National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

MAY 2 4 2010

NAT. REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determination for individual proper ties and districts. See instruction in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Com plete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being doc umented, enter "N/A" for "not applic able." For functions, architectural classification, materials and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional ent ries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all item s.

1. Name of Property				
historic name Bennett-Field House				
other names/site number Christ Centered I	Ministries Prion	House, 5	DV.3534	
2. Location				
street & number 740 Clarkson St.				[N/A] not for publication
city or town Denver				[N/A] vicinity
state Colorado code CO _ county	Denver	_ code _	031	zip code 80218
3. State/Federal Agency Certification				
As the designated authority under the National Historic request for determination of eligibility meets the docidity of Places and meets the procedural and profession meets does not meet the National Register criter statewide locally. (See continuation sheet for a Signature of certifying official/Title Office of Archaeology and Historic Preservation State or Federal agency and bureau	rumentation standard onal requirements se ria. I recommend the additional comments State Historic Preserv	ds for register et forth in 36 at this proper c.)	ing properti CFR Part 6 ty be consid	es in the National Register of 0. In my opinion, the property
In my opinion, the property ☐ meets ☐ does not mee (☐ See continuation sheet for additional comments.)		ister criteria.		
Signature of certifying official/Title				Date
State or Federal agency and bureau				
4. National Park Service Certification	Λ			
I hereby certify that the property is : entered in the National Regis ter See continuation s heet. determined eligible for the National Regis ter See continuation s heet. determined not eligible for the National Regis ter. removed from the National Regis ter See continuation s heet. other, explain See continuation s heet.	Signature of the state of the s	the Keepe	Be	Date of Action

Bennett-Field House Name of Property		Denve County/Sta	r, Colorado ate	
5. Classification				
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Resour (Do not count previously list Contributing		
[x] private [] public-local [] public-State	<pre>[x] building(s) [] district [] site</pre>	2	Noncontributing	buildings
[] public-Federal	[] structure [] object	0	0	sites
		0	0	structures
		0	0	objects
	*	2	1	Total
(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a m	ultiple property listing.)	previously liste	tributing resourced in the National	Register.
6. Function or Use				
Historic Function (Enter categories from instructions) DOMESTIC/single dwe	elling	Current Fun (Enter categories from		
DOMESTIC/secondary			secondary structur	re
7. Description				
Architectural Classific (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from	instructions)	
LATE 19 TH AND 20 TH C	ENTURY REVIVALS/	foundation	Brick	
Classical Revival		walls	Brick	
NO STYLE		and a	Wood	
		roof	Asphalt	
		other	Stone	

OMB No. 1024-0018

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Bennett-Field House, Denver, Colorado

DESCRIPTION

This two and one-half story house is Neo-Classical Revival in style. The exterior is red Flemish bond brick with stone detailing around the windows. Most of the wood trim is painted white. It lies within the locally designated East 7th Avenue Historic District. This symmetrical home sits high off the street on a rise with a series of granite steps leading up to it. From historic photographs and original architectural drawings, it has maintained its original design since 1905, except for a second floor addition to the back porch. The total square footage is 7,658. The house is in good condition due to several repairs to the brick under windows and other stone features. It retains excellent integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association.

The front (west facing) façade

Six massive giant order fluted round columns support a third-floor balcony centered in the middle bay of the front façade. The white-painted columns are capped off with lonic capitals and sit on red-painted square bases. There are three columns to the left and three to the right of the porch entry. Against the house are two flat squared-off fluted pilasters on either side of the entry door that are also two stories high. The terrace is made of stone and brick with the brick flanking the vertical sides. There is no railing around the terrace that sits about four steps off the ground. The terrace runs the full width of the house with a floor of small brick-shaped red tiles. The terrace roof is deeply coffered with painted squares. The entry door is flanked on either side by sidelights, divided by wooden curved mullions. Black iron sconces also flank the entry.

Above the large, paneled, front door is a flat segmented brick arch featuring a molded stone keystone and terminated on either end with stone voussoirs. This pattern is repeated over windows and openings throughout the house. There is one window opening on either side of the central bay. The ground floor windows are within a compass-head niche that features a brick relieving segmented arch at the top with a stone keystone and terminated by stone block imposts on either side, with a stone sill at the bottom. The window opening is within the niche with bricks filling in the arch space and bricks framing the sides of the rectangular window. The double-hung wood frame ten-over-ten light window is topped with the previously described flat segmented arch. On either side of the windows remain in situ metal hardware for shutters that are no longer extant.

The second-story balcony over the entry is accessed from the inside through arched French doors. A sidelight extends around the entire door and forms its own second arch. The enclosure forms a compass-head opening that is framed by a brick relieving segmented arch with stone block imposts on either side. The sidelight is divided into small squares with wood mullions in four sections. The floor of this second-story balcony is wood decking, supported by iron brackets that extend out from the brick façade. The brackets feature a complex circular pattern where they attach to the house. A wrought iron railing surrounds the rectangular balcony. There is one window opening on either side of the central bay. These windows are identical to the ground-floor windows minus the compass-head niche.

The third-floor balcony sits several feet above the top of the columns. In between the floor of this balcony and the columns is a wide fascia board with exaggerated dentils above. The dentils are about 4" square and project out in a regular pattern. This detail wraps around the entire front façade of the house. The porch itself has a railing and square wooden balusters separated by evenly s paced larger

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square wooden piers. The piers have inset panels. The original architectural drawings and earlier photographs, circa 1930s, show these piers lined up with the columns below, and a complex pattern of squares and diamond for the railing. The balustrade may have been replaced sometime in the middle of the twentieth century.

The steeply pitched, side-gabled roof is covered with asphalt shingles. There are three equally spaced pedimented dormers on the principal façade, with red-painted, wood shingle siding. The dormers to either side of the center balcony contain divided light windows. The center dormer contains a rectangular, multi-light, French door for access to the balcony. The roof has an asymmetrical stepped parapet wall on both gable ends. The wall extends beyond the front and back facades, supported by large articulated stone supports.

The house supports three large and highly corbelled brick chimneys. There are two on the north side of the house and one on the south side.

- The south side chimney is centered on this façade. The brick is articulated all the way to the ground and decorated with stone triangles where the chimney narrows above the second floor. A small brick compass-head niche is set into this chimney at the second level. The niche has a stone sill and a brick relieving segmented arch with a stone keystone and stone block imposts.
- The two chimneys on the north side lack niches but have an inset stone triangle at each point where the chimney narrows.

All three chimneys rise well above the top of the roof.

The south-facing facade has symmetrically placed double-hung windows on either side of the chimney at each level of the house. The bottom windows and second floor windows repeat the pattern of windows on the front. The gable end (3rd floor) contains smaller double-hung windows that touch the chimney on either side. There is a very subtle brick arch above these upper windows - with half of the arch over one window and the completion over the other. The arch is visible because of vertically placed bricks that traverse the arch. Stone squares anchor the arch to the upper outside edge of each window.

The rear (east-facing façade) contains six asymmetrically placed windows. While two of the windows on the south end maintain the same double-hung ten-over-ten style, they have no arch or keystone patterning. Two double-hung windows on the second level are eight-over-eight lights, one is three-overthree, and over the door is one six-over-six window. This side contains a centered set of French doors off the original Reception Room, with four granite steps leading up to the stoop. The third floor has three dormers set into the roof that matches the placement and materials of those on the front of the house, except the middle dormer is slighter larger (to accommodate the servant's bathroom). These dormers have shed roofs instead of cross gables.

