United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



1. Name of Property			
historic name Churchill Weavers, Inc.	4/7		
other names/site number MA-B-79			
2. Location			
street & number 100 Churchill Drive		NA	not for publication
city or town Berea	30	NA	vicinity
state Kentucky code KY county Madis	on code 151	zip cod	e 40403
3. State/Federal Agency Certification			
As the designated authority under the National Historic Preset I hereby certify that this _X_ nomination request for det for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Frequirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property _X_ meets does not meet to be considered significant at the following level(s) of significant	ermination of eligibility meets Places and meets the proced the National Register Criteria.	ural and	professional
national statewide _X_local	ice.		
Cay to po	11-5-13	-	
Signature of certifying official/Title Craig Potts/SHPO	Date		
Kentucky Heritage Council/State Historic Preservation (State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government	Office		
In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Reg	ister criteria.		
Signature of commenting official	Date		
Title State or	Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Go	overnment	
4. National Park Service Certification			
I hereby certify that this property is:			
entered in the National Register	determined eligible for the N	ational Re	gister
determined not eligible for the National Register	removed from the National R	tegister	
other (exprain:)	1-8-2014		
Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action		

(Expires 5/31/2012)

Churchill Weavers, Inc. Name of Property	II.	Madison County, KY County and State			
5. Classification					
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply.) Category of Property (Check only one box.)		Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)			
x private public - Local public - State public - Federal	x building(s) district site structure object	2 2	Noncontributing 0	buildings district site structure object Total	
Name of related multiple proj (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a	perty listing multiple property listing)		tributing resource tional Register	s previously	
NA			0		
6. Function or Use					
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions.)		Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions.)			
Industry: Manufacturing Facility		Work in progres	SS		
7. Description					
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions.)		Materials (Enter categories fr	om instructions.)		
Other: Early 20 th Century Indust	trial Building	foundation: C walls: Brick, A	oncrete/Slate		
		wans. Dilek, A	10000100		
		roof: Asphalt	, Aluminum, Plastic		
		other: Brick, P	lywood, Stone, Iron,	Glass	

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Narrative Description

Summary Paragraph

The Churchill Weaver factory building (MA-B-79) is located at 100 Churchill Drive, built in 1922, and used as a loom house located on the outskirts of Berea, Kentucky. The Churchill building sits on 3.5 acres of property. The building is located on the south side of Lorraine Court with the front entrance to the building facing north. The Berea Country Club and Golf Course now back up to the south side of the property line. There is a residential area to the immediate east, west, and north. The area proposed for listing is 3.5 acres, and contains 2 contributing buildings.

Ownership and Use of Site

Previous to 1922, the property was the Eversole farm.

David Carroll Churchill and his wife Eleanor Churchill built the original loom house for Churchill Weavers in 1922 when they made the decision to build a hand-weaving industrial plant.

As the business grew, additions were made to the building. The original building was used as a loom house. A gift shop for Churchill Weavers product line was originally located two blocks from the loom house on what was at that time a major highway. Two more wings were soon added to house more looms between the years of 1922 and 1930. The downstairs of the building was used as a wood working shop, boiler room, break room, and storage for the finished product line. The main level was used as a loom house and the upstairs used for office space. The gift shop was added to the front of the original building in 1954 to sell Churchill Weavers product line as well as crafts made by artisans from around the country.

D. C. Churchill retired from 45 years of serving as president of Churchill Weavers at the age of 93. He was voted honorary chairman and his wife Eleanor took over as president. D. C. Churchill died in 1969 at the age of 96. Eleanor continued to run Churchill Weavers alone until 1973. Eleanor wanted the legacy of Churchill Weavers to continue, choosing Lila and Richard Bellando as her successors. The Bellandos took out a loan to purchase 100 percent of Churchill Weavers stock over a 20 year period.

Churchill Weavers was sold to Crown Crafts of Atlanta Georgia in 1996 by the Bellandos. The agreement was made with Crown Crafts that the company would still be operated by Lila and Richard Bellando. The Bellandos made the decision to sell the company to Crown Crafts in order for their employees to receive benefits that they could not offer them. With this agreement also came corporate expertise and additional resources for production. The business continued to grow and in 2003, a concrete building was constructed on the back west side of the building to house yarn and could be used as a loading dock.

Churchill Weavers permanently closed its doors in 2007. Churchill's could no longer compete with the prices and it was cheaper for other companies to ship woven garments to the United States to be sold. The Churchill building sat empty from 2007 until 2013, when Bill and Mary Ann West bought the building from Crown Crafts.

Description of Site

The nominated site consists of 2 buildings, the large multi-function factory and a separate building originally used as a wood shop. The buildings are oriented roughly northwest-to-southeast; for

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simplicity, the front of the building will be referred to as North. The main factory building has a blacktop driveway and parking lot on its west side as well as a partial blacktop and gravel drive on the east side. The workshop sits west of the larger building, at the western edge of the asphalt, surrounded on its north, south, and west by grass. The land is mostly level, and the complex is immediately surrounded by grass, dotted by large trees, giving the larger property a rural setting. A water tower once stood outside the factory, to supply the building's sprinkler system, for fire protection. That feature made the property the first in Berea with such protection. The tower was removed in 1990 or 1991.

Exterior Description of Main Factory Building

The principal building on site was constructed in 5 large portions from 1922-1940, presumably with the first portions at the north and additions stretching to the south. A sixth portion was added at the southern end in 2003; its rough masonry walls, largely devoid of windows, make it very distinct from the other portions. All historic portions of the buildings have rows of metal framed windows that are typical of industrial plants. The historic windows tilt outward to open for ventilation. Each portion, from front to back, will be described.

The most northerly portion is the gift shop. It has a T-plan and a concrete block foundation. It opens to the north(west) with a pair of 12-light doors. On either side of the door is a large multi-light display window. Each window has fixed divided lights, one in a 9-over-4 light configuration, the other in 10-over-4 lights. Inverted board-and-batten wood siding covers the front façade. The front wall terminates in a gable roof. The gift shop has a concrete and block foundation. A shed porch roof covers the entrance and the eastern half of the front. A short wall of coursed mortared stone defines the porch floor. Five square wood posts hold up the porch roof. The porch curves slightly at the northeast corner. The wing, which makes the T- of the plan, lacks any windows. The west wall has been re-faced in concrete, and is without windows. Given the picture windows, the modern wood siding, and the refacing of the west side, this portion of the building no longer appears historic.

The second portion in line is also used as a gift shop. The portion has a squarish plan, but a complex roof organization. The roof is split into two halves from front to back; the western half has a gable that runs north-south; the eastern half has a gable running east-west. Shingles cover the roof and asbestos siding covers the exposed walls, on the east and west sides. The west side has few small windows, and those are on the second floor. The east side has a variety of multi-light windows that light the basement, main, and second floor levels; these windows are grouped randomly, not in any pattern of bays. The foundation is concrete block. Windows also light the north side's second floor.

The third portion is the loom house. It provides storage for finished goods, a break room, and has a boiler room in its basement. It has a rectangular plan and its roof extends in 3 parallel gables running north-south. The building is lit by wide expanses of glass. The east and west walls are organized into 4 bays, with wide expanses of glass between substantial brick piers. A typical unit of windows consists of a six gangs of 12 windows (each window in a 4-over-3 fixed-light arrangement), with the gang grouped three wide and one on top of the other. Each side consists of 8 of these window units, four per floor, though the upper floor's window openings are somewhat larger than the ground level's window groupings.

The fourth portion is also a loom house. D.C. Churchill's office is in the basement, as is a loading bay. This portion has a rectangular plan, wider from east-west, which is the direction the gable roof's

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ridge runs. This portion is two stories tall, and spans 6 structural bays in length. The walls are covered with asbestos shingle siding. A window grouping consists in multiple banks of 6-light sashes. The second floor windows consist of a bank of 12 windows (4 tall, 3 wide) and the first floor window openings are a bank of 9 windows (3 tall, 3 wide). The main access door of this side is on its north face. Its back (south) side is covered by the final two portions.

The fifth portion functions as a loom house on its upper level, a wood workshop on the ground floor for making looms, a boiler room and engine room that operated the entire wood workshop. This portion has a gently-sloped gable roof running north-south, and its walls are covered with asbestos shingles on its upper two floors. This long portion stretches 6 bays north-south and 3 bays wide. A second floor entry is on the rear side, up a stairway. The portion is well lit by numerous banks of windows. A typical window opening contains multiple banks of 6-light sashes. The second-floor and third-floor windows consist of a bank of 12 windows (3 tall, 4 wide); the first floor, which is partially underground, has fixed pane windows. The ground floor shows a mixture of concrete block and asbestos shingle siding. Several pedestrian and double doors punctuate the eastern side. A brick chimney also bisects the east side into pairs of 3 bays.

The sixth portion was constructed in 2003 to provide yarn storage. In plan and profile, it matches the fifth portion, which it sits beside. The sixth portion is a rectangular mass of +concrete block construction, with a gable roof whose ridge runs north-south. Few openings punctuate its west side. The most prominent are two drive-in garage-type doors on the west side, one on the ground floor and another to the floor above that. Both of those doors are at grade, as the grade slopes away toward the back of the building. One very small window (6-over-6 light) occurs on the upper floor of the south side, below the gable, and beside it, a louvered vent opening of similar size.

