United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

received	SEP	5 1986
date entered	OCT	2 1986

For NPS use only

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

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historic	Gabilan I	odge Numbe	r 372, Indepen	ndent Order of Odd	l Fellows	
and/or common	Odd Fello	ows Lodge	× .			
2. Loca	ntion		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
street & number	117 Fourt	h Street			$\underline{N/A}$ not for pub	lication
city, town	Gonzales		N/Avicinity of			
state	Californi	a code	06 county	Monterey Count	ty code	053
3. Clas	sificatio	1				
Category district X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisitio in process being conside N/A	 on Acce	occupied unoccupied work in progress ssible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museur park private religiou scientif transpo other:	residence Is lic
4. Own	er of Pro	perty				
name	City of (Gonzales				
street & number	109 Fourt	ch Street				
city, town	Gonzales		$\underline{N/A}$ vicinity of	state	California	93926
5. Loca	ntion of L	egal D	escriptio	on		
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc.	County C1	erk and Recor	der – County Cour	t House	
street & number		312 E. A1	isal Street			
city, town		Salinas		state	California	
6. Repr	esentati	on in E	xisting	Surveys		
title Nor	ne N/A	ч. 	has this pro	perty been determined	eligible? y	es <u>X</u> no
date				federal si	tate county	local
depository for su	rvey records					
city, town				state	•	

7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one
excellent _X good fair	<pre> deteriorated ruins unexposed</pre>	unaitered	original site moved date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Gabilan Lodge Number 372, Independent Order of Odd Fellows (known as the Odd Fellows Hall), in Gonzales, California, is a one-story vernacular neo-classical building. Its appearance suggests a free-standing public building; however, it is joined at the northeast side by a one-story commercial building and nearly joined at the southwest side by the Gonzales City Hall. The building is constructed of cast-in-place concrete, an unusual material for the time of construction. A 30' by 65' addition to the rear of the original 30' by 70' structure was made in the 1940s to accommodate a kitchen and dining room. The original building, the addition, and the interior remain virtually unchanged and intact.

Site

The Odd Fellows Hall occupies nearly its entire 30' by 140' site. The original 30' by 70' building extended from the side property line to side property line, fronting on Fourth Street. In the 1940s, a 30' by 65' addition was placed at the rear of the original structure, extending almost to the alley. The northeast side is joined to a one-story commercial building, and the southwest side is separated from the Gonzales City Hall by a roofed accessway extending from Fourth Street to the alley on the City Hall property. The addition is one-story, utilitarian, with wood siding.

Building Exterior

The front or Fourth Street facade is one-story in height and divided into three equal bays by simply-detailed pilasters. The entry is in the center bay, which has a tall rectangular opening divided by a transom bar. A single aluminum frame door with transom light is recessed in the entry. In each bay on either side of the center bay, are large windows with round arch heads and fan lights. Below each window is a decorative panel with a diamond motif. Resting on the plaster capitals is a pressed metal cornice with dentil band. Above the cornice is a parapet with pilasters continuing the line of those below, and with the I.O.O.F. sign identifying the building located above the entry bay on the parapet. The remaining three facades are either covered or undetailed. The window and door openings remain unchanged, although there have been changes to the actual windows and the entry door. These changes were made in the 1950s.

Building Interior

The interior is divided into two large rooms, one of which is the original building and the other of which is the 1940s addition. Restrooms have been enclosed in each room. The original hall has wood wains cot approximately 5' in height, plaster walls, wood picture rail and cornice, and pressed metal ceiling which extends down the side walls to the wood cornice. The addition has knotty pine wains cot and plaster walls. The interior of the building is nearly intact, with the original light fixtures and special furnishings used by the Odd Fellows. The wains cot in the original portion of the building has been painted and the floor has been carpeted. The wains cot in the addition has its original finish.

8. Significance

prehistoric archeology-prehistoric conservation landscape architecturereligion 1400-1499 archeology-historic conservation law science 1500-1599 agriculture economics literature sculpture 1600-1699 architecture education military X social/ 1700-1799 art engineering music humanitarian 1800-1899 commerce exploration/settlement philosophy theater 1900- communications industry politics/government transportation invention invention other (specify)	Period	Areas of SignificanceC		• • • •	
	1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799	archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture Architecture art commerce	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlemer industry	Iaw Iiterature Iiterature Iitary IIIII IIIIIIIIII IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	science sculpture _X social/ humanitarian theater transportation

Specific dates 1914, addition 1940's Builder/Architect H. B. Douglas

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The architectural significance of the Gabilan Lodge 372, Independent Order of Odd Fellows (commonly known as the Odd Fellows Lodge), lies in the fact that, while small in scale, it is one of the three remaining grand public buildings in Gonzales, a rural community of simple structures. Constructed of cast-in-place concrete, an unusual technique for that time, the simple classical detailing announces the importance of the building as a community landmark, and distinguishes it from the commercial buildings of the streetscape. Also of significance, is the fact that the Odd Fellows Lodge is virtually in its original condition, inside and out. The social/humanitarian significance of the Odd Fellows Lodge is that, like each one of the network of such lodges across the United States, it was an important social and financial center of its community. This was because the Odd Fellows provided its members not only with secret ritual and ceremony, but the with the only forms of life and health insurance commonly available at the time. In many small rural and mountain communities, the Odd Fellows came to occupy a role of importance in the community beyond its stated purpose, because as Fred Rianda, a member of the Gabilan Lodge Number 372 for 58 years, put it, "Anyone who was anyone in Gonzales was a member of the Odd Fellows."1

