### United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received MAY 2.8 1986 date entered JUN 2.6 1986

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

## 1. Name

historic Johnson-Sullivant House N/A and or common 2 Location 209 South Wells Street street & number N/A not for publication city, town Kosciusko N/A vicinity of Mississippi 28 code Attala 7 state county code Classification 3. Category Ownership Status **Present Use** \_X\_ occupied district \_ public agriculture museum X private X building(s) unoccupied commercial . park \_\_\_ structure X private residence \_ both \_ work in progress educational \_\_\_\_ site **Public Acquisition** Accessible entertainment religious  $\underline{\mathbf{X}}$  yes: restricted \_ object \_ in process government scientific N/A being considered \_\_\_\_ yes: unrestricted industrial transportation no military other: 4, **Owner of Property** Dr. and Mrs. J. D. Neaves name 209 South Wells Street street & number Kosciusko  $\underline{N/A}$  vicinity of 39090 city, town state Mississippi Location of Legal Description 5. Office of the Chancery Clerk courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. West Washington Street street & number city, town Kosciusko state Mississippi **Representation in Existing Surveys** 6. N/A title has this property been determined eligible? \_yes \_<u>x</u>\_\_no date federal state \_ county \_\_\_\_ local depository for survey records

### 7. Description

Condition		Check one	
_X_excellent	deteriorated	unaltered	
good	ruins	X_altered	
fair	unexposed		

Check one \_X\_ original site \_\_\_ moved date \_\_\_\_

N/A\_\_\_\_

### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Johnson-Sullivant House, which faces east on the crest of a rising plot of land about 3/4 of an acre in size, is a late or transitional Greek Revival cottage believed to have been built ca. 1871. This house displays Greek Revival influence in form, plan and many details. Surrounded by an informal garden of large trees and low shrubs, this symmetrical, one-and-a-half story, three bay, frame house is set on a low brick foundation approached by a patterned brick path on a straight axis from the street.

Covering the original rectangular block with central hall plan, the moderately pitched side-gabled roof presents a facade of three gabled dormers. A porch extends across most of the front facade, its roof supported by four vernacular Greek Revival square columns. Scroll brackets are connected to either side of the columns just under the very slim entablature. A sawn balustrade encloses the porch.

The entrance is Greek Revival with a single-leaf four-panel door accompanied by a full transom and side lights paneled on the bottom half. The interior is distinguished by its over-all simplicity. The stairway of two flights with one landing dominates the entrance hall. Identical to the front entrance and still intact but nonfunctioning, a west entrance originally terminated the central hall beneath the stairs. During the first half of the twentieth century, propably ca. 1920 when the property exchanged ownership (Attala Co. MS. Chancery Clerk. Deed book 22, p. 492. Chancery Court, Kosciusko.) a modern bath was installed in this space, permanently closing the rear entrance. Two rooms to the right of this central hall serve as parlor and dining room, connected by French doors. Two bedrooms to the left are of equal size, and each of the four rooms has a corner fireplace. The dining room retains its Greek Revival mantle. Those in the parlor and the first floor bedrooms were apparently replaced with vernacular Queen Anne mantles at a later date. The Greek Revival mantles upstairs may have been moved from these rooms. All fireplaces were converted from wood to coal then to gas.

An addition (date unknown) of a kitchen wing and gallery forms an ell extending from the rear of the dining room across the width of the west elevation which was completely enclosed as a family room in 1983. Another major addition to the back elevation, jutting as a large dormer from the roof, is a second floor bathroom, part of the 1920 modernization.

All rooms have  $5\frac{1}{4}$ " pine floors where in the entrance hall traces of yellow buttermilk paint are still visible. The four- panel interior doors are set in simple enframement with beveled edges. Windows on the original structure are six-over-six double hung sash and still possess the original hinges for the shutters. Ceilings in the first floor rooms are 11 feet 6 inches. A Georgian-style denticulated molding was installed about 1965.

