

# United States Department of the Interior

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE 1849 C Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20240

July 26, 2010

# Notice to file:

This property has been automatically listed in the National Register of Historic Places. This is due to the fact that the publication of our Federal Register Notice: "National Register of Historic Places: Pending Nominations and Other Actions" was delayed beyond our control to the point where the mandated 15 day public comment period ended after our required 45 day time frame to act on the nomination. If the 45<sup>th</sup> day falls on a weekend or Federal holiday, the property will be automatically listed the next business day. The nomination is technically adequate and meets the National Register criteria for evaluation, and thus, automatically listed in the National Register of Historic Places.

Edson H. Beall Historian

National Register of Historic Places

Phone: 202-354-2255

E-mail: Edson\_Beall@nps.gov Web: www.nps.gov/history/nr United States Department of the Interior National Park Service 502

JUN 1 1 2010

NAT. REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in National Register Bulletin, How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional certification comments, entries, and narrative items on continuation sheets if needed (NPS Form 10-900a).

instructions. Place additional certification comments, entries, and narrative items on continuation	on sheets if neede	ed (NPS Form 10-900a).
1. Name of Property		
historic name KwikCurb Diner		
other names/site number Marv's Drive-in / Hungry Onion Drive-in / Big Onion Dr	ive-in / Hwy 30	Drive-in
2. Location		
street & number 850 S. 3 <sup>rd</sup> West	N/A	not for publication
city or town Mountain Home	N/A	estatation.
	020	_vicinity
state Idaho code ID county Elmore code	039 zip coo	de 83647
3. State/Federal Agency Certification		
for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60.  In my opinion, the property X meets does not meet the National Register be considered significant at the following level(s) of significance: nationalstatewide X local  Signature of certifying official/Title  Kenneth C. Reid, Ph. D. / Deputy SHPO	Criteria. I reco	
State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government  In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria.		
Circulate of the second		
Signature of commenting official Date		
Title State or Federal agency/bureau or	r Tribal Governmen	nt
4. National Park Service Certification		
I hereby cartify that this property is:	National Register	egister
Signature of the Keeper Date of A	1 2 1 1	

(Expires 5/31/2012)

KwikCurb Diner Name of Property	Elmore County, Idaho County and State
5. Classification	
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply.)  Category of Property (Check only one box.)	Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)
X   private   X   building(s)   district   site   structure   object	Contributing  1 buildings district site 2 structure object 3 0 Total
Name of related multiple property listing (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing)	Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register
N/A	0
6. Function or Use  Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions.)  COMMERCE/TRADE: Restaurant	Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions.)  COMMERCE/TRADE: Restaurant
7. Description Architectural Classification	Materials
(Enter categories from instructions.) OTHER: Drive-in	(Enter categories from instructions.)  foundation: CONCRETE  walls: WOOD/Weatherboard
	roof: METAL other: ASPHALT

(Expires 5/31/2012)

KwikCurb Diner	
Name of Property	

Elmore County, Idaho
County and State

#### **Narrative Description**

(Describe the historic and current physical appearance of the property. Explain contributing and noncontributing resources if necessary. Begin with a summary paragraph that briefly describes the general characteristics of the property, such as its location, setting, size, and significant features.)

# Summary Paragraph

The KwikCurb Diner is located in Mountain Home, Idaho, in the southwestern region of the state. The building sits, facing west, on the east side of Highway 30, in a thinly developed area. The building is on the back of a 164 x 218.5 x 254.5-foot triangular lot. The lot is asphalt covered with the exception of a pine tree growing in the center of the parking lot immediately adjacent to the road. The parking lot transitions seamlessly to the old highway without curbs or sidewalks.

# Narrative Description

The KwikCurb Diner consists of a frame structure flanked by two cantilevered canopies. The site centers around the combined kitchen/customer-service structure that is 33 feet long and 16 feet wide in the front. The structure has a concrete slab foundation, frame walls, lap siding, and a shallow sloping shed-roof with deep boxed eaves that project 3.5 feet on the front and sides to cover concrete sidewalks. The roof is covered with rolled asphalt roofing and slopes to the east. On the roof, there are two swamp coolers, a modern grill fan exhaust and a small gas furnace vent.

The building is visually divided into 2 portions: the front "customer service" portion finished in brick and canted plate-glass; and the rear, "kitchen" portion finished in wide clapboard siding. At the front (west end) of the structure the northwest corner is inset by 1 foot, the southwest corner by 2 feet. The northwest inset has a small counter under a 1 x 1 sliding-sash window used for walk-up orders. Above the order window is a fixed-sash window. The southwest inset has a single-light wood door used by carhops to provide service to auto customers under the awnings. The door appears to be original to the structure. As a result of the banks of windows in the front of the building, the front half of the structure is visible from three sides and patrons can see drinks being prepared.