A modified back porch, added sometime after 1928, has newer windows, doors, and a second floor on what used to be an open balcony. This porch is shown as one story on William Fisher's drawings in June of 1905 and up until the last Sanborn map of 1928. Originally the north half of the porch was made of brick to house a pantry. This brick portion had no openings on the east side, with one

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double-hung window facing north. The southern half was made of wood, had an exterior door to the south, and twelve-light square windows that wrapped around. On top was an open-air porch with a wooden railing.

The current porch is two stories. The south-facing door was filled in with wood. The new square double-hung windows wrap around the southeast corner, with bead-board paneling below. There is a new door facing east. To the right of the door, the porch retains the brick on the first floor with a new east-facing casement multi-paned window. The north-facing window remains as it was originally on the drawings. A new deck wraps around the porch and connects into the garage.

The north façade contains two articulated chimneys as described earlier. There are two large ground floor windows that match the style and type of window found on the front of the house. A set of two smaller windows can be seen on the left. The second story contains two windows on either side that match the second floor windows on the front. In the center of the chimneys on the second and third floors are two matched pairs of double-hung windows with four-over-four lights. One stone keystone is centered over each window. Above the third floor windows is a round louvered opening with four triangular stones equally spaced around the circle.

The interior contains a basement with multiple rooms that originally contained a room for the laundry, a drying room, a boiler room, a pantry cellar, and a play room. The first floor had an entry hall with the staircase, a dining room, pantry, reception room, large living room, and back staircase for servants. The second floor had the hall with the staircase, four bedrooms, and the back staircase for servants. The third floor, only accessible by the back staircase, were two servant bedrooms, one servant bath, a linen closet, a guest room (with balcony) and a large billiard room with a fireplace.

Character defining interior features include:

- A large u-shaped stair with intermediate landing leading to the second floor
- A grand enclosed entry hall with tiled flooring
- A large living room with many built-ins of Fisher's design, including a fireplace, bookcases, and column wrapped windows on the east and west side
- A double column entry into the living room

Alterations

Changes to the original house design include:

- The addition of a period appropriate second story to the rear porch with new windows and doors
 occurred sometime after 1928 according to Sanborn maps
- The wooden balustrade around the third floor balcony has been redesigned
- A brick garage was added in 1919
- Drawings for a large barn at 740 Clarkson were found in the Fisher Collection at the Denver Public Library. Fisher & Fisher drew them in 1911 for Mr. E.G. Bennett. It's unclear if the barn was ever built. It's shown as approximately 51' x 33'

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Bennett-Field House, Denver, Colorado

Despite these alterations, the house retains a high level of integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association.

Garage, 1919 (contributing), photo 20

The garage is one story and the walls are common bond brick, located off the alley in the northeast corner of the property. According to building permits it was constructed in 1919. It is not from the same time period as the house, but it retains a high level of integrity of design, materials, and workmanship. The simple garage features brick corbelling and rowlock, and an original five-panel door with a one-over-one window.

Shed, 1990 (noncontributing)

The contemporary frame shed was built by the current owners as for storage. Located in the extreme southeast comer of the property, it is unobtrusive and does not detract from the integrity of setting, feeling, or association.

Bennett-Field House Name of Property	Denver, Colorado County/State		
8. Statement of Significance			
Applicable National Register Criteria Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National legister listing.)	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions) Architecture		
J A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.			
B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past. C Property amb disease distinctive above to delicate and a second distinctive and a second distinctive above to	Periods of Significance		
x] C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.	1905-1919 Significant Dates		
 Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history. 	1905 1919		
Criteria Considerations			
Property is:	Significant Person(s) (Complete if Criterion B is marked above). N/A		
 A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes. 			
] B removed from its original location.	Cultural Affiliation N/A		
] C a birthplace or grave.			
] D a cemetery.	Architect/Builder		
I E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	Fisher, William E.		
] F a commemorative property.	-		
] G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.			
Narrative Statement of Significance Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)			
9. Major Bibliographical References			
Bibliography Cite the books, articles and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more o	continuation sheets.)		
Previous documentation on file (NPS);	Primary location of additional data:		
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey	State Historic Preservation Office ☐ Other State Agency ☐ Federal Agency ☐ Local Government ☐ University ☐ Other		
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record	Name of repository: Colorado Historical Society		

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Bennett-Field House, Denver, Colorado

SIGNIFICANCE

The Bennett-Field House is eligible for the National Register under Criterion C because it embodies distinguishing characteristics of the Neo-Classical Revival style as designed by a significant architect of the time. Because this building is owned by a religious institution and is used for religious purposes, it must meet the burden of Criterion Consideration A, which it does as a property primarily derives its significance for its architectural design. The period of significance is 1905 to 1919, reflecting the first owner constructing the home in 1905 and the second owner constructing the garage in 1919.

This house embodies an excellent example of the Neo-Classical Revival style of architecture, prevalent from 1900 to 1917 in the United States. The distinguishing features of this style are the giant order lonic columns and entablature, symmetrically balanced windows, center door, and façade division.

The architect, William E. Fisher ran the architectural firm Fisher & Fisher with his brother Arthur A. Fisher. The firm designed many of Denver's best-known landmarks including the Denver City Tramway Building (5DV.117, National Register, July 1979), the Colorado National Bank (5DV.524, April 2010), and the residences of Chester S. Morey, John Evans, Lawrence D. Phipps, and Henry C. Van Schaack. Fisher & Fisher became one of the most influential firms in the Rocky Mountain West by 1920. W.E. Fisher was honored as an A.I.A. Fellow in 1915. In addition, Fisher was the founding member of the Denver Landmark Preservation Commission in 1967. In 1909, Fisher was among ten other architects across the nation invited to enter a design competition for a country house. He won seventh prize. The competition was conducted by *The Delineator*, and underwritten by B.W. Dodge & Company in 1909, out of New York. As noted in the preface to the publication:

It was limited to ten architects, who were allowed to compete only by invitation, and who had prominence in various parts of the United States for designing country houses.

While Fisher originally designed a carriage house for this property, the second owner const ructed a modestly ornamented garage in the same location to fulfill an increasingly modern need. The garage marks the emergence of the automobile as the transportation of choice for the elite in the early twentieth century, which changed both the culture and built environment of Denver's urban landscape. This utilitarian building is subservient to the large and ornate house, is not visible from the primary elevation and is located adjacent to the alley that runs behind the property. The simple, utilitarian construction of the garage reflects an intact example of an urban Denver garage, which, given its early date, was for a wealthy individual amongst the first to secure the new transportation technology for personal use.¹

¹ While the increase in automobiles led states on the East Coast to require vehicle registration as early as 1901, the growth of personal automobile ownership reached Colorado more slowly and the state did not require registration until 1913. U.S. Department of Commerce, *Highway Statistics, Summary to 1955* (Washington, DC: Government Printing Office, 1957), 16. James J. Flink, *America Adopts the Automobile*, 1895-1910 (Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1970), 166-170.

