emergency lighting in 1990.<sup>9</sup> In 1991, air conditioners were added to the court room. These were individual units installed through the east and west walls.<sup>10</sup> In 1993, central air was added to the building and the siding was replaced. It seems likely that the decision was made to re-side the building at this point to cover up the scarring made with the removal of the through-wall air conditioning units, added in 1991.

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In 1998, several changes were made to the building. The handicapped ramp was constructed to the south of the west wing (Photos 5 and 6). Within the original schoolhouse, the violation clerk's office was installed in the location of the original east cloak room. Importantly, a note on the renovation drawings, "Remove existing wainscot and relocate to new partition" confirms that a cloak room did exist on the east. The architectural evidence indicates it matched the size of the extant west room (now a bathroom). During the work in 1998, a new door was installed to the bathroom and the court bench and dais at the north end of the original class room were constructed (Photos 7 and 8).<sup>11</sup>

<sup>1</sup> John Littell, "A Map of Passaic Valley from the Stone House Village to Chatham, N.J. including New Providence Township and also Sterlings Valley North of Long Hill" from records and actual survey (John Littell, 1845); J. Lightfoot and Samuel Geil, *Map of Morris County New Jersey* (Morristown, NJ: JB Shields, 1853).

<sup>2</sup> Building Contract No. 614 between Board of Education of Passaic Township, Owner and Charles Pfadenhauer, Contractor, August 11, 1911.

<sup>3</sup> Ibid.

<sup>4</sup> Passaic Township Committee Meeting Minutes, Volume 2, 154.

<sup>5</sup> Ibid., 169.

<sup>6</sup> Ibid., 170.

<sup>7</sup> Ibid., 219.

<sup>8</sup> Carol Prasa, Chair of the Long Hill Township Historic Preservation Advisory Committee, email to Richard Sheola, December 28, 2009.

<sup>9</sup> Long Hill Township construction records of Block 126.02, Lot 29; Halsey and Ryder, drawings dated January 13, 1998.

<sup>10</sup> Margaret Newman discussion with Fred Schaan, the contractor responsible for the work.

<sup>11</sup> Long Hill Township construction records of Block 126.02, Lot 29.

**8 Statement of Significance**

**Applicable National Register Criteria**

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- A** Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- B** Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C** Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D** Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

**Criteria considerations**

(mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:

- A** owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B** removed from its original location.
- C** a birthplace or grave.
- D** a cemetery.
- E** a reconstructed building, object or structure.
- F** a commemorative property.
- G** less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

**Narrative Statement of Significance**

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

**9. Major Bibliographical References**

**Bibliography**

(cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

**Previous documentation on file (NPS):**

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # \_\_\_\_\_
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # \_\_\_\_\_

**Areas of Significance**

(Enter categories from instructions)

EDUCATION

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

**Period of Significance**

ca. 1853--1961

**Significant Dates**

ca. 1853, 1910, 1911, 1928, 1934

**Significant Person**

(Complete if Criterion B is marked above)

**Cultural Affiliation**

N/A

**Architect/Builder**

Unknown

**Primary location of additional data**

- State Historic Preservation Office
- Other State agency
- Federal agency
- Local government
- University
- Other

Name of repository:

Long Hill Township Historical Society

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## STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

*Summary Statement*

The Millington Schoolhouse is significant under Criterion A for local significance in the areas of education, community development and local government. Originally built before 1853 as a schoolhouse and used in the 20<sup>th</sup> century as school, public library, and township hall, the Millington Schoolhouse represents the growth and evolution of what has become Long Hill Township. Used as a township hall until 2003, the building reflects 150 years of use as for public purposes. The period of significance should extend from its construction ca.1845-53 to 1961 (50-year cutoff).

*A Brief History of Long Hill Township and Millington*

The neighborhood of Millington is located along the Passaic River in Long Hill Township in the southern section of Morris County. The area known collectively as "Long Hill"—a larger local area that embraces Millington—was first settled by Europeans in the 1730s along Long Hill Road, an old Indian trail that wound up the ridge of the Watchung Mountains. In 1740 this area became part of Morris Township, an early township that encompassed territory that included the emerging neighborhoods of Millington, Stirling, Gillette, Meyersville and New Vernon.

It is believed that the name "Millington" first appeared sometime between 1778 and 1833, in recognition of the several mills that were established on the Passaic River in the 18<sup>th</sup> century. Millington was connected to Elizabethtown and Newark by Long Hill Road through a stage route that operated in the 18<sup>th</sup> century. During the Revolution, local men served in the Morris County militia, and householders provided supplies to the troops at Jockey Hollow. The Continental Army placed a beacon at a high point on the long ridge to warn of enemy troop movements. Throughout much of the 19<sup>th</sup> century, Long Hill Township remained a sparsely populated farming community with centers of activity in the villages of Millington on the western end and Meyersville at the east.

By the late 1840s or early 1850s, Millington had grown large enough to support a schoolhouse.<sup>1</sup> On March 23, 1866, Passaic Township was formed from Morris Township. It included the lands of the current Long Hill Township as well as the neighborhood of New Vernon and Green Village, north of the Great Swamp (today a National Wildlife Refuge). After 1871, the West Line Railroad, a spur of the Erie-Lackawanna, was laid out through Millington and included a station there. The railroad attracted some additional industry to Long Hill Township. It also quickly led to the first post office in Millington being established in the 1870s, in the home of William Leason which stood at the site of the one of the 18<sup>th</sup>-century mills.

The railroad also brought to Millington a number of wealthy city dwellers from Newark, who arrived seeking sites for summer homes. With a view across the wooded Passaic Valley, Millington's heights appealed to many and expensive houses began to appear by the 1890s. All Saints Episcopal Church in Millington, constructed in 1905 to resemble an English country church, was founded by the some of these well-to-do residents. Two other important local social centers emerged about 1900: the Millington Field Club and the Millington Stud Farm.<sup>2</sup>

*The Early Schools of Passaic Township*

The first school in Passaic Township was constructed in 1795, one mile from Green Village; it was known as the "Old Mulberry School." Two more schools followed about 1800, one in Green Village, the other in New Vernon. A school was built in Pleasantville in 1830, and Logansville and Pleasant Plains also possessed one-room schoolhouses.<sup>3</sup> All of these were in the northern section of the township that became Harding Township in the 1920s. A school in what would become Long Hill Township was built at Meyersville in 1813, which also served both Gillette and Stirling. Millington was evidently the last of these places to achieve its own schoolhouse. Like the others, Millington's was a one-room schoolhouse. By 1866 there

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## STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

were 10 schools in Passaic Township, later consolidated to six.<sup>4</sup> The 1870 population of Passaic Township was 1,625.<sup>5</sup> A school census taken in 1878 showed 525 students between the ages of five and eighteen.<sup>6</sup>

*The Millington Schoolhouse*

Between 1845 and 1853, Millington's citizens arranged for the construction of its schoolhouse, on Long Hill Road just beyond the village center. Map research confirms the date of construction (Figures 1 and 2). In 1871 the land on which the school stood was formally conveyed to the Trustees of (what was then called) Millington School No. 74 (Millington School was variously known at different times as School No.74, or No.4, or No.7) (Figures 3 and 5). James Jackson and his wife of Millington and Frederick Nishwitz and his wife of Belvidere in Warren County sold the trustees a roughly ½-acre lot of land for \$300.<sup>7</sup> The ½-acre had been part of 1,000 acres that Jackson and Nishwitz had purchased in 1864.<sup>8</sup>

The Millington Schoolhouse was constructed before standards for schoolhouse construction were formally required. It was built by the local population and probably consisted of a simple rectangular plan of one large room with small boys' and girls' cloakrooms beside the entrance and large windows in the side elevations. Local recollections provide a picture of its early days. Gwendolyn Thomas, an early historian of Millington, conveyed in several newspaper articles the recollections of her mother, who had taught there in the 1880s: "[T]here were eight grades in one room, taught by male as well as female teachers. Much of the teaching was poor, and the pupils were subjected to undesirable experiences at times. There were as many as 50 pupils in the room. Pupils walked to school and some came a good distance." In the same newspaper series, Ms. Thomas recalled her own experience at the school as a student in the early 1900s, "There was a stove in the back of the room that sometimes failed, and we either sat in a cold room or were sent home. Drinking water was obtained in a pail at a nearby home by one or two boys, and all used the common drinking cup. Desks were different sizes and some were built for two. There were blackboards on the wall and benches beneath them."<sup>9</sup> The earliest class photo shows the building and its students in 1882—21 students and a teacher are shown.<sup>10</sup> (Figure 6).

