National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



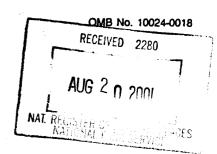
This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property			
Dana Charal Mina			
			
other names/site numberWimer Mine			
2. Location			
street & number BLM Road 40-8-28 ap intersection with Wald	oprox. i mile north	of the NA not for pedford District)	oublication
city or townCave Junction		🗠 vicin	ity
state Oregon code OR	county <u>Josephine</u>	code033 zip code	97523
3. State/Federal Agency Certification			
In my opinion, the property Imeets does not recomments. Signature of certifying official/Title Deputy SHE Oregon State Historic Preserva	Sesional requirements set forth in 36 (criteria. I recommend that this proper inuation sheet for additional comments of the second sheet for additional comments of the second sheet for additional sheet for addits additional sheet for additional sheet for additional sheet for	CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the proty be considered significant nts.)	operty
State or Federal agency and bureau	TCION OTTIO		
4. National Park Service Certification			
I hereby certify that the property is: entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet.	Signature of the Keeper Entered in the		Date of Action
 determined eligible for the National Register See continuation sheet. 	3.00mm 100mm		
 determined not eligible for the National Register. 			
removed from the National Register.			
Other, (explain:)			

NPS Form 10-900 (Oct. 1990)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property	1					
historic nameD	eep Gravel Mi	ine				
other names/site num	nber <u>Wimer</u>	Mine				
2. Location						
street & number BL inter city or town Car state Ore	ve Junction] vicini	ty
		County .				
3. State/Federal Ag	ency Certification				A. 15. Fight	
Historic Places and meets D does	ermination of eligibility material in the procedural at not meet the National Relatewide locally. (nd professional rec legister criteria. I re	uirements set forth in Secommend that this pro	36 CFR Part 60. In perty be considered	my opinion, the pro	
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State of Federal ag	ency and bureau					
In my opinion, the comments.)	property meets d	oes not meet the i	National Register criteria	a. (See continu	ation sheet for additi	onal
Signature of certify	ring official/Title		Date	-		
State or Federal a	gency and bureau					
4. National Park Se	ervice Certification					
I hereby certify that the p	property is:		Signature of the Keep	er		Date of Action
☐ entered in the Na ☐ See cont	ational Register. inuation sheet.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
☐ determined eligib National Regis ☐ See cont						
determined not e National Regis	ter.					
removed from the Register.						
other, (explain:)	<u>.</u>					

Name of Property		County and State	
5. Classification	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Resources within Prope (Do not include previously listed resources in	erty the count.)
 □ private □ public-local □ public-State ☑ public-Federal 	 □ building(s) □ district ☑ site □ structure □ object 	Contributing Noncontributing 1 3	sites structures objects
Name of related multiple p (Enter "N/A" if property is not part	roperty listing of a multiple property listing.)	Number of contributing resources in the National Register	previously listed
Mining Resources of	f the Upper Illinoi		
6. Function or Use	Orego	n	
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)	
INDUSTRY/PROCESSING	G/EXTRACTION	VACANT/NOT IN USE	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
7. Description			
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from instructions)	
NO STYLE		foundation	A. 18
	·	walls	
		roof	
		other EARTH; STONE	

other_

Josephine

Oregon

Deep Gravel Mine

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Please See Continuation Page

8. S	tatement of Significance	
Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property		Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)
for National Register listing.)		INDUSTRY
⊠ A	Property is associated with events that have made	
	a significant contribution to the broad patterns of	
	our history.	
	Property is associated with the lives of persons	
	significant in our past.	
	organical results	
	Property embodies the distinctive characteristics	
	of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses	
	high artistic values, or represents a significant and	
	distinguishable entity whose components lack	Period of Significance
	individual distinction.	1885-1904
	Daniera, har ciatala di arcia Bladu da vialal	
ט ט	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	
	mornation important in promotory or motory.	
	ria Considerations	Significant Dates
(Mark	"x" in all the boxes that apply.)	N/A
Prop	erty is:	
•	, -	
	owned by a religious institution or used for	
	religious purposes.	Significant Person
	removed from its original location.	(Complete if Criterion B is marked above)
		N/A
	a birthplace or grave.	
	a cemetery.	Cultural Affiliation
L	a centetery.	N/A
	a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	
□ F	a commemorative property.	
	less than 50 years of age or achieved significance	Architect/Builder
	within the past 50 years.	N/A
	•	
Nan	rative Statement of Significance ain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.	1
<u> </u>	Major Bibliographical References	,
Bibi	lography	no or more continuation charte \
•	the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on ovious documentation on file (NPS):	Primary location of additional data:
	preliminary determination of individual listing (36	State Historic Preservation Office
_	CFR 67) has been requested	☐ Other State agency
	previously listed in the National Register	☑ Federal agency
	previously determined eligible by the National	☐ Local government
_	Register	☐ University ☐ Other
	designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey	□ Otner Name of repository:
_	#	USDI BLM Medford District
C	recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	