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Bennett-Field House, Denver, Colorado

History of the Property and Its Associations

In 1905, at a time when a modest middle-class house cost around \$1,000 to \$2,000, attorney and investor Edmon G. Bennett arranged for architect William Ellsworth Fisher to construct a \$12,000 manor for him at 740 Clarkson Street. Building permit #2091 of November 18, 1905, specified a residence 40' x 50.2'. Contractor V.W. Brown was the builder. It was only a few years earlier, in 1903, that Mr. Bennett bought the land for 740 Clarkson.

Edmon G. Bennett was a partner is the law firm of Bicksler, McLean & Bennett. His office was in the Equitable Building (5DV.121, National Register, January 1978) in downtown Denver. The Bennetts lived in the house only four years, until 1910. After this, he and his family lived at 1450 Marion Street. In addition to being a successful lawyer, Bennett invested heavily in real estate. In 1901, he arranged for the construction of 731 Clarkson across the street. That residence eventually became the home of Adolph Coors' daughter, Louise Porter.

Bennett had come to Denver from Iowa, where he was born in 1867. He married Eleanor, around 1890. She was born in Kentucky. By the time Edmon and Eleanor moved out of 740 Clarkson, they had been married for 19 years and had two children: Pauline E. (15 years old) and Edmon Jr. (14 years old). Both of the kids had been born in Iowa, prior to moving to Colorado.

Edward Bell Field bought the house from Bennett in 1910. Field was born in Chelsea, Massachusetts in 1850, of parents with strong New England lineages going back to 1623. His mother, Eliza Ann Bell, also had strong roots in Boston dating to 1709. In fact, she was the last person to be buried in the King's Chapel at Boston.

In 1872, Edward Field married Mary Alice Legge in Newton, Massachusetts. She, too, was a member of a prominent New England family represented in the Revolutionary War. Together the Fields had four children: Edward Bell Field, Jr., May Agnes, Martha L, and Grace W. Edward Field had been working in the woolen wholesale business in Boston for fourteen years when he suffered hemorrhages of the lungs (tuberculosis), and was ordered by his doctor to go to Colorado to recover in 1879.

By 1880, Field had recovered enough to take a job as a telephone operator. The *History of Colorado* says Bell's "investigating turn of mind led him to the study of many practical things, and especially to the mechanism of the telephone" while he was a boy in Boston, so he was a natural for the field. He advanced rapidly within the Colorado Telephone Company to eventually become its president. In 1911, he oversaw the merger of seven different telephone systems to create the Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph Company. He was also president of the Denver Philharmonic Association, and active in numerous civic and social organizations in Denver.

In 1880, just after moving to Colorado, the Field family lived at 608 Stout Street (no longer extant). By the time they moved to 740 Clarkson in 1910, they were following the trend of South Denver families moving to the high class Quality Hill section of Denver, where numerous mansions were being built. On this block of Clarkson, in particular, were the residences of the Coors family, Adolph Zang (on land developed by Claude Boettcher), U.S. Senator Thomas Patterson, and the Coors daughter, Louise

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Bennett-Field House, Denver, Colorado

Porter. In addition, talented architect Robert Roeschlaub designed a home for mining engineer Albert A. Blow in 1892 on this street.

When the Field family moved into 740 Clarkson, Edward was 59, and his wife Mary was 58. Mary Field passed away in 1915. Two years later, a former telephone operator, Miss Henry (32 years old) married Edward who was then 67 years old. The second marriage didn't last long because Edward Field died in February of 1919. Field's widow survived until 1930. She was among those who helped restore the Central City Opera House. After Edward's death, the grown children gained control of the house as per the will and lived there until selling the house to John and Mary Baird in 1922.

In the years between 1922 and 1972, five different owners owned the house. Subsequent owners include: Carl Leland Modesitt (1922-1932) who oversaw the development of much of the Rocky Mountain potash industry; Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada (1932-1936); Theodore C. Hitchings, a Denver real estate maven (1936-1940); Alfred Holland, the area manager for Ingersoll-Rand Company (1940-1968); and, Robert G. & Patricia Cunningham who ran Cunningham Development.

The Order of Christ Centered Ministries bought the house in 1972, after being next door at 750 Clarkson for six years. The Bennett-Field House became the Priory House of the Order which describes itself as a "microcosm of the church," a place of prayer, a center for contemplative living, and an abode where residents can reflect, study, and act to improve the community. In 1990, the national Episcopalian authorities regularized the Order of Christ Centered Ministries as part of the church upon the recommendation of Episcopal Bishop Frey. While open to all believers and all faiths, it primarily draws Episcopalians and Catholics. Run by the Very Reverend Dr. David Forbes Morgan, and his wife Delores, the ownership of the house has remained the same for the last 37 years. For 20 years, Dr. Morgan and Delores also worked at St. John's Cathedral in Denver where Dr. Morgan was Canon Pastor for 14 years.

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Bennett-Field House, Denver, Colorado

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	nett-Fie of Prop	eld House erty		-	(Denver, Colorado County/State
10.	Geogr	aphical D	ata			
Acre	eage of	Property	less than one acre			
UTN	Refer	ences	ences on a continuation sheet.)			
1.	13 Zone	501994 Easting	4397336 Northing	(NAD2	27)	The UTM reference point was derived
2.	Zone	Easting	Northing			from heads up digitization on Digital Raster Graphic (DRG) maps provided to OAHP by the U.S. Bureau of Land
3.	Zone	Easting	Northing			Management.
4.	Zone	Easting	Northing	[]See	cont	inuation sheet
Verk Descri	pal Bou	ndary Des	scription try on a continuation sheet.)			
Bou Explain	ndary why the boo	Justificati Indaries were sele	On cited on a continuation sheet.)			
11.	Form F	Prepared I	Ву			
nam	e/title l	on R. Hind	llemann, Architect (for pro	operty	owne	in)
			ann Architecture LLC	operty	OWITE	date February 13, 2010
ř			Wazee Street Ste. 1-C			telephone 303-623-1010
		Denver	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	state	state_CO zip code_80202	
Ad	ditional	Docume	ntation			
Subi	mit the	following it	ems with the completed t	form:		
Con Map		on Sheets				tographs Representative black and white photographs of the property.
1	property's A Sketch	location. map for histo	5 minute series) indicating the oric districts and properties or numerous resources.			itional Items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)
Pro	perty C	Owner				
Comp	ete this item	at the request of	SHPO or FPO.)			
nam	e Chris	t Centered	Evangelism Inc.			
stree	et & nun	nber 740 (Clarkson			telephone 303-832-7309
city o	or town	Denver		state	СО	zip code 80218
letermi	ne eligibility f	on Act Statemen or listing, to list pri amended (16 U.S	operties, and to amend existing listings. Re	olications to esponse to the	the Nationis reque	onal Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or st is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Histor

urden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to range from approximately 18 hours to 36 hours depending on several factors including, but not limited to, how much documentation may already exist on the type of property being nominated and whether the property is being nominated as part of a Multiple Property Documentation Form. In most cases, it is estimated to average 36 hours per response including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form to meet minimum National Register documentation requirements. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, 1849 C St., NW, Washington, DC 20240. NPS Form 10-900-9 (8-86) OMB No. 1024-0018

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Bennett-Field House, Denver, Colorado

GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

Lots 12 to 14, inclusive Block 181, Fletchers Capitol Hill Addition to Denver, City and County of Denver, State of Colorado, containing 9375 square feet or 0.21522 acres.