In 1910, a second class room was added to the building to the west.<sup>11</sup> The population had increased in the township as whole. The population of Passaic Township was 1,821 in 1880; it had increased by almost 20% in 1910 with a population of 2,165.<sup>12</sup> While this is township-wide, with the expansion of the railroad into Millington at the end of the 19<sup>th</sup> century, a gain in Millington's population accounts for a significant portion of the increase. The 1910 construction was contracted for \$968, and was to be completed by September 15, 1910.<sup>13</sup> The prospect of this improvement was also confirmed by the *Annual Report of the Board of Education and the Commissioner of Education*, which reported that "At Morristown, Hopatcong and Millington buildings are to be enlarged in time for the reopening of the schools in September."<sup>14</sup>

This west wing was further expanded one year later in 1911.<sup>15</sup> (Figures 9 and 10) On August 1, 1911, another contract was filed for the "erection and completion of an addition and alterations to the Millington Schoolhouse," with contractor Charles Pfadenhauer getting the work. The addition was designed by architect Frederic P. Kelley of New York City. The contract was for \$600 and was to be completed by September 5, 1911. The specifications state, "All work and materials to be first class and to conform to those in the existing addition to the school building to which the new addition will be attached."<sup>16</sup> This work is confirmed to have occurred by the 1911 Passaic Township Report, which stated that \$2,773.98 had been spent for the Millington Schoolhouse. This funding also included \$1,140.80 was for teachers' salaries, \$53.61 for coal, \$15.50 for cleaning the school, \$4.32 for blackboards, etc. The flagpole was also moved.<sup>17</sup>

The Millington Schoolhouse also came to serve the community in other ways. The local Episcopalians who formed the congregation of All Saints Church, prior to the construction of their own building at the turn of the 20th century, sometimes

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Millington Schoolhouse  
Long Hill Township, Morris County, NJ

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## STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

met at the Millington Schoolhouse.<sup>18</sup> On June 22, 1917, there was a "Patriotic Field Day" at the "Field Club Grounds" in Millington for the six Passaic Township public schools. Events included flag-raising and drills by the schools, an address by the Assistant Commissioner of Education, Lewis H. Carris followed by lunch (with refreshments for sale) and athletic contests and games. On that occasion, New Vernon School, No. 1 pupils wore purple and white; Logansville School No. 2, green and gold; Millington School No. 4, blue and white; Long Hill School No. 5, red, white and blue; and Stirling School No. 6, red and white.<sup>19</sup>

### *The Millington Library*

Beginning in the 1920s, the west wing of the schoolhouse served as a library. The library organization traces its roots to 1880 when the women of Millington organized a circulating library; the Millington Library Association was given books on loan from the state library. About 1909 they began fund-raising activities to establish a public library. In November 1921, Morris County voters elected to create a county library system. The result was, "Instead of much money spent to small purposes for books by a number of communities and by many schools and individuals, every community, organization, school and individual will be served with the books they need and desire from the county collection. The constant rotation of books will make one thousand books do the work of ten thousand."<sup>20</sup> The west wing of the Millington school became a part of this system. The library remained housed here until 1956, when the postwar needs of the township were such that the library was asked to move. The successor Passaic Township Free Public Library opened its doors on November 22, 1958.<sup>21</sup>

The Millington Schoolhouse continued to operate as a school serving eight grades until 1926, when changing demographics resulted in the closing of the school. Pupils from Millington were sent elsewhere in the township to the more modern Elm Street School built in 1910 and the Central Avenue School which opened in 1926.<sup>22</sup> In December 1927, while no longer in use for school purposes but still continuing to serve as the library, a resolution was passed by the Passaic Township Committee to request the Board of Education to permit use of the Millington schoolhouse for municipal purposes.<sup>23</sup> Since its founding in 1866, the township's government had met in homes and local meeting halls. In February 1928, after the secession of Harding Township, a proposition was advanced for Passaic Township to purchase the old Millington schoolhouse.<sup>24</sup> In May 1928, the Board of Education determined that they would prefer to lease the property.<sup>25</sup> A rental agreement was completed at a special meeting of the Board of Education and the Township Committee on May 10, 1928.<sup>26</sup> On June 2nd, a motion was passed, "RESOLVED by the Township committee of the Township of Passaic that the regular meeting place for meetings of the township Committee beginning with July 7<sup>th</sup>, 1928, shall be the old Millington school building, and that the public records shall be transferred to this building and the same be used as a Township office and for general municipal purposes..."<sup>27</sup>

On June 16, 1928, the township allocated \$2,000 for the "altering, repairing, improving and insuring of the old school house at Millington and the equipment of the same as [the] township office..."<sup>28</sup> At the following meeting on July 7, however, opposition was raised by a group calling itself the Taxpayers' Association to the proposed use of the building. The Association felt that Millington was a poor location because it was far removed from the center of the township, because the school building wasn't fireproof and because it may be needed for use by the school again. The Firemen's Hall in Stirling was offered instead.<sup>29</sup> This complaint didn't result in any change of plan and on August 7, 1928, the motion was passed to appropriate \$2,000 for repair of the Millington school.<sup>30</sup> A list of repairs was approved on September 4, 1928.<sup>31</sup> On October 6, 1928, the first meeting of the township committee was held at the Millington Schoolhouse.

By 1929 continued growth in Passaic Township led to overcrowding in the newer schools and classes were once again held at the old Millington Schoolhouse, vindicating the position taken by the opponents the year before. That year one room of the schoolhouse was reopened for a first-grade class. In 1930, grades one and two were taught there. In 1931, the second

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classroom was also used for grades three and four. The result was that by 1931, the entire building was used as a school again. Yet throughout this time, the building also continued as the venue for the Passaic Township Committee meetings. Those meetings were held on Saturday afternoons at 2 PM.

In the summer of 1933, a fire broke out in the building.<sup>32</sup> A special August 30, 1933 meeting confirmed the fire, and reported three estimates for the necessary repairs to the schoolhouse had been received. They basically matched the insurance estimate which found that the repairs would cost \$1,459.11, while furnishings replacement would be \$125. Following the fire, the Morris County school superintendant condemned the building and grounds for further school use.<sup>33</sup> The Millington Fire House was used temporarily for school purposes; the board subsequently rented it for \$55 per month.<sup>34</sup> In December 1933, with the schoolhouse property now a surplus asset, the board of education agreed to turn it over to the township for one dollar.<sup>35</sup> (In September 1935, two new schools opened in the township, including in Millington. They were constructed with federal money through the Public Works Program.<sup>36</sup>)

### *Township Hall*

On January 26, 1934, the committee authorized spending "to have the unburnt section of the old Millington school building put in shape and repaired so that the Committee can move into same."<sup>37</sup> On February 5th, it was reported that the wiring was completed (\$31.00 was paid), the door was to be repaired and the Committee expected to move into the building before the next meeting.<sup>38</sup> It appears that the township applied to the Federal government for assistance with these renovations. A letter dated December 20, 1933 mentioned this application to the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works.<sup>39</sup>

Following the completion of these repairs, the Millington Schoolhouse continued to be used as both township hall and public library (Figure 13). As noted above, the library function remained until a new public library was opened in 1958. Meanwhile, the west wing housed offices while the east side, the original classroom space, was used for meetings and as a courtroom. Here people came to pay fines and taxes, vote and interact with their local governing body. Through the era when Passaic Township remained a rural township, this building was the center of its local government. Passaic changed its name to Long Hill Township by a referendum in 1992. Use by Long Hill Township continued until 2003, when new municipal facilities were constructed and the township government and staff moved out.

Since 2003, the building has been vacant, after public service for more than 150 years.

### *Notes:*

<sup>1</sup> John Littell, *A Map of Passaic Valley from the Stone House Village to Chatham, N.J. including New Providence Township and also Sterlings Valley North of Long Hill from records and actual survey* (John Littell, 1845); J. Lightfoot and Samuel Geil, *Map of Morris County New Jersey* (Morristown, NJ: JB Shields, 1853).

<sup>2</sup> Gwendolyn Thomas and the Passaic Township Tercentenary Committee, *Passaic Township A Short History* (Passaic Township, Published in connection with the New Jersey Tercentennial 1664-1964, 1964), 2-10.

