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	Form 10-300 UNITED STATES DEPARTMEN (Rev. 6-72) NATIONAL PARK S					New Hampshire		
		NATIONAL REG INVENTOR	ISTER OF HIS Y - NOMINATI			Grafton FOR NPS US	EONLY	
		(Type all entries	- complete app	licable sectio		301 3 4	107.0	
	٦.	NAME						
X	k.	Swiftwater Cove	red Bridge			DECEN	1-11	
	*	Swiftwater Brid	ge	· •				
	2.	LOCATION			· · · ·	NATIO	1	<u></u>
		STREET AND NUMBER: Valley Road		· · · ·		REGIS	~ •/	
		Bath			Second			
		STATE		CODE	COUNTY:			
	-	New Hampshire (	03740	33	Grafto	n	009	
	3.	CLASSIFICATION					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
S Z		CATEGORY (Check One)		OWNERSHIP		STATUS	ACCESSIBLE	
1011		District Duilding Site X Structure Object	<ul> <li>Public</li> <li>Private</li> <li>Both</li> </ul>	Public Acqvisit		<ul> <li>Occupied</li> <li>Unoccupied</li> <li>Preservation work         <ul> <li>fn progress</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Yes: Restricted Yes: No	ŧ
U		PRESENT USE (Check One or M	l lore as Appropriate)				L	
TRU		Commercial Commercial Mi	overnment dustrial litary	] Park ] Private Reside ] Religious		] Transportation ] Other <i>(Specity)</i>	Comments	_
S		Entertainment Mu	seum	] Scientific				
Ζ	4.	OWNER OF PROPERTY		·····				
<u> </u>		Town of Bath, Ne	w Hampshir	'e				<sup>s</sup> NèW <sup>F</sup> Hampshi:
ш		Sefectmen 5 Offi N.H. 10	LCe					psh:
S		CITY OR TOWN:			STATE:		CODF	ire
	5.	Bath LOCATION OF LEGAL DESC	RIPTION		New H	ampshire 03	740 33	
	<b></b>	Grafton County F		Deeds				Gra
	SPREET ABD NUM208Grafton County CourthouseWoodsville, N.H. 03875N.H. 10, North Haverhill, NCITY OR TOWN:STATE						use 11, N.H. CODE	ifton
		North Haverhill		Ŧ	New H	ampshire 03	774 009	]





		(Check One)				
	🔲 Excellent	🗌 Good	Fair	Deteriorated	🗌 Ruins	Unexposed
CONDITION		(Check O	1e)		(Check One)	
ı	🔀 Alter	red	🔲 Unaltered	4	🔲 Moved	🕅 Original Site

Present Physical Appearance: The Swiftwater Bridge crosses the Wild Ammonoosuc River on one span at Swiftwater village of The bridge connects Valley Road, a town road, on the Bath. north and south banks of the river.

The bridge is of Paddleford truss design with an arch. The trussis made of twenty braced panels separated into groups of nine on the bridge's north end and eleven on the bridge's south end by an unbraced, narrower panel. Each group is arranged about its own center, moving northerly, the center of the group of eleven panels occurs at the post shared by the sixth and seventh panels, while that of the nine panel group occurs between the fourth and fifth panels, moving northerly from the center unbraced panel. Panels are framed by 9" x 9" posts into which braces  $(8\frac{1}{2}" \times 5")$  are notched, arranged about the centers described above. Counter-braces (7" x  $3\frac{\Gamma}{2}$ ") are wooden pinned to the inside faces of both posts and braces. The upper and lower chords are constructed of two sets of paired boards (each set with an overall size of 6" x  $9\frac{1}{2}$ "). Each set is separated from its opposite member by a space of  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " through which a notched part of each post passes and is pinned into place. The counterbraces pass between the two members of the inside set of each chord\_where they are notched and pinned into place.

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The truss is laterally braced by beams which extend across the roadbed and jointed and wooden pinned to the top of each post. These beams are cross braced to each other by diagonals, except for the bay which corresponds to the unbraced panel of the truss walls.

Set inside the truss, rising from the abutment faces are two laminated wooden arches, each of fourteen members iron bolted and bracketed together with a combined size of  $9\frac{1}{2}$ " x 35". Each arch has twelve iron suspension rods connecting to beams beneath the roadbed. Some of the iron bolts and especially the iron brackets near each abutment show signs of heavy corrosion, with a few of the brackets having corroded completely through.

The truss rests on timbers set on concrete footings at the top of each abutment. Both abutments are rectangular in shape constructed of some split granite and some irregular stones, laid up without mortar, with the exception of some new mortaring on the river face of each abutment. The bridge has an overall length of 173'8" with a roadbed of 158'2"; its overall width is  $20^{1}10\frac{1}{2}$ " with a roadbed of  $16^{1}6\frac{1}{2}$ "; the portals have a vertical clearance of 11'4" which is posted. The roadbed of the bridge is made up of a larger center section of planks laid diagonally to the direction of the road flanked on either side by planks laid in the direction of the road. The roof is covered in corrugated metal and is set on a frame of rafters rising from the tops of the posts to a ridgepole which is further supported by diagonals extending from the inside face of

Continued on Continuation Sheet 1

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### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

New Hampshire

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

## INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Continuation Sheet) 1.

New Hampshire				
COUNTY				
Grafton				
FOR NPS USE ONLY				
ENTRY NUMBER	DAT			
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(Number all entries)

7. DESCRIPTION, continued

<u>Present Physical Appearance, continued</u>: most posts to the rafters near their junction with the ridgepole. The north end of the bridge has charred roof supports with some char marks on a few of the posts, confined mainly to the north-west side. The exterior of the bridge is sheather in vertical boarding to an average height of eight feet above the roadbed, with one wind-ow in each of the two unbraced panels (one on either wall of the bridge). Both portals are covered in shingles, with some signs of damage to the south portal by a vehicle that was too high to pass. All exterior wood is weathered gray.