Interior Description of Primary Building

The interior of the original building has exposed metal beams going across the ceiling on the main floor to support the roof as it is a very large and open room, typical of an industrial building. The walls show brick with exposed metal piping once used for heating the building. A boiler room is located in the basement, which sent steam up through the pipes to heat the work space. Two dumb waiters serve the basement and main working floor; they are still in working condition. The building's upper level allowed for the viewing of the weavers as they worked.

The main and upstairs floors have pine hardwood flooring. There are four staircases located in the original building encased in wood. Two staircases lead to the basement and two staircases lead to the upstairs that was once used as office space. The upstairs walls are wood frame with wood paneling and interior vinyl siding panels. There is another set of stairs that leads to the attic that has also been framed with wood and contains some wood paneling. There is little flooring in the attic: the wood beams are exposed. Each room contains multiple windows that can be opened outward for ventilation. Several of the windows are currently missing panes of glass that have been broken due to the lack of building maintenance during the vacancy of the Churchill Building. The basement has concrete block walls and concrete flooring.

The first south wing referred to as portion 4, has brick interior walls on the main floor and hardwood floors. Wood beams are exposed in its high ceiling. Like the original building, it is also a large open room typical of an industrial building. The walls again have exposed piping for what was once used to heat the building. There is a bathroom located on the west side of the wing. The set of stairs

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going to the basement is cased in wood. The basement walls are wood and asbestos and the floor is concrete. Both floors offer many windows that can be opened for ventilation. Some are missing panes of glass.

The second south wing referred to as portion 5, consists of hardwood floors on the main floor and exposed wood beams to support the roof. The walls are wood frame with pressed wood panels. It again is a large open room consistent with industrial buildings. There are two staircases leading to the basement from this room. The first staircase has wooden hand rails on one side and an exterior wall on the other. The second staircase is encased in a wood frame. The down stairs has wood slats on its walls and a concrete floor.

Changes to the property since the Period of Significance

The pinewood floors on the main floor of the loom houses have been painted and yellow lines added to mark the path for visitors to travel while touring Churchill Weavers. The downstairs floors have also been painted and yellow lines added for the same reason. When the business became successful, the gift shop was extended eastwardly to add more retail space.

The most significant change was the final wing added referred to as portion 6, to the building in 2003 constructed of a block foundation. It has exterior walls made of concrete block and metal. The interior walls consist of concrete block and metal on the main level as well as the downstairs area. Both floors are concrete. There is an industrial elevator located in this part of the building to transfer materials between the two floors. A loading dock is also located on the west side of this wing as well as several exterior doors. There is only one window that is located in a small office on the main floor of the building.

Description of Contributing Building

The former wood workshop stands at the west side of the parking lot, referred to as portion 7. It is a wood frame and vinyl sided structure with a concrete pad floor. It was built sometime after World War II. There was once a loft inside the building that could be used for storage. The loft has since been torn down by the current owners due to safety concerns. There is a large barn-style door on the south side of the building as well an entrance on the east side of the building. Eight windows—2 groups of four—also line the east side wall. The building is sound with cosmetic faults due to a lack of maintenance. Churchill planned to make furniture and other crafts in the structure, but the venture did not succeed, so the equipment was moved to the basement of the primary building. The building was later used for power looms that were added to make baby blankets. The blankets were made from a patented pattern and sold under a different name. The baby blankets from the power loom were not successful and the building was then converted to storage.

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Name of Property County and State 8. Statement of Significance Applicable National Register Criteria Areas of Significance (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property (Enter categories from instructions.) for National Register listing.) Invention Property is associated with events that have made a Industry significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history. В Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past. Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high Period of Significance artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack 1922-1967 individual distinction. Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history. Significant Dates 1922, 1930, 1967 Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.) Significant Person Property is: (Complete only if Criterion B is marked above.) David Carroll Churchill Owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes. Cultural Affiliation removed from its original location. N/A a birthplace or grave. a cemetery. Architect/Builder E a reconstructed building, object, or structure. a commemorative property. less than 50 years old or achieving significance

Period of Significance: This nomination follows the National Register convention for a property meeting Criterion A: the Period of Significance, 1922-1967, marks the time during which the property is important within its historic context. The period in which the Churchill Weavers building was significant extends a few years beyond the 50 year threshold. The company continued to contribute to the craft industry of Berea, shipping its hand woven product line until 2007 when Churchill Weavers closed its doors.

Criteria Considerations: NA

within the past 50 years.

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Statement of Significance

Summary Paragraph

The Churchill Weavers building (MA-B-79) meets both National Register Criteria A and B. The Churchill Weavers building meets National Register Criterion A for its significant association with the arts and crafts industry of Berea, Kentucky. It was the first industrial plant not associated with the college, bringing much needed jobs to the mountain area. Churchill Weavers employed 50 to 150 people at a time. Churchill weavers was founded by David Carroll Churchill and his wife Eleanor in 1922 when they decided to develop the hand-weaving craft already active in the mountain region. The company started after the engineering of a new fly-shuttle loom by D.C. Churchill himself. The Churchill Weavers industry thrived and additional loom houses had to be added to keep up with the demand for its product line. Churchill Weavers was in business from 1922 until it closed its doors in 2007. The property meets Criterion B for Churchill's significance in the area of invention. He applied engineering skills to the mechanical process of weaving, a tradition-bound craft. Churchill constructed better and more efficient hand looms while working as a missionary in India, years before he founded Churchill Weavers (Chamberlain, pg. 80). He offered these skills to improve the lives of people in India, then found an area in the United States to do the same, again, innovating the production of traditional fabrics. While his engineering aptitude served the business, his inventions also had applications in the aeronautical field. He invented, among other things, the first retractable landing gear used by the army in World War I (Chamberlain, pg. 86), as well as wing covers to help keep planes from being grounded due to ice during World War II (The Churchill Chronicle, pg. 7 and Chamberlain pg. 90). His work even skirted the space age, with an invitation to develop anti-thermal coveralls to be worn under pressurized high altitude suits by the first astronauts (The Churchill Chronicle pg. 11). The fabric, made of glass and rayon, was made at Churchill Weavers and is currently archived at the Kentucky Historical Society with other Churchill Weavers items. From helping villagers weave fabric in British-colonial India, to his assistance of the US Government's nascent efforts to send men into space, few have had D.C. Churchill's remarkable range of experience.

Historic Context: Craft Productions in Berea, Kentucky 1900-1960

Berea College crafts is the most significant craft business in the area in comparison to Churchill Weavers. Berea College began with student workers making crafts in lieu of paying tuition. Since 1893, Berea College has thrived in the craft department. The craft department has provided national and international sales and marketing of student-produced items such as wood, weaving, jewelry, blacksmithing, ceramics, broom making, and needle craft (www.berea.edu).

Berea's "Fireside Industries" first began in 1883 followed by the "Homespun Fair" in 1896 giving Berea College the lead in the Appalachian craft revival for several years to come. Berea College's weaving and marketing department became the full time job of the Dean of Women, Miss Josephine Robinson, by 1899. A Berea coverlet won the gold medal at a Paris Exhibition in 1900. Sales of Berea College crafts reached \$1,500 a year by 1903. In 1911, a swede named Anna Ernberg came to Berea College to develop Fireside Weavers and help raise funds for the Log House Craft Gallery as well as the Sunshine Ballard Cottage which continues to house the weaving department at Berea College (www.berea.edu).

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With the opening of Churchill Weavers, came competition for the college's weaving industry. Churchill Weavers was the first non-college industry in Berea and recognized as the first company to mass produce hand-woven products both nationally and internationally. The college viewed Churchill Weavers as major competition. As expected, Churchill Weavers was viewed as a "factory" and their products not authentic hand weaving due to the use of the fly-shuttle loom. In her final report to the College's president in 1926, Anna Ernberg wrote: "One comparison will show the difference in cost of production. We (Berea College and Churchill Weavers) are both weaving the kinds of scarfs and shawls that women wear these days. On the Churchill looms a girl can make 40 to 50 in a day and she is paid 10 cents apiece. One of our girls can make no more than one in two hours and it is only after a good deal of training that she can do it nice and evenly. She is paid 14 cents to 15 cents per hour. Their scarfs are as a rule, more scanty than ours, but they sell them at as good a price as we ask and claim them to be handwoven." (Alvic)

The criticism of their products caused Churchill Weavers to change their marketing strategies and hurt D.C.'s pride. Churchill Weavers changed their brochure to include a detailed explanation of the weaving process as well as opening the building to tours. The loom room was open to the public to watch the work being done. Until this time, D.C. would not allow others to see his innovations for the fly-shuttle loom. The public was now allowed to view warp preparation, weaving, and fabric finishing.

Weaving centers were started in remote places of the Appalachian Mountains as a way to help women earn money during the early 20th century. Most hand weaving businesses such as the weaving department at Berea College and the weaving centers of Appalachia relied on a plain weave because it is the easiest and quickest weave structure. The design elements consist mostly of interesting yarns and pretty colors. While Churchill Weavers used a plain weave in several of their items, they also used a variety of other more complicated weave structures. Many sought out Churchill Weavers with special requests for a specific design because of the adaptability of the company. This is especially true with regards to the fabric woven for the first astronauts' suits as well as the material used in a major installation piece by the artist Gerhardt Knodel (Alvic).