Deep Gravel Mine	Josephine Oregon
Name of Property	County and State
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of Property	
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)	
Zone Easting Northing 2	3
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)	
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)	
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Katherine C. Atwood (with Dr. Vorganization (for) USDI Bureau of Land Manage	ward Tonsfeldt)
Medford Distric	telephone (541) 482-8714
	state OR zip code 97520
Additional Documentation	
Submit the following items with the completed form:	
Continuation Sheets	
Maps	
A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the prop	perty's location.
A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having	arge acreage or numerous resources.
Photographs	
Representative black and white photographs of the prop	erty.
Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)	
Property Owner	
(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)	
namePlease See Continuation Page	
street & number	telephone
city or town	state zip code

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget. Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Mining Resources of the Upper Illinois Valley Deep Gravel Mine

Section Number:

Page: 1

Summary Description

Located approximately five miles south of Cave Junction, Oregon, the nominated portion of the Deep Gravel Mine was mined extensively between 1883 and 1904. Although mining occurred in later years on other areas of the property, the nominated portion preserves important features related to hydraulic development of the mine in the 1880s during the initial period of hydraulic placer mining in the Waldo vicinity. The mining equipment associated with this site has disappeared, but the remaining earthworks (including mine cut, tailrace, pit, vertical channel and tailings), clearly reveal the mining process with integrity of location, design, or plan, setting, feeling and association.

Location and Setting

The federally managed area of the Deep Gravel Mine is located in the southeast quarter of Section 21, Township 40 South, Range 8 West, about six miles south of Cave Junction, Oregon in southwest Josephine County (Josephine County Assessor's Plat 40-8-21 Tax Lot 500). Situated on Butcher Gulch, at an elevation of about 1500 feet above sea level, the site contains wide areas of placer mining tailings. These tailings are remains of washed gravels derived primarily from eroded and resorted Tertiary conglomerate, a poorly sorted clay and sand with small rock fragments and lenses of gravel (Shenon 1933c: Figure 11; Budy 1999: 35HS11-479: 2).

The mine is located in a mixed conifer/oak woodland vegetation zone with an on-site plant community consisting of Douglas fir/oak/poison oak on the extreme northwest, and ponderosa and pine/manzanita with sparse second growth pine on the serpentine exposures on the southeast. Riparian growth characterizes ground in wet drainages and around the hydraulic pit. The site's re-growth forests have reestablished themselves within the last one hundred years (Budy 2000, 35HS11-79: 2).

The Deep Gravel Mine occupies the entire bottom of Butcher Gulch, with the nominated portion located in the uppermost vicinity of the gulch. Describing this area, Historian Elizabeth Budy notes:

In the uppermost reaches of the gulch, the gravels (which were shallow) were scoured to bedrock. The natural drainage system

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Mining Resources of the Upper Illinois Valley Deep Gravel Mine

Section Number:

7 Page: 2

was modified by channelizing the gulch, especially in the northwest corner where giants excavated deep pits, leaving steep hydraulic cutface features and forming ponds today. Mining in the upper gulch has accelerated water flow over the exposed bedrock; numerous gullies and channels created by mining direct water through the center of the gulch and fill the hydraulic pits (Budy 1999:35HS11-479).

Site Description

The nominated portion of the mine on Bureau of Land Management-managed lands constitutes an irregularly shaped area of 58.983 acres in size. The Wimer Ditch encircles the perimeter of the mine. BLM Road 40-8-28, an unimproved road that forks near the bottom of the gulch, traverses the property. Although the earliest focus of mining efforts on Butcher Gulch occurred in this area of shallow gravels along the ravine's upper edge, no evidence remains of the initial mining period. The initial hydraulic mining era, however, is well represented by tailings piles, sluice channels, a large hydraulic pit and hydraulic pipe that link the mine to the Wimer Ditch (Budy 2000 35HS11-479).