## 8. Significance

1700–1799 _X_ 1800–1899	agriculture	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlemen	Iandscape architecture Iaw Iterature Iterature Iterature military Iterature philosophy Iterature philosophy Iterature politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	Circa 1871	Builder/Architect un	known	

#### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Johnson-Sullivant House is architecturally important to the town of Kosciusko, Mississippi, as one of only two extant, relatively intact houses exhibiting the influence of the Greek Revival style (albeit with fanciful vernacular trimwork added) and one of the very few buildings which survive from the first fifty years of the town's existence.

Located on the Natchez Trace, an important early 19th century overland route connecting Natchez with Nashville, Kosciusko was established in 1833 as the seat of newly-formed Attala County, shortly after the area was opened for settlement. Very few buildings survive, however, from before the late 1880s and 1890s. Most of the surviving 19th century houses have the architectural character of the Victorian Queen Anne style.

The Johnson-Sullivant house is believed by local historians to have been built in 1871 as a wedding gift for H. P. Johnson, a local lawyer and newspaperman, and his wife Lucy, from her father, Judge H. H. Fultz. It was later owned by the Sullivant family.

Although it has undergone changes, enough remains of its original design for it to be a locally significant and locally rare example of residential architecture preceding the Victorian Queen Anne period.

# 9. Major Bibliographical References

Attala County Mississippi, Chancery Clerk. Deed book 22, p. 492. Chancery Court, Kosciusko.

Atlas of Mississippi, Edited by Ralph D. Cross & Robert W. Wales. University Press of Mississippi. Jackson, 1974. (continued on attached sheet)

## **10. Geographical Data**

Acreage of nominated property <u>less</u> than one ac	re			
Quadrangle name Kosciusko, Miss.		Quadrangle scale1:24,000		
UT M References				
A 116 2 517 81810 316 610 21710 Zone Easting Northing	B L L L L Zone Eastin	g Northing		
Verbal boundary description and justification				
See continuation sheet				
List all states and counties for properties overlage	pping state or county b	oundaries		
state N/A code	county	code		
state N/A code	county	code		
11. Form Prepared By				
name/title E. Pauline Morgan, consultant				
organization N/A	date Jar	nuary 7, 1986		
street & number 326 E. Jefferson Street	telephone	e 601-289-4464		
city or town Kosciusko	state Mis	ssissippi 39090		
<b>12. State Historic Prese</b>	rvation Offi	cer Certification		
The evaluated significance of this property within the sta	ate is:			
national stateX	Local			
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for 665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the	National Register and cer	servation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– tify that it has been evaluated		
State Historic Preservation Officer signature	th H. P.Por	L		
		date May 23, 1986		
		<b>Uale</b> Hay 25, 1960		
For NPS use only i hereby certify that this property is included in the	National Register			
1 Allores Fires	ersi ti ule	date 6-26-86		
Keeper of the National Register	<u></u>	······································		

Chief of Registration

Attest:

date

**United States Department of the Interior National Park Service** 

### **National Register of Historic Places Inventory**—Nomination Form

Johnson-Sullivant House,

Continuation sheet Kosciusko, Attala Co., Miss. Item number

#### 9. BIBLIOGRAPHY

Kosciusko-Attala History, Kosciusko-Attala Historical Society. Walsworth Publishing Company. 1976.

For NPS use only received date entered

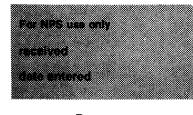
Page 1

9

**United States Department of the Interior** National Park Service

### National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Continuation sheet Johnson-Sullivant House Item number 10



Page

10. VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION AND JUSTIFICATION

Part of lot number 390 according to Mercer's Map and Plat of the City of Kosciusko dated 1900 and being more particularly described as beginning at the Southeast corner of aforesaid lot 390 and measure North along the western boundary of South Wells Street for 51.15 feet to the point of beginning, and from this POINT OF BEGINNING run thence N 88<sup>0</sup> 18'W for 90.80feet; thence run  $84^{\circ}45$ 'W for 32.30 feet; thence run S  $71^{\circ}25$ 'W for 49.00 feet; thence run S  $02^{\circ}09$ 'E for 32.17 feet; thence run N 88 56'W 81.31 feet; thence run North 78.50 feet; thence run West 16.30 feet; thence run North 78.50 feet; thence run West to a point on the western boundary of South Wells Street; thence run South along said western boundary 105.85 feet to the point of beginning and containing 0.73 acres, more or less.