<sup>3</sup> Rev. Joseph Tuttle, *Centennial Collections, 1776-1876* (Dover, NJ: Benjamin H. Vogt, 1876), 50-51.

<sup>4</sup> *Annual Report of the Superintendent of Public Schools of the State of New Jersey for the Year 1866* (Trenton: Printed at the State Gazette Office, 1867), 45.

<sup>5</sup> Mary Lou Weller Scrapbook, "A Selection of Photographs, Writings and Records of the Old Millington Schoolhouse."

<sup>6</sup> *History of Morris County with Illustrations and Biographical Sketches of Prominent Citizens and Pioneers* (New York: Munsell and Company, 1882), 261.

<sup>7</sup> Morris County Deed Book D 8, p. 395

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<sup>8</sup> Morris County Deed Book L 6, p 472

<sup>9</sup> Weller Scrapbook.

<sup>10</sup> [http://www.longhillhistory.org/townhall\\_shorthistory.html](http://www.longhillhistory.org/townhall_shorthistory.html)

<sup>11</sup> Agreement for building between the Board of Education of Passaic Township and Clarkson B. Moffet, August 1, 1910.

<sup>12</sup> Department of Commerce and Labor Bureau of the Census, *Thirteenth Census of the United States, 1910: Population by Counties and Minor Civil Divisions 1910, 1900, 1890* (Washington: Government Printing Office, 1912), 338.

<sup>13</sup> Agreement for building between the Board of Education of Passaic Township and Clarkson B. Moffet, August 1, 1910. Morris County Heritage Commission, Millington Schoolhouse file.

<sup>14</sup> *Annual Report of the Board of Education and the Commissioner of Education of New Jersey for the School Year Ending June 30, 1911* (Somerville, New Jersey: Unionist-Gazette Association, 1912), 151.

<sup>15</sup> Building Contract No. 614 between Board of Education of Passaic Township, Owner and Charles Pfadenhauer, Contractor, August 11, 1911.

<sup>16</sup> Ibid.

<sup>17</sup> Passaic Township Committee Meeting Minutes, Volume 1, January 27, 1906—January 17, 1912, 260.

<sup>18</sup> [http://www.longhillhistory.org/townhall\\_shorthistory.html](http://www.longhillhistory.org/townhall_shorthistory.html)

<sup>19</sup> Weller Scrapbook.

<sup>20</sup> "What County Library Really Is Told Fully: Details of How it Will Operate, Whom it Will Serve, Etc. Told in Statement by Committee," *The [Morristown] Daily Record*, October 6, 1921.

<sup>21</sup> Thomas, 20.

<sup>22</sup> [http://www.longhillhistory.org/townhall\\_shorthistory.html](http://www.longhillhistory.org/townhall_shorthistory.html)

<sup>23</sup> Passaic Township Committee Meeting Minutes, Volume 2, 103.

<sup>24</sup> Ibid., 2:116.

<sup>25</sup> Ibid., 2:134.

<sup>26</sup> Ibid., 2:136.

<sup>27</sup> Ibid., 2:141.

<sup>28</sup> Ibid., 2:144.

<sup>29</sup> Ibid., 2:146,148.

<sup>30</sup> Ibid., 2:150.

<sup>31</sup> Ibid., 2:154.

<sup>32</sup> There has been some uncertainty about the date of the fire. According to Gwendolyn Thomas, it occurred in the summer of 1932, but that view is not supported by the other available evidence. School use of the building continued through the spring of 1933, confirmed by an "Admission, Discharge and Promotion Card" of Winifred Shimol from January 4—March 31, 1933. Another student who attended the school from 1929 through the spring of 1933, Roger Kenworthy, when interviewed in June 2009, could not recall the fire, further evidence that it did not occur before the summer of 1933. Also, while township committee minutes do not mention a fire until December 20, 1933, the Board of Education minutes first report it on August 30, 1933, Passaic Township Committee Meeting Minutes, 876.

<sup>33</sup> Passaic Township Board of Education Meeting Minutes, August 30, 1933.

<sup>34</sup> Ibid., August 30, 1933, September 6, 1933.

<sup>35</sup> Passaic Township Committee Meeting Minutes, Volume 6, 882.

<sup>36</sup> Weller Scrapbook.

<sup>37</sup> Passaic Township Committee Meeting Minutes, Volume 6, 908.

<sup>38</sup> Ibid., 6:909.

<sup>39</sup> David K. Barkman, Counselor at Law—Master in Chancery to Mr. Charles Metz, December 20, 1933 from Long Hill Township files.

On March 9, 1934, the minutes state that the C.W.A. (Civil Works Administration) project to repair township hall would not go forward as the program had been discontinued. Passaic Township Committee Meeting Minutes, 6:925.

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National Park Service

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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Long Hill Township, Morris County, NJ

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Minutes Book: Passaic Township Board of Education Meeting Minutes, 1933.

LONG HILL TOWNSHIP, TOWNSHIP BUILDING

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Minute Books: Passaic Township Committee Meeting Minutes, Volumes 2-4, 1920s-1930s.

LONG HILL TOWNSHIP HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Letter, Millington Schoolhouse File: Barkman, David K. Counsellor at Law—Master in Chancery to Mr. Charles Metz, December 20, 1933.

Map: Littell John. "A Map of Passaic Valley from the Stone House Village to Chatham, N.J. including New Providence Township and also Sterlings Valley North of Long Hill" from records and actual survey. John Littell, 1845.

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MORRIS COUNTY, OFFICE OF THE COUNTY CLERK

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National Park Service

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[www.longhillhistory.org/townhall\\_shorthistory.html](http://www.longhillhistory.org/townhall_shorthistory.html)

[www.longhillnj.us/content/122/216/420.aspx](http://www.longhillnj.us/content/122/216/420.aspx)

**10. Geographical Data**Acreage of property 1/2-acre**UTM References**

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)

1	18	540640	4502905	3		
	Zone	Easting	Northing	Zone	Easting	Northing
2				4		

 See continuation sheet**Verbal Boundary Description**

(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

**Boundary Justification**

(Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

**11. Form Prepared By**name/title Margaret Newmanorganization In association with Clarke Caton Hintz Architects date April 6, 2011street & number P.O. Box 222 telephone (609) 273-7003city or town Carversville state PA zip code 18913**Additional Documentation**

Submit the following items with the completed form:

**Continuation Sheets****Maps**A **USGS map** (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.A **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.**Photographs**Representative **black and white photographs** of the property.**Additional items**

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

**Property Owner**

(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)

name Long Hill Townshipstreet & number 915 Valley Road telephone (908) 647-8000city or town Gillette state NJ zip code 07933

**Paperwork Reduction Act Statement:** This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C.470 *et seq.*)

**Estimated Burden Statement:** Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

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National Park Service

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Millington Schoolhouse  
Long Hill Township, Morris County, NJ

Section number 10 Page 1

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## GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

### Verbal Boundary Description

The nominated property consists of all of Block 12502, Lot 29 in Long Hill Township, Morris County, New Jersey.

### Boundary Justification

Long Hill Township owns all of Block 12502, Lot 29; this matches the original ½ -acre parcel.

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Millington Schoolhouse  
Long Hill Township, Morris County, NJ

Section number \_\_\_\_\_ Photos \_\_\_\_\_ Page 1

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## PHOTOGRAPHS

All photographs were taken by Margaret Newman on January 27, 2010.

**Photo 1** The Millington Schoolhouse from the southwest.

**Photo 2** The original schoolhouse (to the right) was constructed between 1845 and 1853; the west wing was built over several construction campaigns.

**Photo 3** The original schoolhouse from the southeast. The stone foundation, oversize windows and cornice are all original, important character defining features.

**Photo 4** The east elevation of the original schoolhouse with its original windows. To the rear is a small masonry block addition that was added in the 1970s.

**Photo 5** The Millington Schoolhouse from the west. The western section is made up of four building campaigns: 1910, 1911, 1928 and the 1970s. The west elevation is a part of the 1970s addition.

**Photo 6** The south façade of the western section shows the 1970s addition to the far left. The area around the door was added in 1911 and the fabric in between dates to 1928. The accessible ramp was added in 1998.

**Photo 7** The original classroom, looking northeast. The wainscot, trim and chimney stack are original features. This room eventually became a courtroom; the dais at the north end was added in 1998 for this use.