The back half of the structure is enclosed in wide, clapboard siding. On the north elevation are two outside access drive-in restroom doors. The east side of the structure has a single solid door

(Expires 5/31/2012)

KwikCurb Diner	
Name of Property	

Elmore County, Idaho
County and State

protected by a shallow shed hood resting on the shed roof. The south side has a modern heat pump placed on the sidewalk under the overhanging eaves.

On either side of the building are parking canopies, both of which are 16 x 54 feet. The canopies are not physically attached to the restaurant building; however, they are less than a foot removed. Each is supported by four sets of V-shaped pole stanchions rising at an angle from a common concrete footing. The stanchions are joined by plywood panels about three feet from the ground to provide incar diners with a visual screen for privacy. At the top of each pole is a 2 x 12-inch beam tapering to the ends. These cap beams provide support for the nine 2 x 6-inch roof stringers. The stringers are topped with metal, standing-seam roofing. The canopies provide cover for six cars on each side of the restaurant. The southern canopy has been reinforced with vertical poles added to the east end of the stanchion cap beams to provide better support during wind storms. On the east side of each canopy is a concrete sidewalk to provide carhop access.

Landscaping includes two small grassy areas located to the east of the canopies. These areas include concrete pads set up for picnic tables for walk-up customers. Modern plastic tables are currently located on the pads.

Behind the lawns are two modern dog-ear cedar fences that provide a backdrop for the drive-in and a convenient location for bulletin board menus.

A 3 x 3-foot brick trash can enclosure capped with a concrete sill is on the south side of the drive-in building. The bricks are the same as those used in the building balustrades.

# Site Integrity:

The site has retained a high state of preservation and has very good to excellent integrity.

The KwikCurb Diner is remarkably unchanged from the passage of time. It continues to be used in its original function as a road-side eatery. The building has retained all of its original doors and windows. Indeed, the simple 1950s design has not been altered other than the addition of a modern grill fan outlet on the roof and a modern heat pump on the side. Modern signs have been added, but all appear to be easily removed and in the case of the menu boards on the fences – required to conform to the original look and feel of the drive-in. The transition zone from highway to parking lot has not been altered by modern curbs and sidewalks, allowing easy, informal access to the drive-in. The south canopy roof has been replaced and reinforced. Perhaps the biggest alteration is the replacement of the original fence flanking the drive-in. The original fence apparently fell victim to the passage of time. However, examination of the fence revealed that the modern dog-ear slat fence was constructed along the original fence line. In several places new posts were placed immediately adjacent to the original and in several other places, the original posts are still in use. The fence appears to be a compatible and necessary substitute for the original.

The site also retains excellent associations outside the boundaries of the property. Although Old Highway 30 is no longer an active interstate route, it continues to carry a comparable volume of traffic. Properties along the road within a range of two blocks also include three 1950s-era motels and two 1950s-era cafes / drive-ins, and while these properties do not retain the same level of integrity as the KwikCurb Diner, they evoke a feeling of the 1950s as one approaches the KwikCurb.

(Expires 5/31/2012)

KwikCurb Diner	
Name of Property	

Elmore County, Idaho
County and State

Without curbs and sidewalks to control traffic flow patterns, vehicles can smoothly leave the road and gently curve into awaiting parking spaces.

The site retains excellent values of setting, association, feeling, location, and workmanship. The values of integrity of materials are only slightly lowered by the replacement of the grill fan and the south canopy roof, but remain very high. So too, the addition of square metal columns on the back of the south canopy has slightly altered the design of the canopy, but is viewed as necessary to stabilize the structure. These columns were painted to match the original columns and are not visually prominent. The changes are viewed as minor and do not detract from the overall excellent integrity of the site.

(Expires 5/31/2012)

KwikCurb Diner Name of Property	Elmore County, Idaho County and State	
8. Statement of Significance		
Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions.)	
A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	ARCHITECTURE	
B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.		
Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.	Period of Significance	
D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	Significant Dates	
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	Circuifficant Passes	
Property is:	Significant Person (Complete only if Criterion B is marked above.)	
A Owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.	N/A	
B removed from its original location.	Cultural Affiliation	
C a birthplace or grave.		
D a cemetery.		
E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	Architect/Builder John Bermensolo	
F a commemorative property.	JOHN Definensoio	
G less than 50 years old or achieving significance within the past 50 years.		

# Period of Significance (justification)

The Period of Construction – 1955 – reflects the year that the KwikCurb Diner was constructed.

Criteria Considerations (explanation, if necessary)

United States Department of the Interior	or
National Park Service / National Regis	ter of Historic Places Registration Form
NPS Form 10-900	OMB No. 1024-0018

(Expires 5/31/2012)

KwikCurb Diner	Elmore County, Idaho
Name of Property	County and State

Statement of Significance Summary Paragraph (Provide a summary paragraph that includes level of significance and applicable criteria.)

