United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for *Completing National Register Forms* (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

598

1. Name of Property		
historic name	Tawes, Captain Leonard, House	
other names/site number		S-327

2. Lo	cation							
street &	& number	Somers	et Aven	ue]	N/A not	for publication
city, to	wn	Crisfi	eld]	N/A vici	nity
state	Maryland	code	MD	county	Somerset	code	039	zip code 21817

3. Classification	_		
Ownership of Property	Category of Property	Number of Res	ources within Property
X private	X building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing
public-local	district	3	buildings
public-State	site		sites
public-Federal	structure structure	2	structures
	object		objects
		5	0Total
Name of related multiple propert		Number of cont	tributing resources previously
	N/A	listed in the Na	tional Register0

4. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the Nation I nomination request for determination National Register of Historic Places and me In my opinion, the property I meets de Muin C	of eligibility meets the documentation stand tets the procedural and professional require	dards for registering properties in the ments set forth in 36 CFR Part 60.
Signature of certifying official		Date
STATE HIS	TORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER	
State or Federal agency and bureau		
In my opinion, the property 🗌 meets 🗌 do	bes not meet the National Register criteria.	See continuation sheet.
Signature of commenting or other official		Date
State or Federal agency and bureau		
5. National Park Service Certification	Entere	d in the
I, hereby, certify that this property is:	Nation	al Register
entered in the National Register.	Alelous Byen	4/5/90
determined eligible for the National Register. See continuation sheet.		
determined not eligible for the		
National Register		
removed from the National Register.		
other, (explain:)		
	ſ	
	Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action

6. Function or Use	S-327		
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions) DOMESTIC/single dwelling DOMESTIC/secondary structures		
DOMESTIC/single dwelling			
DOMESTIC/secondary structures			
7. Description			
Architectural Classification	Materials (enter categories from instructions)		
	foundationbrick		
Late Victorian	walls wood		
Greek Revival			
	roofasphalt		
	other		

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

DESCRIPTION SUMMARY:

The Captain Leonard Tawes House is a frame two story house begun in the second quarter of the nineteenth century and extensively altered in the Late Victorian mode through the rest of the century. The property evidently originally contained a modest, two-story side hall/parlor frame house with a single-story one-room plan kitchen attached to the north gable end. After his purchase Captain Tawes initiated a building program which extensively altered the existing house. The old kitchen was given an added story, and a new roof was stretched across the entire house. In addition, Captain Tawes attached the two-story rear service wing, which included a summer kitchen. In later years another section was attached to the back of the service wing. Currently the tee-shaped frame house and its additions are supported by a brick pier foundation, and the house is sheathed with plain weather-boards. The steeply pitched roof has extended eaves and is covered with asphalt shingles. The east (main) elevation is a symmetrical three-bay facade with a center entrance and flanking two over two sash windows. The Victorian door is glazed above the lock rail. Framing the door is a molded door surround with a bold cyma curve crown molding across the top. Each of the windows is flanked by louvered shutters. Covering the first floor is a single-story turned-post front porch trimmed with decorative eave and corner brackets. The second floor is lighted by three evenly spaced two over two sash windows, and the cross gable has a single two over two sash window. The north and south gable ends of the main block are detailed in a similar manner with two over two sash windows on both the first and second floors, while four-pane attic lights pierce the gable and flank the interior end brick chimney stacks. The eaves are extended with short returns at the base of the roof. A two-story two-bay service wing extends from the main block and is lighted on both floors by two over two sash windows. The north side elevation has a single-story enclosed porch. Extending from the back of the tee plan is a slightly shorter two-story, one-bay by one-room frame winter kitchen with a gable end brick stove stack. This section is lighted by two over two sash as well. Attached to the gable end of the winter kitchen is a single-story bathroom finished in a consistent manner with the rest of the house. Finally, the summer kitchen extends from the south side of the winter kitchen and is attached by an enclosed breezeway. The salt-box shaped summer kitchen is lighted by six over six sash windows, and a tall, slender brick stove stack rises from the west gable. Standing near the house are several utilitarian outbuildings including a garage, a storage shed, a stilted frame dairy, and a gable roofed frame privy. Surrounding part of the house is a picket fence.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Tawes, Captain Leonard, House Somerset County, Maryland S-327

Section number ____ Page _____

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Captain Leonard Tawes house stands on the west side of Somerset Avenue at its south end and on the periphery of the town of Crisfield, Somerset County, Maryland. The two-story, three-bay frame house faces east with the principal gable oriented on a north/south axis.