**Photo 8** The original classroom, looking south. To the west (photo right) is an original cloakroom that was converted to a bathroom in the 1930s. There was a matching cloakroom on the other side. This room was enlarged and converted to an office in 1998. The original wainscoting was removed from the original partition wall and added to the new partition wall which was moved north. The wainscoting on the west wall of this office dates to 1998.

**Photo 9** Looking east toward the original classroom from the west wing. This section was added in 1911 as a cloakroom. The wainscoting likely is original to this construction period.

**Photo 10** Within the west wing, looking southeast showing the south wall. The 1911 cloakroom is to the east. In 1928, the cloakroom was expanded to the west with a side-aisle like addition and giving the building a rectangular footprint. The wainscoting dates to this period. The stair in the corner was added when the basement and far west wing were added in the 1970s.

**Photo 11** The masonry vault was added to the north elevation in 1928 to house township records.

**Photo 12** A judge's chamber was added to the northern end of the original schoolhouse in the 1970s. All of the fabric dates to this period.



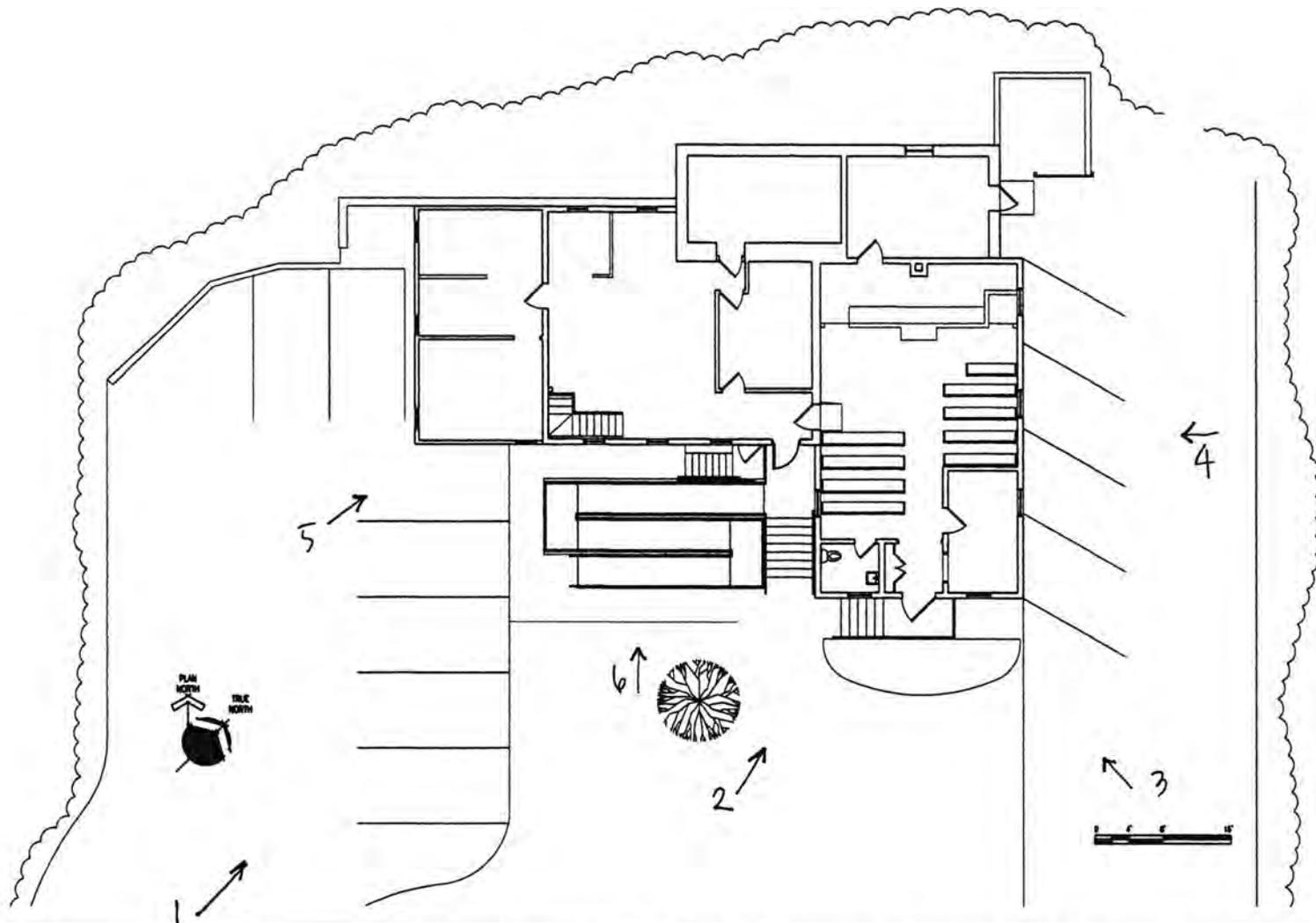
Block 12502 Lot 29

## Millington School House

Long Hill Township, Morris County, NJ May 2011

Clarke Caton Hintz  
Architecture  
Planning  
Landscape Architecture





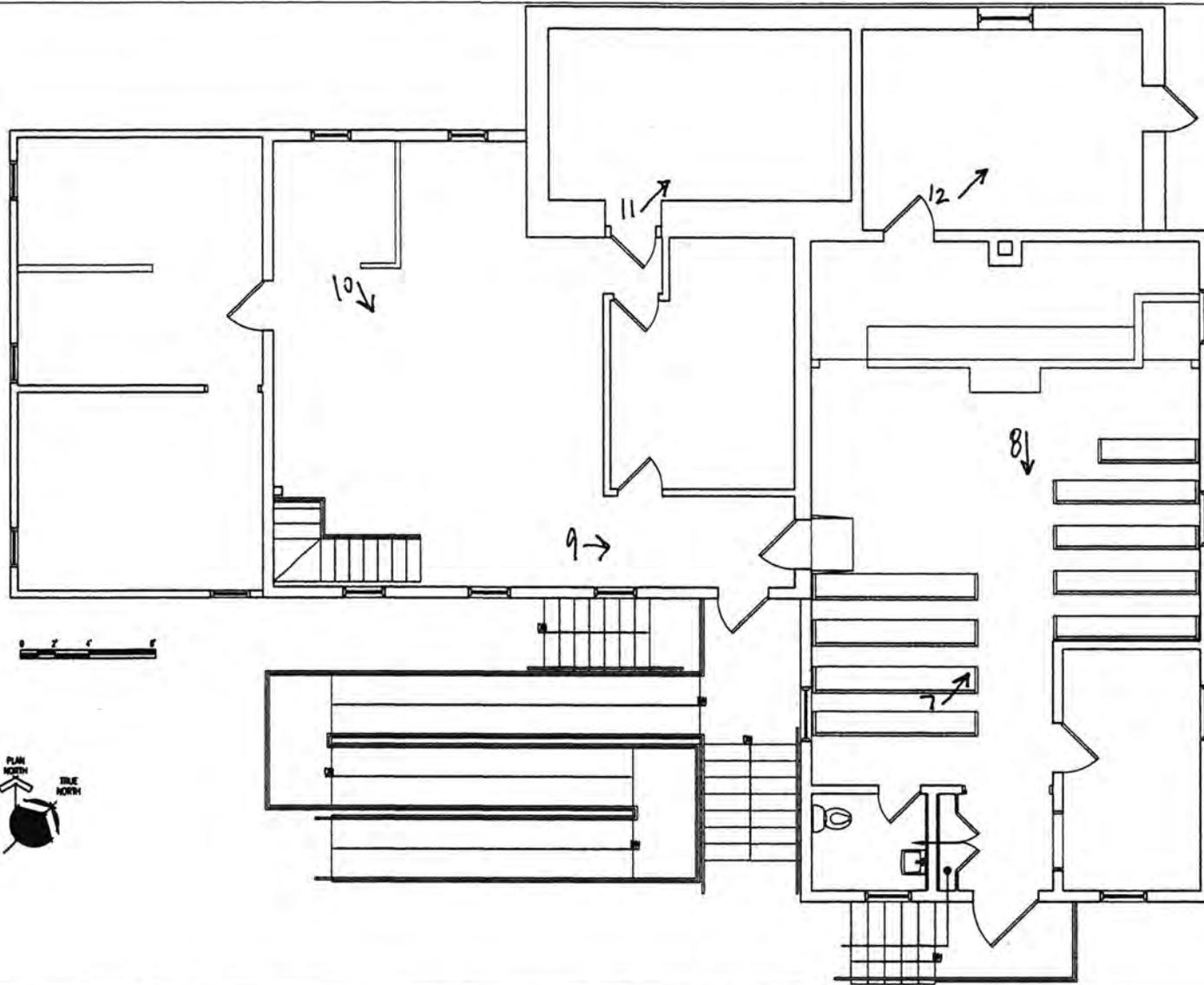
# Millington School House, Long Hill Township, Morris County, NJ