The Appalachian Mountain weaving centers sold their items through a women's network. In 1928 the Churchill Weavers "Trade Price List" priced scarves from \$1.50 to \$2.40. With standard mark-up for retail, the scarves would sell for \$3.00 to \$4.80. Scarves from the weaving centers sold through the Southern Highland Handicraft Guild sold for \$.60 to \$3.00. It was asserted that Churchill Weavers sold items for less than the mountain weaving centers. Baby blankets produced by the mountain weaving centers in 1933 were sold from \$5.00 to \$8.50. Churchill Weavers was retailing a plain baby blanket at the same time for \$2.75. Their large more elaborate blankets cost as much as \$7.75. Blankets with an embroidered design retailed for \$10.00 (Alvic).

The difference in the success of Churchill Weavers versus the Appalachian Mountain weaving centers and even Berea College is the very aggressive marketing strategy by Churchill Weavers. Eleanor Churchill would load a suitcase filled with her weaving and visit department store buyers in big cities. Unlike the other weavers from the mountain region the Churchill's understood the difference between wholesale pricing and retail pricing. D.C. included with his pricing expenses and profit for wholesale prices, allowing standard mark-up for retail. This allowed marketing to

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department stores and gift shops feasible. The opening of the on-site Churchill Weavers gift shop led to the opening of direct sales stores in Detroit, Chicago, Los Angeles, and New York (Alvic).

History of David Carroll Churchill and Churchill Weavers

Early Years

David Carroll Churchill gained much of his early knowledge from his father, Charles Henry Churchill. As a boy growing up in Oberlin, Ohio and whose father was a well-known intellectual and professor at Oberlin College, David proved to be a curious boy. Much of his boyhood was spent in his father's laboratory aiding his father or tinkering on his own projects. His father, a professor of many subjects at Oberlin College had been named the "Professor of Everything," where he taught subjects from language, physics, mathematics, engineering, music and more. It is evident that with such an intelligent life-long tutor and mentor, D.C. Churchill would be poised to be a brilliant man in his own right. (Chamberlain pg. 24 & 74)

Education and Work at Westinghouse

David Carroll Churchill was born in 1873 and enjoyed tinkering with mechanics ever since he was big enough to do so. In 1899, he graduated from MIT and began work for Westinghouse in 1900 where he first engineered a special wrench to be used for work on gas engines that would be sold to hotels to create electricity when unreliable public power failed. The engineering of the special wrench by Churchill earned him recognition from his employer. Next he helped create a marine-type steam engine to run the New York City subways. These were the first engines to be made from solid steel instead of iron. (Chamberlain pg. 78)

India

D. C. Churchill was interviewed by Rev. Edward Fairbanks, who was exploring ways to solve the economic problem of famine in India. Alice Harding, a missionary with Fairbanks, recommended Churchill, a former classmate. Ms. Harding and Churchill fell in love while attending school, but Alice returned to India after graduation. Churchill answered the call to serve as a missionary in India, marrying Alice Harding on October 3, 1901 while there. As a missionary, D. C. Churchill took over an unused machine shop to train his students at the Sir D. M. Pettit School in Ahmednagar, India. He taught students practical engineering classes (The Churchill Chronicle, pg 3).

During his study of the Indian culture, he found hand-weaving to be the largest industry, after agriculture. The old-fashioned hand looms used by the weavers of India, however, were much less efficient than power looms. Churchill went to the homes to study how the looms were being used by the people of India, analyzing the way the work was completed. He noted a great deal of time was lost due to the breakdown of the loom, and poor processing also slowed down production. The design and function of the loom had hardly been changed since ancient time. He began to closely analyze the loom itself and started working on ways to improve its features. It took him three years to engineer a new loom. He applied Newton's principles of mass and motion to minimize the effects of friction and weight during the loom operation (Chamberlain pg. 81).

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Churchill was able to create the fastest hand loom operating in India. His new loom was demonstrated at an Industrial Exhibit in Bombay in 1904 by the Indian National Congress. He received a gold medal for winning first place in an open competition. The medal is now in the archives of Churchill Weavers with the Kentucky Historical Society. Before leaving India in 1910 on furlough for America, Churchill had founded the American Deccan Institute that contained a hand-weaving shop, carpenter shop, machine shop, blacksmithing and other trades. During World War I, Churchill's American Deccan Institute shop was turned into a munitions factory, charged with making 84,000 mule shackles for General Allenby's Mesopotamia Campaign (Chamberlain pg. 85).

By 1911, Churchill had returned to India and had engineered a new type of loom that could weave up to the speed of a power loom. The new loom allowed 36 people to do the work that formerly required 200 people. The loom was capable of producing 1,000 yards of Gandhi cloth a day. He then introduced a loom with replaceable parts such as new heddles, new reeds, and new shuttles (Chamberlain pg. 84).

Churchill's wife, Alice, died in India in April of 1912. On May 5, 1914, D. C. Churchill had married another missionary teacher in India, Anna Eleanor Franzen. Eleanor was the director of a boy's school (Alvic: 8). In 1917, Churchill returned to America, his sons Alfred and Charles, ready for high school.

Return to America

Upon the return of the Churchills to America, D.C. soon took the position of consulting and aviation engineer at the Garford Manufacturing Company in Elyria, Ohio. His first accomplishment at the Garford plant was the improvement in stabilizers for airplanes (Chamberlain pg. 86). While there, DC also constructed the first satisfactory retractable landing gear for the Kitten III, a World War I biplane that has been preserved at the Smithsonian Institution in Washington. The plane was designed to be an altitude fighter by Captain James V. Martin.

The move to Berea College, KY

In 1920, Churchill left Garford after being invited to Berea College by Dr. William J. Hutchins- a childhood next-door neighbor- who wanted him to start a "Little MIT" for the mountain region. D. C. Churchill agreed to move his family to Kentucky, which would become their permanent home. He took the position as chair of the Physics Department, developing new mechanics courses. It was decided Berea College was not ready for the broad development of the Physics Department. At the end of the 1921-1922 school year, he resigned (The Churchill Chronicle pg. 40).

The founding of Churchill Weavers

Churchill and Eleanor decided to further develop the hand-weaving craft already in the mountain region, hoping to produce fine hand-woven fabrics. Churchill went to work in Berea College's carpenter shop crafting a new fly-shuttle loom. Eleanor became fascinated by weaving. She learned the complete process—setting up the warp, laying out the design, choosing the yarns, colors, and finishes. The Churchills soon discovered they could easily sell their products. A friend of Eleanor's urged the couple to send woven articles north for consignment. They discovered a market for their woven products (Chamberlain pg. 89).

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Eleanor originally set up one of the looms at the Boone Tavern Hotel in Berea (National Register 1996, NRIS 95001527). In a third floor room of the hotel is where she first started designing patterns that would eventually become the product line for Churchill Weavers. D.C. and Eleanor made the decision to build a hand-weaving industrial plant from the ground up. Once the loom house was built, Eleanor was the marketing manager and designer. D.C. supervised production and built the looms. As product manager, Eleanor was able to sell the Churchill Weavers product line to department stores in larger cities—quite a feat for an industrial plant in Berea.

The Churchills trained warpers, winders, finishers, menders, inspectors, loom supervisors, carpenters, mechanics, and weavers. With the starting of the industrial plant, the Churchills were able to bring much-needed jobs to the town of Berea, employing 50 to 150 people. D. C. Churchill continued to make improvements to the fly-shuttle loom for the remainder of his life. The loom itself has been recognized as the best hand loom in existence (Chamberlain pg. 89).

During the first three years of operation, Churchill Weavers reached sales of \$17,000, \$35,000, and \$50,000. Within the first 25 years, Churchill Weavers was grossing over \$500,000 a year. When the operation first began, other hand-weavers would copy traditional patterns. Eleanor Churchill's patterns were original designs that combined colors and textures in new ways (Chamberlain pg. 89).

World War II Efforts and the Invention of Wing Covers

At the age of 72, Churchill once again helped in the war efforts—this time in World War II. In July 1945, he left Berea for Detroit, but didn't make it past Wright Field, in Dayton Ohio, where he applied for a job. He was hired due to his knowledge of physics and textiles. His task was to produce an efficient wing cover. Planes were being grounded at the time in the Aleutians due to ice on the wings. Churchill was able to solve the problem of the covers fitting tightly to the wing. He also developed a quick release system on the underside of the wing, so the cover could be pulled tight. A rope was then left to dangle that could be jerked, allowing the quick release attachments to open within ten seconds. The propellers were then able to blow the wing covers off. The covers could be put on the wings and fastened in twelve minutes by only two men. Churchill spent three years at Wright Field in Dayton, working as a civilian research engineer. During this time, he spent a few weeks in Alaska to test his wing covers under Arctic conditions (Chamberlain pg. 90 and The Churchill Chronicle pg. 7)

Answering the call for space suits

In 1960, Churchill worked on the development of anti-thermal coveralls, worn under a pressurized high altitude suit by the first astronauts. B. F. Goodrich approached Churchill about producing the fabric that would be made of glass and rayon (The Churchill Chronicle pg. 11). The anti-thermal coveralls made by Churchill Weavers are now preserved at the Kentucky Historical Society.