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION

The nomination includes property legally and historically associated with the Bennett-Field House at 740 Clarkson in Denver.

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Bennett-Field House, Denver, Colorado

PHOTOGRAPH LOG

The following information pertains to all photograph numbers except as noted:

Photographer: David Morgan, Denver, CO Date of Photographs: February 12th & 13th, 2010

Negatives: Digital Files - Printed with approved combination of Epson UltraChrome pigmented inks and

Epson Enhanced Matte Paper, Tiff images on file with the National Register, Washington, DC

Property: The Bennett-Field House, 740 Clarkson St., Denver, CO 80218

Photo No.	Photographic Information
001	1st Floor - Parlor, Entire room- camera facing East
002	1st Floor - Parlor, Fireplace mantle and built-ins by William Fisher - camera facing South
003	1st Floor - Parlor, Fireplace mantle and built-ins - camera facing South East
004	1st Floor - Parlor, Corner built-ins and column detail - camera facing South East
005	1st Floor - Parlor, Column detail - camera facing East
006	1st Floor - Parlor, Columns framing window - camera facing East
007	1st Floor - Double wrap staircase - camera facing South West
008	1st Floor - Double wrap staircase - camera facing West
009	1st Floor – Staircase banister detail 1
010	1st Floor – Staircase banister detail 2
011	1 st Floor – Interior entryway – camera facing West
012	1st Floor - Parlor door - camera facing South
013	1st Floor – Staircase banister detail 3
014	2 nd Floor - Staircase banister and French doors to Juliette balcony - camera facing West
015	2 nd Floor – Staircase banister and open French doors to Juliette balcony
016	1st Floor exterior entry portico with columns & Juliette balcony - camera facing West
017	1st Floor exterior window & brick detailing – camera facing East
018	1st Floor exterior entry portico and view of 2nd story balcony ceiling – camera facing East
019	South facing façade, niche and windows - camera facing North East
020	Exterior garage circa 1919 - camera facing North East
021	Rear exterior with 2 nd story addition – camera facing North West
022	North facing façade – camera facing South East
023	Exterior Ionic capital and ceiling detail 1 - camera facing South West
024	Exterior Ionic capital detail 2 - camera facing South West
025	View of South West façade - camera facing North East
026	View of West facing façade – camera facing East
027	Detail of West facing façade – camera facing East
028	1st Floor living room door opening into interior entryway - camera facing South West
029	3rd Floor dormer and built-ins – camera facing East
030	3rd Floor wooden beam ceiling detail
031	Exterior column base located at front - detail 1 - camera facing South East
032	Exterior column base attached to façade - detail 2 - camera facing South East

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Bennett-Field House, Denver, Colorado

Historic Images

All historic images are the 1911 architectural plans designed by Fisher & Fisher for E.G. Bennett. Images are from the Fisher Collection at the Denver Public Library.

Image No.	Image Information	
H0001	Basement Floor Plan	
H0002	First Floor Plan	
H0003	Second Floor Plan	
H0004	Third/Attic Floor Plan	
H0005	West Elevation	
H0006	South Elevation	
H0007	North Elevation	
H0008	East Elevation	
H0009	Interior Decorative Finishes	

National Register of Historic Places **Continuation Sheet**

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Bennett-Field House, Denver, Colorado

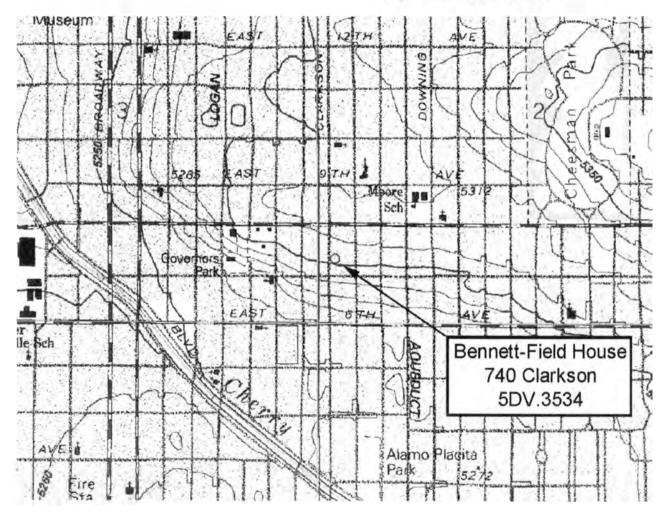
USGS Map

Englewood Quadrangle, Colorado 7.5 Minute Series

UTM: 13 501944E 4397336 N

PLSS: 6th PM, 4S TN, 68 W RW, 2 Sec.

1/4 SW 1/4 NW 1/4 SW 1/4 SW



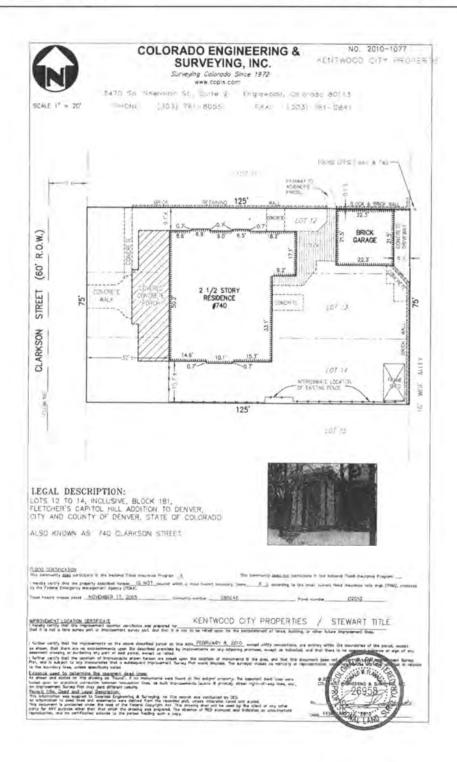
National Park Service

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Bennett-Field House, Denver, Colorado