The nominated property contains several interrelated features associated with hydraulic mining along 1600 feet of Butcher Gulch. Important components of this site (indicated on the site map, include a hydraulic mine cut face (K-1) that surrounds a hydraulic pit (K) measuring approximately two hundred-fifty feet by one hundred feet, with a shallow water-filled pond in the bottom. (A portion of the pit is located to the northwest on patented land). Here miners channeled water from the Wimer Ditch above the mine into pipe, directed it through a nozzle in high-pressure spray, and cut away the gulch banks (Budy 2000, 35HS11-479: 6). The vertical channel that supported hydraulic pipe and that appears to be on private property, marks the place where miners took water from the Wimer Ditch for use in hydraulic mining. Several sections of hydraulic pipe that rested in the channel remain on the site.

Located to the south and east of the hydraulic mine face is a **tailrace (J-1)**, (approximately five-hundred feet in length), that transported used water and debris away from the site after the giant had removed gold-bearing dirt. Adjacent on the north and south of the tailrace are low piles of **tailings (J)** several hundred feet in length. (One of

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Mining Resources of the Upper Illinois Valley Deep Gravel Mine

Section Number: 7 Page: 3

the largest tailings piles measures approximately 250 feet in length and varies between 50 and 100 feet in width). These tailings contain piles of rocks that were dislodged and churned in the hydraulic mining process and expelled from sluice boxes after begin washed down from the mined area.

In 1999 a field survey of the federally managed portion of the Deep Gravel Mine recorded several sections of hydraulic pipe, an unidentified piece of machine housing, and the remains of a miner's cabin. A pear tree, most likely dating from the pioneer period, is located in a former habitation site on the northerly boundary of the nominated property (Budy 1999: 35HS11-479). Although not included as major features of this nomination, these artifacts are noted on the attached sketch map.

Integrity

The Deep Gravel Mine encompasses important features related to the initial hydraulic developments from the mid-1880s to 1904. Although much of the Deep Gravel Mine is on private property significant and highly visible earthworks that form key aspects of the mining system, retain their original appearance on federally-managed land. The setting of the historic Deep Gravel Mine remains intact. The abandoned ravine and tailings piles on this once-busy site clearly reflect the "boom or bust" cycle that characterized mining in this area. The Deep Gravel Mine allows the observer to clearly understand the mining activity here that significantly affected development in the Upper Illinois Valley.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Mining Resources of the Upper Illinois Valley
Deep Gravel Mine

Section Number: 8 Page:

Significance

The nominated portion of the Deep Gravel Mine, established in its present configuration between 1883 and 1904, is locally significant for its association with mining in the Upper Illinois Valley Waldo vicinity during the period of initial hydraulic development. Part of a multiple property submission, "Mining Resources of the Upper Illinois Valley, Oregon," the Deep Gravel Mine represents its associated historic context, "Gold Placer Mining and Development of the Waldo Vicinity, 1851-1942." The Deep Gravel Mine meets the registration requirements outlined in the registration documents for mines of the initial hydraulic mining period. The mine retains its integrity of location, setting, design and feeling and evokes direct historic associations with mining technology that played a critical role in the Upper Illinois Valley. The Deep Gravel Mine is eligible to the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion A as an important, tangible representative of historic mining activities in the Waldo vicinity.

History

Gold was discovered in Butcher Gulch in 1852-1853. "At least the upper part of the gulch was mined as soon as water was available, by what the miners called the "pick and shovel" method using the pan, rocker or sluice box" (Street and Street 1973:32); however no ditches served the mine until 1858. Illinois River Decree testimony records indicate that in 1858 workings on what would eventually be the Deep Gravel Mine were known as the Quinn and Darkis Mine. James Quinn and William Darkis constructed a ditch in 1858 that took water from the East Fork of the Illinois River to their placer mining property in the upper parts of Butcher Gulch, now the area of the Deep Gravel Mine located on Bureau of Management lands. This early ditch appears to have been incorporated into the Wimer Ditch when it was expanded in later years.