The bridge has been assigned the following numbers: 29-05-01 in the <u>World Guide to Covered Bridges</u> published by the National Society for the Preservation of Covered Bridges; 163-053 by the New Hampshire Department of Public Works and Highways; and 29 by the New Hampshire Department of Resources and Economic Development.

Original Physical Appearance: The bridge was originally constructed without arches<sup>1</sup>; when this alteration was made is not known.

<sup>1</sup>Richard Sanders Allen, <u>Covered Bridges of the Northeast</u> (Brattleboro: The Stephen Greene Press, 1957), p. 108.



PERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)	ł	
Pre-Columbian	🔲 16th Century	18th Century	20th Century
- 15th Century	17th Century	🔀 19th Century	
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (Il Applicat	le and Known) 1849		
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Ch	eck One or More as Appropria	ate)	•
Abor iginal ·	Education	Political	🔲 Urban Planning
Prehistoric	🕅 Engineering	— 🔲 Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)
🔲 Historic	🔲 Industry	. losophy	
🗋 Agriculture	Invention	Science	
Architecture	🔲 Landscape	Sculpture	
Art	Architecture	Social/Human-	
Commerce	Literature	itarian	
Communications	Military	Theater	
Conservation	Music	X Transportation	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Engineering: The present Swiftwater Bridge at Swiftwater village is the fourth bridge to cross the Wild Ammonoosuc River at this site. The first bridge was built in 1810 and carried away by a flood in 1818; it was replaced in 1818 by a bridge that was destroyed by flood in 1828. This bridge was replace in 1829, with this replacement remaining on the site until 1849 at which time it was dismantled and replaced by the current bridge.<sup>1</sup>

Little mention is made of this bridge in the town meeting records at the time of its construction, for this reason it would seem likely that supervision of its construction fell to the town surveyors of highways and bridges who were Joseph Fifield and John H. Carbee<sup>2</sup> at the time. Both men had had a hand in the construction of the Bath Covered Bridge at Bath Village in 1831-32.

The bridge is constructed in an unpatented truss design, developped by Peter Paddleford of Littleton, New Hampshire. The truss was spread by Paddleford and his assistants, making some connection between the Swiftwater Bridge and members of Paddleford's group likely.

<u>Transportation</u>: At the time of the bridge's construction, it served a logging community that had developped at Swiftwater village<sup>5</sup>. The bridge has a tradition of having survived many log jams, one of which is said to have been cleared by dynamite with many of the logs landing on the roof of the bridge without destroying the structure<sup>6</sup>.

Since its construction, the bridge has been maintained solely by the town of Bath without the use of state aid money? The bridge remains in use by a small residential population with a load limit of six tons.

<sup>1</sup>David Sutherland, <u>Address Delivered to the Inhabitants of Bath</u> (Boston: George C. Rand & Avery, 1855), p. 73.

<sup>2</sup>Town Clerk's Records, Selectmen's Office, Bath, New Hampshire, Vol 5, p. 165.

<sup>3</sup>Ibid., Vol. 4, pp. 188,215,261.

Continued on Continuation Sheet 2

MAJOR BIE	LIOGRAPHICAL RE	EFERENCES					
Allen,	ary Sources: Richard San pro: Stephen	ders. <u>Cov</u> Greene P	ered ress	B	<u>ridges of the No</u> 1957. pp. 42, 10	<u>rtheast</u> . H 8.	Brattle
Suther1 Bo	land, David. oston: Georg	Address e C. Rand	Del: & Av	<u>lv</u> 7e	<u>ered to the Inha</u> ry, 1855. p. 73.	bitants of	<u>Bath</u> .
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(July	1969)

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

STATE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

## INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Continuation Sheet) 2.

New Hampshire					
COUNTY					
Grafton					
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ENTRY NUMBER	DATE				

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(Number all entries)

8. SIGNIFICANCE, continued

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<sup>4</sup>Richard Sanders Allen, <u>Covered Bridges of the Northeast</u> (Brattleboro: Stephen Greene Press, 1957), p. 42.

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<sup>6</sup>Statement by Edwin Chamberlain, selectman of Bath, New Hamp-shire, personal interview, Bath, New Hampshire, June 1, 1974.
<sup>7</sup>Statement by Floyd Avery, secondary roads engineer, personal interview, Concord, New Hampshire, June 11, 1974.



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Form 10-300a (July 1969)	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE	New Hampshire
	NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES	COUNTY
	INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM	Grafton
		FOR NPS USE ONLY
	(Continuation Sheet) 3.	ENTRY NUMBER DATE
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9. MAJOR	BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES, continu	led
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	Floyd. Personal interview. Conco June 11, 1974.	ord, New Hampshire,
Chambe	erlain, Edwin. Personal interview.	Bath, New Hampshire,
J	June 1, 1974.	
Town C	Clerk's Records, Selectmen's Office,	Bath, New Hampshire,
V	Vol. 4, pp. 188,215,261; Vol. 5, p.	165.
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# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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CONTINUATION SHEET	ITEM NUMBER	10.	PAGE	4.
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- 10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA, continued
- 10.2 UTM References
  - Zone Easting Northing
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