CITY, TOWN

Lincoln

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

**INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM** 

## DATA SHEET

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED

APR 2 8 1976

STATE

Nebraska

DATE ENTERED

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NAME	THE ALL ENTINES C	COMPLETE APPLICABI	LL OLOTIONO		
INAME					
HISTORIC	Do -				
Naomi Institu	are				
Rock Bluff S	chool.				
LOCATION		<del></del>			
•	•				
STREET & NUMBER	mi F of Mu	N-1014	NOT FOR BUILDINGATION		
	mi. E of Mus	<del>(</del>	NOT FOR PUBLICATION  CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT		
East Rock Bl	uff Pet. Murray and	VICINITY OF	Second		
STATE	<del>-</del>	CODE	COUNTY	CODE	
Nebraska		31	Cass	025	
CLASSIFIC	ATION				
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESI	ENT USE	
DISTRICT	X PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	XMUSEUM	
XBUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	_UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK	
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDEN	
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS	
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	X_YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC	
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	_INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION	
		_NO	MILITARY	OTHER:	
OWNER OF	FPROPERTY				
NAME					
<del></del>	Historical Society				
STREET & NUMBER					
CITY, TOWN			STATE		
Plattsmouth		VICINITY OF	Nebraska	1	
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION			
COURTHOUSE,					
REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	ETC. Cass County Cour	rthouse			
STREET & NUMBER	·				
CITY, TOWN			STATE		
	Plattsmouth		Nebraska	l 	
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS			
TITLE			Iliatania Anabita		
	servation in Nebraska	(and) A Survey of	Historic, Architec	ctural and	
	eservation in Nebraska Archeological Sites	<del></del>		ctural and	
Historic Pre	servation in Nebraska Archeological Sites	in the Eastern Nebi		ctural and	
Historic Pre	<del></del>	in the Eastern Nebi	raska Urban Region	ctural and	

#### CONDITION

**CHECK ONE** 

CHECK ONE

\_\_EXCELLENT X.GOOD

\_\_FAIR

\_\_DETERIORATED

\_\_UNEXPOSED

\_UNALTERED

XALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE

MOVED DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Situated on a south slope overlooking Rock and Squaw Creeks in the Missouri River bluffs, the Rock Bluff Schoolhouse stands as a landmark to the former prominence of the village of Rock Bluff. Established and built in 1870 as the Naomi Institute, the building was originally a two-story structure. Measuring 25 feet by 50 feet the building stands today as a single-story structure housing one large classroom space.

Built upon a limestone foundation, the soft red brick walls stand as the most substantial structure in the Rock Bluff vicinity with the exception of the modern grain elevators near the river. Simply detailed, the building features a gable roof with the longitudinal axis oriented east-west. The south wall is the main facade, providing a wall broken into four bays, three of which are windows, with the fourth (at the east end) providing the entrance. Each gable end provides for two windows, while the north facade is a solid wall. The single chimney is at the west gable.

The interior has seen substantial alteration, not the least of which was a consequence of the removal of the second floor. It is not known precisely when or how this alteration took place. We do know that a fire broke out in the library on the second floor in December of 1871; however, records indicate that the building received only minor structural damage at that time. Local lore tells that the second story was blown off in a tornado, but the date is not known. It is entirely possible that the second-story was demolished in the devastating "Easter Tornado" of March 23, 1913. This storm was a series of tornados which caused nearly \$9,000,000 in property loss in Otoe, Cass, Sarpy, and Douglas Counties in Nebraska that Sunday evening. The "Berlin Tornado", which swept near Rock Bluff, is said to have left the state at King Hill, approximately two miles south-southeast of Rock Bluff (see U.S.G.S. map). One person was killed and \$10,000 worth of property damage was recorded in Rock Bluff. At any rate, what was once a two-story structure with at least three classrooms is presently a single-story structure with one classroom. The cloakroom, situated at the southeast corner of the building, shares the east end of the school with a small study alcove. The building is presently owned by the Cass County Historical Society and used as a period schoolhouse.

#### 8. SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW					
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION		
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE		
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE		
_1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	<b>X</b> EDUCATION	MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN		
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER		
<u>X</u> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION		
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)		
		INVENTION				
SPECIFIC DATES 1870 BUILDER/ARCHITECT						

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The successful establishment of the Naomi Institute is due entirely to the efforts of Joseph Diven Patterson. Born in 1835 in Pennsylvania of Scottish descent, Patterson led an extremely diversified life, which took him over much of the recently opened great plains area as well as Brazil. Patterson was a well-known and respected educator, having taught schools for over 54 terms in Ohio, Pennsylvania, Iowa and Nebraska. Among the teaching positions he held in Nebraska were the Rock Bluff School, Naomi Institute, Murray and Plattsmouth schools as well as several positions in Sarpy County, Nebraska. In addition to his duties as educator, he found time to serve as Justice of the Peace, Postmaster, County Superintendent of Schools, County Surveyor, and City Engineer, among others, at various times.