George Simmons and his brother, Walter Simmons, acquired the Butcher Gulch mine property in 1876 (Josephine County Mining Records 3:125 October 26, 1876; 3: 231 February 3, 1878) and initiated hydraulic operations on the ground the following year. In 1878, Walter Simmons sold his interest in the mine to Jacob Wimer and his sons, George W. Wimer and William J. Wimer. George Simmons sold his interest to the Wimers in 1883 (Josephine County Mining Records 3:270 July 8, 1878; 3:271, July 13, 1878).

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Mining Resources of the Upper Illinois Valley

Deep Gravel Mine

Section Number:

Page:

Following this purchase, the Wimers enlarged the mine's ditch and it became known as the Wimer Ditch.

Known as the Wimer Mine between 1883 and 1901, the property experienced substantial hydraulic developments including the expansion of water systems, the introduction of hydraulic giants, and the construction of the long tail race through Butcher Gulch (Budy 2000, 35HS 11-479:3). In July 1886, the local newspaper described the Wimers' mining operation:

J. Wimer and Sons have a hydraulic claim in Butcher Gulch wherein they use two large giants and three thousand feet of eleven and fourteen inch pipe. The opening of this claim was commenced in 1877 by Walter and George Simmons...This claim and the Scotts Gulch claim run day and night most of the year. (Rogue River Courier, July 30, 1886 quoted in Street 1973; 30).

In 1897 the midsummer edition of *Oregon Mining Journal* described the Wimer Mine operation:

Twenty years ago ground was first broken on the outlet race to the Wimer Mine. This year it has been completed. This race is eleven miles long and sixty feet deep. It runs through low hills and heavy timber and has a 268-foot tunnel through bedrock...

The water supply consists of two ditches, each having head boxes 4 x 6 feet, one being two miles long, the other to be about 3 ³/₄ miles long ... This mine is equipped with four giants, three locomotive headlights, 8,000 feet of pipe, ranging in size from 11 to 60 inches in diameter... the major part of which is from 17 to 22 inches. There are also over 3,000 feet of 4x5 outlet flume. This mine is worked at least 11 months in each year, employing about a dozen men and using from two to four giants....(*Oregon Mining Journal*, 1897:55)

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Mining Resources of the Upper Illinois Valley Deep Gravel Mine

Section Number: 8 Page:

In 1901, W.J. Wimer, a prominent Josephine County citizen, and other investors, formed the Deep Gravel Mining Company, incorporating with a capital of \$85,000 and giving the mine its present name. Hydraulic elevators were in operation at the Deep Gravel in 1904 and construction of the long tailrace through Butcher Gulch was completed the same year to access the deeper gravels (Budy 1999 35HS11-479). In 1904 a Grants Pass mining publication described the Deep Gravel Mine:

The mine is equipped with two large ditches, two and four miles long respectively, furnishing a pressure of 190 feet to a No. 2 Hendy elevator. The peculiar topography of this mine has necessitated the cutting of a race 7,000 feet long and in some places 60 feet deep, including also a tunnel of 300 feet. This race constitutes a very important part of the present process of hydraulic elevation, which was introduced into operation only during the past year

Costs in improvements up to 1908 totaled \$130,000 and the mine had produced about \$250,000 (Shenon 1933:188). In late 1910, the Waldo Consolidated Gold Mining Company, based in New York City, New York, obtained an option on the Deep Gravel Mine for \$150,000 (Josephine County Mining Records 37:282). At the same time the New York company purchased an option for the High Gravel Mine and the Logan Simmons Cameron Mine, eventually holding approximately 4,000 acres (*Waldo Consolidated Gold Mining Co. of Oregon* 1910). Despite their optimistic plans, the Waldo Consolidated Gold Mining Company failed to make payments and ownership reverted to the Deep Gravel Mining Company (*Mineral Wealth* 1904: 40)

In 1933, Shenon (1933c:188) noted that the principal workings consisted of "four pits covering a total area of approximately 50 acres and shallow pits covering well over 15 acres." At that time, the Deep Gravel Company owned "...350 acres of patented land, 410 acres of land held by mineral location, and water right to take 2,800 inches of water from the East Fork of the Illinois River at a point a short distance west of Takilma" (Shenon 1933:188). In the period between 1907 and 1933, the mine produced about \$26,316 in gold.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Mining Resources of the Upper Illinois Valley Deep Gravel Mine

Section Number: 8

Page: 4

For several decades the Deep Gravel Mine was leased by its owners to various individuals (Josephine County Mining Records 7:241). In 1942, as mining came to an end during World War II, the Deep Gravel Mine had approximately forty to fifty acres excavated to bedrock. The ground was "cut its entire length by an artificially constructed race with an average depth of fifty feet, from the serpentine at the upper end of the property to the dump in the West Fork of the Illinois River" (DOGAMI:1942:192). Reports stated that more than \$100,000 had been spent on piping, construction of the race, and in ditch development. They estimated twenty million cubic yards of gravel to be untouched, with an average yield better than twenty cents per square yard (DOGAMI 1942:192). Geologists stated that the Deep Gravel Mine "has produced what would be, at the present gold price, upwards of \$500,000 (DOGAMI 1942: 192).