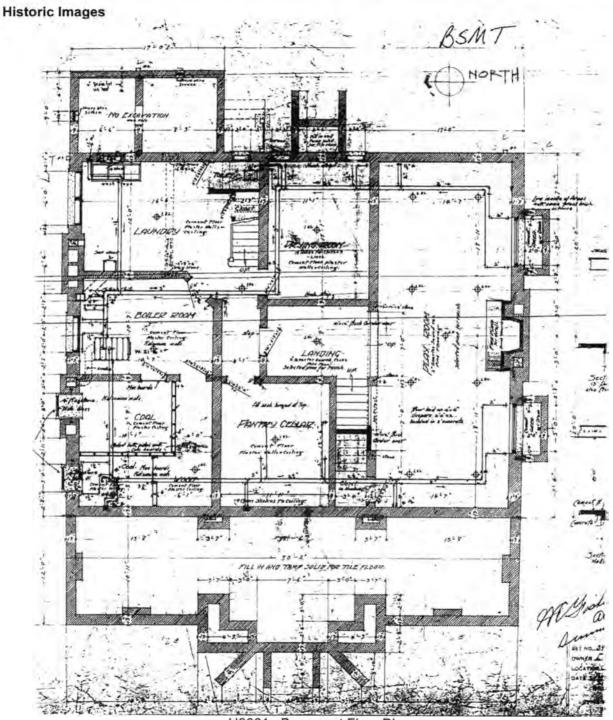
Sketch Map



National Park Service

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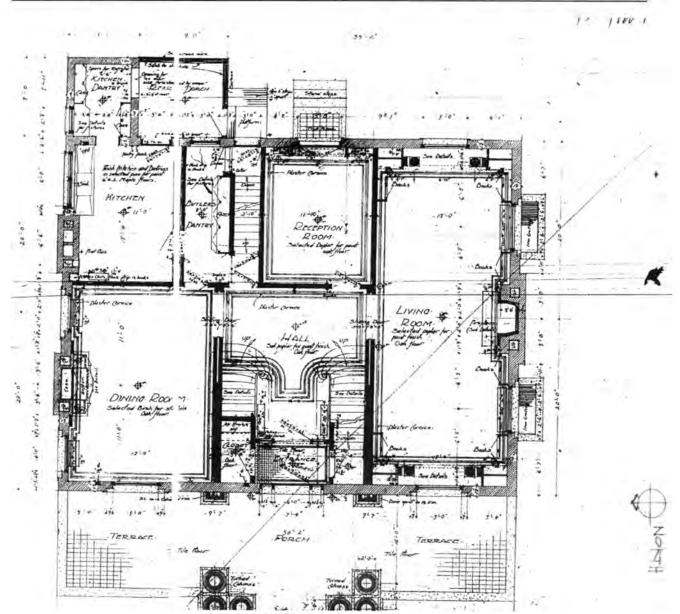


H0001. Basement Floor Plan

National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

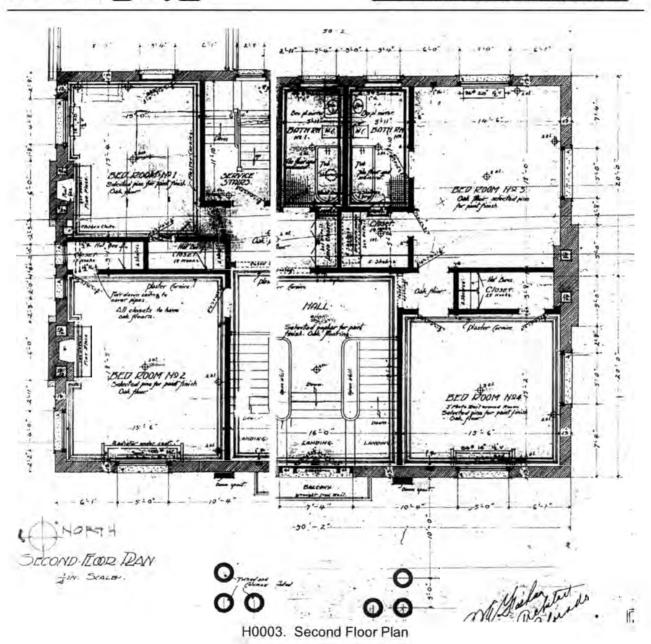
Section number __ Page15



H0002. First Floor Plan

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

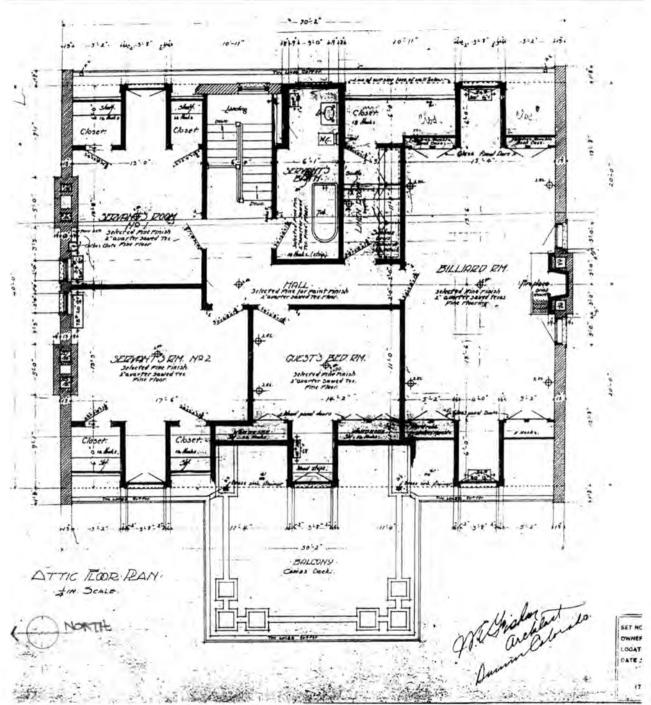
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National Park Service

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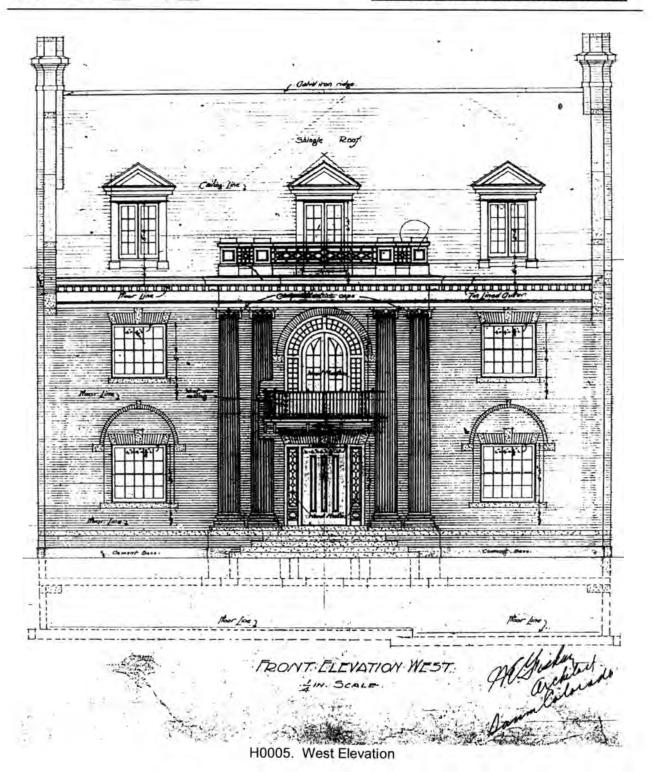


H0004. Third/Attic Floor Plan

National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

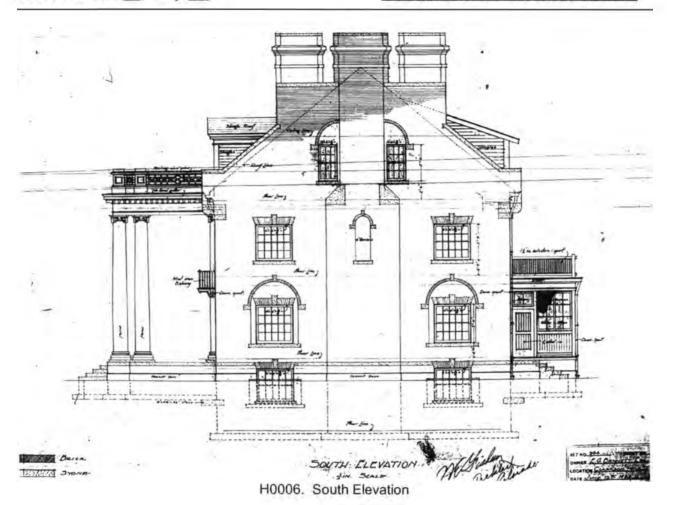
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National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

