OME No. 10024-0018

#### United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

#### RECEIVED

## National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

SEP 1 4 1993

NATIONAL

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property	
historic nameBelisle Building	
other names/site number	
2. Location	
street & number344 and 350 Third Stre	eet N/A not for publication
city or townBaton Rouge	N ♠ vicinity
state Louisiana code LA cou	nty East Baton Rouge code 033 zip code 70802
3. State/Federal Agency Certification	
Historic Places and meets the procedural and professiona    Image:   does not meet the National Register criteria     nationally   statewide   locally. (  See continuation     Signature of certifying official/Title     Gerri Hobdy, Louisiana SHPO, Department     State of Federal agency and bureau	mentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of all requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property in I recommend that this property be considered significant on sheet for additional comments.)  9/9/93  Date  artment of Culture, Recreation & Tourism  the National Register criteria. (  See continuation sheet for additional
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date
State or Federal agency and bureau	
4. National Park Service Certification	
I hereby certify that the property is:	Signature of the Keeper Date of Action
entered in the National Register.	Ma M. 1019 101993
☐ determined eligible for the National Register ☐ See continuation sheet.	
determined not eligible for the National Register.	
removed from the National Register.	
Other, (explain:)	

Belisle	Building
Name of Prop	perty

East	Baton	Rouge	Parish,	LA
County a	nd State			

5. Classification		·	7770000		
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of F (Do not include	Resources N	within Proper ed resources in the	ty ne count.)
<ul><li>☑ private</li><li>☐ public-local</li><li>☐ public-State</li><li>☐ public-Federal</li></ul>	<ul><li>☑ building(s)</li><li>☐ district</li><li>☐ site</li><li>☐ structure</li></ul>			contributing	buildings
	□ object				structures
		2		0	Total
Name of related multiple p (Enter "N/A" if property is not part	roperty listing of a multiple property listing.)	Number of coin the Nation			reviously listed
N/A		0			
6. Function or Use					
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Function (Enter categories from		s)	
COMMERCE/TRADE/specialty store		VACANT/not	in use		
		MR-10-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-			
7. Description				*	
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from	om instructions	s)	***************************************
Italianate	national and the second	foundation	concre	te	
		walls	brick		
		roof			
		other		metal (co	ornice)

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Belisle	Building,	Baton	Rouge,	East	Baton	Rouge	Parish,	LA
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The Belisle Building (1912) is a vernacular brick party wall commercial structure located on a busy downtown Baton Rouge street. Although it displays some Italianate influence, the two-story East Baton Rouge Parish building cannot be attributed to a specific style. Despite alteration, it remains eligible for the National Register.

Like almost all historic commercial structures in downtown Baton Rouge, the Belisle Building has lost its original storefront. However, its other important exterior design elements survive at the second floor and parapet levels. The parapet features alternating panels and piers. The piers' corbelled tops protrude slightly above the parapet. Below the parapet the facade is distinguished by a bracketed pressed metal cornice in the Italianate style. The brackets are in three different sizes. Large paired brackets divide the cornice into four sections of equal size, while smaller brackets fill the space between the larger pairs. Finally, single oversized brackets terminate the cornice at each end. A dentil band spans the building directly below and behind these brackets. Below the cornice the facade features four bay windows whose locations correspond to the bays created by the cornice's paired brackets. The bay windows' roofs are surmounted by pinnacles, while the area directly beneath the windows is decorated by wooden panels. Additional panelling in the brick between and beside the windows marks the locations of the paired brackets above. Italianate segmentally arched openings are found on the rear and one side elevation. The Belisle Building's original load-bearing walls are eighteen inches thick.

The floorplan has experienced major changes over the years, so much so that much of its original configuration is unknown. Both stories are now largely subdivided into offices, and a new lobby space with an elevator has been inserted in the south front section of the structure. However, the building's original function as a dry cleaning and retail establishment can still be seen in some areas. For example, although slightly shortened, a large lower story sales room with an elaborate pressed metal ceiling survives on the north side. An original one-story, three room cleaning plant located a few feet behind the main building also survives with its floorplan unchanged. The center room of this structure features a clerestory designed to aid in ventilation. The second story of the Belisle Building originally served as residential space and cold storage for the cleaning firm. This floor's front double parlors with two doors embellished by Eastlake grilles survive.