SITE PLAN

Photo Location Plan 1

Clarke Caton Hintz  
 Architecture  
 Planning  
 Landscape Architecture





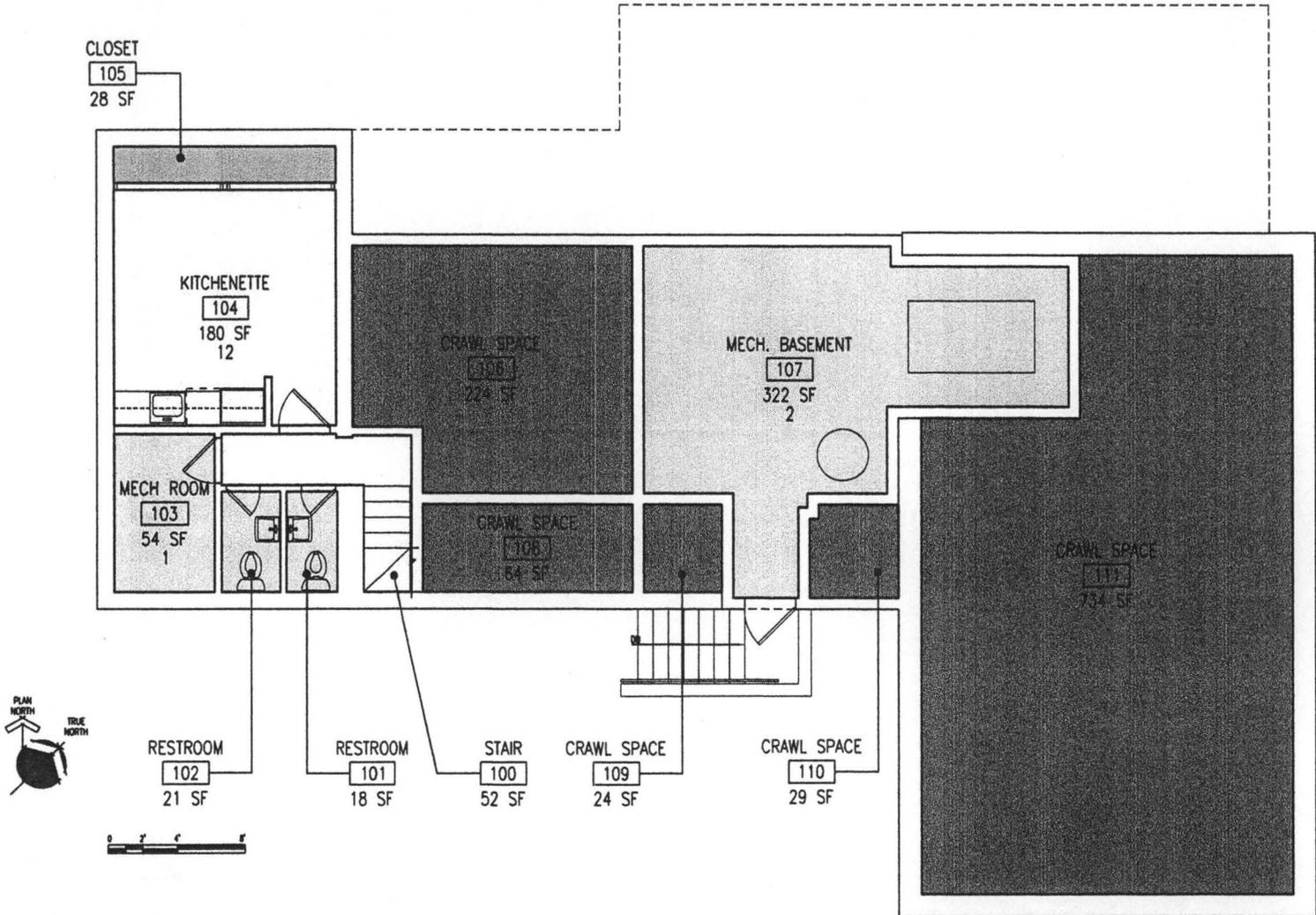
# Millington School House, Long Hill Township, Morris County, NJ

