United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance. enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

historic name <u>South Newfane Bridge</u>	2	
other names/site number		,
2. Location		
street & numberTH 26 (ParishRoad)	NZIAnot for publication
city or town <u>Newfane</u>		N[Z]Avicinity
state Vermont_ codeVT o	countyWindham	code025 zip code05351
3. State/Federal Agency Certification		
XX meets does not meet the National Register crit Inationally statewide locally. Signature of certifying official/Title State of Federal agency and bureau	Uation sheet for additional commer ·7 / 3.: /9 Date	
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date	
State or Federal agency and bureau		
4. National Park Service Certification		
I hereby certify that the property is:	Signature of the Keeper	Contract tot West Date of Action
entered in the National Register.	Aclaus Byc	1 10,0000 Northing 9/8/9.
 determined eligible for the National Register See continuation sheet. 	,	
determined not eligible for the National Register.		
removed from the National Register.		
🗍 other, (explain:)		

Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)
 private public-local public-State public-Federal 	 building(s) district site structure object 	Contributing Noncontributing
Name of related multiple pr (Enter "N/A" if property is not part		1 Total Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register
6. Function or Use	ary, and Concrete Br	idges in Vermont 0
	ad Related (Vehicula	Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions) r) Transportation/Road Related (Vehicula
7. Description		
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions) Other: Pratt Through-Truss Bridge		Materials (Enter categories from instructions) foundation <u>Stone</u> walls
		roof

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

South Newfane Bridge Name of Property

8. Statement of Significance

Windham County, Vermont County and State

Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)		Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)	
		Transportation	
A 1	Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	Engineering	
⊡в	Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.		
⊠c	Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses		
	high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack	Period of Significance	
	individual distinction.	1939	
D	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.		
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)		Significant Dates	
(1939	
Prope	erty is:		
□ A	owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.		
🗆 B	removed from its original location.	Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above) N/A	
□ c	a birthplace or grave.		
🗆 D	a cemetery.	Cultural Affiliation	
🗆 E	a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	<u>N/A</u>	
🗆 F	a commemorative property.		
		Architect/Builder	
	less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.	Unknown	
		<u>onanown</u>	
Narra (Explai	tive Statement of Significance in the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)		

9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibilography

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

Previous documentation on file (NPS):

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey
 #_____
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # _____

Primary location of additional data:

- X State Historic Preservation Office
- I Other State agency
- □ Federal agency
- □ Local government
- □ University
- Other

Name of repository:

<u>State ofVermont Agency of Transporta-</u> tion

Easting

L] See continuation sheet

Northing

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property Less than one acre.

UTM References

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)

1 1 8	6 87 2 50	47 5 62 5 0
Zone	Easting	Northing
2		

Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

11. Form Prepared By

name/lille <u>Helen_Renee_Viers, Graduate_Student</u>		
organization <u>Historic Preservation Program</u> - UVM	date	3/30/92
street & number Wheeler House	telephone	(802)656-3180
city or town <u>Burlington</u> state	Vermont	zip code5405

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional items

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

Property Owner			
(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)			
name <u>Town of</u>	Newfane		
street & number	Newfane Town Offices	telephone	
city or town	Newfane	stateVT	_ zip code

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

7	1	South Newfane Bridge Newfane, Windham Co., Vermont
Section number	Page	

Crossing the Rock River in the village of South Newfane on the outskirts of the town of Newfane, is a single span Pratt through truss bridge on concrete abutments. This bridge carries vehicular traffic for Town Highway 26 (Parish Road) on a north/south orientation. Built in 1939, the six panel steel bridge is 149' long by 13.8' wide with a portal clearance of 15' and consists mainly of bolted I-beams. Situated in a residential area, the bridge continues to be used today, although a privately built bypass to the north deflects a portion of the traffic. The bridge retains its integrity of location, design, setting, materials, feeling, workmanship, and association.