The Independent Order of Odd Fellows began in Manchester, England, in 1810. It was one of many of England's friendly societies which were organized to protect dues-paying members and their families against the financial consequences of death and injury. The first American lodge was formed in Baltimore in 1819. While, over the years, many refinements were made in the rituals of the Odd Fellowship, their stated purpose remained to bring mankind into one brotherhood, and that the remedy for the world's evils would always be fraternity.² The Odd Fellows society is a secret one whose members pass through degrees representing steps to fraternal enlightenment. Although outside the organization the degrees and rituals are not well known, every community is familiar with their local Odd Fellows hall, its social events, and its position as a focal point of the community. Probably the most important function of the Odd Fellows, and what was largely responsible for the growth of the society, was the insurance they offered their members. Membership dues were used to care for a sick or injured member's family, to provide funeral expenses in case of death, and to support widows and orphans.

The Gabilan Lodge Number 372 was formed in Gonzales, California, in 1892. Gonzales was founded in 1874 by the Gonzales brothers, and economic life centered around the development of typical town businesses, and cattle and dairy farming. By 1894, the population had grown to 500 and schools, churches, and other social institutions were well established in this rural community. Meetings of the Gabilan Lodge were held in the wood-frame Brockman house until it burned in a town fire in September of 1914. Prior to the fire, architect H. B. Douglas was in the process of developing plans for a new lodge, utilizing an unusual material for that time: cast-in-place concrete.

9. Major Bibliographical References

See continuation sheet.

10. G	eograp	hical Data			
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			D F H		
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ate	N/A	code	county	N/A	code
ate	N/A	code	county	N/A	code
ganization eet & numb		Services Collabo	rative (CSC)	date telephor	July 7, 1986
	<u>1515 DI</u>	oadway		state	Colorado 80302
2. St	Boulder	storic Pres	ervatio		icer Certification
		this property within the			
	national	state	V iocal	·	
5), I hereby cording to th	nominate this p he criteria and	ric Preservation Officer roperty for inclusion in to procedures set forth by to fficer signature	the National Reg	ister and ce	eservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89- ertify that it has been evaluated
le	State Hist	oric Preservation	Officer	-	date 8/28/86
For NPS ta I hereby De Resper of 1	es only contry the this Local of G the National P	antonas la deseñía a <u>1999</u> - Alexandres Sebe			and the second of the second s
Attest:	oistration				

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Continuation sheet	1	Item number	8	Page ¹

The lodge was constructed by Contractor Perry, and the first lodge meeting in the new building was held in January of $1915.^3$ As was typical of fraternal organizations in small communities across the country, the Odd Fellows Hall in Gonzales became the center of men's social life. The national Odd Fellows organization formed the Rebekahs as a way to include the member's wives. The importance of the Gabilan Lodge in Gonzales is indicated by its membership, which numbered about 200 in a community of 500 to 1,000.⁴ Because of its membership, the lodge became a center of political and financial power, as well as a social one.

The Odd Fellows Hall has been in continuous use as the Gabilan Lodge meeting hall since its construction until it was purchased by the City of Gonzales in 1985. The use the City proposes for the building is meeting space in the original part of the structure, and a senior center in the addition. The building remains virtually intact, including original light fixtures, pressed metal ceiling, and skylight, and the new uses will not appreciably change the building.

Footnotes:

- 1. Interview with Mr. Fred Rianda, December 1985.
- Ridgely, James L., <u>History of American Oddfellowship; The First Decade</u>, (James L. Ridgely: Baltimore, Maryland) 1898, pp. 2-3.
- 3. Minutes 1914-1915, (Gabilan Lodge Number 372, I.O.O.F. Gonzales, California).
- 4. Gonzales Town History, (City of Gonzales: Gonzales, California).

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Exp. 10-31-84

OMB No. 1024-0018

received date entered

Continuation sheet 2

Item number 9

 $Page^1$

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Minutes - 1914-1915, (Gabilan Lodge Number 372, I.O.O.F. Gonzales, California).

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Gosden, P.H.J.H.,

- 1974 <u>Self-Help; Voluntary Associations in 19th Century Britain</u>, Barnes and Noble: N.Y.
- Gottfried, Herbert and Jan Jennings 1985 <u>American Vernacular Design 1870-1940; An Illustrated Glossary</u>, Van Nostrand Reinhold: New York.
- Ridgely, James L
 - 1878 <u>History of American Oddfellowship; The First Decade</u>, James L. Ridgely: Baltimore, Maryland.

B-3976H



CALIF. STATE HWY. (ALTERNATE) No. 101

02

MAP OF GONZALES BLKS 19 TO 21 \$ 28 TO 30

SKETCH MAP

135'



Gabilan Lodge Number 372, IOOF

1 117 Fourth Street, Gonzales, Monterey Co. Scale 1" = 20' ĉ California