The KwikCurb Diner is eligible for the National Register of Historic Places at the local level under Criterion C, as it embodies the distinctive characteristics of 1950s drive-in restaurant architecture. Featuring a sloping roof with wide eaves, no inside seating and a glassed-in food preparation area, the building is immediately recognizable as a design style popularized in the 1950s. The flanking shade canopies place it firmly in the "drive-in" restaurant context where attendants, or "carhops," served the customers who remained comfortably in their vehicles, as opposed to later "drive-thru" restaurants. The site remains remarkably unchanged in its appearance and function from its building exterior and covered car parking to its curb-less parking lot access.

Narrative Statement of Significance (Provide at least one paragraph for each area of significance.)

# Historic Background

Drive-in restaurants came quickly on the heels of the new American car culture that developed early in the 20<sup>th</sup> century. As the first autos sped down rural roads, early entrepreneurs saw a market for the mobile population. While there were various types of eateries along roadways early on, the first restaurant to provide food served to the traveler directly in their vehicle is believed to have been in Texas in the 1920s. Pig Stand founder Jessie G. Kirby famously intoned that "[p]eople with cars are so lazy they don't want to get out of them and eat!" and with that, the drive-in restaurant was born. (Witzel, 1994) While these early eateries had only walk-up windows, and not car-service, they were situated for quick and easy access by the burgeoning automobile population. It did not take long for the growing numbers of roadside eateries to see the appeal of providing car service and by the 1930s "car-hops" became a common sight at the drive-in; it was quicker and more convenient for the traveler and had a certain cache' for the millions of new car owners across the country.

While the Great Depression and World War II slowed the spread of the phenomenon, Americans' love-affair with their cars could not be denied. In the post-War boom era of the 1950s, drive-in

(Expires 5/31/2012)

KwikCurb Diner
Name of Property

Elmore County, Idaho
County and State

services became one of the fastest growing portions of the economy. In addition to drive-in restaurants, there were drive-in theaters, banks and even churches. From early on, these auto-oriented services were built in new and innovative shapes and styles, often with large, eye-catching signs. Unlike pedestrian customers walking slowly through a dense urban core, roadside businesses had only brief seconds to catch the eye of a speeding motorist and draw them into the establishment. This recognition quickly led to fanciful and striking building designs; drive-ins rarely exhibited standard or generic architecture, and it was not unusual to speed down the road and see a building shaped like an animal or some inanimate object. Large signs and an ever-increasing use of lights and neon also became hallmarks of the burgeoning car culture. (Heimann, 1994)

The origins of the general design motif that became synonymous with the 1950s drive-in can be found in the late 1940s. The optimism of the post-World War II years saw a hunger for all things "new." Pre-war architectural styles and references were abandoned for new materials and motifs. Dispensing with the often round or whimsical designs of earlier decades, buildings became boxy and linear, with walls of glass that, when brightly lit at night, eagerly beckoned passers-by. (Heimann, 1994) The McDonalds restaurant in San Bernadino, California became a popular template for many drive-in designs. Roughly conceived by Richard McDonald himself, and articulated by architect Stanley Meston, the design featured a deep overhanging slanted roof; a visual, glass front; and solid-panel walls behind. The McDonalds version also incorporated the famous golden arches and red and white stripes. (Liebs, 1985) This original McDonalds design became the prototype design for myriad drive-in restaurants around the United States.

In warmer states such as California and Texas that led the car-food culture revolution, proprietors quickly saw the appeal of offering shade for their customers to make them more comfortable by getting them out of the blazing heat of the southern sun. The earliest shade canopy was erected in 1931 by the Texas Pig Stand #2 in Dallas – a simple canvas affair. But it wasn't until the 1950s that the large, permanent shade canopy structures became synonymous with the American drive-in. In addition to their practical use (providing shade for customers and protection from the elements for carhops), the canopies also served to help catch the attention of the passing motorists. (Witzel, 1994) These canopies could be presented in various shapes and colors, and lined with lights or neon to provide further visual appeal.

The 1950s drive-in archetype had evolved, therefore, into a small, glass-fronted box with a slanting roof and shade canopies – often flanking the restaurant. Providing quick, car-side service and easy access on and off the road, they became popular destinations for families and eventually, an increasingly car-crazed teen population. But it was exactly this popularity with the burgeoning teen culture that ultimately led to the downfall of the drive-in restaurant. As groups of teens gathered at the drive-in to meet friends and "hang out," their raucous tendencies made the drive-ins less family-friendly. Further, they lingered for long periods, buying little, but occupying spots under the canopy so that the whole notion of speedy service and a "quick in and out" was lost.