The retirement of D. C. Churchill

D.C. Churchill retired in 1967, after 45 years as president from Churchill Weavers. He was then 93. Upon his retirement, he was voted honorary chairman and his wife Eleanor took over as president. During his 45 years as president of Churchill Weavers, the company has seen many major accomplishments. One such accomplishment was seat covers woven by the weavers of Churchill in 1935 that were used at the Toledo Museum of Art (The Churchill Chronicle pg. 11). In 1969,

(Expires 5/31/2012)

Churchill Weavers, Inc.

Name of Property

Madison County, KY
County and State

Churchill passed away at the age of 96. Eleanor continued to run Churchill Weavers alone until 1973.

The Bellandos take over Churchill Weavers

Eleanor Churchill chose Lila and Richard Bellando as her successors. The Bellandos worked hard to continue the tradition of Churchill Weavers. It became a tourist destination for visitors to Berea. Products crafted in the loom house of Churchill Weavers were shipped all over the world.

Crown Crafts buys Churchill Weavers

Churchill Weavers was sold to Crown Crafts of Atlanta Georgia in 1996 by the Bellandos. The agreement was made with Crown Crafts that the company would still be operated by Lila and Richard Bellando. The Bellandos made the decision to sell the company to Crown Crafts in order for their employees to receive benefits that they could not offer them. With this agreement also came corporate expertise and additional resources for production. Churchill Weavers permanently closed its doors in 2007, unable to compete with foreign producers (The Churchill Chronicle pg. 16). The Churchill building remained empty from 2007 until 2013, when Bill and Mary Ann West bought the building from Crown Crafts.

Evaluation of Significance of Churchill Weavers within the context

Among its many achievements was seat covers woven by the weavers of Churchill in 1935 that were used at the Toledo Museum of Art (The Churchill Chronicle pg. 11). The most recent well known achievement of Churchill Weavers is their work with Gerhardt Knodel, a world renowned fiber designer, for an eight-story high fiber piece called "Free Fall" used as a focal point in the Renaissance Center of Detroit, Michigan in 1977 (The Churchill Chronicle pg. 14). A few awards won by Churchill Weavers in the years preceding its closure include the prestigious ARTS Award for Manufacturer of the Year in home textiles in 1998. Churchill Weavers won the Portman TOP Award in Atlanta for Best New Design in 1997. In 2001, Churchill Weavers received a Life Member Award from the Southern Highland Craft Guild. In March 2002, they were given The Kentucky Crafted Emeritus Award for recognition of their dedication to personal craft development and their exemplary level of accomplishments as well as the Booth Award for Best of Show at the Kentucky Craft Market (The Churchill Chronicle pg. 14).

Evaluation of the Integrity between the Churchill Weavers' Historic Context in Light of its Current Material Condition

The Churchill Weavers building has integrity of location because it has not been moved.

The Churchill Weavers Building has integrity of **association**. It was used as the first non-college industry to bring jobs to the mountain region. As demand for woven items increased so did the size of the building. Each time an addition was made, more looms were added and more jobs created. D.C. Churchill continued to work on and make improvements to his fly-shuttle loom making the weaving process less strenuous on the weaver. Before closing its doors, Churchill Weavers was a must see tourist stop in Berea, Kentucky. Year after year travelers would stop in to take a tour and to

(Expires 5/31/2012)

Churchill Weavers, In	nc.	
Name of Property		

Madison County, KY
County and State

visit the gift shop. In addition to becoming a tourist stop, Churchill Weavers was different from other weavers of the mountain region as Churchill was sold in major department stores across the nation. A feat that was mostly unheard of at this time. The property retains its industrial character to this day even though it has been both added on to and left vacant for several years.

The Churchill Weavers Building has integrity of **design** as it is what you would expect to see of an old industrial building. Ranging from the pine wood floors, vaulted ceiling with exposed wooden beams, to the walls lined with windows for ventilation and light. The only modern addition present is the concrete block and metal addition built in 2003. The rest of the building structure maintains its brick, concrete block and asbestos siding. The gift shop added to the building in 1954 still has the wood siding, but has been painted several times over the years for upkeep.

The Churchill Weavers Building has integrity of **materials** because it is mostly untouched from the brick, concrete block, and asbestos siding to the pinewood floors throughout the older parts of the building. This also includes the windows lining the walls that are typical of an old industrial building. Churchill Weavers has remained relatively unchanged other than the addition made in 2003 and the updates made to the gift shop area, such as making it larger and painting the store front outside.

Major Bibliographical References	
Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in prepare	aring this form.)
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2004 "Churchill Weavers 80 Years of American Handweav Symposium Proceedings, University of Nebraska, Lincoln. J http://digitalcommons.unl.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=142	anuary 1, 2004. Accessed on the internet at
Bellando , R., & Bellando, L. (2012, June 26). Churchill Weav	rers. (D. West, Interviewer)
Bellando, R. (2002). The Churchill Chronicle. Berea: Churchw	vill Weavers .
Chamberlain, E. B. (1965). The Churchills of Oberlin. Oberlin	: The Oberlin Improvement and Development Organization
www.berea.edu/student-crafts/students-at-work-2/	
*	Primary location of additional data:
www.berea.edu/student-crafts/students-at-work-2/ Previous documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67 has been	Primary location of additional data: State Historic Preservation Office
Previous documentation on file (NPS):preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67 has been requested)	State Historic Preservation Office Other State agency
Previous documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67 has been requested) previously listed in the National Register	State Historic Preservation Office Other State agency Federal agency
Previous documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67 has been requested) previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register	State Historic Preservation Office Other State agency Federal agency Local government
Previous documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67 has been requested) previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark	State Historic Preservation Office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University
Previous documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67 has been requested) previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register	State Historic Preservation Office Other State agency Federal agency Local government

Date Photographed: April 20, 2013 (unless noted otherwise)

(Expires 5/31/2012)

Churchill W Name of Prope	enty		Madison County, KY County and State				
10. Geogra	aphical Data					***	
Acreage of	Property 3.5						
	d es calculated by Arc	GIS Explorer 0 83: Zone 16; East	ing 740	125.00;	Northing 4	162 484.49	
Coordinate	es according to NAI 740 130.94	27: 4162 279.93	3				
Zone	Easting	Northing	Ü	Zone	Easting	Nort	thing
2			4				
Zone	Easting	Northing		Zone	Easting	Nort	thing
Boundary The propert associated tencompass Inc. The propert as the first r	Justification (Explain by proposed for inclusive the Churchill We es 56,000 square fee posed boundaries p	ovide an appropriate s	elected.) egister b eated pre and a d setting for	y the cur operty re letached or unders	rent nominati tains the histo building that standing the s	tached map. on includes the oric industrial bas also used significance of	e 3.5 acre parcel
11. Form P	repared By						
name/title	Sheri Miller and Dee	West					
organization	Tennestant Arethan				date 6/23	/13	
street & nun	mber 100 Churchill	Drive			telephone	859-358-420	6
city or town	Berea				State KY	zip o	code 40403
e-mail	Williamdeewest.ky	@gmail.com					
Photograph	hs:	- NEW TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE P					
Name of Pr City or Vici County: Ma	operty: Churchill Wenity: Berea	eavers, Inc.	State	: Kentuc	ky		

Madison County, KY
County and State

Churchill Weavers, Inc.

Name of Property

Description of Photograph(s) and number:

1 of 33: Front view of Churchill Weavers as seen from Churchill Drive, labeled I on plat. Camera Direction: South

2 of 33: Front view of Churchill Weavers as seen from Churchill Drive, labeled I on plat. Camera Direction: West

3 of 33: Front view of Churchill Weavers as seen from Churchill Drive, labeled1 on plat. Camera Direction: East

4 of 33: View of northern side, labeled 1 on plat, with II and III in background.

Camera Direction: South

5 of 33: View from the middle of building, viewing I, II and III on plat.

Camera Direction: South West

6 of 33: View from middle of building, viewing II and III on plat.

Camera Direction: South West

7 of 33: View from middle of building, viewing III on plat.

Camera Direction: West

8 of 33: View from middle of building, viewing III, IV and VI on plat.

Camera Direction: West

9 of 33: View of side of building at Southern end, viewing VI on plat.

Camera Direction: West

10 of 33: View of side of building at Southern end, viewing VI on plat.

Camera Direction: West

11 of 33: View from the back South end, viewing VI in foreground and Vin background on plat.

Camera Direction: North West

12 of 33: View from the back South end, viewing V on plat.

Camera Direction: North West

13 of 33: View from back favoring the South West side, viewing back and side of V on plat.

Camera Direction: North

14 of 33: View of South West side of building, viewing V on plat.

Camera Direction: North East

15 of 33: View of South West side of building, viewing V and IV on plat.

Camera Direction: South

16 of 33: View of middle on the West side, viewing IV in foreground and III on right on plat.