Typical of the bridges built after Vermont's disastrous 1927 flood, the six panel South Newfane Bridge is a Pratt through truss consisting of inclined end panels, top chords of box girders with latticed undersides, girders 15" deep by 8" wide, and I-beam vertical diagonals, horizontal stiffeners, and counter diagonals. The top bracing uses I-beam struts along with angle-section sway-bracing. The portal bracing has two I-beam diagonals running from the upper corners to the center of a lower strut. The bottom chord of paired channels, constructed with paired channels joined by stay plates 4' apart, on both the top and bottom, is capped by a floor system of rolled I-section floor beams, five I-beam stringers, and T-section bottom cross-bracing, which supports a wooden floor of 2x4's and treads. A two-rail guardrail built up of angles and channels, bolted to the trusses, runs the length of the bridge. United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

1

South Newfane Bridge Newfane, Windham Co., Vermont

Section number _____ Page ____

8

The South Newfane bridge is eligible for the National Register under criteria A and C. It is being nominated as part of the Vermont Multiple Property Documentation submission for "Metal Truss, Masonry and Concrete Bridges in Vermont." The bridge meets the registration requirements for the property type metal truss bridge. This through truss bridge, built after a flood in 1939, is a good representative of the new bridge technology perfected after Vermont's devastating flood of 1927.

Newfane and the surrounding areas experienced a flood on September 28, 1939. The "most damage (was) done in South Newfane . . . where the river's banks are low, as the stream passes through the flats on which the village is located." The flood destroyed the Rock River bridge. Vermont towns, including Newfane, had gained experience dealing with flood damage in the years following the flood of 1927 and knew how to repair and replace bridges with the truss technology. The villagers of South Newfane chose to replace the old bridge and paid M.J. Burrington \$518.55 for riveting the South Newfane bridge and C.E. Flander \$154.90 for six I-Beams.² Money came from many sources, including Works Progress Administration funds, town taxes, and state aid. This tri-partite funding illustrates how bridge building, after the 1927 flood, became the responsibility of the state.

Because it reflects the history of transportation in Vermont, the South Newfane through-truss Pratt bridge is eligible under Criteria A. The metal truss bridge design illustrates the cost effectiveness of the new technology and the adoption of this technology by local communities in Vermont. The South Newfane Pratt through-truss bridge is eligible under Criteria C because the bridge represents technological advancements in bridge building in the early 20th century. The Pratt through-truss, a common bridge design in the latter half of the nineteenth century, eventually used larger components of prefabricated I-beams instead of several shorter members to save on transportation costs. The South Newfane example uses rolled I-beams for nearly all its members to reduce the fabrication expense at some penalty in weight. The installment of rolled I-beams meant that the bridge could be constructed in shorter periods of time and offered greater assurance of success and stability.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

8/9/10 2
Section number ____ Page ____

South Newfane Bridge Newfane, Windham Co., Vermont

Endnotes:

¹Robert C. Kain, <u>A NewFane in the Second Century</u>, <u>1774-1974</u>, (Newfane, Vt.: Bicentennial Committee, 1974): 55.

²Eightieth Annual Report of the Auditors of the Town of Newfane, Vermont for the Year Ending Jan. 31, 1939, (Brattleboro, Vt.: Press of E.L. Hildreth and Co., 1939): 10.

9. Bibliography

Eightieth Annual Report of the Auditors of the Town of Newfane, Vermont for the Year Ending Jan. 31, 1939, (Brattleboro, Vt.: Press of E.L. Hildreth and Co., 1939).

Kain, Robert C. <u>A NewFane in the Second Century, 1774-1974</u>. Newfane, Vt.: <u>Bicentennial Committee</u>, 1974.

Vermont Division for Historic Preservation. Historic Sites and Structures Survey, Newfane. Montpelier, Vermont.

10. Boundary Description and Justification

The boundary for this property is the bridge and its abutments. The bridge crosses the Rock River in Newfane and is located at the UTM Reference Point: 18/687250/4756250.

The boundary is the land historically associated with the bridge.