Further, the concept that the McDonald brothers had originated in California was taking hold. Facing problems with finding good and reliable employees during the war, the brothers abandoned the car service idea at their small food stand and instead focused on a smaller menu of just ten items that the customer would have to get out of their car to order and pick up. Although slow to catch on, by

(Expires 5/31/2012)

KwikCurb Diner Name of Property Elmore County, Idaho
County and State

the mid-1950s the idea was firmly entrenched in the American psyche and the necessity of offering car service at the drive-in began a slow descent.

Through the 1950s chain drive-ins and independent operations continued to hold their own and attract customers, but by the mid-1960s many were struggling to maintain their appeal. People came to view the idea of a drive-in as a restaurant that accommodated those in a vehicle rather than offered service to you *in* your vehicle. (Heimann, 1996) However, drive-ins located in smaller towns often survived this change in American perception, as there was less competition to drive them out of business, and many remain dotted across the landscape, providing food and nostalgia for the road traveler.

# Site History:

The population of the City of Mountain Home, Idaho, located in the southwestern area of the state, held fairly steady for several decades, fluctuating between approximately 1,200 and 1,800 between 1910 and 1950. In the early 1950s, however, Mountain Home experienced a population and building boom, due primarily to its proximity to Mountain Home Air Force Base. Established in 1943 as a training base for the U. S. Army Air Corp, the base was closed in 1945 following the end of the war. In 1951, the base was reopened for use by the Air Resupply and Communications Wings (ARC), but operated on a small scale. In 1953, the Air Base was given permanent status and the ARC was replaced by the 9<sup>th</sup> Bombardment Wing. Personnel at the base rapidly increased. On April 14, 1955, the *Mountain Home News* reported the construction of 500 Wherry Housing Units at the base to meet the needs of the airmen and the construction workers. Following quickly on those heels, Mountain Home became a bustling 1950s boomtown (*Mountain Home News, 1953-1956*; Mailes 2007).

Several roadside establishments were a part of this post-war boom. In 1955, local businessman John Bermensolo constructed a drive-in restaurant along U. S. Highway 30 on the east side of Mountain Home, though the first owner-operators of the business were John E. and Helen Wilkins. The Wilkins, Mountain Home natives, chose a name that went to the heart of the new establishment: The KwikCurb Diner. The name embodied the essence of the drive-in culture: easy in, easy out, fast service.

The year 1955, when the KwikCurb Diner was built, was also an important one to drive-in history; Ray Kroc opened his first McDonalds franchise fast food restaurant in Des Plaines, Illinois. That restaurant, and all other early McDonalds, were built on the design created by Stanley Meston in 1953 for the McDonald Brothers, and featured a flat, slightly inclined roof with widely extended eaves, large plate windows and a jutting rectangular front. Meston's design was a simplification and abstraction of the Streamline Moderne drive-ins of the day. It derived more from the simplified box construction California's Coffee Shop Modern structures and less from the then popular fantasy-inspired drive-ins of the 1930s and 1940s. The inclined roof with cantilevered eaves served not only to protect customers waiting for their orders, but also to give a look of stylized speed to the building that tied it to the car-crazy world it served. The glassed-in serving area sparkled with stainless steel and mechanical food preparation devices, allowing the public to witness the cleanliness and speed inherent in their food purchase. The new design was unique and unlike anything previously built (Hess 2004).

(Expires 5/31/2012)

KwikCurb Diner Name of Property Elmore County, Idaho
County and State

As the Meston design was such a radical departure from previous diner designs, there can be little doubt that the design of the KwikCurb Diner was largely derived from the early Meston McDonalds design. Comparing the KwikCurb Diner to historic photos of early McDonalds restaurants reveals the same architectural heritage with only minor differences such as the famous golden arches and slightly different scale. That a locally designed and owned drive-in in Idaho should, at such an early stage, copy a design destined for marketplace domination is a tribute to both the power of the design and the speed with which it swept through America (aboutMcDonalds.com; Hess 2004).

By 1961, the Wilkins' business had outgrown the simple diner format and they built a new state-ofthe-art drive-in at 800 N. Main. This new location featured a drive-up window and indoor seating, following the popular McDonalds format that was increasingly popular around the United States. The old drive-in was sold to Marvin and Betty Johnson, who reopened the diner and successfully operated it for several years as Mary's Drive-in. The drive-in not only served food, but also added gasoline sales from above-ground tanks. In addition to travelers, the restaurant was popular with local high school students and airmen from the nearby Mountain Home Air Force Base. In the youth culture of the early 1960s, the drive-in served as one end of the unofficial "cruise" loop of Mountain Home (Gingerich 2010). In 1966, the Johnsons sold the Drive-in to Clinton and Leora Gingerich, who operated another drive-in known as the Hungry Onion in Meridian, Idaho. The Mountain Home drivein would be their first step in building a chain of fast food restaurants. They placed diamond pattern façades across the front of the restaurant and the two canopies. However, not long after purchasing the restaurant, the construction of Interstate 80 by-passed Mountain Home and drastically reduced travel on Highway 30, which fronted the drive-in. With the loss of interstate traveler business, the drive-in changed its focus almost exclusively to local patrons and removed the gasoline pumps (Gingerich 2010).