As previously mentioned, the Belisle Building has experienced floorplan changes and lost its original storefront. Over the years the shopfront had been altered in various ways, giving it a most irregular appearance. A 1992-93 rehabilitation brought back a consistent look to the shopfront and restored its shape and overall appearance. However, certain aspects are not in keeping with the historic period, including the use of unpainted wood (Honduras mahogany), multiple panes of glass, and an arch design.

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Belisle	Building,	Baton	Rouge,	East	Baton	Rouge	Parish,	LA
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Other alterations associated with the 1992-93 rehabilitation include:

- 1) the connecting of the main building and the rear cleaning plant via a roof and side wall,
- 2) the installation of stained glass in the building's side windows and large single plates of glass in the rear windows, and the addition of a rear stairway,
- 3) the shortening of the large lower floor sales room mentioned above. Accomplished by the construction of a new rear wall, this change was made in order to use the ceiling from the remaining portion to replace damaged pressed metal pieces in the front part of the room. A kitchen was then installed in the newly created area behind the sales room.
- 4) the installation of a metal canopy on the facade. Architectural evidence indicates that the structure originally had such a feature, but no evidence survives to show its original appearance.
- the embellishment of both the exterior and the interior by the addition of woodwork and decorative elements not present on the original structure. Added exterior features include the urns surmounting the parapet's piers, the egg and dart molding outlining the parapet's panels, the swag and wreath motifs within the parapet and bay window panels, the lion's heads holding the canopy's supportive chains, and the large brackets beneath the bay windows. Added interior features include almost all of the woodwork on both floors and all of the first floor hardware.

Although the loss of the original storefront and the addition of classical elements to the facade are regrettable, the Belisle Building remains eligible for the National Register. Unfortunately, the loss of shopfronts is the norm for Louisiana's historic commercial buildings, and at least the Belisle's new storefront has the shape and overall appearance of the original. The added classical motifs do not overwhelm the building's Italianate cornice and striking bay windows, which are its most important design elements. In a downtown which has experienced the loss or major alteration of the overwhelming majority of its historic structures, the Belisle Building ranks as a significant architectural landmark.

<u> </u>	tatement of Significance		
	icable National Register Criteria	Areas of Significance	
(Mark	"x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property	(Enter categories from instructions)	
for Na	tional Register listing.)	architecture	
	Property is associated with events that have made		
	a significant contribution to the broad patterns of		
	our history.		
	Property is associated with the lives of persons		
	significant in our past.		
X C	Property embodies the distinctive characteristics		
	of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses		
	high artistic values, or represents a significant and		
	distinguishable entity whose components lack	Period of Significance	
	individual distinction.	1912	
	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield,		
	information important in prehistory or history.		
	ria Considerations N/A "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	Significant Dates	
(IVIAI K	in all the boxes that apply.)	1912	
Prop	erty is:		
	and the confinions in the big of the start o		
L A	owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.		
	Tongious purposes.	Significant Person	
	removed from its original location.	(Complete if Criterion B is marked above)	
	a little class on many	N/A	
	a birthplace or grave.	Cultural Affiliation	
	a cemetery.		
		N/A	
□E	a reconstructed building, object, or structure.		
□F	a commemorative property.		
		AngleSterot (D. Union	
□ G	less than 50 years of age or achieved significance	Architect/Builder	
	within the past 50 years.	unknown	
Narra	ative Statement of Significance		
(Expla	in the significance of the property on one or more continuation shee	ts.)	
	ajor Bibliographical References		
(Cite t	<b>ography</b> he books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on	one or more continuation sheets.)	
	ious documentation on file (NPS): N/A	Primary location of additional data:	
	preliminary determination of individual listing (36	☒ State Historic Preservation Office	
	CFR 67) has been requested	☐ Other State agency	
	previously listed in the National Register	☐ Federal agency	
	previously determined eligible by the National Register	<ul><li>☐ Local government</li><li>☐ University</li></ul>	
	designated a National Historic Landmark	☐ Other	
	recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey	Name of repository:	
_	#		_
L	recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #		

