### National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

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NAT	REGISTER OF HISTORIC P NATIONAL PARK SERVICE	ACES

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This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

historic name Souther	n Indiana Railroad Freight	thouse		
other names/site number	Seymour Freight Depot		071-581-34064	
2. Location				
street & number 105 Nor	th Broadway		N/A 🔲 not	for publication
city or town			N/A v	icinity
- Seymour		1		-
state Indiana	code <u>IN</u> county <u>J</u>		$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$	47274
3. State/Federal Agency	Certification			
☐ request for determination of Historic Places and meets the ⊠meets ☐ does not meet the nationally ☐ statewide Signature of certifying officia Indiana Departn State or Flederal agency and	nent of Natural Resources	dards for registering properties s set forth in 36CFR Part 60. d that this property be conside or additional comments.) $5 \cdot 2 \cdot 0.3$ Date	is in the National Register of In my opinion, the property ared significant	
Signature of certifying official	ſTitle	Date		
State or Federal agency and	bureau			
4. National Park Service		om a		
I hereby certify that the property i	Register. 7 h	nature of the Keeper	La Date o	of Action
determined eligible for the National Register	ie		-	
See continuation	sheet.			<u></u>
<ul> <li>determined not eligible f</li> <li>National Register</li> </ul>	or the			0.100
<ul> <li>removed from the Natio</li> <li>other, (explain:)</li> </ul>	nal Register			

Southern Indiana Railroad Freighthouse

Jackson IN County and State

Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources in the count					
⊠ private □ public-local	⊠ building □ district	Contrib	Contributing Nonco			
public-State			1	0	buildings	
Dublic-Federal	structure		0	0	sites	
	object		0	0	structures	
			0	0	objects	
			1	0	Total	
Name of related multiple	property listing	Number of co	ntributina r	esources previo	usly listed	
(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of	of a multiple property listing.)	in the Nationa				
N/	Ά		0			
6. Function or Use	······					
<b></b>		Current Funct				
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instruction	ns)	(Enter categories fro		)		
TRANSPORTATION	: Rail-Related	VACANT		N	Not in use	
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
					······	
7. Description	•=					
Architectural Classificat (Enter categories from instructio		Materials (Enter categories	from instruction	ns)		
LATE VICTORIAN:		- foundation		STONE: Lir	nestone	
		walls		WOOD: Wea	therboard	
·		roof		ASPHA	ALT.	
		other				
		other				

#### **Narrative Description**

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Jackson IN

Name of Property

### 8. Statement of Significance

#### **Applicable National Register Criteria**

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- **B** Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

#### **Criteria Considerations**

(Mark	"X"	in	all	the	boxe	s	that	apply.	.)
Property is:									

- A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- **B** removed from its original location.
- **C** a birthplace or grave.
- **D** a cemetery.
- **E** a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- **F** a commemorative property.
- **G** less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

#### **Narrative Statement of Significance**

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

#### 9. Major Bibliographic References

Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or n				
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Primary location of additional data:			
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested	State Historic Preservation Office			
previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency			
Regiguely determined eligible by the National	Federal agency			
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government			
recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey				
#	Other			
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Name of repository:			
Record #	······			

Areas of Significance

County and State

(Enter categories from instructions)

### TRANSPORTATION

Period of Significance 1901-1952

**Significant Dates** 

1901

#### Significant Person

(Complete if Criterion B is marked above)

N/A

### **Cultural Affiliation**

N/A

#### Architect/Builder Unknown

\_\_\_\_\_

Southern Indiana Railroad Freighthouse	Jackson IN County and State
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of Property       Less than 1 acre         UTM References       (Place additional UTM references on a continuational UTM references on a continuation uttratintext on a continuational UTM references on a continuati	3 3   Zone Easting   4 4   See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)	
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)	
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Craig Leonard, Consultant; Martha McIntin	e, Director of Community Development
organization City of Seymour	date <u>01-08-2002</u>
street & number 5211 SE SR 116; 301-309 N. Chest	nut telephone 260/ 824-4010; 812/
city or town Bluffton; Seymour	state IN zip code 46714; 47274
Additional Documentation Submit the following items with the completed form:	
Continuation Sheets	
Maps A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating th A Sketch map for historic districts and properties h	
Photographs	
Representative <b>black and white</b> photographs of th <b>Additional items</b> (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)	
Property Owner	
(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)	
name Groub I, LLC	
street & number 610 West Drive	telephone 812/ 522-7475
city or town Seymour	state IN zip code 47274

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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Southern Indiana Railway Freighthouse Jackson County, Indiana

The former Southern Indiana Railway Freighthouse (later of the Milwaukee Road) is located adjacent to the northeast part of downtown Seymour, Indiana, at the northeast corner of Broadway (Indiana Highway 11) and the present CSX Railroad tracks. The building stands on the north side of the tracks, and was once served by a siding that has since been removed. The immediate area is one of light commercial and industrial uses that are bordered on the north by a residential area (Photos 1,2).

