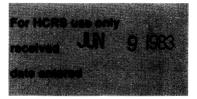
United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

111

1. Name

historic Buie House

and/or common Ezell House

2. Location

street & number northwest of the Natchez Trace Parkway about 2½ miles <u>street & number northwest of the intersection of U.S. Hwy. 61 N. and the</u> NAnot for publication <u>Natchez Trace Parkway</u>

-

city, town

town Natchez vie.

state Mississippi code 28 county Adams code code

X_ vicinity of

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
district	public	<u> </u>	agriculture	museum
X building(s)	_X_ private	unoccupied	commercial	park
structure	both	_X_ work in progress	educational	<u>X</u> private residence
site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	entertainment	religious
object	_{ŊA} _ in process	yes: restricted	government	scientific
	being considered	yes: unrestricted	industrial	transportation
		<u>X</u> no ha taka ang	military	other:

4. Owner of Property

name L. R. McGehee

street & number Route 6, Box 223

x____ vicinity of

state Mississippi 39120

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Office of the Chancery Clerk

street & number	Courthouse	Square

city, town Natchez

state Mississippi 39120

6. Representation in Existing Surveys

title NA	has this property been determined elegible? yes $__X$ no
date	federal state county local
depository for survey records	

city, town

7. Description

Condition _X_ excellent determined good ruin fair unest		Check one original site _x_ moved date _summer, 1982
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Located on a picturesque tract of land approximately one and one-half miles northwest of the Natchez Trace Parkway, the Buie House is a one-and-a-half story, frame, Greek Revival plantation residence that rests upon brick foundation piers. The gabled roof is flanked by an outside-end brick chimney at each gable end, and a recessed gallery is sheltered by the front slope of the roof. The entablature of the gallery is supported by molded box columns which are echoed on the front wall of the house by pilasters. The box columns extend almost to the ground to rest upon small brick foundation piers. The perimeter of the gallery floor runs behind the supporting box columns and is also recessed behind the planes formed by the gable ends of the house. This unusual and eminently practical gallery arrangement, well protected from the weather, features a railing composed of square newels linked by rectangular-sectioned balusters and molded handrail. The northerly facade of the house, which is finished in horizontal tongueand-groove boards and unmolded baseboard, is divided into six bays with each three-bay half consisting of a center-bay doorway flanked by windows. All windows of the house are filled with six-over-six, double-hung sash and were originally closed by shutter blinds, now missing. The two matching entrance doorways, which are not transomed, are filled with a single-leaf door with four molded panels of unusual proportions and construction. The upper panels are shortened and the lock rail is intersected by the center stile.

The interior plan of the house features a single-pile plan, one room deep with no central passage, and a regionally common recessed rear gallery flanked by "cabinet" rooms. All door and window openings of the first-story interior have molded architrave surrounds, the doors are two-paneled and molded, the bases are unmolded, and the wooden pilastered mantel pieces of the two major rooms are exceptionally wide. Access to the upper half story is from the recessed rear gallery, where an enclosed stairway runs in a northerly direction in a single straight flight to terminate in the middle of the unpartitioned second story. The stairwell is railed by square newels and rectangular-sectioned balusters. The second-story windows are unmolded, and board-and-batten doors provide access to floored closets under the eaves. The walls of the upper half story and the recessed rear gallery are finished in horizontal tongue-and-groove boards, but the walls of the first-story rooms were constructed of wide, rough-sawn boards that were originally covered in cheesecloth and wallpapered. Evidence of the original interior decorative painting scheme survives in doors that are both mahogany and oak-grained and in the marbled baseboard of the easterly "cabinet" room.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	community planning land conservation law economics liter education milit engineering mus exploration/settlement philo	ary social/ ic humanitarian
Specific dates	unknown	Builder/Architect unknown	

