United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

	<u> </u>			
1. Nan	1e			
historic The	e Faust Houses and (Outbuildings		
and/or common	Same			
	ation			
Z. LUC		940		
street & number	North east of Lex	ington just south of	Ga.Highway 77	not for publication
city, town Lex	ington vic.	× vicinity of	congressional district	Oth-Doug Barnard
state Georg	ia cod	le 013 county	Oglethorpe	code 139
3. Clas	sification			
Category districtX building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Status occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use X agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park x private residence religious scientific transportation other:
street & number	Route 1			
city, town Lea	xington	vicinity of	state o	Georgia 30648
•		al Description		COLCLE SOUTO
courthouse regi	istry of deeds, etc. Supe	erior Court		
	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
street & number		Courthouse		
	xington	· - · · · · ·		eorgia
		in Existing S	burveys	
	ic Structures Field orpe County, Georgia		perty been determined elec	gible? yes _ <u>x</u> _ no
date 1975			federal <u>X</u> state	county local
depository for s	urvey records Historic	Preservation Section	on, Ga. Dept. of Nat	ural Resources
city, town At	tlanta		state G	eorgia

7. Description

Condition excellent deteriorated good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unaltered altered	Check one original site moved date
---	-----------------------------	------------------------------------

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Faust Houses and Outbuildings consist of a main house, a log cabin, nine historical outbuildings including a carriage house, a cotton-gin house, a barn, a corn crib, a hog parlor, and several sheds, and four large, contemporary chicken coops. These buildings and structures are located on a mostly cleared and gently sloped ten-acre tract of land. With the exception of the chicken coops, the buildings and structures date from the early-nineteenth century through the early-twentieth century.

The main house (photographs 1-7) is a plantation plain type of dwelling dating from 1880. It is rectangular in plan (42' x 16'), two stories high, and three bays wide, and has a gable roof, two exterior end chimneys, a hip-roofed front porch, and a shed-roofed rear porch. Windows are six-over-six, double-hung sash with hinged blinds. The front doorway, enframing a paneled Victorian door, has sidelights and overlights. The south chimney is stuccoed and scored to resemble stone. The interior of the main house has a two-over-two-with-central-stair-hall arrangement. Interior finishes include wide pine boards on floors, ceilings, and some walls; other interior walls are plastered. Mantels are simple wood pilaster and entablature compositions. The structure of the house is wood frame, sheathed with weather-boards. Foundations consist of crude stone piers. The roof is covered with composition shingles.

The log cabin (photographs 2-4, 8) is located behind (west of) the main house and is connected to it by a breezeway. The cabin is rectangular in plan (25' x 17'), one-and-a-half stories high, and gable-roofed. One end chimney remains; it has a fieldstone base and a brick stack. The interior of the cabin is divided into two unequally-sized rooms. An enclosed dogleg stair leads to the loft. The structure of the cabin consists of horizontal logs, approximately one foot square in section, chinked with beveled boards. The logs are hewn to a smooth finish on the interior; the exterior is covered with asphalt siding. Floors are planked. Board-and-batten doors are hung with twelve-inch strap hinges. The log cabin has seen numerous changes, including removal of a side chimney and relocation of stairs. In addition, numerous log and frame enlargements added during the nineteenth century were removed during the early-twentieth century, leaving only this original cabin.

Principal historic outbuildings are located to the east and southeast in front of the main house. They include a carriage house with gable roof and board-and-batten siding (photograph 10, right), a log cotton-gin house with flanking frame sheds (photographs 12 and 13), a log barn now sheathed with corrugated-metal siding (photograph 14, left), a tall, narrow, log corn crib (photograph 14, right), a log hog parlor (no photograph), and an unidentified framed and weatherboarded structure with an end-overhanging gable roof

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR HCRS USE ONLY
RECEIVED JAN 4 1980
DATE ENTERED 2 1980

CONTINUATION SHEET Description

ITEM NUMBER

7 PAGE 2

(photograph 11). The barn was originally two stories high; it was reduced in size at some time during the twentieth century, and its building materials incorporated into chicken coops.