The freighthouse itself is a simple wooden structure composed of a one-story hip-roofed rectangular mass aligned with its long side parallel to the tracks (Photo 3). The hips at either end of the roof are surmounted by small gables, and the broad enclosed horizontal eaves project over the tops of the walls to provide a shelter for the former platform area, which survives only as a set of pier foundations on the southeast corner of the building (Photo 4). The placement of openings articulates the spaces within. On the west end of the building, the freight office has pairs of double-hung windows, and a single panelled passage door on the south side of the west elevation provides access to the office. The large freight room that occupies most of the rest of the interior has three large pairs of sliding freight doors equally spaced apart and alternating with small, high six-light fixed sash windows on the north and south sides of the building. The east side of the building has only two such windows. Transoms over the freight doors consist of pairs of four-light fixed sash. While all of the windows have sash that appear to be original, all the windows are covered with plywood panels on the exterior to protect them from vandalism.

The exterior walls of the freighthouse are clad entirely in vertical board and batten siding beneath a wide frieze. Openings are finished with plain wide casings. The depot's only architectural elaboration is the use of large trestle brackets made of stop-chamfered timbers that support the broad horizontal eaves, and the use of cross-buck trim over the beaded board panels of the freight doors (Photo 5). The foundation of the building consists of large blocks of rock-faced ashlar limestone. Though a modern platform reached by a short flight of steps provides access to the office entrance, only a large heavy timber at the top of the foundation indicates where the building was originally encircled by a wooden platform.

The interior of the building follows an arrangement typical of small freighthouses. The large freightroom that occupies approximately the eastern two-thirds of the interior is separated from the former office area by a pair of lateral partitions that define a bay between the two principal spaces. This bay is in turn subdivided into two rooms: a small storage area that is accessed from the office, and a passage that includes a sink mounted in the northeast corner of the room and a toilet on the north half of the west wall. Whether there was ever a partition to separate this restroom area from a central passage suggested by the placement of the doors in the lateral partitions is unclear.

# **National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet**

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Southern Indiana Railway Freighthouse Jackson County, Indiana

The freightroom has open wall framing on its north, south, and east sides. The pairs of freight doors slide into open pockets that are faced with spaced horizontal boards. These pockets are the same height as the wainscote of vertical boards that otherwise covers the lower third of the freightroom walls (Photos 6, 7, 8). The freight doors have plain stiles and rails enframing panels of vertical boarding beneath the exposed iron mechanism of the pulleys and tracks on which the doors travel. The partition on the west end of the freightroom is clad in vertical boarding and incorporates a ladder that is used to reach a loft area over the remaining spaces in the west end of the building. The freightroom has open roof trusses.

The enclosed areas in the west end of the interior have walls that are entirely clad in vertical beaded boarding; they may have once had ceilings clad in this same manner, though they presently have ceilings of plywood panels. The plumbing fixtures in the passage may be original (Photo 9). In the office, the wall treatment is slightly enriched by the use of a plain board as a chair rail running over the faces of the walls just above the sills of the paired windows, which have plain wide casings and projecting molded sills (Photo 10).

The freighthouse is a simple Stick Style building that has survived with a high degree of architectural integrity, even though its physical condition is poor. The greatest changes to the property have been to its surroundings, namely, the disappearance of most of the appurtenances of the rail line, including the wooden platforms that encircled the building and the set of tracks that has been removed immediately to the south of the building.