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Mining Resources of the Upper Illinois Valley Deep Gravel Mine

Section Number: 9

Page: 1

Bibliography

Budy, Elizabeth E.

1999 Deep Gravel Mine Cultural Site Record 35HS11-479 (for USDI-BLM Medford District)

Budy, Elizabeth E.

2000 Esterly Lakes Cultural Resource Survey: Human Landscapes in the Historic Waldo, Takilma, and Blue Creek Mining Districts (Project #99-53) (Prepared for (USDI-BLM Medford District).

(DOGAMI) Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries 1942 Oregon Metal Mines Handbook, Bulletin 14-C Southwestern Oregon, Volume 2, Section 1 [Josephine County], Portland, Oregon.

Oregon Mining Journal

1897 Offprint "Waldo District Mines." On File, Josephine County Historical Society, Grants Pass, Oregon.

Shenon, Philip J.

1933c Geology and Ore Deposits of the Takilma-Waldo District, Oregon, Including the Blue Creek District. U.S. Geological Survey Bulletin 846-B Government Printing Office, Washington D.C.

Waldo Consolidated Gold Mining Company

1910 Waldo Consolidated Gold Mining Co. [prospectus] New York, New York.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Mining Resources of the Upper Illinois Valley Deep Gravel Mine

Section Number: 10 Page: 1

A map showing locations of the twenty resources included in this Multiple Property Submission is contained with this document. A photocopied portion of the USGS map indicating the location of the Deep Grave Mine accompanies the nomination document.

Boundary Description

The nominated portion of the Deep Gravel Mine is located in the southeast quarter of Section 21, Township 40 South, Range 8 West W.M., in Josephine County Oregon, and is further indicated on USGS map O'Brien quadrangle included with this nomination. The property is further described as follows:

Beginning at the southeast corner of Section 21, T. 40 S. R. 8 W., (W.M). Tax Lot 500 (as described in Josephine County Assessor's Plat 40-8-21), proceed North along the section line between Sections 21 and 22 to intersect the northerly boundary of Tax Lot 500 in the SE ¼ of Section 21. Then continue West along the northerly boundary of Tax Lot 500 to its intersection with an unnamed BLM road in the NW ¼ of the SE ¼ of Section 21. Then continue south along this BLM road to its intersection with the south section line of Section 21, T. 40 S.., Range 8 W., (W.M.); then proceed due East along this section line to the point of beginning. The nominated property contains 58.983 acres.

Boundary Justification

The nominated area encompasses the major earthwork features that comprise the primary locus of late nineteenth century mining that occurred on this portion of the Deep Gravel Mine on lands now administered by the Bureau of Land Management.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Mining Resources of the Upper Illinois Valley

Deep Gravel Mine

Section Number: 10 Page: 2

UTM References

Zone	Location	Easting	Northing
10	1	446312.29799	4657638.63344
	2	446997.33270	4657627.40336
	3	446997.33270	4657230.60731
	4	446435.82884	4657226.86395

NPS Form 10-900-A

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Mining Resources of the Upper Illinois Valley

Deep Gravel Mine

Section Number:

Page:

Photographs

1

Photographs

Photograph No.1

1) Deep Gravel Mine

2) S.E quarter of Section 21, T. 40 S., R. 8W. W.M. in Josephine County, Oregon

3) Photographer: Elizabeth Budy

4) Date of Photograph: October 1999

5) Negative holder: Bureau of Land Management, Medford District

3040 Biddle Road Medford, Oregon 97504

6) View: Overview hydraulic cutface, feature K

7) Photograph number 1 of 4

Photograph No. 2

- 1) Deep Gravel Mine
- 2) S.E quarter of Section 21, T. 40 S., R. 8W. W.M. in Josephine County, Oregon
- 3) Photographer: Elizabeth Budy
- 4) Date of Photograph: October 1999
- 5) Negative holder: Bureau of Land Management, Medford District