FIRST FLOOR PLAN

*Photo location Plan 2*

Clarke Caton Hintz  
 Architecture  
 Planning  
 Landscape Architecture



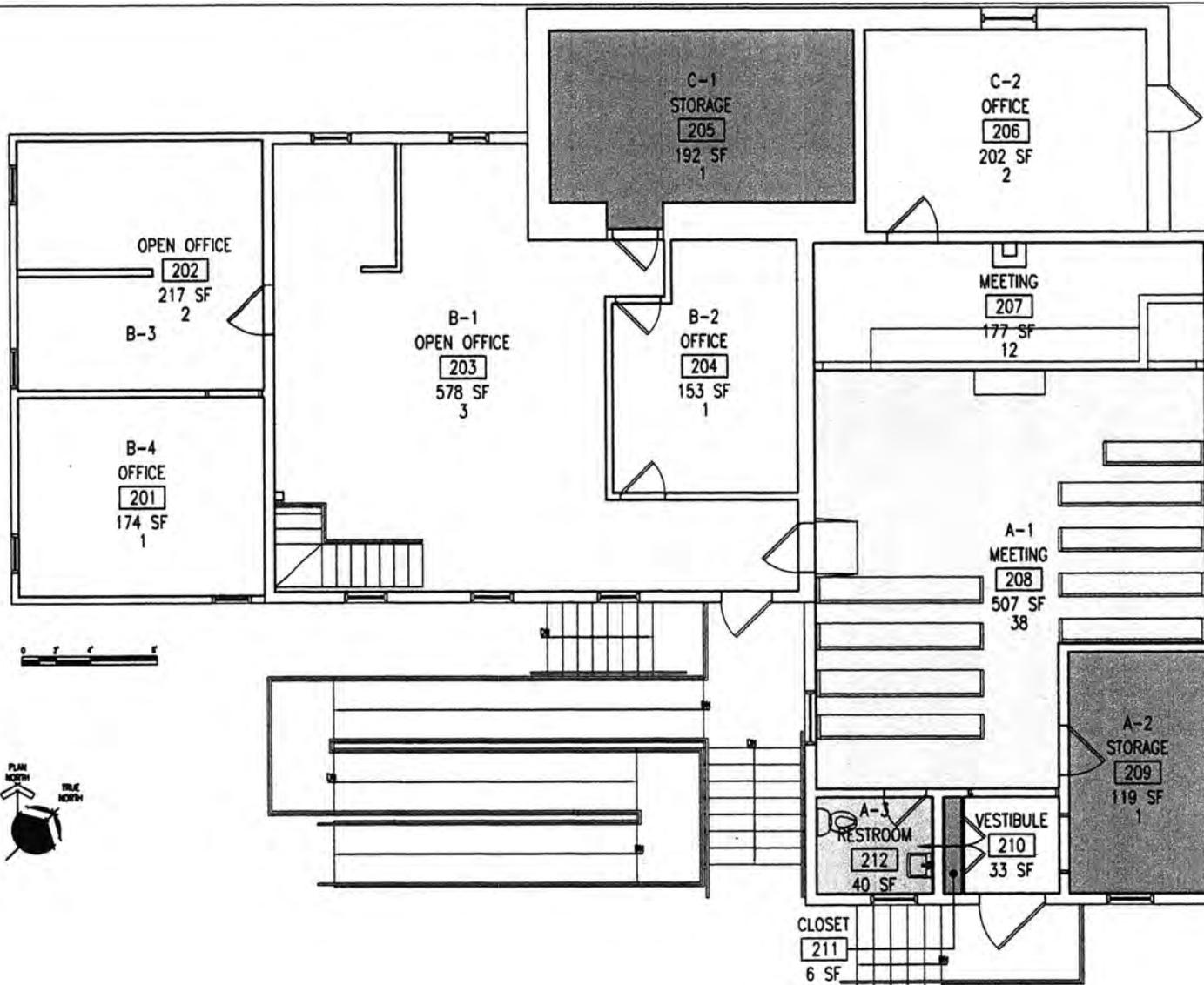


# Millington School House, Long Hill Township, Morris County, NJ

BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN

Clarke Caton Hintz  
 Architecture  
 Planning  
 Landscape Architecture



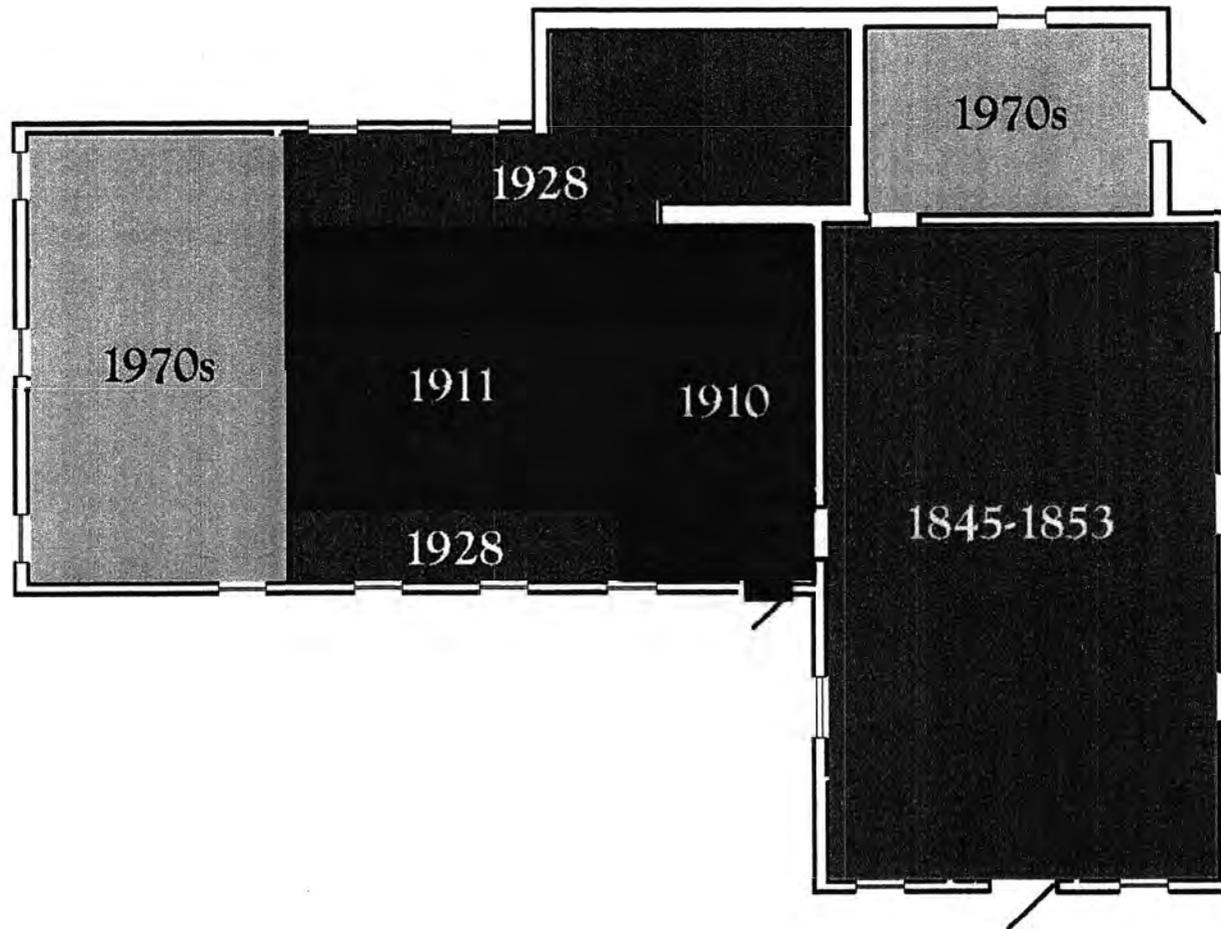


# Millington School House, Long Hill Township, Morris County, NJ

FIRST FLOOR PLAN

Clarke Caton Hintz  
 Architecture  
 Planning  
 Landscape Architecture





**Millington School House, Long Hill Township, Morris County, NJ**

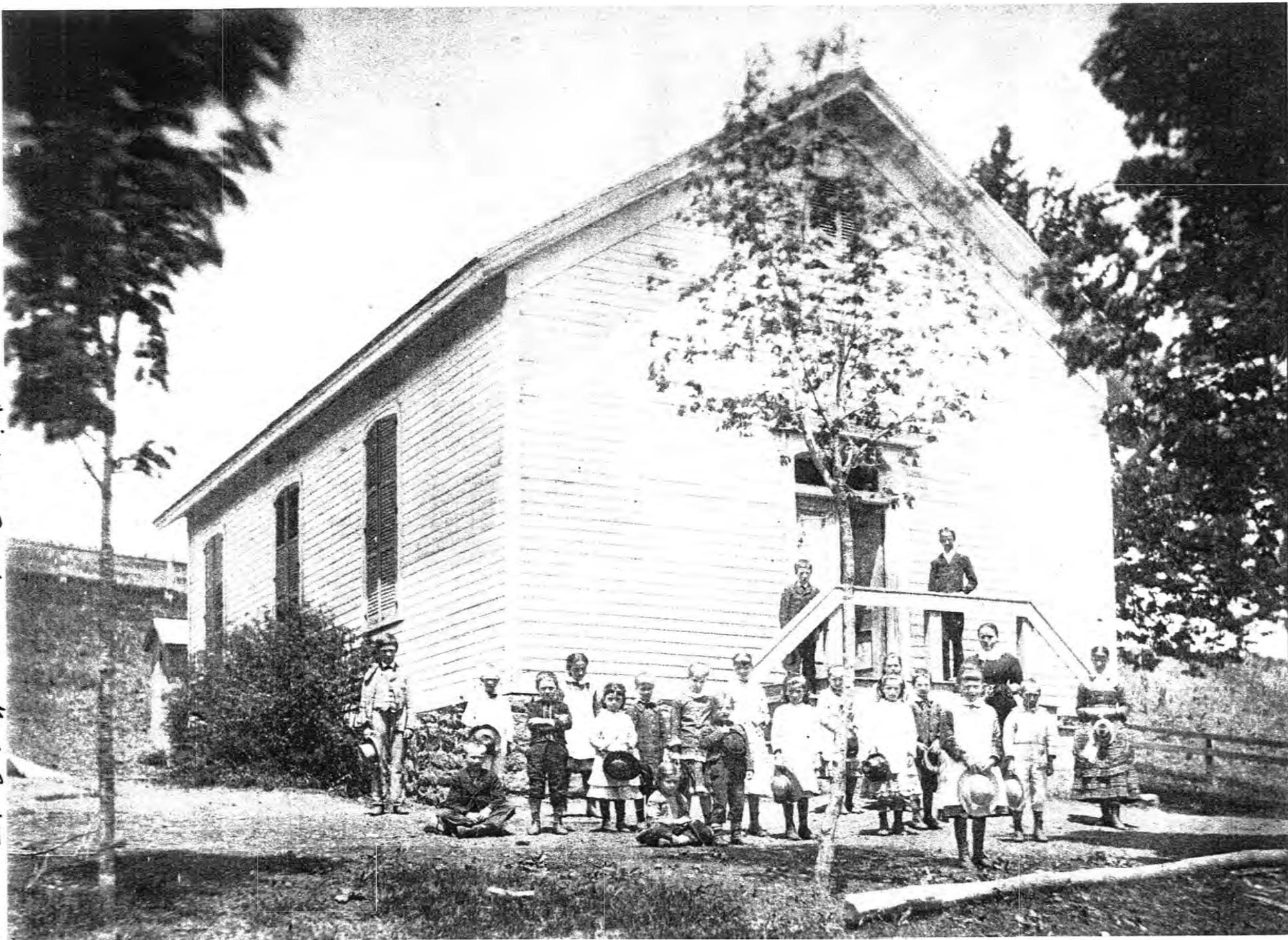
CHRONOLOGY FLOOR PLAN

Clark Catton Hintz  
Architecture  
Planning  
Landscape Architecture



Wilmington Schoolhouse

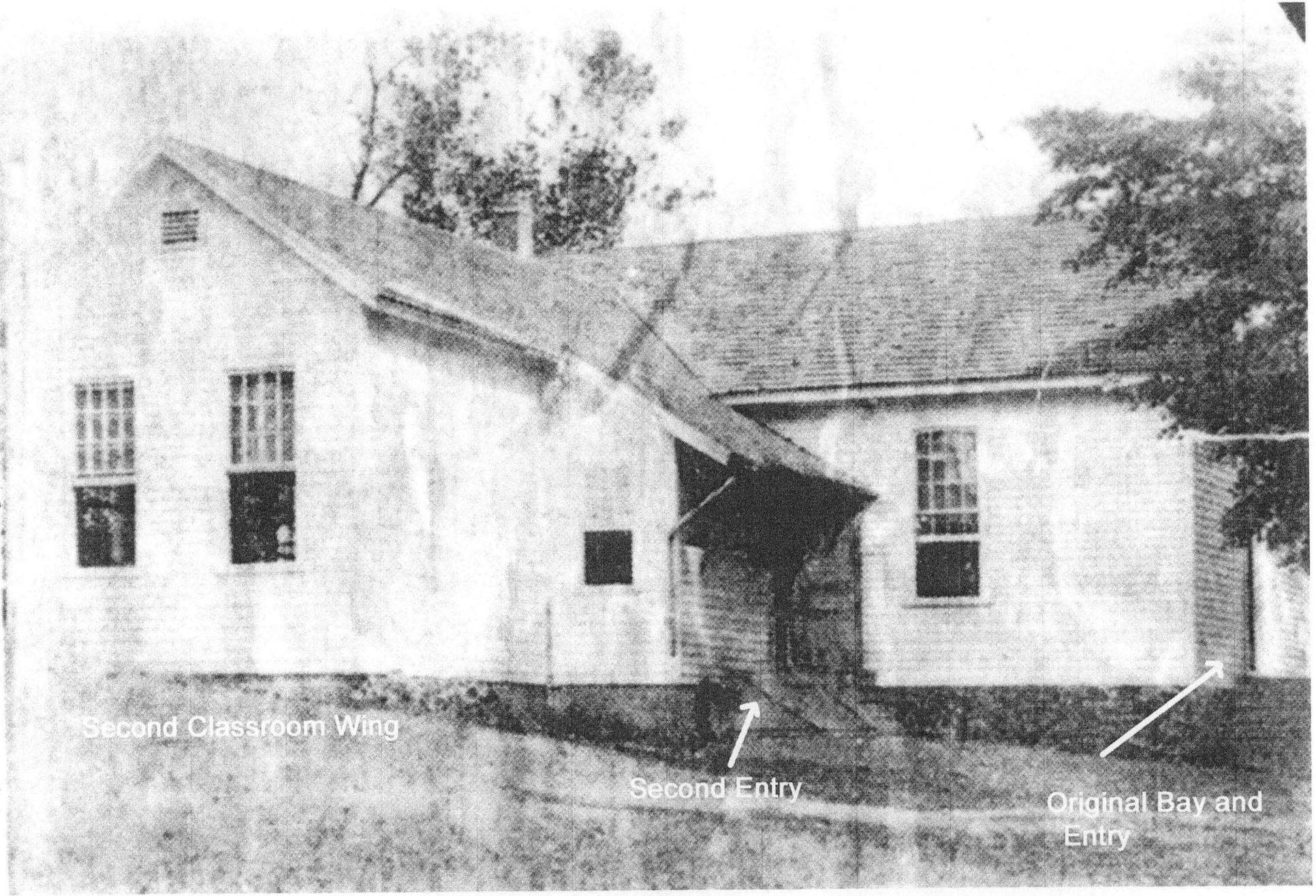
Morris Co., NJ



1882

Millington Schoolhouse

Morris Co., NJ



Second Classroom Wing

Second Entry

Original Bay and Entry

1911



1950s - 1960s

Second classroom extended for municipal office space



1986

*Millington Schoolhouse Morris Co, NJ*

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION

PROPERTY NAME: Millington Schoolhouse

MULTIPLE NAME:

STATE & COUNTY: NEW JERSEY, Morris

DATE RECEIVED: 1/27/12      DATE OF PENDING LIST: 2/23/12  
DATE OF 16TH DAY: 3/09/12      DATE OF 45TH DAY: 3/13/12  
DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:

REFERENCE NUMBER: 12000109

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL: N    DATA PROBLEM: N    LANDSCAPE: N    LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N  
OTHER: N    PDIL: N    PERIOD: N    PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N  
REQUEST: N    SAMPLE: N    SLR DRAFT: N    NATIONAL: N

COMMENT WAIVER: N

ACCEPT     RETURN     REJECT    3-12-12 DATE

ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

Entered in  
The National Register  
of  
Historic Places

RECOM./CRITERIA \_\_\_\_\_

REVIEWER \_\_\_\_\_ DISCIPLINE \_\_\_\_\_

TELEPHONE \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.



NJ - Morris County - Millington Schoolhouse - 0001



NJ - Morris County - Millington Schoolhouse - 0002



NJ - MORRIS COUNTY - Dr. Kingston Schoolhouse - 0003



NJ-MORRIS COUNTY-MILLINGTON SCHOOL HOUSE-0004



NJ-MORRIS COUNTY-MILLINGTON SCHOOLHOUSE-0005



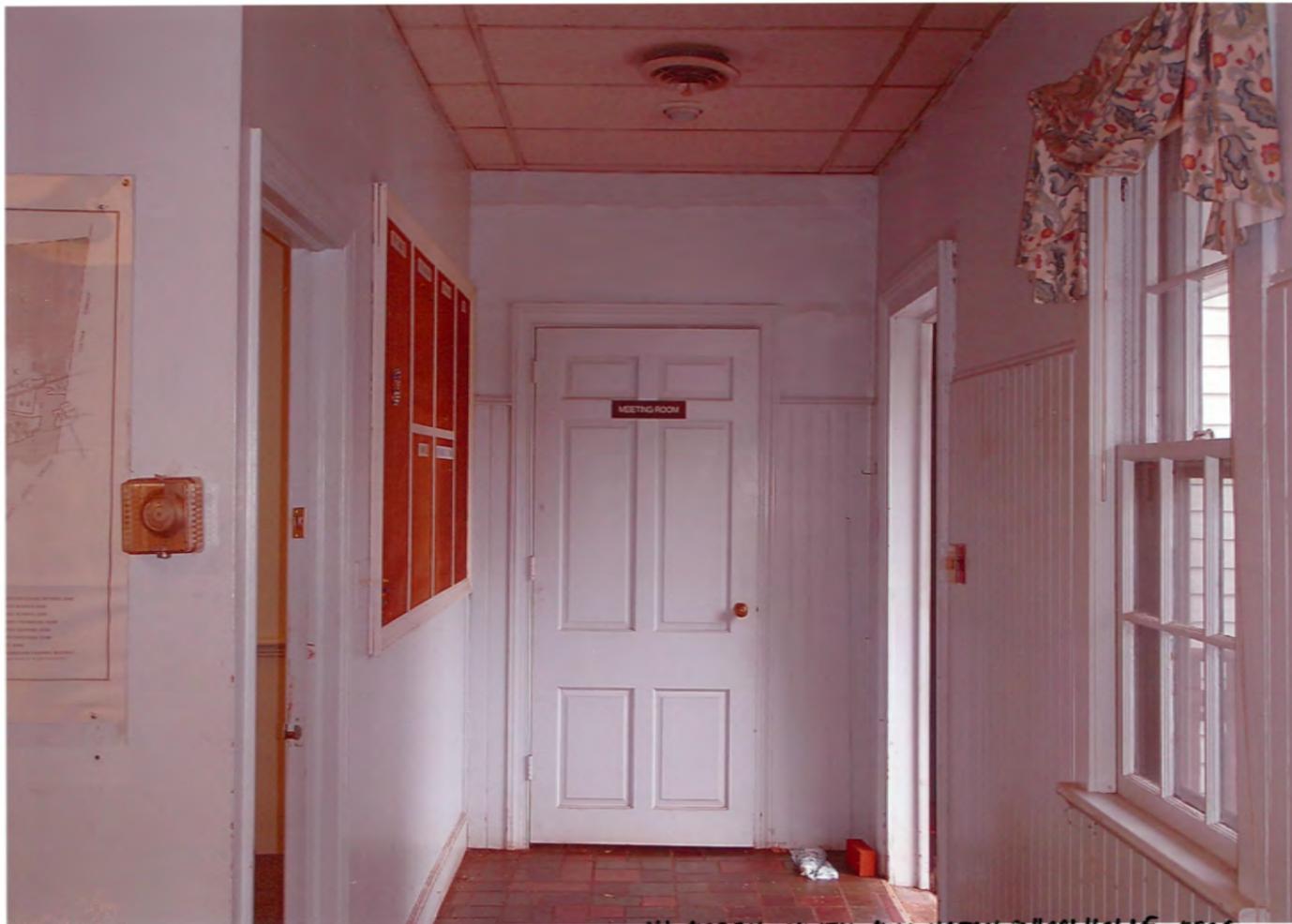
NJ-MORRIS COUNTY-MILLINGTON SCHOOLHOUSE-0006