Camera Direction: South East

17 of 33: View of middle of the West side, viewing IV and III on plat.

Camera Direction: East

18 of 33: View of middle of the West side, viewing III on plat.

Camera Direction: East

19 of 33: View of the West side of building favoring the Northern end, viewing III, II and I on plat.

Camera Direction: North East

20 of 33: View of North West side, viewing III and II on plat.

Camera Direction East

21 of 33: View of the front on the West side, viewing I on plat.

Camera Direction: East

22 of 33: View of inside in the middle showing both floor and truss system in ceiling, from IV on plat. (Taken on 4/13/13)

(Expires 5/31/2012)

Churchill Weavers, Inc.

Name of Property

Madison County, KY
County and State

Camera Direction: West

23 of 33: View of inside in the middle of building showing floor, dumbwaiter and ceiling from III on plat. (Taken on 4/13/13)

Camera Direction: North

24 of 33: View of "saw tooth" ceiling inside of II on plat. (Taken on 4/13/13)

Camera Direction: North

25 of 33: View of South West end from the inside, viewing V on plat. (Taken on 3/17/13)

Camera Direction: South

26 of 33: View of South West end on lower level from the inside, viewing V on plat.

Camera Direction: South

27 of 33: View of boiler room, located in basement, viewing III on plat.

Camera Direction: East

28 of 33: View of D.C. Churchill's office located in basement, viewing IV on plat. (Taken on 4/10/13)

Camera Direction: South East

29 of 33: View of detached building from the side, viewing VII on plat.

Camera Direction: East

30 of 33: View of detached building from the Southern end, viewing VII on plat.

Camera Direction: North East

31 of 33: View of detached building from the Southern end, viewing VII on plat.

Camera Direction: West

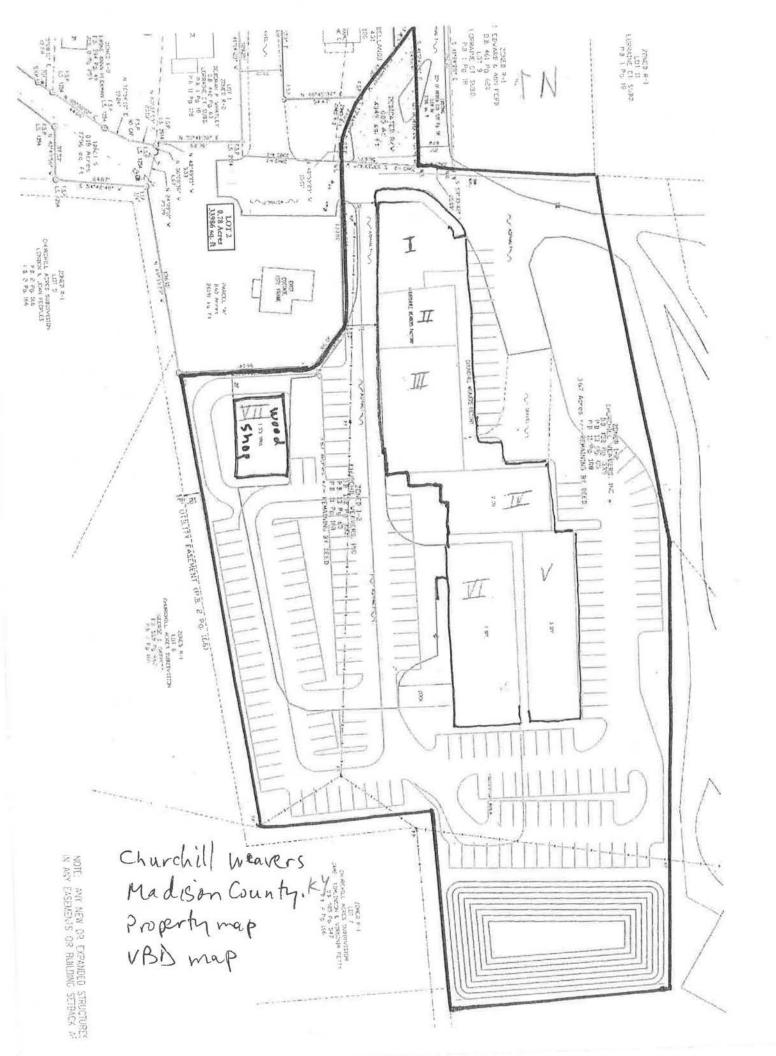
32 of 33: View of detached building from the side, viewing VII on plat. (Taken on 3/31/13)

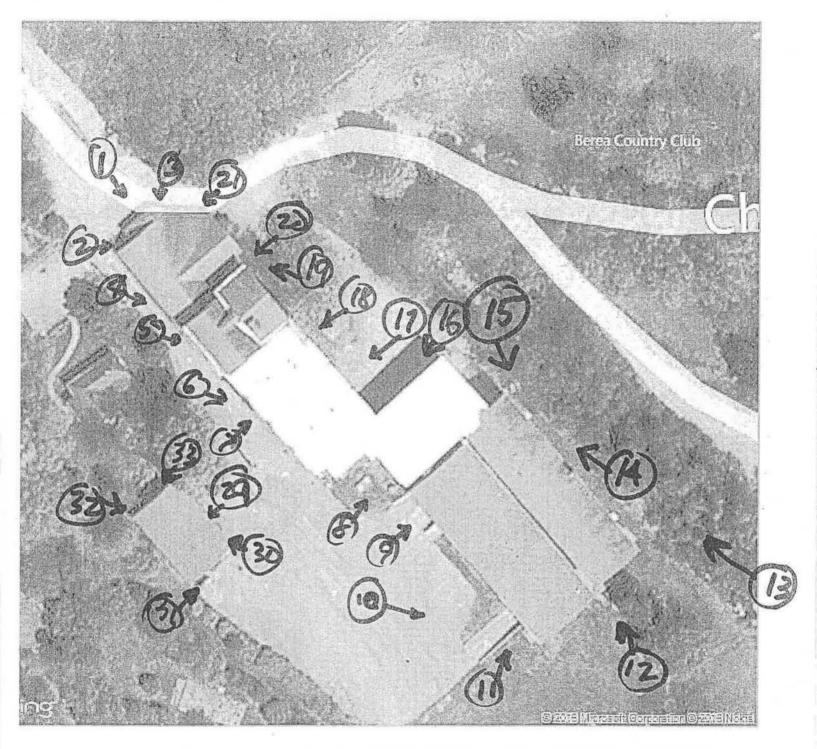
Camera Direction: South West

33 of 33: View of detached building from the Northern End, viewing VII on plat. (Taken on 3/31/13)

Camera Direction: East

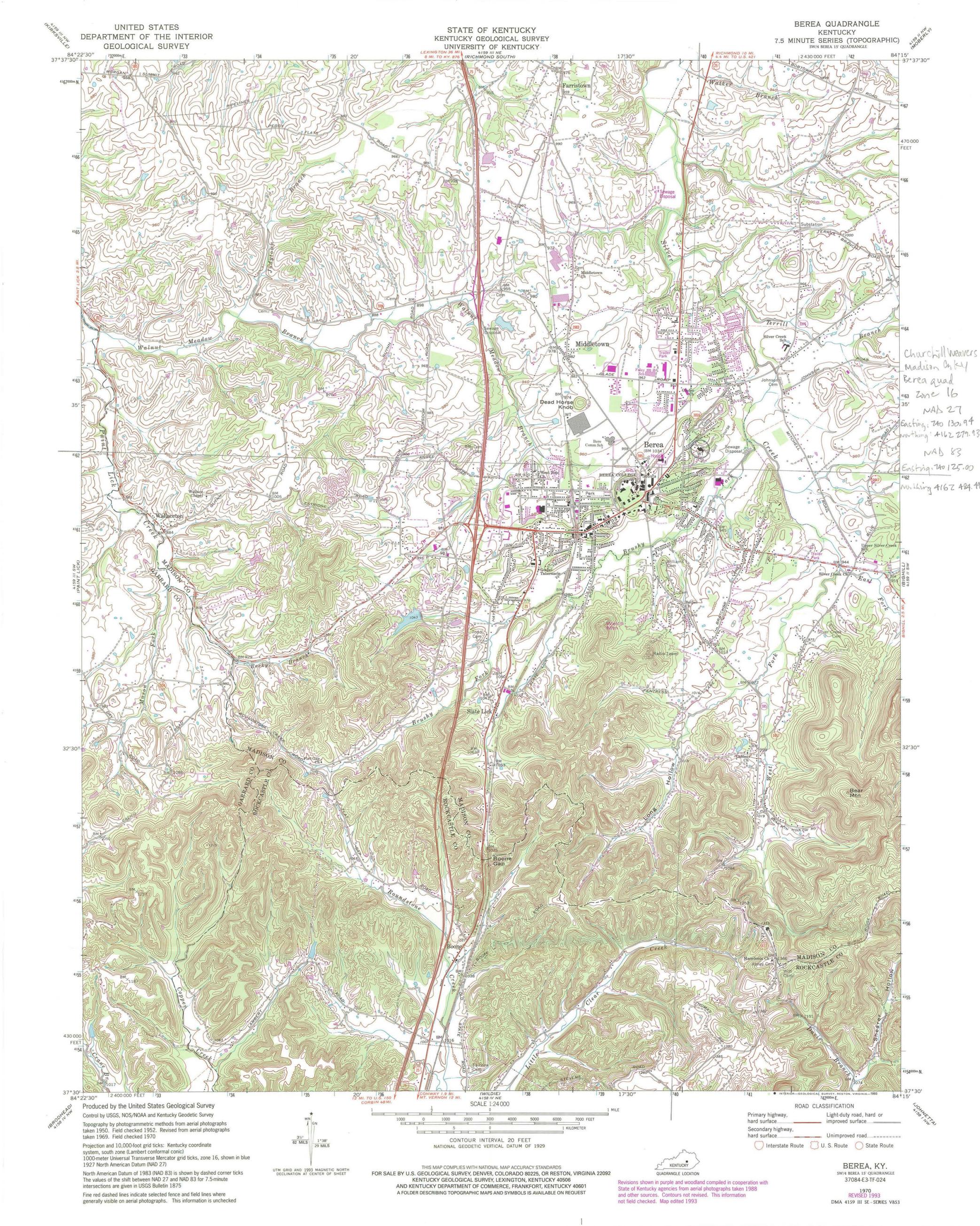
Property Owner:	
(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)	
name Bill and Mary Ann West	
street & number 754 South Dogwood	telephone 859-358-4206
city or town Berea	state KY zip code 40403