Mr. Patterson had returned to Rock Bluff from Brazil in 1869 and immediately began teaching at the Rock Bluff School. By the spring of 1870 he had determined to establish an institute of higher learning and set out, with his own capital, to do just that. By early fall the brickwork had been completed and plans were made to commence a fall term in the new building. The school opened officially on September 13, 1870. An advertisement for this winter term stated that "...pupils of either sex will receive thorough and systematic instruction. Particular attention to Primary Scholars. School books furnished free to all pupils. Good boarding can be obtained at reasonable rates."

The school's success was reflected in the newspaper articles of the next few years. Both the Naomi Institute and Professor J. D. Patterson were the subject of continual praise in the Cass County papers. By January of 1872 the school had an enrollment of over 100 pupils and a staff of four teachers. The school seemingly could survive the disastrous fire of December, 1871, and continue to serve the educational needs of the community; the timely aid of the citizens and the insurance coverage seemed to be the major factors in the school's favor. It is not clear what happened, however, because by May of 1872 the Institute was up for purchase by the citizens of the community in a public election, and Mr. Patterson worked several years to pay the debts incurred in his venture. The most likely reason for failure, in light of the tremendous community support, was a failure on the part of the insuring companies to pay damages.

#### 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

See Continuation Sheet, Item #9

10 GEOGRAPH				
ACREAGE OF NOMIN	NATED PROPERTY less than one	_		
UTM REFERENCES	دمسو			
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VERBAL BOUND	DARY DESCRIPTION			
LIST ALL S	STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERT	TIES OVERLAPPING	STATE OR COUNTY BOUND	ARIES
STATE	CODE	COLINTV		CODE
SIAIE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
		·		
ORGANIZATION	, Curator of Historic Sites	<u> </u>	DATE	<del></del>
	State Historical Society		April 15, 1976	á
STREET & NUMBER	<del>Lucy may y</del>		TELEPHONE	
1500 R Str	<u>:eet</u>		(402) 432-279 STATE	/3
CITY OR TOWN				
Lincoln	The Vitaniana orange		Nebraska CEDTIELCATION	<del></del>
MSIAIE mis	STORIC PRESERVATION			
	THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF			
NATIO <sup>7</sup>	DNAL STAT	TE_X	LOCAL X	
As the designated Sta	ate Historic Preservation Officer for the N	National Historic Pres	servation Act of 1966 (Public L	aw 89-665), I
hereby nominate this	property for inclusion in the National F	Register and certify the		
·	es set forth by the National Park Service.	-		
STATE HISTORIC PRE	SERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE M	ANTIMO D)	Kn. II 4/1	9176
TIT! C		A LIVE	DATE	7
Direct	tor, Nebraska State Histori	cal Society	DATE	
OR NPS USE ONLY  LHEBERY CERTIES	Y THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED	THE NATIONAL		
I MENED I CENTIL	THAT THIS PROFERENCE TO THE COURSE	IN THE NATIONAL.	TEGISTEN 2/2 d	_ /
CHIEF VE	and Inc	$\perp L$	DATE 1/24	100 _
DIRECTOR, OFFICE ATTEST:	E OF ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PR	RESERVATION 6	MODATE 3-2	4.75
KEEPER OF THE N	IATIONAL REGISTER			

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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CONTINUATION SHEET Significance

**ITEM NUMBER** 

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DATE ENTERED

The fall term of 1872 saw professors Ramsey and Graves teaching the Rock Bluff school, and the Naomi Institute was no longer extant. The structure remained in use as a two-story building until the disastrous tornado, when it was converted into a single-story structure. It was used as the Rock Bluff School until consolidation and the purchase of the building by the Cass County Historical Society

The Naomi Institute was known as one of the leading educational institutes in the state during its operation. It is purportedly the oldest standing schoolhouse in Cass County and the first institution in the county to offer secondary-level education. The significance of this venture is greatly enhanced by the state of public education in Nebraska at this time. The Territorial Legislature passed a free public school act in 1884, providing for a county superintendent of schools and the power to levy a tax for school support. Most of the initiative, however, for the creation of schools rested with the three-member district board, and the development of public schools varied greatly from place to place. Compulsory education was not enacted until 1891. Within this context, the efforts of J. D. Patterson and the people of the Rock Bluff vicinity clearly come to the forefront in terms of providing for the educational needs of this community at an early date.

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CONTINUATION SHEET Bibliography ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE 1

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