Two smaller outbuildings are located behind the house to the west (photograph 9). One (right) is a slatted, gable-roofed, frame structure, whose original function is not known. The other structure (left) is a privy.

One non-historic outbuilding is located among the historic outbuildings east of the main house — a one-story, gable-roofed frame structure with corrugated-metal siding and flanking sheds (photograph 10, left). Three contemporary chicken coops are located further east, and a fourth is located to the southeast. These coops are long, narrow, gable structures built with wood frames covered with corrugated-sheet metal (photographs 10-12).

The nominated property consists of a square, ten-acre tract of land. These boundaries were selected because it was the home tract reflected in the accompanying plat. Since the initial use of the plantation (row crops) has changed, it was felt that the nominated property should be just the home lot around the main house and outbuildings.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art commerce communications		law literature military music	science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1808 1880	Builder/Architect IIn1	knorm	Local History

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Faust Houses and Outbuildings are significant in architecture and local history.

Architecturally, the main house and cabin are especially significant for the building patterns they reflect. The former is a remarkably well-preserved 1880 version of the more prevalent antebellum Plantation Plain-style house. The late date indicates that the older family members who built the house for the younger member used their knowledge from previous "house raisings" to create this house. Evidence of the prevailing Victorian eclecticism is non-existent in the house. The cabin is a rare example of a ca. 1808 hand-hewn log cabin that has remained in continuous use by the same family since its creation. Its workmanship reflects the early settlement days when a farmer built a log cabin before he could afford or need a larger house.

In local history, the houses and outbuildings are significant as the Faust family homeplace since their arrival from South Carolina, ca. 1808. The site reflects one family's ownership of over a century and a half through the Civil War, Reconstruction, and the Depression of the 1930s.

The direct male line of ownership began when John Faust (1784-1866) and his wife Christina built the first house, ca. 1808. Their first child, Elizabeth, had been born in South Carolina in 1807, and their second, Balsir, was born in 1809 in Georgia, thus dating their migration.

In 1850, John Faust, then recently widowed, lived in the cabin and its associated structures with eleven relatives: four unmarried sons aged twenty - thirty-five, three unmarried daughters aged twenty-eight - thirty-seven, and a married daughter and her three daughters, all under fifteen. The 1850 agricultural census shows John owning approximately 2,000 acres of land and raising various crops and livestock with emphasis on corn, sweet potatoes and cotton.

In 1880, the present main house was constructed as a wedding present for John Philip Faust (1860-1929) and his bride, Henrietta S. Howard (1858-1946), whom he married on June 20th of that year. John Philip, a grandson of John, had been orphaned during the Civil War. His unmarried uncles and aunt, who

[continued]

9. Major Bibliographical References

Personal inspection by Kenneth H. Thomas, Jr., December, 1978. U.S. Census records: Population and agricultural schedules, 1850-1880.

	[continued]	- F VIII - F		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
10.	Geograp	hical Data	UTM	NOT VERIFIED
	of nominated prope	rty <u>10 acres</u> Cross, Ga.	ACREAGE NOT	T VERIFIED Quadrangle scale 1:24,000
UMT Ref	erences		•	
A 1 7 Zone	3 1 3 5 3 0 Easting	3 ₁ 7 5 ₁ 2 3 ₁ 6 ₁ 0 Northing	B 1 Zon	المتعادية
C 1 7	3 1 3 7 4 0	3,7 5,2 1,6,0	D <u>1</u> ;	7 3 1 3 5 3 0 3 7 5 2 1 6 0
G			н 🔟	
Verbal i	boundary descript	ion and justification		
The	ten-acre tract	as marked by a h	eavy black lir	ne on the enclosed plat map.
For	boundary justi	fication see Sect	ion 7.	
List all	states and counti	es for properties ove	rlapping state or	r county boundaries
state		code .	county	code
state		code	county	code
11.	Form Pre	pared By	• , .	
name/title				Cloues, architectural historian
organizat	Historic Fres Rion Georgia Dep	ervation Section, t. of Natural Res	ources	date December 15, 1979
street & r	number 270 Wash	ington Street, S.	W.	telephone (404) 656-2840
city or to	wn Atlanta			state Georgia 30334
12.	State His	storic Pres	ervation	Officer Certification
The evalu	uated significance of	this property within the	state is:	
;	national	state	_X_local	•
665), I he	reby nominate this p	roperty for inclusion in	the National Regist	istoric Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– ster and certify that it has been evaluated ervation and Recreation Service.
State His	toric Preservation O		harbeth (P. Fyon
title - A	Acting State Hi	Eliza storic Preservati	beth A. Lyon on Officer	date 13/18/79
1	RS use only		Al- N-Garal Dania	
I he	ereby certify that this	property is included in	me National Hegis	
Keener	of the National Regi	OVOL		date 2/12/86
Attest:	(11.57 A	Anhi		date 2/4/80
}	Periotration	5,000		

