United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	ie					
historic H1	11 Hall at Savanı	nah State College				
and/or common	Same					
2. Loca	ation					
street & number	Campus of Sava	annah State College		not for publication		
city, town Sava	annah wic.	_x vicinity of	congressional district	First - Bo Ginn		
state Georgia	a	code ₀₁₃ cou	nty Chatham	code 051		
3. Clas	sification					
Category districtX building(s) structure site object	Ownership x public private both Public Acquisition in process being considere	yes: restricted	entertainment government	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:		
	er of Prop					
		n, Vice Chancellor he University Syste				
street & number	· -	Street, S.W.				
city, town At 1	_	vicinity of	state	G		
		gal Descrip		Georgia 30334		
		<u>ga. 2000p</u>				
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.	Superior Court				
street & number	Chatham County	Courthouse				
city, town Savannah			state	state Georgia		
6. Rep	resentatio	n in Existin	g Surveys			
title None		has this	s property been determined e	elegible? yes _ ^x _ no		
date			federal sta	ate county loca		
depository for su	ırvey records					
city, town			state			

7. Description

Condition — excellent — x good — ruins — fair — unexposed Check one — unaltered — unaltered — (interior)	x original site moved date moved
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Hill Hall is a three-story brick building with a mansard roof and eight Ionic columns on the front facade. The building is asymetrically arranged with dormer windows on the third floor.

The exterior brick walls are painted white and have not been altered save for the additions of fire escapes. There are modillions on the cornices and a palladian window in the pediment of the portico.

The interior of the building has been changed over the years. Originally designed to function as a dormitory, Hill Hall is currently used for administration, faculty offices and some classrooms. On each of the three floors, a large central hall runs the length of the building, and another hallway bisects the central hall on the second and third floors. The front portion of the first floor is divided into offices with "temporary" partitions; otherwise, the front portion of the first floor would form one large room. The second and third floors are divided into offices and classrooms. All floors have recently been covered with either carpet or tile. Air-conditioning has been added to the first floor and portions of the others. There are no significant interior decorations or ornamentation.

The nominated property includes only the building and a small portion of land around it which contains only the minimum of landscaping. There are no outbuildings or any other buildings associated with this nomination.

Hill Hall is the only historic building remaining associated with the college's founding. It is the only building on the campus being nominated, and the nominated property is only the land immediately surrounding it.

8. Significance

1400–1499 1500–1599	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications	community planning conservation economics	Iandscape architecture Iaw Iiterature Iiteratury Indicates Indicat	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1901	Builder/Architect		

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Hill Hall at Savannah State College is significant in terms of Georgia's educational and architectural history. Educationally, it is significant since it was built in 1901 as a dormitory on the first publicly supported state college for blacks in Georgia. The college had been in existence ten years then. This building remains as the oldest extant building on campus. It was built by student workers, a feature also not found at many other Georgia colleges. Architecturally, it is significant as a good example of the use of the Neoclassical style of architecture predominate at the turn of the century in the building of many college buildings. This style being used for the most substantial building on campus recalled the values of education in previous civilizations that were recalled by this classical styling.

Hill Hall represents a major threshold in Georgia educational history. Following the passage of the Second Morrill Act of 1890 by the United States Congress, the Georgia General Assembly, in an act of November 26, 1890, established as a department of the state university a school for the education and training of black students. In 1895, another act named it the Georgia State Industrial College for Colored Youths. The first session of the school was held in Athens, Georgia, in the summer of 1891. Later that year, it was moved to its present site in Savannah. It became part of the University System of Georgia in 1931. In 1936, it was renamed Georgia State College and in 1950 became Savannah State College. The initial educational program was agricultural, literary and mechanical, with its first degree awarded in 1898.

Hill Hall was constructed during the first six months of 1901, as evidenced by the Savannah Tribune. Instructor Thompson was in charge of the students who did the work. A Mr. Lee served as head carpenter. The name of the architect is unknown. The building was named for Walter B. Hill (1851-1905), who was Chancellor of the University of Georgia from 1899 to 1905. Hill Hall is the only remaining structure on the campus from this early period.

Originally built as a men's dormitory, it has also served as the college library and student center. Today, it houses administration, faculty offices and some class-rooms.

Hill Hall is architecturally significant as an example of the Neoclassical style of architecture being used for the main building on a college campus. This style was prevalent for buildings around 1901 when Hill Hall was built. Many of the elements

[continued]

9. Major Bibliographical References

College catalogs of Savannah State College Savannah Tribune, 1901 issues Draft nomination and research, Steven R. Smith

ACTEME NOT VERTIED

10. Geographical Data	UTM NOT VERIFIED				
Acreage of nominated property <u>less than 1 acre</u> Quadrangle name <u>Savannah</u> , GaS.C. UMT References	Quadrangle scale 1:24,000				
A 1 17 4 9 4 6 8 0 3 5 4 2 8 8 0 Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing				
	D				
Verbal boundary description and justification The boundary will be a line drawn 10' fro is being nominated due to the lack of oth original campus.	m all sides of the building. It is all that er historic buildings associated with the				
List all states and counties for properties overlappi	ng state or county boundaries				
state code · ·	county - code				
state code	county code				
11. Form Prepared By					
a) Dr. Steven R. Smith, Chairman, name/title b) Kenneth H. Thomas, Jr. Historia a) Savannah Chapter, Associatio organization Study of Afro-American Life and	n, Historic Preservation Section n for the				
b) HPS, Ga. Dept. of Natural Restreet & number a) P.O. Box 20338, Savannah St. b) 270 Washington St., S.W. sity or town a) Savannah b) Atlanta					
	ation Officer Certification				
The evaluated significance of this property within the state nationalx state	is: ocal				
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89–65), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service.					
State Historic Preservation Officer signature	the a Lyon				
itle State Historic Preservation Officer	date 2/25/81				
For HCRS use only					
I hereby certify that this property is included in the Na	date April 23 1981				
Keeper of the National Register	The state of the s				
Attest: (IIII) Thuri	date 4113/81				
Chief of Registration	3 v s · ·				

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Continuation sheet

Significance

Item number

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of the style can be seen in Hill Hall. The building has a pedimented portico with Ionic columns, modillions on the cornices and a palladian window in the pediment of the portico. The building is symetrically arranged with simple detailed walls. The design reflects an eclectic approach rather than an academically correct building. Despite its efforts to recall the grandeur of a previous age, it is not a copy of any particular building. It is typical of the freedom expressed by Neoclassical styling to use the various combinations of elements for a new building.