Ken and Kay Grinde purchased the drive-in in 1982 and kept it open as the "Big Onion" until 1999. They then opted to relocate their business to the nearby former Dairy Queen converting it into a "1950s retro diner" that is still in operation. The original KwikCurb property then stood abandoned for several years before a used car dealership was briefly opened on the site. The car dealership did little to change or upgrade the property. During this period the roof on the south canopy was lost. After a short period of business, the property was again left idle. In 2007, the property was obtained by Bryce and Gioia Tracy who restored the exterior to its original appearance and installed new restaurant equipment inside. The property is currently operating as a drive-in restaurant featuring carhops and a menu little changed from the 1950s.

The KwikCurb Diner was built along Highway 30 during Mountain Home's post-World War II boom period. Several other drive-ins and motels were constructed along this major east-west thoroughfare during this period, including modern strip motels, and the Motor-Vu Drive-In Theater. Issues of the *Mountain Home News* from this era are filled with advertisements for cars boasting powerful V-8 engines as the town embraced the car culture sweeping across the nation. Most of these 1950s carculture businesses have been altered and either abandoned or put to alternative use; however, the KwikCurb Diner remains, with excellent integrity, as an icon of the past. The design, with the small glass-front restaurant, flanked by canted shade canopies, embodies the archetypal 1950s drive-in restaurant.

(Expires 5/31/2012)

KwikCurb Diner	
Name of Property	

Elmore County, Idaho
County and State

Developmental history/additional historic context information (if appropriate)

# 9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form.)

# El-Whyee Hilites

2009 "Remember the Car Hop Days? Check Out Highway 30 Drive-In". September, 2000. p. 12.

#### Gingerich, Sandy

2010 Telephone conversation with Dale Gray discussing the Gingerich family's Hungry Onion Drive-in. January 28, 2010.

#### Heimann, Jim

1996 Car Hops and Curb Service: A History of American Drive-In Restaurants 1920-1960. Chronicle Books. San Francisco.

#### Hess, Alan

2004 Googie Redoux: Ultramodern Roadside Architecture. Chronicle Books. San Francisco.

# Liebs, Chester H.

1985 Main Street to Miracle Mile. Little, Brown & Company. Boston

#### McDonalds

1997 Bronze plaque placed outside Boise's first McDonalds. 510 North Orchard, Boise, Idaho.

#### Mailes, Yancy D.

2007 Images of America: Mountain Home Air Force Base. Arcadia Publishing. Charleston. S. C.

#### Mountain Home High School

1961 High School. Photo of Marv's Drive-in.

#### Mountain Home News

1953-56. On file at the Idaho Historical Society Archives. Boise, Idaho.

# Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph

- 1957 Mountain Home, Glenns Ferry, Grand View and Bruneau Telephone Directory.
- 1958 Mountain Home, Glenns Ferry, Grand View and Bruneau Telephone Directory.
- 1961 Mountain Home, Glenns Ferry, Grand View and Bruneau Telephone Directory.
- 1964 Mountain Home, Glenns Ferry, Grand View and Bruneau Telephone Directory.

#### Witzel, Michael Karl

1994 The American Drive-In: History and Folklore of the Drive-In Restaurant in American Car Culture. Motorbooks International. Osceola, Wisconsin.

KwikCurb Diner

(Expires 5/31/2012)