Family tradition as well as architectural evidence indicates the front part of the house was built in two periods, beginning around 1840-1850. During the third quarter of the nineteenth century, Captain Tawes bought this property which evidently contained a modest, two-story side hall/parlor frame-house with a single-story oneroom plan kitchen attached to the north gable end. After his purchase Captain Tawes initiated a building program which extensively altered the existing house. The old kitchen was given an added story, and a new roof was stretched across the entire house. In addition, Captain Tawes attached the two-story rear service wing, which included a summer kitchen. In later years another section was attached to the back of the service wing. Currently the tee-shaped frame house and its additions are supported by a brick pier foundation, and the house is sheathed with plain weatherboards. The steeply pitched roof has extended eaves and is covered with asphalt shingles. Standing near the house are several utilitarian outbuildings including a garage and a storage shed. Domestic outbuildings include a stilted frame dairy and a gable roofed frame privy. Surrounding part of the house is a picket fence.

The east (main) elevation is a symmetrical three-bay facade with a center entrance and flanking two over two sash windows. The Victorian door is glazed above the lock rail. Framing the door is a molded door surround with a bold cyma curve crown molding across the top. Each of the windows is flanked by louvered shutters. Covering the first floor is a single-story turned-post front porch trimmed with decorative eave and corner brackets. Stretching between posts is a sawn baluster handrail. The second floor is lighted by three evenly spaced two over two sash windows, and the cross gable has a single two over two sash window.

The north and south gable ends of the main block are detailed in a similar manner with two over two sasy windows on both the first and second floors, while fourpane attic lights pierce the gable and flank the interior end brick chimney stacks. The eaves are extended with short returns at the base of the roof.

The two-story, two-bay service wing extends from the main block and is lighted on both floors by two over two sash windows. The north side elevation has a singlestory enclosed porch. An interior end brick chimney stack rises from the west gable end. Extending from the back of the tee plan is a slightly shorter two-story, onebay by one-room frame winter kitchen with a gable end brick stove stack. This section is lighted by two over two sash as well. Attached to the gable end of the winter kitchen is a single-story bathroom finished in a consistent manner with the rest of the house. Finally, the summer kitchen extends from the south side of the winter kitchen and is attached by an enclosed breezeway. The salt-box shaped summer kitchen is lighted by six over six sash windows, and a tall, slender brick stove stack rises from the west gable. **United States Department of the interior** National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Tawes, Captain Leonard, House S-327 Somerset County, Maryland

Section number $\underline{7}$ Page $\underline{7.2}$

The interior of the house was partially remodeled during the Victorian alteration. The centrally located stair was reworked and a stylish, square Victorian newel post with decorated sides and a large ball finial anchored the molded handrail. Rising from each step are two turned balusters, and the step ends are trimmed with scrolled brackets. Baseboards carry an ogee top molding. In addition fancy plaster work was added to the parlor ceiling. This work is reported to have been executed by Charles Mallison. In contrast, the parlor mantel falls comfortably in the mid nineteenth-century Greek Revival style with plain pilasters, paneled frieze blocks and a wide paneled frieze. The mantel shelf is plain. Four-panel doors open into the adjacent north room which has a simple mid nineteenth-century post and lintel mantel.

A mid nineteenth-century four-panel door opens into the dining room which has a late Victorian bracketed mantel and an enclosed winder back stair. A cupboard has been built into the east wall of the dining room, and raised panel doors were reused in its construction.

Both the winter and summer kitchen interiors are finished in a straightforward manner for late nineteenth-century service space.

The second floor of the main house contains the same contrasts between Victorian and Greek Revival woodwork. The turned baluster stair railing continues to the second floor where it turns and continues along the second floor hall. The attic stair, however, is enclosed with beaded board walls. The adjacent two rooms are simply finished with four-panel doors and mid nineteenth-century mantels. The south bedroom has an especially bold mid nineteenth-century mantel with an exaggerated mantel shelf molding. The attic is partially unfinished and partially plastered, but the common rafter roof structure contains a reused piece of beaded baseboard for the ridge board.

The second floor bedroom of the dining room wing is finished in a straightforward manner. The most distinctive feature is the back stair railing which was evidently reused. The swollen newel post has a square head. Narrow rectangular balusters support a simple mid nineteenth-century handrail.

The westernmost room is finished in a plain manner without notable details.

The most significant outbuilding is the nineteenth century stilted frame dairy which stands adjacent to the summer kitchen. The weatherboarded frame is covered with a shed roof and pierced on the north wall by a small board door. Louvered openings pierce the side walls. The nineteenth-century, gable roofed privy is located southwest of the house. Covered with German siding, the gable front is pierced by an off-center five-panel door, and the east side has a small window. The south side is a plain weatherboard wall with a clean-out at the bottom. The other outbuildings include an open shed roofed garage, circa 1900, and a storage building.

