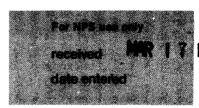
OMB NO. 1024-0018 EXP. 12/31/84

**United States Department of the Interior National Park Service** 

### **National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form**

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms



	-complete appli	cable sectio	ns			
1. Nam	e					
historic	Skowhegan	Free Pub	lic Library			
and/or common						
2. Loca	ation					
street & number	Elm St <del>rec</del>	<del></del>			N∕a	not for publication
city, town	Skowhegan		N∕A vicinity of	_congressions	-district	
state	Maine	code	23 county	Somerset		<b>code</b> 025
3. Clas	sificatio	n				
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership X public private both Public Acquisit in process being consid	ion Ac	atus  - occupied  - unoccupied  - work in progress  cessible  - yes: restricted  - yes: unrestricted  - no	Present Us agricult comment X education entertai governr industri military	ure rcial onal nment ment al	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Pro	perty			-	
name	Skowhegan	Free Dub	lic Library	Trustees		
street & number	Elm Street		<del>1 <b>1</b> </del>	11 43 1005		
city, town	Skowhegan,		<sub>N∕A</sub> vicinity of		state	Maine
5. Loca			Descripti	on		
	stry of deeds, etc.		t County Reg		eeds	
street & number						
city, town		Skowhega	an,		state	Maine
	esentat	ion in	Existing	Surveys	<b>-</b>	
		****				N-0
une Me. His	toric Resou	rces Inve	entor has this pro	operty been deter	rminea eligic	ole? <u> </u>
date 1974				federal	x state	county loc
depository for su	rvey records	Maine Hi	storic Prese	rvaŧion Co	mmission	
city, town		Augusta,			state	Maine

# 7. Description Condition X excellent good ! Condition Latered A altered Check one Joriginal site moved date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

\_\_\_\_ unexposed

The Skowhegan Free Public Library is a two-and-one-half story brick building of irregular dimensions. The central mass of the building is a hipped-roofed cube, joined at its southeast corner by an octagonal turret. The left-hand portion of the cube's facade boldly projects in the form of a pavillion/bay, linked with the main portion by a pitched roof. A conventional two-and-one-half story oriel bay window projects from the east wall. A pitched-roofed brick ell projects from the rear of the building.

The library's entrance is behind a large, arched vestibule located in the facade between pavillion and turret. The vestibule was originally open, but has in this century been enclosed by a wood and glass screen. The arch is of terra-cotta, as is a sign above it reading "Free Public Library 1889". Above the sign is a small rectangular window.

Pavillion and turret both display their functions in fenestration. The windows of the turret proceed along the line of the stairwell within. The pavillion, enclosing reading rooms, has banks of triple rectangular windows on both its face and east wall. A dentiled entablature winds around the turret's eaves, containing a terra-cotta floral decoration on each side. Above the pavillion's window banks is a large terra-cotta semi-circle bearing the words "Memorial Hall" in runic letters, as well as a battery of shields and symbols. This indicates that the main reading room has been dedicated as a memorial to Civil War soldiers.

The interior's floorplan is irregular. The main door opens into a large reception room with librarian's desk. To the left, through an entry-way with millwork screen, lies the main reading room. This corresponds to the pavillion of the exterior. Behind this is a smaller reading room whose outer wall is the bay of the building's east face. Between this room and the reception hall lies a small, windowless librarian's office with built-in bookcases as walls. The two-story ell behind the reception desk constitutes stacks. The circular stairwell of the turret leads to a second floor hallway and children's reading room. Behind this is a librarian's office. The children's reading room was originally used as a society hall. The remainder of the second story contains service rooms, and the third story is an attic.

Interior elements are prolifically encased in decorative wood moldings, the wood being pine or some other light variety stained to resemble hardwood. Of particularly fine craftsmenship are the mantelpiece in the children's room and the turret staircase. A great deal of the furniture is also of Queen Anne vintage. Mantelpieces in the main reading room and reception room are of red terra-cotta, the former being particularly well-crafted.

The main entrance is capped by a semi-circular transom bearing a stained glass window, which displays the Maine state seal. The central facade window of the main reading room is also of stained glass and displays Columbia holding a flag, with the dates "1860-65". The transoms of the remaining reading room windows are similarly of stained glass, each having a different color scheme. The stained glass itself is unusual, consisting of very small, triangular panes fitted close together.

A black tablet above the mantelpiece in the main reading room (the Memorial Room) lists the names of Skowhegan's Civil War soldiers.

#### 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799X 1800-1899 1900-	Areas of Significance—C  archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications			landscape architecture law literature military music philosophy poiitics/government	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1889	Builder/Architect E	Ε.	Lewis	 

#### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Skowhegan Free Public Library was the first library building in Somerset County, and is among the oldest public libraries in Maine. The building is also one of the county's major examples of Queen Anne architecture

Designed by architect E. E. Lewis of Gardiner, Maine, the structure was erected in 1889, and the interior completed the following year. The elevation is awkwardly arranged, the architect being more concerned with the floorplan; pavillion and tower have too much independence from the central mass. This was, however, characteristic of the period.

The building is most impressive in its interior decoration, which includes decorative millwork, moldings, mantelpieces, stained glass, and (uniquely) matching furniture. The rear stacks have been built into floor and ceiling. The stained glass of the "Memorial Room" is extremely fine, the "Columbia" window being particularly notable both as art and as an expression of the "patriotic memorialism" of the period.\*

While Queen Anne houses are common in the Kennebec-Penobscot regions, larger Queen Anne buildings, particularly those executed in brick or stone, are rare. The Skowhegan Library is one of the more significant buildings in this class in the region.

<sup>\*</sup>The interior decoration was the work of Maj. John Berry of Gardiner.

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

Industrial Journal, May 2, 1890, "Building Notes" (interior complete)
Kathleen Martin, "Skowhegan Free Public Library" (library reprint)

10. Geograph	ical Data		
Acreage of nominated property Quadrangle name Skowhege			Quadrangle scale 1:62500
A 11 9 4 4 12 9 1 5 10 4 Zone Easting N	1951701110 orthing	B Zone	Easting Northing
C		□	
Verbal boundary description	-	Map 26, Lot 113	
List all states and counties	ior properties over	lapping state or cou	unty boundaries
state	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
organization Me. Historic street & number 55 Capit	c Preservatio	on Comm. date	Frank A. Beard, Historian  January, 1983  Phone 207/289-2133
city or town Augusta	, .	stat	te Maine 04333
12. State Hist	oric Pres	ervation C	Officer Certification
The evaluated significance of thi	s property within the	state is:	
	erty for inclusion in t cedures set forth by t	the National Register at the National Park Servi	ic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89- nd certify that it has been evaluated ice.
S. H.P.O.			date 3/14/83