Despite its condition, the freighthouse is today the only such structure remaining as a tangible reminder of the transportation history of Seymour. Though there were once three passenger depots and at least one other freighthouse in Seymour, those structures have since vanished. The 1901 date assigned to the depot is taken from the 1914 valuation report of the Interstate Commerce Commission, as reported in Dr. Francis Parker's <u>Indiana Railroad Depots: A</u><u>Threatened Heritage</u> a 1989 statewide inventory<sup>1</sup>. That same work noted that seven of forty-three depots remained on the former Southern Indiana Railway line; of those, five had originally been built by the Southern Indiana.<sup>2</sup> Three that were shown were frame structures similar in character and details to the building at Seymour. The most similar was a freighthouse at Bedford, Lawrence County, Indiana (1899), which appears virtually identical except for the addition of a cross gable located midway down the length of the roofline.<sup>3</sup> A cross gable was also a feature of a smaller combination depot at Burns City, Martin County, Indiana (1898), which additionally had an operator's bay on the trackside elevation.<sup>4</sup> The most modest similar structure, a freighthouse at Alert, Decatur County, Indiana (1898), resembles the Seymour building in having the same roof form and exterior detailing.<sup>5</sup>

### National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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Southern Indiana Railway Freighthouse Jackson County, Indiana

The former Southern Indiana Railway Freighthouse is of local historical significance for its association with rail transportation as a factor in the development of the community.

#### **Historical Context**

The city of Seymour was created to capitalize on the point where two rail lines intersected. In 1852, the Jeffersonville Railroad was completed between Jeffersonville and Columbus with the goal of connecting Louisville and Indianapolis.<sup>6</sup> This line crossed the property of a farmer, Meedy Shields, who learned in that same year that another line, the Ohio and Mississippi, had been surveyed through the nearby town of Rockford, two miles to the north. This line had the goal of ultimately connecting Cincinnati to the Mississippi River at St. Louis.<sup>7</sup> Shields persuaded H. C. Seymour, chief contractor and civil engineer for that line to relocate the tracks over his property by donating the right of way through the entire township, land for railroad yards to be constructed, and \$ 1,200 in cash, as well as backfilling a three mile long right of way through swampland to enable the tracks to be built. For good measure, Shields named his new town after the engineer. <sup>8</sup>

The Jeffersonville Railroad developed into an important route between Indianapolis and Louisville that carried twelve daily passenger trains during its peak activity and eleven in the post-World War II era.<sup>9</sup> The Ohio and Mississippi eventually became the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern, a line that ran between Cincinnati and Vincennes.<sup>10</sup>

The Southern Indiana Railway was a line that began in 1886 as a route intended to connect Evansville and Richmond, Indiana. By 1893 a Chicago banker, John R. Walsh, had gained control of the line with the goal of connecting Chicago with the coal fields of southwestern Indiana and the limestone quarries of south-central Indiana. Walsh also acquired both limestone quarries and coal mines, developed the town of Oolitic, started a bank in Bedford, Indiana, and built a resort hotel at Trinity Springs, west of Bedford.<sup>11</sup> This line ran east and west just north of Seymour.

In order to connect this railroad to its intended terminals, Walsh had to gain connections to the routes of major rail lines. One such effort was his purchase of right of way and construction of a spur line into the center of Seymour in 1901 for the sake of reaching the existing intersection of the Jeffersonville Railroad (by then a part of the Pennsylvania) and the Ohio and Mississippi (which had by then become the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern). This project included construction of a now-vanished passenger depot and the present freighthouse.<sup>12</sup> Comparison of two sets of Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps done prior to and after this event reveals that in order to build the new spur parallel and to the north of the existing B & O Southwestern line, the south halves of the blocks north of the existing tracks had to be purchased and their buildings removed. <sup>13</sup>

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After becoming financially overextended, Walsh's empire collapsed in 1905; it was eventually reorganized in 1910 as the Chicago, Terre Haute and Southeastern Railway. In 1921 this line was leased to the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway, commonly known as the Milwaukee Road; in 1927 this combination was reorganized as the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad. This company controlled forty-eight Indiana coal mines and dominated coal hauling in the state from 1922 until 1945. During both World War II and the Korean War, this was the only rail line whose own holdings extended from the Pacific coast to a point east of Chicago (at Westport, northeast of Seymour in nearby Decatur County), thus making it a major route for the movement of war materiel from the Crane Naval Surface Warfare Center, a federal supply depot located to the west of Seymour in Martin County.<sup>14</sup> Passenger service on the line ended in July 1950, and the tracks were removed in 1980.<sup>15</sup> The Milwaukee Road was merged into the Canadian Pacific's Soo Line Railroad in 1986.