Belisle Building Name of Property	East Baton Rouge Parish, LA County and State
10. Geographicai Data	
To. Geographical batta	
Acreage of Property less than an acre	
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)	
1 1 5 6 7 4 0 0 0 3 3 6 9 8 4 0 Northing 2 Northal Soundary Reservation	3 Zone Easting Northing 4 See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)	
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)	
11. Form Prepared By	
name/titleNational Register Staff	
organization <u>Division of Historic Preservation</u>	date Ju1y 1993
street & number P. O. Box 44247	telephone (504) 342-8160
city or townBaton Rouge	state Louisiana zip code 70804
Additional Documentation	
Submit the following items with the completed form:	
Continuation Sheets	
Maps	
A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the pr	roperty's location.
A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having	g large acreage or numerous resources.
Photographs	
Representative black and white photographs of the pro-	operty.
Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)	
Property Owner	
(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)	
name Bob G. Dean, Jr.	
street & number <u>343 Third Street</u>	telephone (504) 343-9152
city or town <u>Baton Rouge</u>	state <u>Louisiana</u> zip code <u>70802</u>

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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Belisle	Building,	Baton	Rouge,	East	Baton	Rouge,	LA

The Belisle Building is locally significant in the area of architecture as one of downtown Baton Rouge's distinctive landmark structures. In spite of the alterations described in Part 7, it emerges as a landmark when compared to the majority of 50+ year old commercial buildings in the area.

Although the official founding date of the community is recognized as 1719, downtown Baton Rouge has retained only a relatively small number of historic commercial buildings with their integrity intact. This situation is due largely to the fact that the city remained prosperous after the Depression and into the 1950s and 1960s. As a result, it suffered considerable alteration and demolition. The extent of this loss is documented in old photographs, oral accounts, and Sanborn maps. The Architectural and Historical Survey of Downtown Baton Rouge, completed in 1984, also confirms these losses. It identifies only 124 surviving buildings 50 years of age or older within the commercial district, and half of this number are residences or institutional structures. Of the approximately 62 surviving commercial buildings, most are unstyled c. 1890-c.1940 vernacular structures, many of which have been significantly altered. In addition, the Central Business District also contains a number of new buildings, parking lots, and vacant lots where older commercial buildings or houses once stood.

Against this background, perhaps a dozen individual landmark commercial buildings of real architectural quality remain, and the Belisle Building ranks as one of these. Its significance derives from two design elements. The first is the facade's striking row of four bay windows. Nothing else like this can be found in downtown Baton Rouge. The building's second architectural feature of merit is its bracketed cornice. Although the structure is not a fully developed example of the Italianate, the style's influence on the building makes it an important example in a business district with only three other Italianate buildings.

#### Historical Note

The Belisle Building was constructed for Charles A. Belisle as the headquarters for his dry cleaning firm. The structure housed the family business on the right side of the lower floor, and the left half was rented to Werline's Music Store. The Belisle family lived on the second floor. In 1933 Bates & Thigpen Men's Store moved into the building, where it remained until 1965. Although currently vacant, the newly rehabilitated building is available for lease as office space.

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#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

Architectural and Historical Survey of Downtown Baton Rouge. Foundation for Historical Louisiana and City of Baton Rouge - Parish of East Baton Rouge, July, 1984.

# **National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet**

	Building, <b>umber</b>	_		Kouge	rarisn,	LA
Section in	umber	 rage				

Legal Property Description

A certain parcel of ground, together will all of the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in that part of the City of Baton Rouge, Louisiana, known as Devall Town, fronting fifty feet on the east side of Riverside Mall (formerly Third St.) by a depth between equal and parallel lines of one hundred twenty-eight feet, being composed of parts of Lots 1 and 2 of Square 6 or 82, Devall Town, according to an official map of the city made by F. F. Pillet, C.E., approved on October 21, 1930, located fifty feet south and distant from the intersection of the south side of Laurel Street and the east side of Riverside Mall (formerly Third St.).

**Boundary Justification** 

Boundary lines follow property lines.

Belisle Building Baton Rouse, East Baton Rouse Parish, LA

- North Belisle Cleaning Plant Former Alley Now Roofed Over Wall (with door) added to connect party two buildings Belisle Building Sidewalk

Third Street