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Churchill Weavers Madison County, KY Photo ID map 1/2



































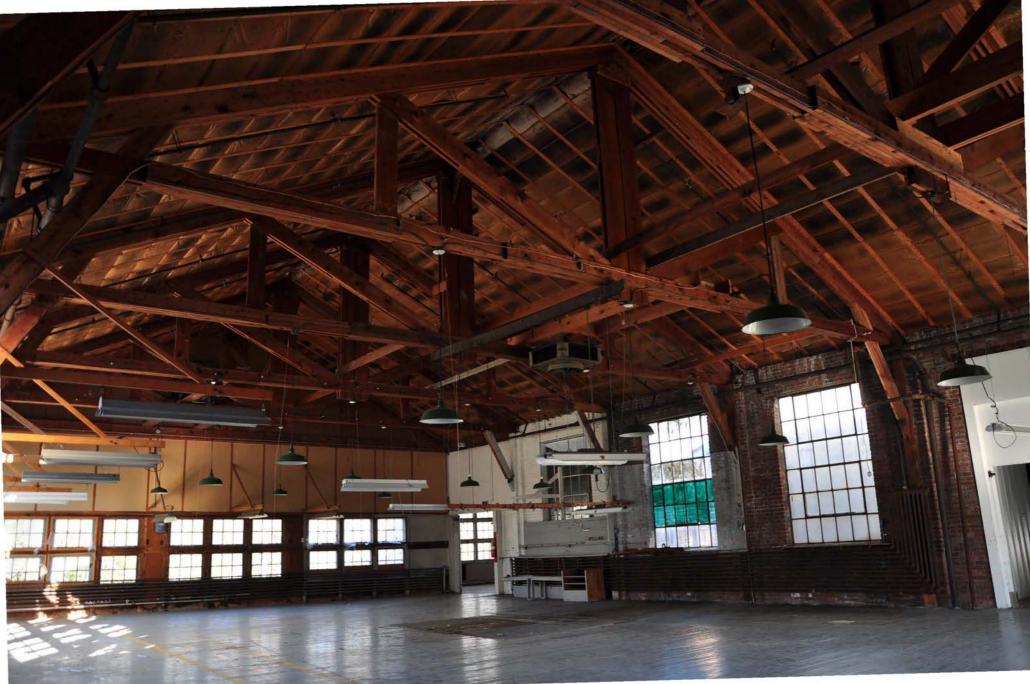


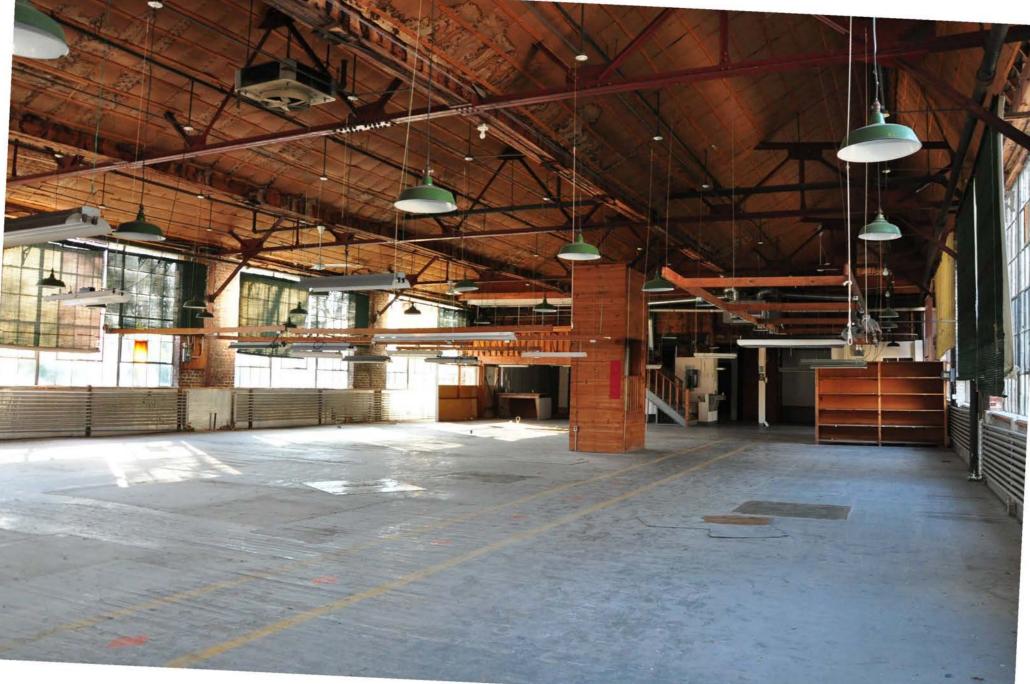


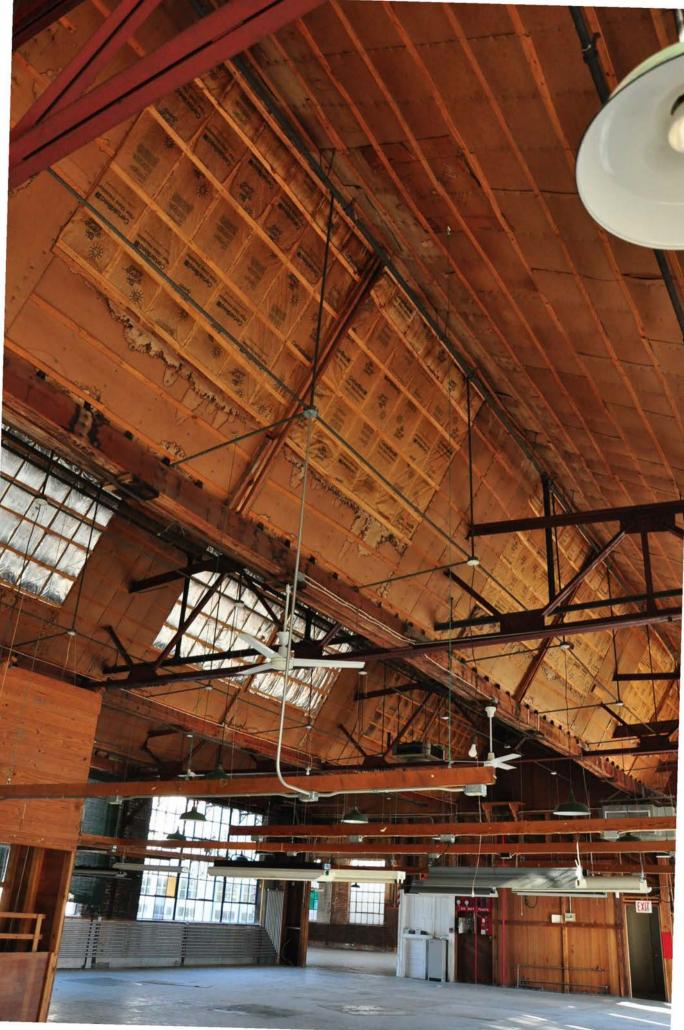






























National Register of Historic Places Memo to File

Correspondence

The Correspondence consists of communications from (and possibly to) the nominating authority, notes from the staff of the National Register of Historic Places, and/or other material the National Register of Historic Places received associated with the property.