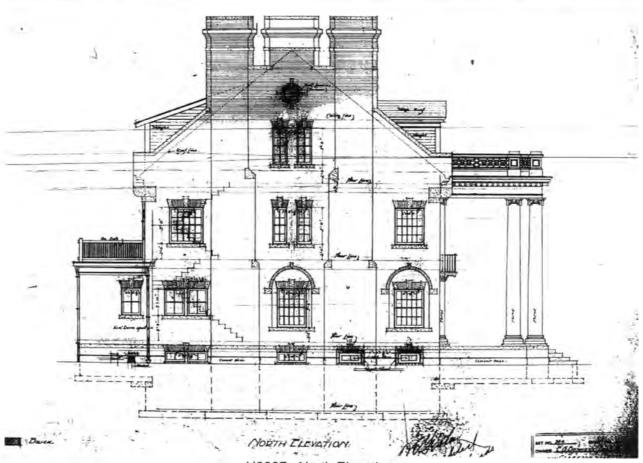
Section number ___ Page19



National Park Service

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Section number __ Page20

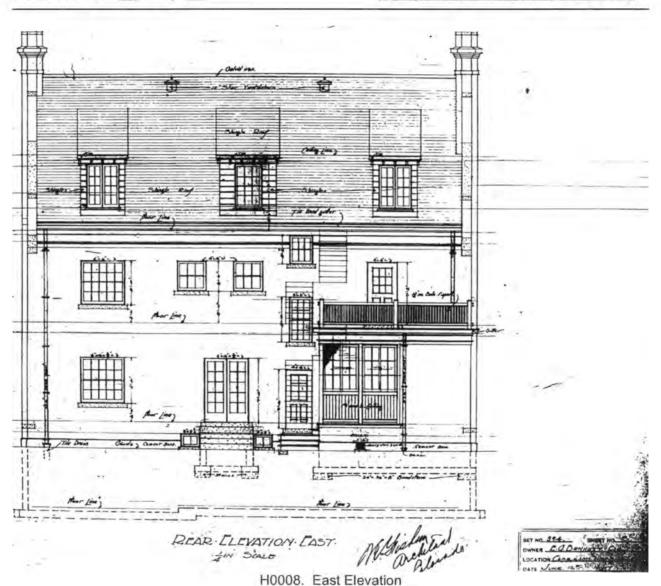


H0007. North Elevation

National Park Service

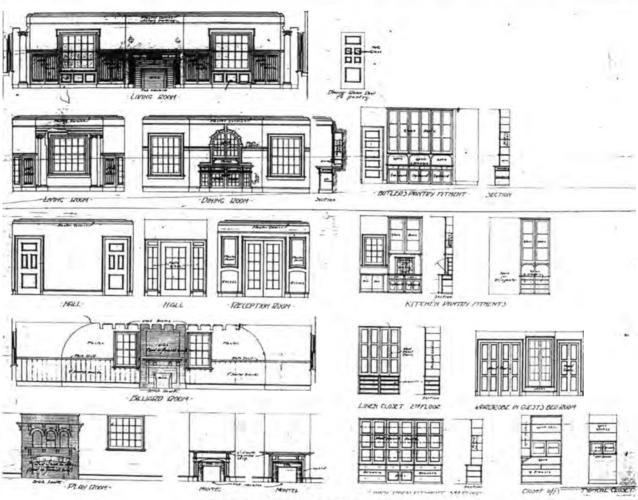
National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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H0009. Interior Decorative Finishes

National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section	number	Page23	3
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Bennett-Field House, Denver, Colorado

William E. Fisher Credited Buildings

In addition to the Bennett-Field House and the other buildings mentioned in Section 8 of this nomination, William E. Fisher (and the firms he represented over the years) was the architect of record for the following buildings:

Building Name	Location	Site No.	Date	Assessment
William Fisher, Architec	t (1892-1901)			
Unnamed House	1763 High St., Denver	5DV2749	1893	
Unnamed House	1364 Franklin St., Denver		1895	Wyman Local HD
Unnamed House	1455 Gaylord St., Denver		1895	Demolished
Reed House	1040 Humboldt St., Denver	5DV166.7	1899	Humboldt St HD
Iliff House	2145 S. Adams, Denver	5DV433	1899	
McDonald House	1800 Gilpin St., Denver	5DV2451	1899	
Fisher & Huntington (19	01-1905)			
Smith House	1801 York St., Denver	5DV907	1902	National Register
Unnamed House	1368 Gaylord St., Denver		1902	Wyman Local HD
Unnamed House	1345 Race St., Denver		1902	Wyman Local HD
Unnamed House	2202 E. 14th, Denver		1902	Wyman Local HD
Mulvihill-Gurtler House	4209 W. 38th Ave., Denver	5DV636	1904	
Unnamed House	1133 E. 3rd Ave., Denver	5DV6338	1905	
William Fisher, Architec				
Fred A. Thompson House (Cheesman Park book credits both W. Fisher and A. Fisher as architects)	801 Humboldt St., Denver		1905	

National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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Fred A. Thompson House (Cheesman Park book	809 Humboldt St., Denver		1905	
credits both W. Fisher and A. Fisher as architects)				
Uriah Hellister House	103 Franklin St., Denver	5DV167	1906	Country Club
West House	100 Franklin St., Denver	5DV167	1906	Country Club
William Fisher Architect	and Brother (1907-1910)			
Durango Public Library	1188 E. Second St., Durango	5LP.3037	1907	Local Landmark
Sullivan-Cosgriff House	1130 E. 7th Ave., Denver	5DV344	1907	
Bethuel Webster House	370 Humboldt St., Denver	5DV167	1907	Country Club
Unnamed Apartment Building	820 Humboldt St./1515 E. 8th Ave., Denver		1908	
Warren United Methodist Church	1630 E. 14th Ave., Denver		1908	Wyman Local HD
Liva Kountze Brown House	135 Humboldt St., Denver	5DV167	1908	Country Club
Arthur Fisher House	128 Gilpin St., Denver	5DV167.14	1909	County Club
National Safety Vault Co.	1536 Welton St., Denver	5DV501	1909	Demolished
St. Stephens Episcopal	2552 Williams St.,	5DV7024	1909	
Church	Denver		1000	
Parker House	120 Franklin St., Denver	5DV167	1909	County Club HD
Wolff Manufacturing Company Building (Rockmount Ranch Wear Building)	1626 Wazee St., Denver	5DV47.16	1909	Lower Downtown Certified HD
William E. Fisher and Art	thur A. Fisher, Architects	s (1910-1937)		
William E. Fisher House	110 Franklin St., Denver	5DV167	1910	County Club HD
Railway Exchange Building (Addition)	1715 Champa St., Denver	5DV526	1910	National Register
Denver City Tramway Building	1100 14th St., Denver	5DV140	1911	National Register
A.C. Foster Building	912 16th St., Denver	5DV142	1911	National Register
Isaac Solomon Synagogue, Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society	6401 W. Colfax Ave., Lakewood	5JF178	1911	National Register
Wright House	345 Gilpin St., Denver	5DV167	1911	Country Club