Elmore County, Idaho

	perty		County and State		
Previous documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67 has been requested)previously listed in the National Registerpreviously determined eligible by the National Registerdesignated a National Historic Landmarkrecorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #recorded by Historic American Landscape Survey #		Primary location of additional data:  X State Historic Preservation Office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University Other Name of repository:			
Historic Re	sources Survey	Number (if assigned):			
10. Geogr	aphical Data				
	de previously listed r	ess than one resource acreage.)			
201111111111111111111111111111111111111	6.000	s on a continuation sheet.) NAD 83			
201111111111111111111111111111111111111	6.000		3		
(Place additio	nal UTM references		3 Zone	Easting	Northing
(Place addition of the second	606544 Easting	4775279 Northing	Zone 4		
(Place addition	nal UTM references	4775279 Northing	Zone	Easting  Easting	Northing  Northing
1 11 Zone 2 Zone	606544 Easting Easting	4775279 Northing	Zone  Zone Zone		
(Place addition  1 11 Zone  2 Zone  Verbal Box	606544 Easting Easting	A775279 Northing Northing	Zone Zone Zone		
(Place addition  1 11 Zone  2 Zone  Verbal Boulder  Lot 23, Second	606544 Easting Easting undary Descrip	A775279 Northing Northing  Northing  Ation (Describe the boundaries of the profile Mountain Home, Elmore Count	Zone Zone Zone perty.)		
(Place addition  1 11 Zone  2 Zone  Verbal Boundary	606544 Easting Easting undary Description 36, T3S, Reful	A775279 Northing  Northing  Northing  Otion (Describe the boundaries of the pro-	Zone  Zone  Zone  perty.)  ty, Idaho.	Easting	Northing
(Place addition  1 11 Zone  2 Zone  Verbal Boundary	606544 Easting Easting undary Description 36, T3S, Reful	A775279 Northing Northing  Northing  Ation (Describe the boundaries of the profile Mountain Home, Elmore Count	Zone  Zone  Zone  perty.)  ty, Idaho.	Easting	Northing
(Place addition  1 11 Zone  2 Zone  Verbal Boundary The nominal	606544 Easting Easting undary Description 36, T3S, Resting Justification (Easted property incomes	A775279 Northing  Northing  Northing  Otion (Describe the boundaries of the pro-	Zone  Zone  Zone  perty.)  ty, Idaho.	Easting	Northing
(Place addition  1 11 Zone  2 Zone  Verbal Boundary The nomination	606544 Easting Easting undary Description 36, T3S, Related property incompleted By	A775279 Northing  Northing  Northing  Otion (Describe the boundaries of the pro-	Zone  Zone  Zone  perty.)  ty, Idaho.	Easting	Northing
(Place addition  1 11 Zone  2 Zone  Verbal Boundary The nomination  11. Form Finame/title	Easting  Easting  Lindary Description 36, T3S, Related property incompleted by  Dale M. Gray	Northing	Zone  Zone  Zone  perty.)  ty, Idaho.	Easting ciated with the Kw	Northing  vikCurb Diner.
(Place addition  1 11 Zone  2 Zone  Verbal Boundary  The nomination  11. Form Porticle organization	606544 Easting Easting undary Description 36, T3S, Restated property incompleted by Dale M. Gray Tennier History	Northing  Northing	Zone  Zone  Zone  perty.)  ty, Idaho.	Easting ciated with the Kw	Northing vikCurb Diner. 2, 2010
(Place addition of the content of th	Easting  Easting  Lindary Description 36, T3S, Related property incompleted by  Dale M. Gray	Northing  Northing	Zone  Zone  Zone  perty.)  ty, Idaho.	Easting ciated with the Kw	Northing vikCurb Diner. 2, 2010

(Expires 5/31/2012)

KwikCurb Diner
Name of Property

Elmore County, Idaho
County and State

# **Additional Documentation**

Submit the following items with the completed form:

. Maps: A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources. Key all photographs to this map.

- Continuation Sheets
- Additional items: (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items.)

# Photographs:

Submit clear and descriptive photographs. The size of each image must be 1600x1200 pixels at 300 ppi (pixels per inch) or larger. Key all photographs to the sketch map.

Name of Property: KwikCurb Diner

City or Vicinity: Mountain Home

County: Elmore State: Idaho

Photographer: Dale Gray

Date Photographed: October/November 2009

Photos taken with a Nikon 8800 QuickPix 8 megapixel camera using TIFF setting. Images were printed on HP Premium Paper Plus, using an HP Photo 8450 Photosmart printer with archival HP Vivera inks (95, 99 and 100 cartridges).

Electronic Image File Archival CD submitted to NPS and Idaho SHPO

# Description of Photograph(s) and number:

1 of 9	West façade as viewed to the northeast	(ID_ElmoreCounty_MntHomeTSHD9814.TIF).
2 of 9	North elevation to south	(ID_ElmoreCounty_MntHomeTSHD9818.TIF).
3 of 9	Front entrance viewed to the northeast	(ID_ElmoreCounty_MntHomeTSHD9819.TIF).
4 of 9	South elevation of the drive-in to northwest	(ID_ElmoreCounty_MntHomeTSHD9820.TIF).
5 of 9	South canopy to northwest	(ID_ElmoreCounty_MntHomeTSHD9821.TIF).
6 of 9	Walk-up window as viewed to the east	(ID_ElmoreCounty_MntHomeTSHD9824.TIF).
7 of 9	North canopy viewed to the southeast	(ID_ElmoreCounty_MntHomeTSHD9842.TIF).
8 of 9	Drive-In viewed to the east	(ID_ElmoreCounty_MntHomeTSHD9845.TIF).
9 of 9	Drive-in as viewed to the north, northeast	(ID_ElmoreCounty_MntHomeTSHD9849.TIF).