Correspondence may also include information from other sources, drafts of the nomination, letters of support or objection, memorandums, and ephemera which document the efforts to recognize the property.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION		
PROPERTY Churchill Weavers NAME:		
MULTIPLE NAME:		
STATE & COUNTY: KENTUCKY, Madis	on	
DATE RECEIVED: 11/22/13 DATE OF 16TH DAY: 1/08/14 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:	DATE OF PENDING LIST: DATE OF 45TH DAY:	12/24/13 1/08/14
REFERENCE NUMBER: 13001054		
REASONS FOR REVIEW:		
APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDOTHER: N PDIL: N PER REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR		
COMMENT WAIVER: N	1 5 2 1	
ACCEPTRETURNREJ	ECT /-8-2019DATE	
ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:		
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Community. sword and operated to	٦	
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RECOM./CRITERIA Must ASB		
REVIEWER & Cabbus	DISCIPLINE	
TELEPHONE	DATE	
DOCUMENTATION see attached commen	nts Y/N see attached SLR	Y/Y
If a nomination is returned to the nomination is no longer under continuous continuous and the second continuous continuo		the



Berea Tourist and Convention Commission

3 Artist Circle • Berea, KY 40403 859-986-2540 • 859-986-2550 • 800-598-5263 kycraftcap@berea.com



Craig Potts
Executive Director
Kentucky Heritage Council
300 Washington Street
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

September 25, 2013

Mr. Potts:

I understand that the Churchill Co. has reactivated an application for the Churchill Weavers Building to be placed on the National Register of Historic Places. I wish to express my strong support for this nomination. Churchill Weavers attained an international reputation for its weaving product and represents the finest. Although the facility has been closed for several years, it is still remembered and missed. Built in 1922, this magnificent structure housed only one weaver Mrs. Eleanor Churchill and grew to over ninety employees before the close of the company. Founder DC Churchill was an inventor with many other accomplishments. He improved the English fly-shuttle loom which made the loom easier to use with less maintenance. Other noteworthy accomplishments of Mr. Churchill was that he invented the first retractable landing gear for airplanes, started Berea College's engineering department, and developed an efficient wing cover for airplanes during the war. Mr. Churchill designed and Churchill Weavers produced a fabric that was made into anti-thermal coveralls for America's first astronauts. Numerous people stop by each year looking for historic property. Please consider placing this historic building on the national register. As the National Register recognizes buildings significant in American history, this building deserves support to identify and protect this historic site.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Best Regards

Belle Jackson

Executive Director

Berea Tourism

*The Folk Arts & Crafts Capital of Kentucky"



STEVEN CONNELLY MAYOR 212 CHESTNUT STREET • BEREA, KENTUCKY 40403 (859) 986-8528 • Fax (859) 986-7657 mayor@bereaky.gov

August 26, 2013

Mr. Craig Potts SHPO Kentucky Heritage Council 300 Washington Street Frankfort, KY 40601

RE: Churchill Weavers building and National Register of Historic Places

Dear Mr. Potts:

I strongly support adding the former Churchill Weavers building located at 100 Churchill Drive in Berea to the National Register of Historic Places. The building is architecturally unique and highly significant to the history of folk arts and crafts in Berea and Kentucky. During its 86 years of existence, Churchill Weavers grew to be nationally renowned for its high quality, hand-woven, textiles under the guidance of its founders, inventor, David Carol Churchill, and his designer-wife, Eleanor Churchill. Both Berea and Kentucky will be well-served by the addition of this one-of-a-kind structure to the Registry.

Yours truly,

Steven Connelly





PHILLIP M. SEYFRIT - MADISON COUNTY HISTORIC PROPERTIES DIRECTOR

101 BATTLEFIELD MEMORIAL HIGHWAY RICHMOND, KENTUCKY 40475

August 6, 2013

Mr. Dee West 100 Churchill Drive Berea, Kentucky 40403

Dear Mr. West:

On behalf of the Madison County Fiscal Court, I am happy to support the naming of Churchill Weavers to the National Register of Historic Places.

Churchill Weavers, located in Berea, Madison County, Kentucky, had a long tradition of crafts and had become a major tourist destination before its closing. Its loss has had a significant economic and tourist impact on Berea and Madison County.

With the West family purchasing the property with serious plans of rehabilitating and reopening Churchill Weavers, all of Kentucky stands to benefit from this worthwhile endeavor. Their plan certainly fits within the historic context of Churchill weavers, and the planned additional products and services will greatly enhance the importance of the site.

It is Madison County's sincere hope that Churchill Weavers will named to the National Register of Historic Places.

With regards.

Phillip M. Seyfrit, Director

Madison Co. Historic Properties

Marty Perry, National Register Coordinator Members of the Review Board Kentucky Heritage Council State Preservation Office 300 Washington Street Frankfort, KY 40601

Dear Mr. Perry,

We are writing to you on behalf of the new Churchill Company, at 100 Churchill Drive, Berea, Ky., 40403. This letter is being submitted in support of a historic designation to the property formerly known as Churchill Weavers, Inc.

We are making this request not only as concerned citizens of Berea, but as former owners and operators of Churchill Weavers, Inc. from 1973 until 2007. Because of our affiliation with Eleanor Churchill and having worked with her, we have a unique understanding of the history of the building and its significance to Kentucky and the nation.

The following is a list of facts that should assist you and your board in supporting this effort:

- Churchill Weavers, established in 1922 was the first industry that became a major employer in Madison County Kentucky.
- Churchill Weavers grew to be the largest hand weaving industry in the United States.
- Churchill Weavers not only owned the patents and designs, but built all of the equipment in-house using area materials and labor.
- Historically, Mr. Churchill was instrumental in revolutionizing the hand craft industry in India at the turn of the 20th century. He brought that knowledge, technology and innovation to Berea, Kentucky. It was his mission to build a weaving business that would provide jobs to people in the area. It should be understood that Churchill Weavers was not a small cottage industry, but in fact was an employer of some size; employing as many as 100 people at a time off and on throughout the years. When Churchill Weavers closed in 2007 85 families were impacted by the closure.
- Historically, the building itself represents the type of architecture and methods used in constructing manufacturing facilities of the early 1900's. With the exception of one addition, the building has retained that initial integrity.
- During the Second World War, Mrs. Churchill personally petitioned the U.S Congress for a wool allotment
 in order to continue to weave baby blankets. She received that request and Churchill Weavers was one of
 the few companies in the U.S. to make this product available. Thousands and thousands of babies have
 been comforted by Churchill Weavers blankets over 85 years of history.
- Churchill Weavers wove the first linings for space suits, out of a construction of spun glass and Teflon (contracted by the BF Goodrich Company) that were used in the first Gemini Mission for NASA.
- For 85 years Churchill Weavers wove and sold its original designs to specialty department stores, linen stores and high end boutiques nationwide, while continuing to employee people in the immediate 3 county region.

- The significance of the archive of Churchill Weavers is substantial. In fact the Southern Highland Handcraft Guild (representing 9 states), as well as the United States Textile Museum both vied for proprietorship of this archive. As Kentuckians, we felt personally that the archive belonged in Kentucky. At present the Kentucky Historical Society has acquired the massive archive as a permanent installation.
- Some of the elements of Mr. Churchill's laboratory are still visible and would make an appropriate addition for a museum type of venue.

It is our sincere desire that Churchill Weavers be recognized for the historic contribution that it made to Berea and to Kentucky and to entire nation. We hope that you will find it as important to the history of Kentucky as do the people who worked there, and the thousands and thousands of people nationwide who have enjoyed the hand woven pieces produced there. In our minds there is no question that the Churchill Weavers building should be designated as a historic landmark! It was and continues to be a very special place.

Sincerely,

Richard Bellando

President, Churchill Weavers

Lila Bellando

President, Churchill Weavers

Tara Bellando

Assistant, National Sales

Weaver



APPALACHIAN PHOTOGRAPHER

Home: 203 Peach Bloom Hill • Berea, KY 40403 • 859-986-4534 Studio: 665 Big Hill Road • Berea, KY 40403 • 859-986-4961

Dear Mr. West

Put me down for one who definitely would like to see the Churchill Weavers building on the National Registry of Historical Places.

It has been of historical interest and a very important asset to Berea, and Madison County as well as known through out the state and nation.

I now have my Brunner Studio 60 year collection of Appalachian photographs and office in this venerable building. This arrangement is very convenient and well managed. It is an honor to add my visual history to the revitalizing of this memory-filled building. During our 60 years in Berea we knew the Mrs Churchill as well as the business and the workers there. We appreciated all that they gave to the this community as well as the larger craft world.

arren Brunn

Sincerely,





TO: Historic Registry FROM: Jeannette Rowlett

RE: Churchill Weavers Building

DATE: August 26, 2013

The Churchill Weavers building was a monumental asset to Berea, Kentucky, for the 85 years that it was in existence.

There are many reasons this site and building should be place on the Historic Registry. I would like to mention just a few of the ones that have meant the most, to many families, in Berea and surrounding locations. I have been in Berea, Kentucky for the past 45 years, during this time and long before I came to this place, the Churchill's had created their own marketing place, among the nations textile industries. Work was generated for many people to have work and that work was bought by many Centers in Kentucky and other states, which was a large part of their financial lively hood and survival.

The Churchill baby blankets were bought by customers who visited year round and especially on sale dates. Berea was known for the college and Churchill Weavers, if nothing else was known about the City of Berea.

This building is the only building in Berea, with such a rich history, with the exception of the Historical Boone Tavern that is located at 100 Main Street.

This building should have been on the registry long before now, but I know that the people of Berea and Madison County would be proud to say that Berea has two historical sites inside our city limits, with Churchill Weavers being one of these deserving honors.