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR HCRS USE ONLY

RECEIVED JAN 4 1980
FEB | 2 1980
DATE ENTERED

CONTINUATION SHEET Significance

ITEM NUMBER 8

PAGE 2

had reared him, saw to it that a fitting house was erected for him and his bride. Still living there in the 1880 census, taken shortly before the wedding, were three uncles, ages fifty-four, sixty and sixty-five, and one aunt, age sixty-eight.

John Philip and Henrietta had ten children, born between 1881 and 1897, who became the fourth generation of the Faust family to live here. The present owner, Charles Witcher Faust, their eighth child, still lives in the same room where he was born in 1892. His own children and grandchildren (the fifth and sixth generations) live on adjoining family property.

The Faust family has, through these generations, contributed to local community activities serving as justices of the peace, church clerks, etc. The farm itself has by necessity changed from row crops (corn, cotton, grain) to pasture lands, timber, and the raising of hogs, cows and chickens.

The existing significant outbuildings reflect the various farming operations and necessary activities during the Faust ownership. To the west of the cabin are located a privy and a shed. In front of and to the northeast of the main house is the carriage house and another shed. Further northeast of this is yet another small workhouse. To the southeast of the main house is a log cotton-gin building; the main barn now covered in siding, a hog parlor or pen and another small building of unidentified usage. Although their ages are undetermined, they and their structural and functional predecessors have served similar functions since being built and show the continuity of farming operations and workmanship. More recently built were the long chicken coops which reflect the change in farming operations in the twentieth century.

Archaeological Potential

The Faust family lore and the necessities of plantation life indicate the existence of other buildings and additions that no longer exist. An addition to the cabin once sat to the north of the cabin-main house complex and was connected to them. This housed family members, as well as a dining area. It and other additions were torn down after 1900.

[continued]

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR HCRS USE ONLY

RECEIVED JAN 4 1980

DATE ENTERED. FEB 1 2 1980

Significance & CONTINUATION SHEET Bibliography ITEM NUMBER 8 & 9 PAGE 2

8. Significance.

The farm also had a smokehouse and several tenant houses that are now gone. An early illustration of the main house indicates it was painted white with green shutters, had a picket fence in front, and a rock wall around part of the grounds.

9. Bibliography

Faust family materials from files of John T. Chandler, Jr., of Atlanta.

Rodgers, Ava D. The Housing of Oglethorpe County, Georgia, 1790-1860 (1971).

Smith, Florrie Carter. The History of Oglethorpe County, Georgia (1970).

Faust, Charles W. Interview on December 14, 1978.

THE FAUST HOUSES AND OUTBUILDINGS
Lexington vicinity, Oglethorpe County, Georgia

Scale: Not to scale

FEB | 2 1980

Source: Personal visitation
Date: Current with nomination

Key: Photograph numbers in circles; buildings
 identified by letters as follows:

A - Main House

B - Cabin

C - Privy D - Shed

E - Carriage House

F - Shed

G - Storage Building
JAN 4 1980

H - Chicken Coops (intrusions)

I - Cotton Gin Building

J - Barn

K - Corn Crib

L - Privy (?)

M - Hog Parlour

(not photographed)