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Katherine Wolcott Toll House	919 Race St., Denver		1912	
Blount House	314 Lafayette St., Denver	5DV167	1912	Country Club HD
J.C. Penney Building	21-39 Broadway, Denver	5DV60	1912	
Unnamed Building	2-10 Broadway, Denver	5DV58	1912	
Bethuel Webster House	140 Humboldt St., Denver	5DV167	1912	Country Club HD
Unnamed Bank Building	2239 E. Colfax Ave., Denver		1913	Demolished
McPhee & McGinnity Building	2301 Blake St., Denver	5DV1490	1913	National Register
Lafayette Hughes- William V. Hodges House	300 High St., Denver	5DV167	1913	Country Club
Railway Exchange Building (Addition)	1715 Champa St., Denver	5DV526	1913	Champa Street HD
Broadway National Bank Building	100 Broadway, Denver	5DV54	1914	
Colonel William E. Hughes-Gerald Hughes House	320 High St., Denver	5DV167	1914	Country Club HD
Abbott House	160 Downing, Denver	5DV167	1915	Country Club HD
Colorado National Bank Building	900-918 17th St., Denver	5DV524	1915	
Foster-Buell Mansion	2700 E. Hampden, Englewood	5AH222	1915	
Lorraine Lodge/Charles Boettcher Summer Home	900 Colorow Rd., Golden	5JF323	1916	National Register
H.C. Van Schaack House	323 High St., Denver	5DV167	1916	Country Club HD
McCartney House	350 Gilpin St., Denver	5DV167	c. 1916	Country Club HD
Weicker Transfer	1700 15th St., Denver	5DV47.43	1918	Denver Local Landmark
Daniel A. Millet House	860 Vine St., Denver		1919	Morgan's Subdivision Local HD
McPhee & McGinnity Building (addition)	2301 Blake St., Denver	5DV1490	1919	National Register
Holloway-McKenzie House	180 Lafayette, Denver	5DV167	1920	Country Club HD
U.S. National Bank/Guaranty Bank Building	817 17th St., Denver	5DV843.16	1920	National Register

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Green House	149 Gilpin St., Denver	5DV167.15	1921	Country Club HD
Morey Middle School	840 E. 14 th Ave., Denver	5DV2090	1921	Denver Loca Landmark
Voorhies Memorial, Civic Center West	Colfax & 15 th St., Denver	5DV161	1921	Civic Center HD
Acacia Apartments	429 E. 14 th Ave., Denver		1922	
Bernard Apartments	850 Humboldt St., Denver	Taran I	1923	
The Waldman Apartments	1515 E. 9 th Ave., Denver	5DV2116	1923	
Company town of Parco (Sinclair)	Wyoming		1923-25	
Kuykendall House	380 High, Denver	5DV167	1924	Country Club
Neusteter Department Store	720-726 16 th St., Denver	5DV496	1924	National Register
Lion Hotel	1425-1433 Welton St., Denver	5DV1817	1924	
Wildo Building	1441 Welton St., Denver	5DV1826	1924	
Denver Country Club, Clubhouse (remodel)	First Ave. & University	5DV167	1925	Country Club
University of Colorado School of Medicine and Hospital	4200 E. 9th Ave., Denver	5DV935	1925	
Weicker Warehouse	2100 E. Colfax, Denver	5DV716	1925	
Midland Savings Building	444 17 th St., Denver	5DV1733	1926	State Register
South High School	1700 E. Louisiana Ave., Denver	5DV2092	1926	
Presbyterian Hospital	Denver		1926	
B'nai B'rith Infirmary for National Jewish Hospital	Colorado Blvd. & E. Colfax Ave., Denver		1926	
Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society Max D. Neuster Rehabilitation Building	6401 W. Colfax Ave., Lakewood	5JF178	1926	National Register
YWCA Building	1535 Tremont PI., Denver	5DV505	1926	Demolished
Taussig House	1625 E. 3 rd , Denver	5DV167	1926	Country Club
Tower of Memories, Crown Hill Cemetery (with Charles A. Smith)	8500 W. 29 th Ave., Lakewood	5JF467	1926	National Register
Davis & Shaw Furniture Building	1434 Champa St., Denver	5DV843.1	1927	

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number __ Page27

Ideal Building (addition & remodel)	821 17th St., Denver	5DV125	1927	National Register
Texas Pavilion for	6401 W. Colfax Ave.,	5JF178	1927	National
Women	Lakewood	00.3.10	132	Register
Jewish Consumptives'	6401 W. Colfax Ave.,	5JF178	1927	National
Relief Power House.	Lakewood			Register
Jewish Consumptives' Relief Security Building	650 17th St., Denver	5DV1729	1927	Demolished
St. Lukes Hospital	Boise, Idaho		1928	Alexander of the second
Lawrence C. Phipps House	3400 Belcaro Dr., Denver	5DV168	1932	National Register
Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society TriBoro Dining Hall	6401 W. Colfax Ave., Lakewood	5JF178	1936	National Register
Arthur A. Fisher and Ala	n B. Fisher, Architects (1937-1956)	-	
New Railway Exchange Building	909 17th St., Denver	5DV525	1937	National Register
Colorado State Capitol Annex Building & Boiler Plant (Associated Architects for the State Capitol Annex, Arthur A. Fisher member)	1341 Sherman St., Denver	5DV3844	1939	National Register
Country Club Gardens Apartments	E. Ellsworth & S. Downing, Denver		1940	17/1
Denver Public Library (with Burnham Hoyt)	10 W. 14 th Ave. Pkwy., Denver	5DV3520	1955	National Register
Fisher, Fisher and Davis	(1956-1959)			
Colorado Department of	251 E. 12th Ave.,	5DV4147	1956	
Employment	Denver	2-06-02-X	1200	
Undated Buildings				
International Trust Company Building	Denver			Demolished
University of Denver Stadium	Denver			Demolished
Greenlee Elementary School	1150 Lipan, Denver			
Chester Morey House	Denver			
John Evans House	Denver			
George B. Berger House	Denver			
Harold Kountze House	Denver			
A.C. Foster House	Denver			
George W. Gano House	Denver	-		1111
William B. Berger House	Denver			
Jarvis Johnson House	4150 Montview, Denver			
Hospital	Casper, WY	1		
	Sheridan, WY			

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Section number	Page28	Bennett-Field House, Denver, Colorad	do

Hospital	Cheyenne, WY			
Hospital	Thermopolis, WY			
Hospital	Pueblo			
Hospital	Colorado Springs			
Hospital	Greeley			
Hospital	Twin Falls, ID			
Katherine Mullen O'Connor House	Denver			
Donald N. Gilpin House	Broadmoor vicinity, Colorado Springs			
Church of the Ascension	Denver			

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINA	TION
PROPERTY BennettField NAME:	House
MULTIPLE NAME:	
STATE & COUNTY: COLORADO	, Denver
DATE RECEIVED: 5/24 DATE OF 16TH DAY: 7/08 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:	
REFERENCE NUMBER: 100004	35
REASONS FOR REVIEW:	
APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: OTHER: N PDIL: REQUEST: N SAMPLE:	N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL:
COMMENT WAIVER: N	
ACCEPT RETURN	REJECT
RECOM./CRITERIA	
REVIEWER	DISCIPLINE
TELEPHONE	DATE
If a nomination is return	d comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N ed to the nominating authority, the
nomination is no longer u	nder consideration by the NPS.