For the 85 years in existence, serving millions of customers, being dedicated to the finest weaving quality, craftsmanship and innovated marking strategies, the Churchill Weavers building and site should be placed on the list of Berea, Kentucky, Madison County historical sites, for all to visit and learn more about the awesome era of fine art that has come and gone, but still can tell its secrets and stories.

I truly hope that Mr. West's request for Historical recognition will seriously be considered and approved.

Sincerely,

Jeannette Rowlett

Executive Director

Kentucky Guild of Artists and Craftsmen

Berea, Kentucky 859-248-2505

Commonwealth of Kentucky

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

36th LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT

P.O. BOX 138

Lancaster, Kentucky 40444 Message Line: 800-372-7181



STATE CAPITOL ANNEX

Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 (502) 564-8100 Ext. 649 Email: jonathan.shell@lrc.ky.gov

August 14, 2013

Ms. Mary Ann West 100 Churchill Drive Berea, Kentucky 40403

Dear Ms. West:

RE: Support for Churchill's to be Named to the National Register of Historic Places

I am writing to state my support for the naming of the former Churchill Weaver's Building, ("Churchill's"), to the National Register of Historic Places.

Churchill's, located in Berea, Madison County, Kentucky, has had a long tradition of excellence and innovation. At this historic location, Churchill's combined craft, art, ingenuity, perseverance, and strong moral values to build an institution that lasted from 1922 to 2006. Its dedication to bringing growth and economic opportunity to the people of the Appalachian Region is well documented and cannot be overstated. Churchill's was at the forefront of bringing training, industry, and employment to the region when it was most needed, rising from a single weaving loom to becoming the largest business in the area. The loss to the community when Churchill's had to close was very significant and can be measured both economically and culturally. It had become a symbol of hope and a cultural icon for the Berea area.

Your family's plans to rehabilitate both the building and the culture of Churchill's to its former state is important to the city of Berea as well as the region. All of Kentucky and Appalachia stand to benefit from these efforts.

I believe that I speak for all of my constituents when I say that over 80 years of service to the community has earned Churchill's a place on the list of the National Register of Historic Places. It is a beautiful old building with a wonderful history that is held in high regard by the residents of both the city of Berea and the Commonwealth of Kentucky. It is my sincere hope that it achieves this well-deserved recognition.

Sincerely,

Jonathan Shell State Representative

Julan Sull



Commonwealth of Kentucky

STATE SENATE

138 Legacy Drive Berea, KY 40403 jared.carpenter@lrc.state.ky.us



State Capitol Annex Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 (800) 372-7181 (502) 564-8100 Ext. 730 Fax (502) 564-6543

RE: Recommendation for Churchill's to be named to the National Register of Historic Places

It is my recommendation that Churchill's, formerly the home of Churchill Weavers, be named to the National Register of Historic Places. Churchill's is located in the city of Berea, Kentucky where I grew up. Since I was raised in Berea and still reside in Berea, I have firsthand knowledge of the importance of this historic structure to the people of this area. I intimately understand the impact it has had on this region in the past and the potential it has to have a significant effect on the future of the region.

Over 90 years ago, the Churchill's started what would become the largest private industry in the region. They combined local talent and local materials with American ingenuity to build a business that lasted from 1922 to 2006. Their efforts brought badly needed industry and employment to the people of the Appalachian Region. For over 80 years, Churchill's was an economic and cultural mainstay of our area. It combined family values, local suppliers, local talent, a native Appalachian Art form and an absolute insistence on excellence to produce economic opportunity.

On this site, the Churchill's built what would become the biggest hand-weaving factory in the United States and probably the world. This is just part of the story as they were active in other creative endeavors as well. The building housed one of the first, if not the first, full machine shop in the area. Mr. Churchill started the Engineering Department at Berea College, developed the first retractable landing gears for aircraft, and developed heated wing covers for aircraft during World War II. Mr. and Mrs. Churchill started a woodworking and furniture shop on the property. On this property, Churchill Weavers worked on the linings for some of the first high altitude suits for NASA. The list is longer but the point is that these were very creative people that had significant roles in making Appalachia part of the American story.

Along with the Churchill's efforts to build a business, they developed a magnificent structure with large expansive rooms and with large amounts of windows to make use of available natural light. The building is built in different phases of log, frame, brick, and block structure with both wood and steel trusses, it is an excellent example of a 1920's era industrial building and owing to its creators, and it remains in very good condition.

Now, this building has a chance to return to its origins. New local owners, a family that I am very familiar with, are working to return the building back to being an active part of local industry and the culture of the community. The citizens that I represent want to see this happen and stand to benefit from these efforts both economically and culturally. If this happens, the building can be preserve for future generations to enjoy the craftsmanship and beauty of this special place.

Thank you for taking the time to consider my request. Please feel free to contact me if you should have any questions.

Sincerely.

Jared Carpenter State Senator



CITY OF BEREA

MAYORS OFFICE

STEVEN CONNELLY MAYOR 212 CHESTNUT STREET • BEREA, KENTUCKY 40403 (859) 986-8528 • Fax (859) 986-7657 mayor@bereaky.gov

August 26, 2013

Mr. Craig Potts SHPO Kentucky Heritage Council 300 Washington Street Frankfort, KY 40601

RE: Churchill Weavers building and National Register of Historic Places

Dear Mr. Potts:

I strongly support adding the former Churchill Weavers building located at 100 Churchill Drive in Berea to the National Register of Historic Places. The building is architecturally unique and highly significant to the history of folk arts and crafts in Berea and Kentucky. During its 86 years of existence, Churchill Weavers grew to be nationally renowned for its high quality, hand-woven, textiles under the guidance of its founders, inventor, David Carol Churchill, and his designer-wife, Eleanor Churchill. Both Berea and Kentucky will be well-served by the addition of this one-of-a-kind structure to the Registry.

Yours truly,

Steven Connelly

STEVEN L. BESHEAR GOVERNOR

TOURISM, ARTS AND HERITAGE CABINET KENTUCKY HERITAGE COUNCIL

THE STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE

300 Washington Street Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 Phone (502) 564-7005 Fax (502) 564-5820 www.heritage.ky.gov

November 5, 2013

RECEIVED 2280

INET

BOB STEWART

NOV 2 SECRETARY

NAT. REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

CRAIG-POTTS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER

Ms. Carol Shull, Keeper
National Register of Historic Places
National Park Service 2280
National Register of Historic Places
1201 "I" (Eye) Street, NW 8th Floor
Washington DC 20005

Dear Ms. Shull:

Enclosed are 9 nominations approved at the September 25, 2013 Review Board meeting. We are submitting them for listing in the National Register:

Goodall Building, Boyle County, Kentucky
Southeast Greyhound Line Building, Fayette County, Kentucky
Brown-Henry Summer House, Franklin County, Kentucky
Point Breeze, Franklin County, Kentucky
Bridgeport School, Franklin County, Kentucky
St. Jerome Catholic Church Complex, Graves County, Kentucky
Hiram and Art Stamper House, Knott County, Kentucky
Churchill Weavers, Madison County, Kentucky
Norfolk Farm Tenant Log House, Trimble County, Kentucky

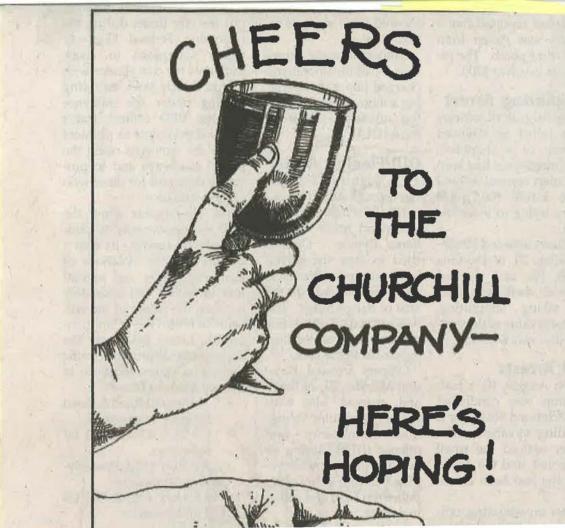
We appreciate your consideration of these nominations.

Sincerely,

Craig A. Potts

Executive Director and

State Historic Preservation Officer



Arten:

Craig Potts SHP8

Kentucky Herritage Council
300 Waskington St.
Frankfort, Ky 40601

I respect fally withold my vame because of the risk of ridichle by other Bereans.

Dear Mr. Potts:

I am writing to give you my opinion on the consideration of the churchill weavers Building in Berea.

First of all this is more than a consideration of listing the proporty as an "Historic place." For yours now Berea has had a "wor" between the "wets" and the boys." After a city-wide liquor-by therefass referend un was defeated the wets" petitioned and won a limited (National Historic place) approval for spirits-by-the glass — the condition being that the establishment must be in an approved Wational Historic place.

consequently, I believe that those who are petitioning for "historic" and designation one not so much interested in history as they are to have alcohol by the glass - which they believe will incuease Bareas toapism, benea has more to offer than a glass of wine.

En closed 15 a "cortoon" from the BEREA Citizer of August 15, 2013. I believe the "courtoon" supports my opinion.