NJ-MORRIS COUNTY- MILLINGTON SCHOOL HOUSE-0007



NJ-MORRIS COUNTY-MILLINGTON SCHOOL HOUSE\_0003



NJ-MORRIS COUNTY-MILLINGTON SCHOOLHOUSE-0009



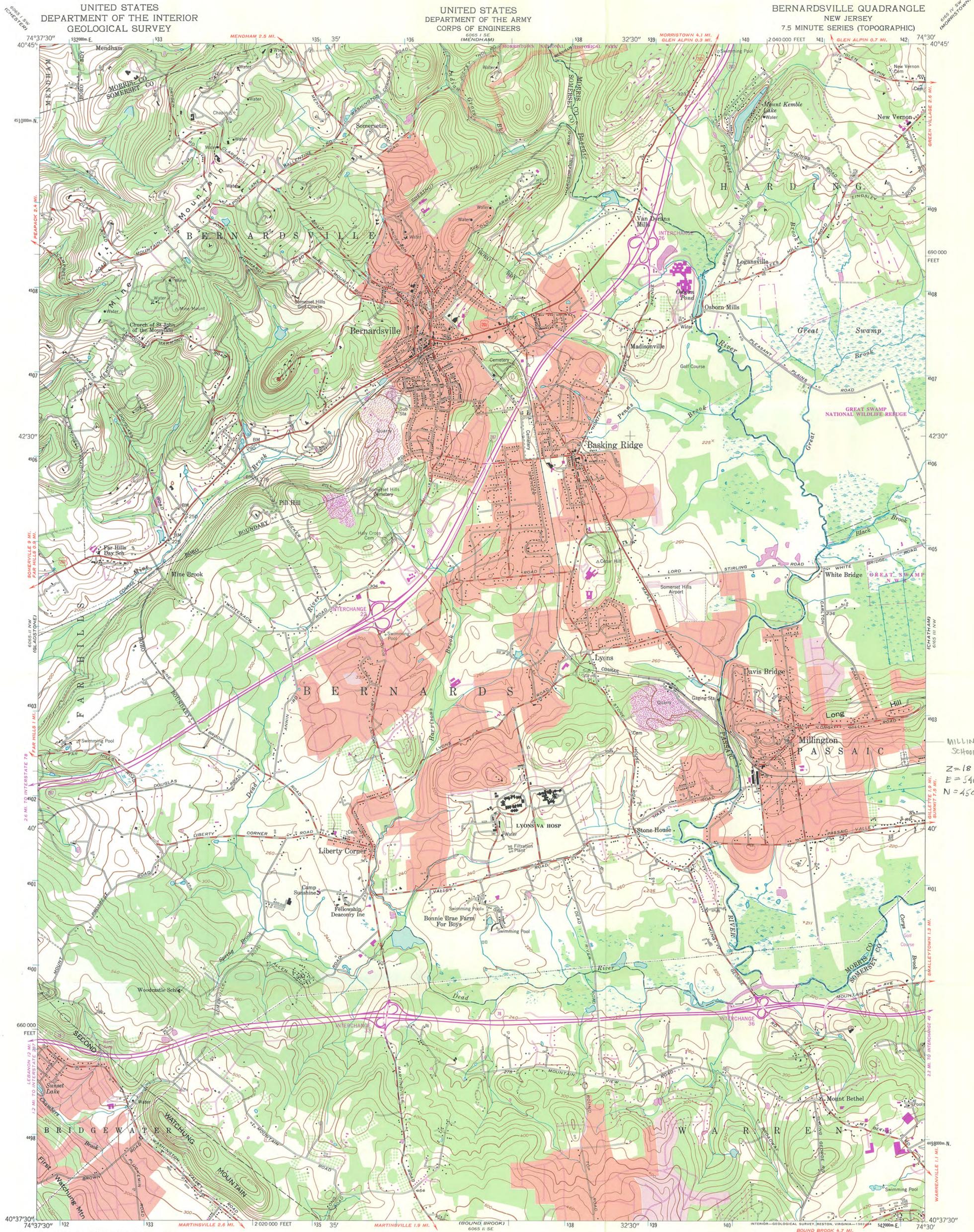
NJ-MORRIS COUNTY-MILLINGTON SCHOOLHOUSE-0010



WJ-MORRIS COUNTY-MILLINGTON SCHOOLHOUSE-0011

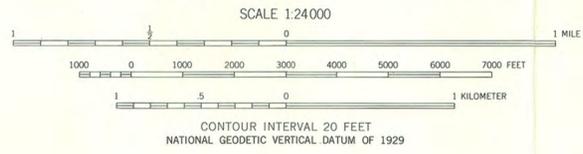
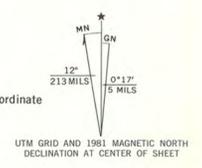


NJ-MORRIS COUNTY-MILLINGTON SCHOOLHOUSE-0012



MILLINGTON  
SCHOOLHOUSE  
Z=18  
E=540640  
N=4502905

Mapped by the Defense Mapping Agency  
Edited and published by the Geological Survey  
Control by NOS/NOAA and New Jersey Geodetic Survey  
Topography by photogrammetric methods from aerial photographs  
taken 1942. Field checked 1943  
Culture revised by the Geological Survey 1954  
Polyconic projection. 10,000-foot grid ticks based on New Jersey coordinate  
system. 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks,  
zone 18, shown in blue. 1927 North American Datum  
To place on the predicted North American Datum 1983  
move the projection lines 6 meters south and 33 meters west  
as shown by dashed corner ticks  
There may be private inholdings within the boundaries of  
the National or State reservations shown on this map



ROAD CLASSIFICATION

Heavy-duty	Light-duty
Medium-duty	Unimproved dirt
U.S. Route	Interstate Route



BERNARDSVILLE, N. J.  
N4037.5-W74307.5  
1954  
PHOTOREVISED 1981  
DMA 6085 II NE-SERIES V822

THIS MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS  
FOR SALE BY U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, RESTON, VIRGINIA 22092  
A FOLDER DESCRIBING TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

Revisions shown in purple compiled by the Geological Survey  
from aerial photographs taken 1976 and other sources  
This information not field checked. Map edited 1981  
Purple tint indicates extension of urban areas





HPO Proj. #08-0913-6  
HPO L2011-150

## State of New Jersey

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
NATURAL AND HISTORIC RESOURCES

Office of the Assistant Commissioner  
MAIL CODE 501-03A  
PO Box 420  
Trenton, New Jersey 08625  
609-292-3541/Fax: 609-984-0836



BOB MARTIN  
COMMISSIONER

CHRIS CHRISTIE  
GOVERNOR

KIM GUADAGNO  
Lt. Governor

January 6, 2012

Paul Loether, Chief  
National Register of Historic Places  
National Park Service  
Department of the Interior  
Washington, D.C. 20240

Dear Mr. Loether:

I am pleased to submit the nomination for the Millington Schoolhouse, in Morris County, New Jersey, for National Register consideration.

This nomination has received majority approval from the New Jersey State Review Board for Historic Sites. All procedures were followed in accordance with regulations published in the Federal Register.

Should you want any further information concerning this application, please feel free to contact Daniel D. Saunders, Administrator, New Jersey Historic Preservation Office, Mail code 501-04B, P.O. Box 420, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0420, or call him at (609) 633-2397.

Sincerely,

Amy Cradic  
Deputy State Historic  
Preservation Officer