8. Statement of Significance	ś S-327
Certifying official has considered the significance of this proper	ty in relation to other properties: statewide [X] locally
Applicable National Register Criteria A B XC	D
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) architecture	Period of Significance Significant Dates
	Cultural Affiliation
Significant Person	Architect/Builder unknown

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

SIGNIFICANCE SUMMARY:

The Captain Leonard S. Tawes house is a significant nineteenth-century survival in the Crisfield area of Somerset County. Comprised of two nineteenthcentury sections, the original house, dating from the 1840s, is one of the oldest frame houses located near the bay-side town. After Captain Tawes' purchase of the property he reworked the extant frame house and substantially enlarged it. While reusing some of the old woodwork such as the Greek Revival mantels and four-panel doors, the carpenters rebuilt the center stair in popular late nineteenth-century This architectural contrast is not unusual in conservative Somerset appearance. County where materials were often reused. Also significant is the regional use of both a winter and summer kitchen. The semi-detached summer kitchen, originally connected to the main house by an open breezeway, was used during the hot months of the year in an effort to reduce the accumulated heat. In addition the summer kitchen was usually better ventilated. By contrast the winter kitchen, used during the colder months helped to increase the warmth of the main block. The stilted dairy is one of two in Somerset County located during the survey, and the property is one of only a few to retain to retain a picket fence that surrounds the immediate yard.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Somerset	County Land Records, Courthouse,	Princess Anne, MD
Maryland Maryla	l Inventory of Historic Properties, and Historical Trust, Annapolis, MI	Somerset County
naryre	ind historical flust, Annapolis, M	,
Previous docu	mentation on file (NPS):	See continuation sheat
	determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been r		X State historic preservation office
	listed in the National Register	Other State agency
	determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency
	a National Historic Landmark y Historic American Bulidings	Local government University
Survey #		
	y Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #		
10. Geograp	hical Data	
Acreage of pro		
	d Crisfield, MD	
UTM Referenc		
	215 717 412 013 213 0 sting Northing	B Image: Second sec
		See continuation sheet
Verbal Bounda	iry Description	
		X See continuation sheet No. 10.1
Boundary Just	ification	
The prop	erty consists only of the town lot	upon which the resource stands.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	See continuation sheet
11. Form Pr	epared By	
name/title	Paul Touart, Architectural Histor	ian
organization _	Somerset County Historical Trust	date <u>December 1987</u>
street & numb	424 North Somerset Avenue Princess Anne	telephone (301) 651-0077 state Marylandzip code 21853
city or town		state state sip code 21000

1870-1930

United States Department of the interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Tawes, Captain Leonard, House Somerset County, Maryland S-327

Section number ____8 Page ____8.1

HISTORIC CONTEXT:

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization: Eastern Shore

Chronological/Developmental Period(s)

Agricultural-Industrial Transition A.D. 1815-1870

Industrial/Urban Dominance

Prehistoric/Historic Period Theme(s)

Architecture

Resource Type: Category: building Historic Environment: rural Historic Function(s) and Use(s): DOMESTIC/single dwelling /secondary structures Known Design Source: none United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Tawes, Captain Leonard, House Somerset County, Maryland S-327

Section number <u>8</u> Page <u>8.2</u>

HISTORIC CONTEXT:

The Captain Leonard S. Tawes house is a significant nineteenth-century survival in the Crisfield area. Comprised of two nineteenth-century sections, the original house, dating from the 1840s, is one of the oldest frame houses located near the bay-side town. After Captain Tawes' purchase of the property he reworked the extant frame house and substantially enlarged it. While reusing some of the old woodwork such as the Greek Revival mantels and four-panel doors, the carpenters rebuilt the center stair in popular Victorian taste. The exterior, on the other hand, was reworked to achieve a uniform late nineteenth-century appearance. This architectural contrast is not unusual in Conservative Somerset County where materials were often reused. The house and its history of rebuilding is an important reflection of its owner, Captain Leonard S. Tawes, who, for the most part grew up in Crisfield, and eventually commanded trade ships that sailed between Baltimore, Boston and as far south as Rio de Janeiro. Captain Tawes owned part interest in the schooner, City of Baltimore, the largest ship to stop in Crisfield.

Also significant is the regional use of both a winter and summer kitchen. The semi-detached summer kitchen, originally connected to the main house by an open breezeway, was used during the hot months of the year in an effort to reduce the accumulated heat. In addition the summer kitchen was usually better ventilated. By contrast the winter kitchen, used during the colder months helped to increase the warmth of the main block. The stilted dairy is one of two in Somerset County located during the survey, and the property is one of only a few to retain a picket fence that surrounds the immediate yard.



The nominated property is parcel number 921 on this map. P1462 P.1419 P. 1451 P. 1461 P. 1452 P. 1411 P. 1469 P.1460 PI424 P.1454 P.1453 102 P.940 IERSF P. 939 P. 1459 1457 SOM P. 1458 P.928 P. 929 P.927 P. 923 P 922 Leonard Tawes House $\langle \mathcal{O}$ 200' 50' 100' P. 921 0 P914 P916 / P917 P918 P. 912 P913 P.910 P.915 P/0 P. 911 P/0 P.911 map source: Somerset Co. tax map number 103

CORPORATE