50V. 3534 Bennett-Field House Denver County, Co

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50V, 3534 Bennett-Field House Denver Courty, CO



501.3534 Bennett-Field House Denver County, CO



5 DV. 3534 Bennett-Field House Denver County, Co



501, 3534 Bennett-Field House Denver County, Co



504. 3534 Bennett-Field House Denver County, Co



Bennett-Field House Denver County, Co



5 DV, 3534 Bennett- Field House Denver County, CD



Bennett-Field House Denver County Co



5 DV. 3534 Bennett - Field House Denver County, CO



501.3534 Bennett-Field House Denver County, CO



501.3534
Bennett-Field House
Denver County, CD



Bennett-Field House Denver County, CD



Bennett-Field House Denver County, CO



Bennett-Field House Denver County, CO



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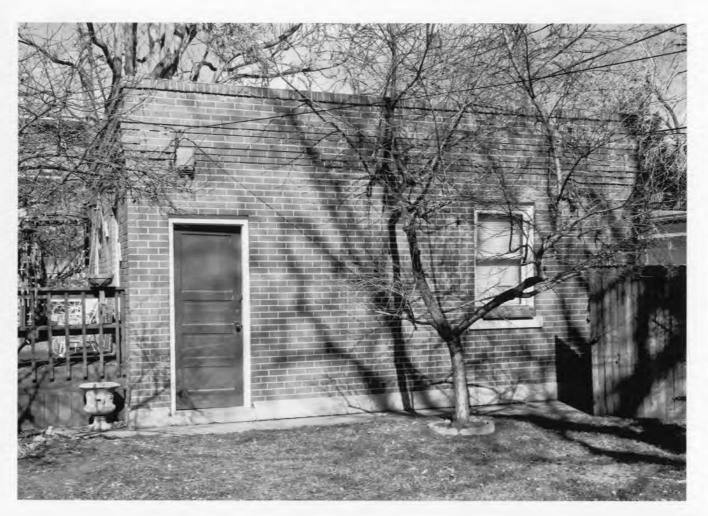
50v. 3534 Bennett-Field House Denver County, Co



Bennett-Field House Denver County, CD



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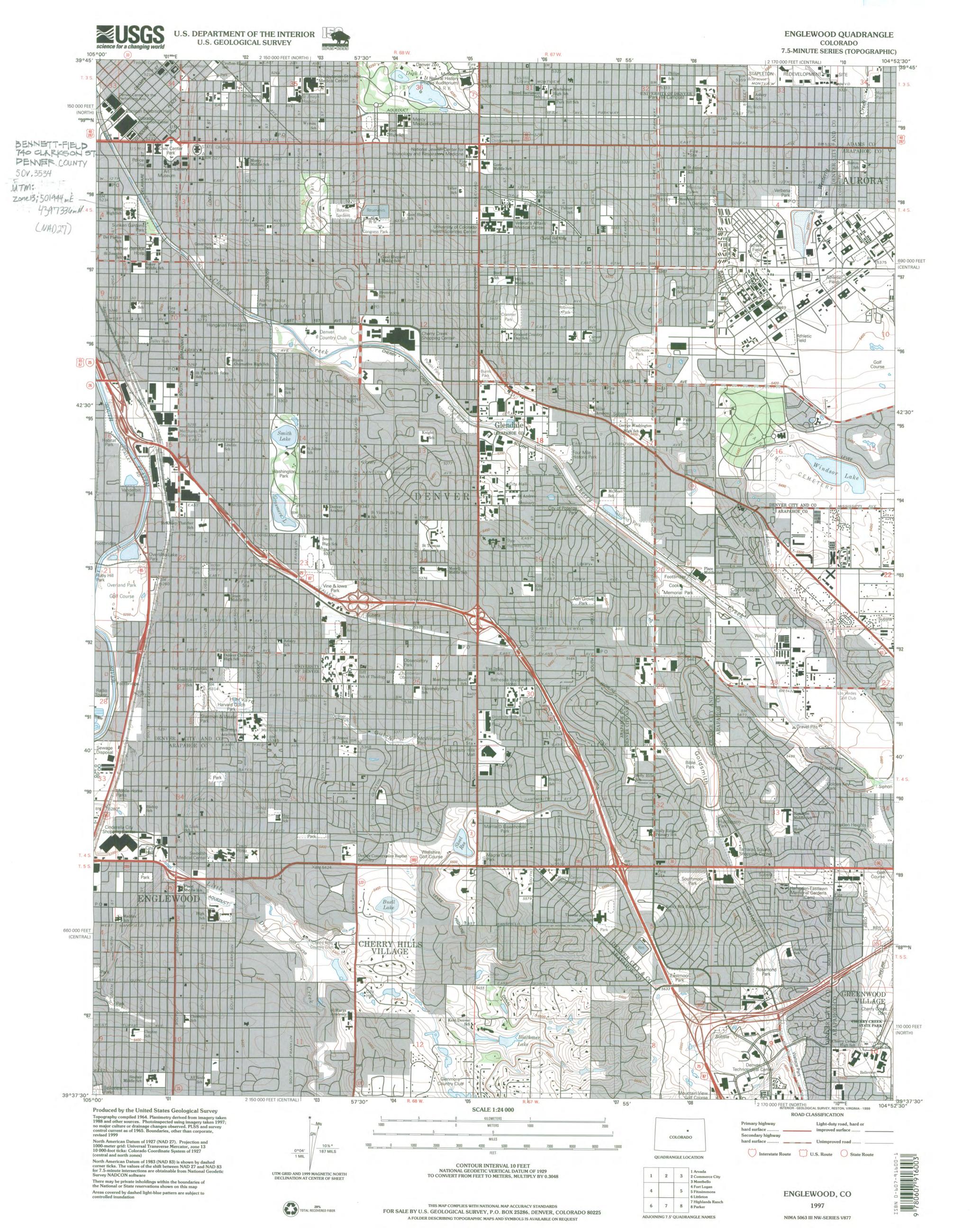


504.3534 Bennett-Field House Denver County, CO





Bennett-Field House Denver County, CO





May 17, 2010



Carol D. Shull Keeper of the National Register National Register of Historic Places 1201 Eye "I" Street, N.W. 8th Floor (MS 2280) Washington, D.C. 20005-5905

Dear Ms. Shull:

We are pleased to submit for your review the enclosed National Register of Historic Places nomination for the Bennett-Field House, Denver County, Colorado (5DV.3534).

The State Review Board reviewed the nomination at its meeting on May 7, 2010. The board voted unanimously to recommend to the State Historic Preservation Officer that the property met the criteria for listing in the National Register.

We look forward to the formal listing of this property. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Heather L. Bailey

Heather 2. Birly

National & State Register Historian

Office of Archaeology and Historic Preservation

History Colorado

(303) 866-4683

(303) 866-2041 (fax)

heather.bailey@chs.state.co.us

Enclosures Registration forms USGS map CDR Photographs