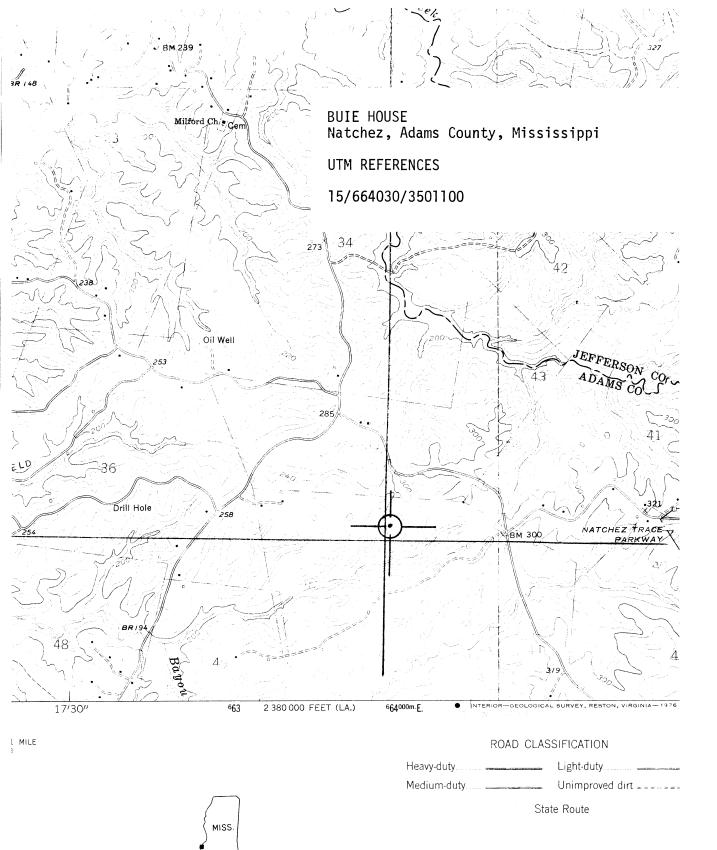
Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Buie House is one of Mississippi's unique residential essays in the vernacular Greek Revival Style. Constructed ca. 1855, the house is a good example of the typical mid-nineteenth-century, Mississippi plantation house that is characterized as a storyand-a-half frame residence set upon brick foundation piers with gabled roof and undercut gallery. However, the house achieves distinction from its vernacular architectural details and from its integrity. The most unusual feature of the house is its front gallery construction which features box columns extending almost to the ground to rest upon brick foundation piers and a gallery floor which is recessed on all three sides for protection from the weather. This gallery treatment seems to be peculiar in the southwestern area of the state to Jefferson and Franklin Counties, where approximately a half dozen antebellum examples have survived. At least two of these residences, the Scott House and the Buie House of Jefferson County, were apparently constructed by the same local builder as evidenced by similarities in gallery construction, millwork, floor plan, second-story arrangement, and walls of wallpapered rough-sawn boards rather than matched boards or plaster. Abandoned and threatened by demolition by owners who would not preserve the house or sell it for restoration on site, the Buie House was rescued by Adams County preservationist Leicester R. McGehee. The house was subsequently moved approximately forty-five miles from Jefferson County to a plantation site in Adams County near the Jefferson County line. The historic character of the original plantation site has been maintained in the new setting, and the house is being sympathetically restored as residential rental property.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Miller, Mary W. Historic Natchez Foundation. Inspection of Buie House on original site in 1982 and on new site in March 1983.

10.	Geographi	cal Data		
Acreage o Quadrang UMT Refe		<u>1.43 acres</u> e, Miss-La.		Quadrangle scale1:24000
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	tates and counties fo	• •		
state	NA	code	county	code
state		code	county	code
street & n	umber P. O. Box 1			date April 4, 1983 telephone (601) 442-2500
ity or tov	N 1 1			state Mississippi 39120
		oric Pres	ervation	Officer Certification
he evalu	ated significance of this	property within the		
	national	state	_X_ local	,
65), I her according	reby nominate this prope I to the criteria and proce	rty for inclusion in t dures set forth by t	he National Regis	istoric Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– ter and certify that it has been evaluated ervation and Recreation Service.
	oric Preservation Officer		Officer	date May 31, 1983
	eputy State Histor	ic preservatio	n un icer	date Play 31, 1903
	ts use only reby certify that this prop ick And us of the National Register	perty is included in	the National Regis	nter date 7/13/93
Attest: Chief of	Registration			date



QUADRANGLE LOCATION

1

PINE RIDGE, MISS.-L NE/4 NATCHEZ 15' QUADRANGLE N3137.5-W9115/7.5

1963

AMS 2747 III NE-SERIES V843