The former Southern Indiana Railway Freighthouse was used by the railroad for freight and storage until 1980. In that year it was bought by the John C. Groub Company, which used it as a warehouse for unused equipment from its chain of "Jay C" grocery stores and still owns the property. <sup>17</sup> Though CSX Corporation still operates on an east-west line to the south of the former Milwaukee right of way (on what was once the B & O Southwestern line) all the other structures which had once existed to handle passengers or freight have since disappeared, leaving the former Southern Indiana Railway Freighthouse as the sole tangible reminder of the role rail travel played in the growth and development of Seymour.

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Southern Indiana Railway Freighthouse Jackson County, Indiana

FOOTNOTES

- 1. Parker, Indiana Railroad Depots, p. 117.
- 2. Ibid., p. 26.
- 3. Ibid., p. 51.
- 4. Ibid., p. 54.
- 5. Ibid., p. 37.
- 6. Simons and Parker, Railroads of Indiana, p. 115.
- 7. Noblitt, The Composite History of Jackson County, Indiana, 1816-1991, p. 133.
- 8. Boley, The First Documented History of Jackson County, Indiana, 1816-1976, p. 118.
- 9. Simons and Parker, op. cit., p. 115.

10. Parker, op. cit., p. 23.

- 11. Simons and Parker, op. cit., 215-218.
- 12. Parker, op. cit., p. 46.
- 13. comparison of 1896, p. 3 and 1907, p. 9 in Fire Insurance Maps .
- 14. Simons and Parker, op. cit., pp. 144, 219.
- 15. Noblitt, op. cit., p. 138.
- 16. Simons and Parker, op. cit., p. 219.
- 17. letter from Martha McIntire to Craig Leonard, July 26, 2002.

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Southern Indiana Railway Freighthouse Jackson County, Indiana

### BOOKS

Boley, Edwin J., <u>The First Documented History of Jackson County</u>, <u>Indiana</u>, <u>1816-1976</u>, Seymour, Indiana: Graessle-Mercer Publishing Company</u>, 1980.

Noblitt, Dr. Loren W., <u>The Composite History of Jackson County. Indiana. 1816-1991</u>. Paducah, Kentucky: Turner Publishing Company, 1991.

Parker, Dr. Francis H., Indiana Railroad Depots: A Threatened Heritage, Muncie, Indiana: Ball State University Department of Urban Planning, 1989.

Simons, Richard S., and Parker, Dr. Francis H., <u>Railroads of Indiana</u>, Bloomington and Indianapolis, Indiana: Indiana University Press, 1997.

### MAPS

, Fire Insurance Maps from the Sanborn Map Company Archives: Late Nineteenth Century to 1990. Bruce M. Stave, General Editor, Bethesda, Maryland: University Publications of America, Indiana Reel 26, 1993.

#### LETTERS

Martha McIntire to Craig Leonard, letter concerning present use of the former depot, July 26, 2002.

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number Photos Page \_\_\_\_

Southern Indiana Railway Freighthouse Jackson County, Indiana

All photographs used in this nomination were taken in September 2000 by Don Bradley, Building Commissioner for the City of Seymour. Location of the negatives is as follows:

> Martha McIntire, Director of Community Development City Hall 301-309 North Chestnut Street Seymour, Indiana 47274

- 1. General view looking northwest of the freighthouse and surroundings.
- 2. General view looking northeast of the freighthouse and surroundings.
- 3. General view looking southeast of the exterior of the freighthouse.
- 4. General view looking northwest of the exterior of the freighthouse with partial remains of the freight platform on the southeast corner of the building.
- 5. Detail view looking west of the exterior detailing, including original freight doors and trestle brackets beneath the boxed eaves of the platform canopy.
- 6. General view looking east in the former freight room in the east end of the building.
- 7. General view looking southwest in the former freight room, showing the partition on the west end of the room with ladder to the loft area over the rooms in the east end of the building.
- 8. General view looking southeast in the freight room, showing open pockets for freight doors
- 9. General view looking north in the passage between the freight room and office, showing original toilet and sink fixtures.
- 10. General view looking northwest in former office area showing original car siding wall treatment and plain wide casings.

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Southern Indiana Railway Freighthouse Jackson County, Indiana

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

The property boundary consists of Lots 1,3,5, and 7 of Block "T" in the Original Plat of the City of Seymour, Indiana. This is the boundary of the property as occupied by the structure plus the area once covered by the eastward extension of its freight platform.