United States Department of the Interior	
National Park Service / National Register of	f Historic Places Registration Form
NPS Form 10-900	OMB No. 1024-0018

(Expires 5/31/2012)

Elmore County, Idaho		
County and State		

Propert	y Owner:		<u> </u>	
(Complete	this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)			
name	Bryce Tracy			
street & number PO Box 477		telephone	208-587-4713	
city or to	wn Mountain Home	state ID	zip code_	83647

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C.460 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Office of Planning and Performance Management. U.S. Dept. of the Interior, 1849 C. Street, NW, Washington, DC.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

	ACTION: NOMINA	TION				
PROPERTY NAME:	KwikCurb Diner					
MULTIPLE NAME:						
STATE & CO	UNTY: IDAHO, E	lmor	e			
DATE RECEI DATE OF 16 DATE OF WE	TH DAY: 7/29	/10 /10	DATE DATE		PENDING LIST: 45TH DAY:	7/14/ 7/26/
REFERENCE	NUMBER: 100005	02				
REASONS FO	R REVIEW:					
APPEAL: NOTHER: N	PDIL:	N	committee from contracting and last		PROGRAM UNAPPE	
COMMENT WA	IVER: N RETURN		<sub>REJECT</sub> J	UL :	2 6 2010 <sub>DATE</sub>	
ABSTRACT/S	UMMARY COMMENTS		Entered in			
			National Registe of	r		
			VI-1 - PAR			
		1	Historic Places			
			listoric Piaces			
			listoric Places			
RECOM./CRI	TERIA		iistoric Piaces			
RECOM./CRI	TERIA		DISCIP	LIN	E	

nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.



Kwikcorb Diner Elmore County, 10 Dale Gray October 20, 2009 Idaho SHPO, Boise, 10 West fagade as viewed to North west. ID- Elmore County - MtwHome TSHD 9814 #1049





Kwik carb Diver Elmore County, 1D Dale Gray October 20, 2009 Idoho SHPO, Brise, 10 North elevation viewed to south 10 - Elmore County - Mtw Home TSHD 9818 #Z 049



Kwikeuth Diver Elmore County, 10 Dale Gray October 20, 2009 Idaho SHPO, Boise, ID Front entrance viewed to northeast 10 - Elmore County - Mtw Home TSHD 9819 #3 of 9

41111





41101 Kwikcurb Diner Elmore County, ID Dale Gray October 20, 2009 Idaho SAPO, Baise. 10 South elevation to worthwest 10\_ Elmore County\_ MtN Home TSHD 9820





Kwik Curb DiNer Elmore County, 10 Dale Gray October 20, 2009 Idaho SAPO, Boise, 10 South caupy to North west 10- Elmore County - MtN Home TSHD9821 #5 of 9



Kwikcurb Diner Elmore County, 10 Dale Gray October 20, 2009 Idaho SHPO, Boise, 10 Walk - w/ window viewed to east 10\_ Elmore County - Mtn Home TSHD9824 #6 of 9



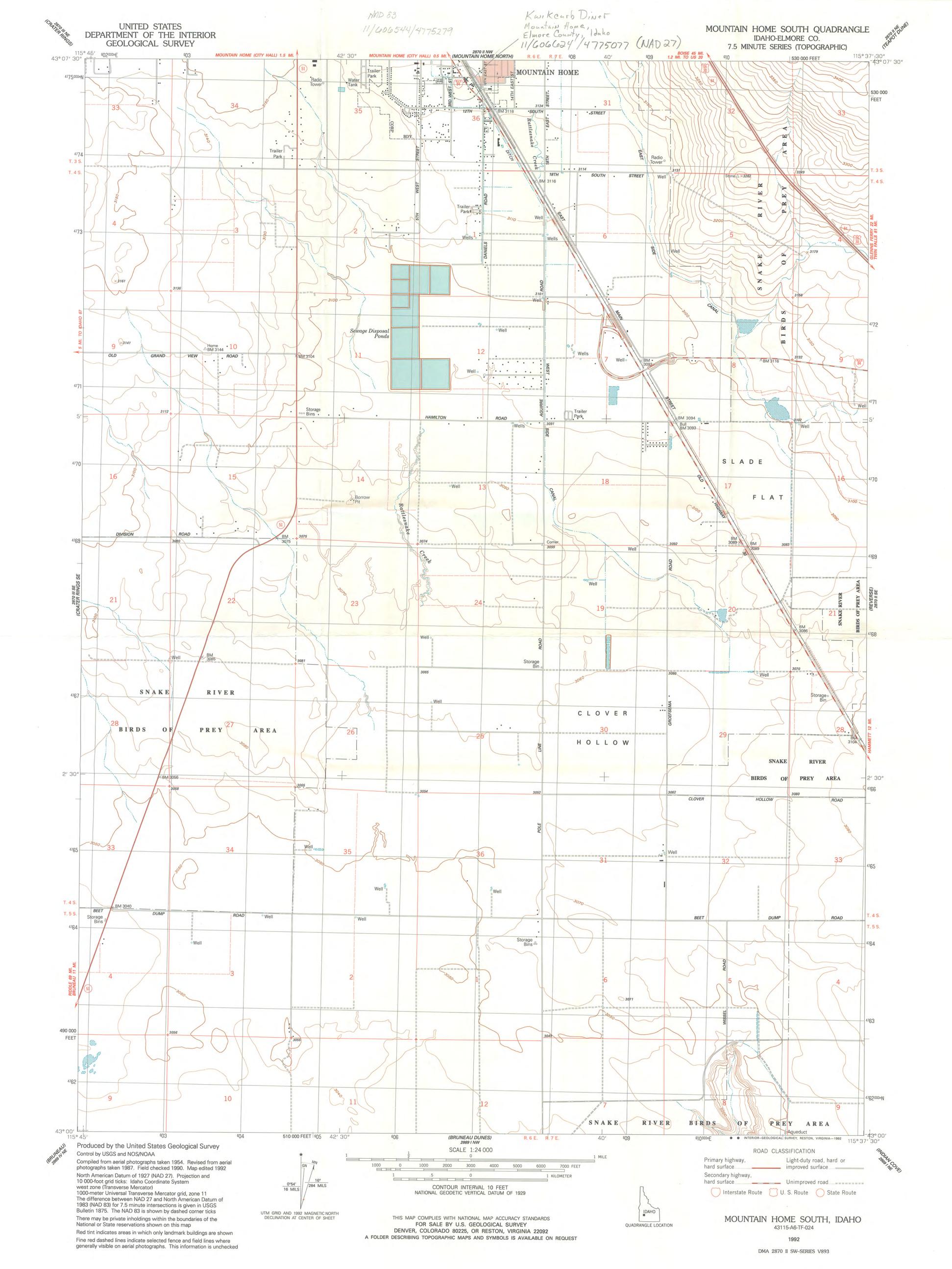
Kwikeurh DiNer Elmore County, 10 Dale Gray November 5, 2009 Idaho SHPO, Boise, 10 North canopy viewed to sentheast 10- Elmore County - Mtn Home TSHD9842 #7 069



