	MINNESOTA HISTORIC PROPERT	IES INVENI	CORY FORM MAR 2 1982
HISTORIC NAME:	Scoville Memorial Library		COUNTY: Rice
CURRENT NAME:	Scoville Memorial Hall		CITY/TWP.: Northfield
LEGAL DESC.:	Lots 1, 2, 3, Block 4, Original of Northfield.	Town	ADDRESS: First Street East and College Street
CLASSIFICATION:	CONDITION:	SIGNIFICA	
Building X	Excellent	Local X	Primary Education
Structure	Good X	State	Secondary Architecture
Object	Fair	National	Others
District	Deteriorated		·
OPEN TO THE PUBLI	C: Yes_X_NoRestricted_X	<u></u>	PRESENT USE:
VISIBLE FROM THE OCCUPIED:	ROAD: Yes <u>X</u> No <u>Yes_X</u> No <u>Yes</u>		Classrooms & Offices
DATE CONSTRUCTED: 1896 ORIGINAL OWNER: Carleton College		ORIGINAL USE: Library Patton and Fisher, Chicago; D.H. Lord, ARCHITECT/BUILDER: Northfield contractor	
OWNER'S NAME AND ADDRESS: Carleton College Northfield, MN 55057			ACREAGE: Less than one acre <u>X</u> UTM REFERENCE:
LOCAL CONTACT/ORG.: Northfield Historical Society,			Northfield Quad. 7.5
408 Division Street, Northfield, MN 55057			
FORM PREPARED BY:	Britta Bloomberg		15 / 487620 / 4922760
DATE:	April 1981	·	

DESCRIPTION:

Scoville Memorial Library is situated on the northwest corner of First Street East and College Street at the west edge of the main part of the Carleton College campus in northeastern Northfield. The building faces the college chapel and the central quadrangle to the east. Willis Hall (listed on the National Register in 1975) is located to the north and a complex of dormitories are west and northwest. A residential neighborhood borders the campus on the south.

Scoville Memorial Library was designed in the Richardsonian Romanesque style by Chicago architects Patton and Fisher and was constructed in 1896. The two story building, constructed of rusticated Kasota stone, is rectangular in plan with an octagonal tower at the southeast corner and a complex gable/hip roof with coped gable ends. The front facade (east) features a low syrian arch with radiating voussoirs sheltering a double doorway with side and transom lights. A carved name stone with the Carleton shield carved at the ends is located above the entry. A group of three arched windows with colonettes and foliate capitals are located on the second floor. The corner tower, immediately south of the front entry bay, features arched windows with colonettes, a dentillated cornice, octagonal spire, and finial. Tall rectilinear windows with stone lintels and transom are located on the north and south facades. A group of three arched windows are featured in the south gable end, and an articulated chimney projects slightly from the main wall on the north gable end. A group of three-part windows with radiating voussoirs are featured on the west facade. The roof is slate with metal ridges and finials. Exterior alterations are limited to the addition of a fire escape on the west facade.

The building was constructed for library use in 1896 and originally contained bookrooms, reading rooms, seminary room and administrative offices. In 1956 the building was remodeled to classroom and office use. The original plan and many interior features remain basically intact.

SIGNIFICANCE:

Scoville Memorial Library is significant both as one of the last survivors of Carleton College's historic core and as one of the first libraries to be constructed on the smaller college campuses in the Upper Midwest. Architecturally, the building is an excellent example of the Richardsonian Romanesque, a style popular in late nineteenth century public buildings. Scoville was the fifth major building to be constructed on the Carleton campus and the last to be constructed before the turn of Scolville Memorial Library - page 2

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<u>Significance</u> - continued

the century. It was preceded by Willis Hall (1872, listed on the National Register in 1975), Williams Hall (razed in 1961), Gridley Hall (razed in 1967), and Goodsell Observatory (1882, listed in the National Register in 1975). The library was given to the college as a memorial to James W. Scoville of Chicago by his wife and their son, Charles B. Scoville. Mr. Scoville had become interested in Carleton after his association with Carleton President Strong at the Chicago Theological Institute; he had pledged a gift of \$25,000 before his death. The plans for the library were designed by Chicago architects Patton and Fisher who had previously designed Scoville Institute at Oak Park and Scoville Academy at Beloit. The 1896 construction date of the building, a year following the "banner year" for smaller libraries at college campuses, places Scoville on the forefront of the movement to, construct separate buildings for library use at institutions of higher learning. Prior to 1896, few institutions had separate library buildings and not until the turn of the century had they become very common. While no longer in use as a library, Scoville continues to be a landmark on the Carleton campus and a representative of the place of prominence given the "central laboratory of learning"² at an institution long noted for its academic excellence.

¹Jerrold Orne, "Academic Library Buildings: A Century in Review", <u>College and Research</u> <u>Libraries</u>, July, 1976, 320.

²"Library Opened", Northfield News, November 14, 1896.

Bibliography:

Carleton College Archives, Scoville file, miscellaneous notes, and clippings, Northfield. Curtiss-Wedge, Franklyn ed., <u>History of Rice and Steele Counties Minnesota</u>, Chicago: 1910. Jarchow, Merrill E., <u>Donald J. Cowling</u>, 1974.

Northfield News, November 14, 1896.

Northfield Independent, June 11, 1896.

Orne, Jerrold, "Academic Library Buildings: A Century in Review", <u>College and Research</u> <u>Libraries</u>, July, 1976. United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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Note: These changes apply to Scoville Memorial Library in Rice County, Minnesota.

REFERENCE NUMBER: 82003030

STATE: MINNESOTA

COUNTY: Rice

RESOURCE NAME (HISTORIC): Scoville Memorial Library, Carlton College

CITY:

VICINITY OF:

ADDRESS:

CERTIFICATION DATE:

REMOVED DATE:

COMMENTS:

1. Archabal

Nina M. Archabal State Historic Preservation Officer

JUN 1 7 1988 Date