3040 Biddle Road Medford, Oregon 97504

- 6) View: Hydraulic pit, feature K
- 7) Photograph number 2 of 4

Photograph No. 3

- 1) Deep Gravel Mine
- 2) S.E quarter of Section 21, T. 40 S., R. 8W. W.M. in Josephine County, Oregon
- 3) Photographer: Elizabeth Budy
- 4) Date of Photograph: October 1999
- 5) Negative holder: Bureau of Land Management, Medford District

3040 Biddle Road Medford, Oregon 97504

- 6) View: Tailings, feature J
- 7) Photograph number 3 of 4

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Mining Resources of the Upper Illinois Valley Deep Gravel Mine

Section Number: Page: 2

Photograph No. 4

1) Deep Gravel Mine (Wimer Mine)

2) S.E quarter of Section 21, T. 40 S., R. 8W. W.M. in Josephine County, Oregon

3) Photographer: Unknown

4) Date of Photograph: c. 1900

5) Negative holder: Kerbyville Museum

24195 Redwood Highway

Kerby, Oregon 97531

6) View: Wimer Mine

7) Photograph number 4 of 4

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Mining Resources of the Upper Illinois Valley Deep Gravel Mine

Section Number:

11

Page: 1

Property Owner Notification

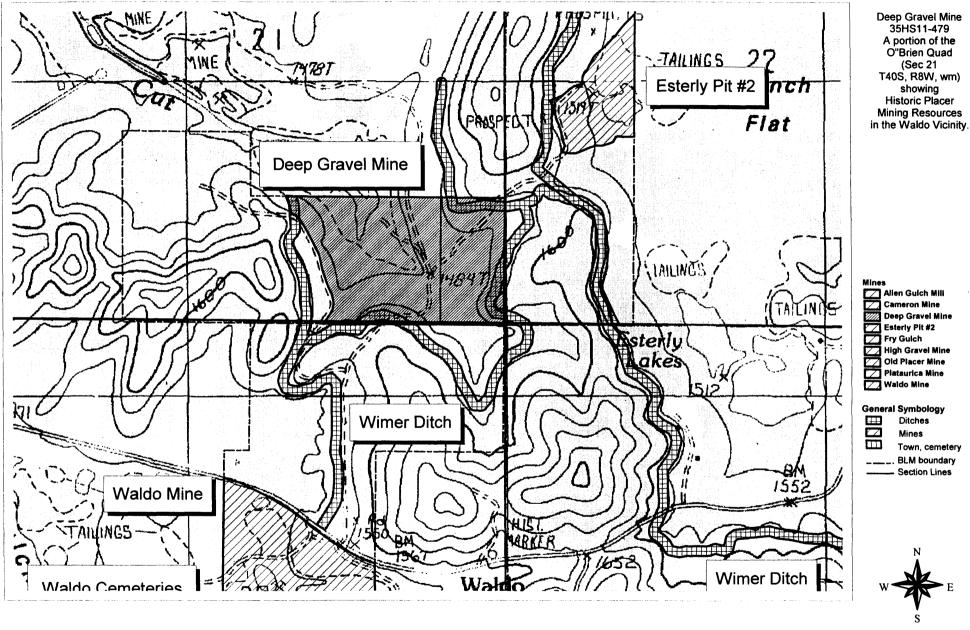
Bureau of Land Management Ron Wenker, District Manager Grants Pass Resource Area Manager Ann Ramage, Archaeologist Medford Field Office 3040 Biddle Road Medford OR 97504