Kurkcurb Diver Elmore County, 1D Dale Gray November 5, 2009 Idalo SHPO, Baise, 10 Drive - in viewed to the east 10- Elmore County - Mtn Home TSHD 9845 #8 04 9



Kwik Curb DiNer Elmore County, 1D Dale Gray November 5, 2009 Idaho SAPO, Boise. 1D Drive in viewed to worth, worth east 10. Elmore County - Mtn Home TSHD 9849 #9 of 9





promote Idaho's cultural heritage.

# MEMORANDUM

RECEIVED 2280

JUN 1 1 2010

NAT. REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

TO: Keeper of the National Register

Tricia Canaday - Idaho SHPO FROM:

DATE: June 8, 2010

Preserving the past, Enriching the future

**Enclosed NRHP nomination** SUBJECT: Our mission: to preserve and

www.idahohistory.net

The enclosed materials are being submitted for the following document:

KwikCurb Diner

C.L. "Butch" Otter Governor of Idaho

Janet L. Gallimore **Executive Director** 

2205 Old Penitentiary Road Boise, Idaho 83712-8250 Office: (208) 334-2682 Fax: (208) 334-2774

Membership and Fund Develop 2205 Old Penitentiary Road

Boise, Idaho 83712-8250 Office: (208) 514-2310 Fax: (208) 334-2774

Archaeological Survey of Idaho

210 Main Street Boise, Idaho 83702-7264 Office: (208) 334-3847 Fax: (208) 334-2775

Historical Museum and **Education Programs** 610 North Julia Davis Drive

Boise, Idaho 83702-7695 Office: (208) 334-2120 Fax: (208) 334-4059

Historic Preservation Office

210 Main Street Boise, Idaho 83702-7264 Office: (208) 334-3861 Fax: (208) 334-2775

Old Penitentiary and Historic Sites 2445 Old Penitentiary Road

Boise, Idaho 83712-8254 Office: (208) 334-2844 Fax: (208) 334-3225 Statewide Sites

- Franklin Historic Site
- Pierce Courthouse
- Rock Creek Station & Stricker Homesite

**Public Archives and** Research Library 2205 Old Penitentiary Road Boise, Idaho 83712-8250 Office: (208) 334-3356

- Fax: (208) 334-3198 - Public Archives
  - Research Library - Oral History

North Idaho Office 112 W. Fourth Street, Suite 7 Moscow, ID 83843 Office: (208) 882-1540 Fax: (208) 882-1763

Elmore County, Idaho

_1_	Original NRHP nomination form on archival paper
	Multiple Property Nomination form on archival paper
9_	5x7, archival black and white photographs
	8x10, black and white photographs
_1_	Electronic Image File CD
_1_	Original USGS quad map(s)
	8 ½ x 11 site map on archival paper

Comments:

Other:

If you have any questions about this nomination, please contact me at 208.334.3861 x102.