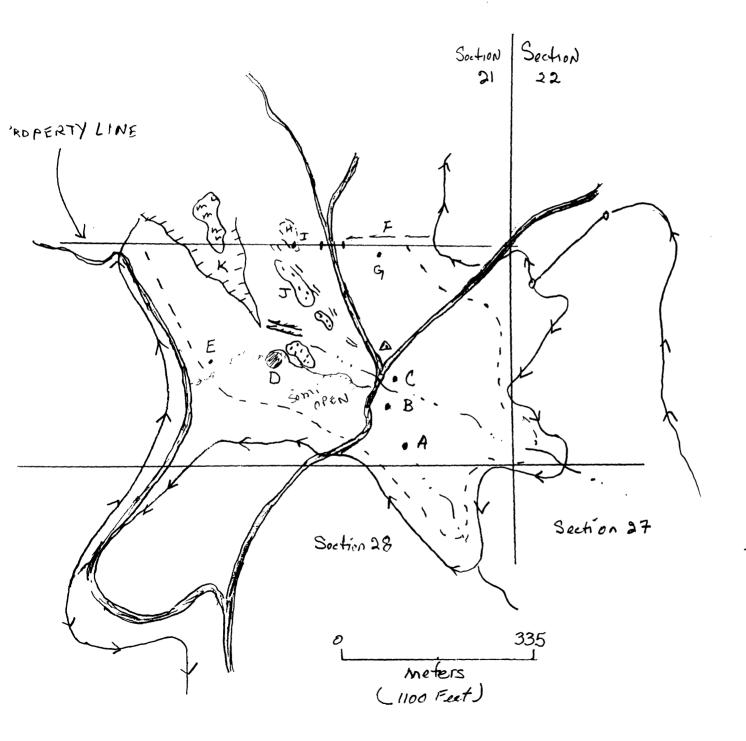
Oregon-Washington State Office Bureau of Land Management Elaine Zielinski, Director Richard Hanes, Cultural Resource Lead PO Box 2965 Portland OR 97208-2965

Federal Preservation Officer Certification

Mr. John G. Douglas, Preservation Officer Bureau of Land Management (240) 204-LS 18th and C Streets, NW Washington, DC 20240

Deep Gravel Mine





Sketch Map 35HS11-479 Deep Gravel Mine Elizabeth Budy 8/3/99

Key

A,B, C, G, I = hydraulic pipe
D = Habitation flat, former cabin site,
stove pipe and truck parts.
E = equipment piece
F = vertical channel, pipeline conduit.
H = pear tree in former habitation area.
J = old tailings piles
K = hydraulic pit, water-filled pond and
steep cut face.

= tailings

+++++ = hydraulic cut face

= pond

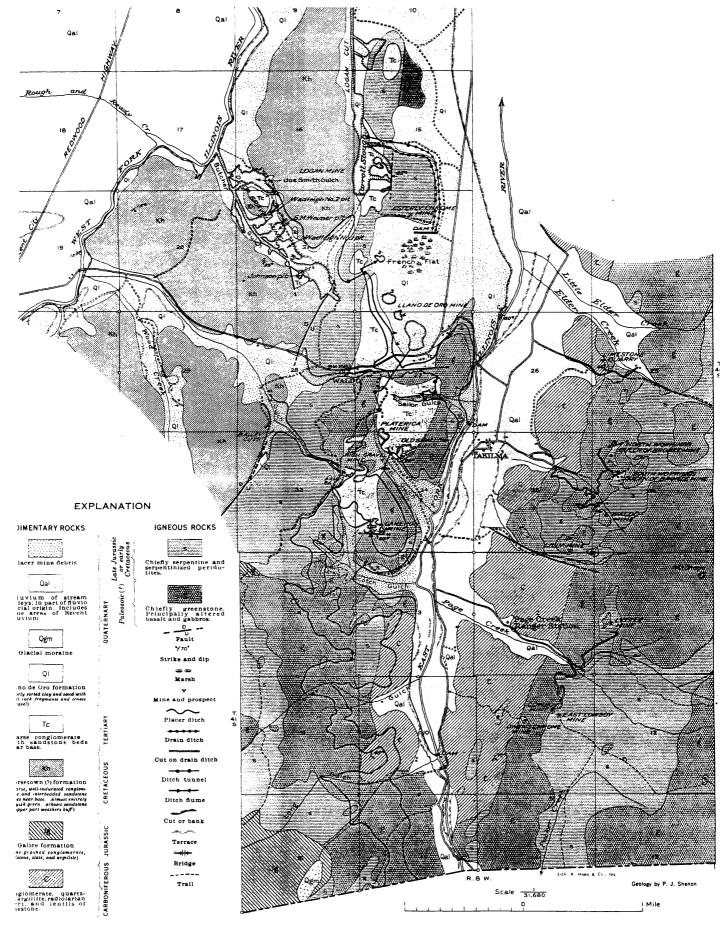
= tailrace

= Wimer ditch

= = roads

- - - = site boundary

Datum = 17" Ponderosa
PINE



GEOLOGIC MAP OF THE TAKILMA-WALDO DISTRICT, JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON