Form 10-300 (July 1969)

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

STATE:				
Tennessee				
COUNTY				
Rutherford				
FOR NPS USE ONLY				
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE			

(Type all entries - complete applicable sections)			AL 2 1973			
I. NAME						
C OMMON:						
	es Ready House	/ (Rep. Joe	L. Evins)			
AND/OR HISTORIC:						
2. LOCATION	Corners):	<u> </u>				
STREET AND NUMBER:						
5	u.s. 705					
CITY OR TOWN:						
Ready	ville			·		
STATE		CODE COUNTY:	<u>_</u>	CODE		
Tenne	ssee	47 F	Rutherford	<u> -149</u>		
3. CLASSIFICATION						
CATEGORY (Check One)	AWO	IERSHIP	STATUS	TO THE PUBLIC		
	Public Pul	L11 - A 1 - 1A1 -		Yes:		
☐ District ☑ Building ☐ Site ☐ Structure	Private	blic Acquisition:	○ Ccupied ○ Coupied ○ Coupi	Restricted		
Site Structure	□ Both	☐ Being Considered	Unoccupied Preservation work	Unrestricted		
- Object			in progress	⊠ No		
PRESENT USE (Check One or	Mass accompaniete)					
	Government Po	a-L				
		rivate Residence	☐ Transportation ☐ Other (Specify)	Comments		
		eligious _	Cottles (Specify)			
\ -		ientific _				
4. OWNER OF PROPERTY						
OWNER'S NAME:				<u>0</u>		
Jack Oli	ver			Te		
STREET AND NUMBER:				Tennes		
				es l		
CITY OR TOWN:	1.	STATE:		47 O		
ReadyVille. Telliessee 47 10						
	5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC:					
Rutherfo	rd County Regi	ster's Office		Ruthe		
STREET AND NUMBER:						
Courthou	se					
CITY OR TOWN:		STATE		cope ford		
Murfrees	boro	Τe	ennessee	47 <u>G</u>		
4 BEDDECENTATION F.	T1.10 C. B./H.//					
6. REPRESENTATION IN EXIS	IING SURVETS					
			8	10 E Z		
DATE OF SURVEY:		Federal State	Rounty AL	Elagein 20 7		
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY R	ECORDS:		JIIAI	Lagrin 20 X		
				1,2 ₁₉₇₃ 15 5 9		
STREET AND NUMBER:			PATIO)A		
			"EGIS	TER SOL		
CITY OR TOWN:		STATE:	Mr.	7. 7		
			X BITTE	=TTV6/ \$		

DESCRIPTION							
CONDITION -	:	: (Check One)					
	Excellent	🗓 Good	☐ Fair	☐ Det	eri orated	Ruins	Unexposed
		(Check O	ne)			(Che	ck One)
	⊠ Alter	ed .	Unaltère	d :	· · ·	☐ Moved	▼ Original Site
DESCRIBE THE P	RESENT AND OR	GINAL (if kne	own) PHYSIC	AL APPEA	RANCE		

'The Corners' is a large Federal brick house built in the first decade of the 19th century. The main facade is five bays in width while the building is two stories in height.

A single-story portico supported on tapered colonnettes gives access to the home on the central ground floor bay. It has a simple triangular pedimented roof with clean, crisp, linear architectural definition in its entablature and raking cornice. Each of the remaining bays on both stories has a rather small four-over-four glazed shuttered window. Plain sills and neat brick flat arches articulate these openings. A beaded frieze and cornice runs the length of the front facade. Just below the frieze and flanking the central upper window are the star-shaped plates of a pair of iron tie rods. The roof is rather steeply pitched, gabled at either end, with its ridge parallel to the main facade.

The ends of the building are very simple. There are small windows and interior central chimneys which protrude above the center of the gables on the end walls. These are rather wide and short with their upper portions finished in handsome projecting bands. There is no straight entablature, only a raking entablature and cornice at the ends of the house.

The interior is finished in handsome Federal woodwork. Sunburst mantels, panelled door jambs, and beaded door frames with bullseye corners are typical of the home's decor.

Quiet, elegant, crisp linear Federal qualities are seen throughout the structure which give it a sophistication easily overlooked unless closely examined.



STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

SIGNIFICANCE				
PERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)			
Pre-Columbian	16th Century	18th Century	20th Century	
☐ 15th Century	17th Century	🛛 19th Century		
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicat	ole and Known)			
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Ch	eck One or More as Appropri	ate)		
Abor iginal	Education	☐ Political	Urban Planning	
☐ Prehistoric	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)	
☐ Historic	Industry	losophý		
☐ Agriculture	Invention	Science		
Architecture	Landscape	Sculpture		
☐ Art	Architecture	Social/Human-		
☐ Commerce	Literature	itarian		
☐ Communications	Military	Theater		
☐ Conservation	☐ Music	Transportation		
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Charles Ready settled the Readyville community in 1802. A letter written in 1829 by his son-in-law, James Holmes, who married Mary Ready, states that, "Mr. Ready planned to build an elegant house, the bricks for which are now ready." The remains of the kiln where the slaves fired the bricks are to be found in the corner of a field across the road from the present structure.

Colonel Ready named his house "The Corners" as it was located in the corner where two roads crossed. In 1836, when Cannon County was formed, the line separating Rutherford and Cannon counties, was drawn down the center of the main hall of Colonel Ready's home. Today the property still enjoys this distinction of division.

When Colonel Ready died in 1859, his daughter, Jane, Mrs. Peter Talley, inherited the house. During the Civil War "The Corners" played a small part. Mrs. Talley had the honor of serving dinner to Nathan Bedford Forrest and his soldiers on July 13, 1862, as they were on their way from McMinnville to execute their daring raid on Murfreesboro. After the Battle of Murfreesboro (Battle of Stones River) Colonel Hazen's Brigade retreated to Readyville. Colonel Hazen took "The Corners" as his headquarters while in the area.

"The Corners" is an excellent example not only of the large Federal houses as built in Tennessee, but also of the plantation life and economy important to the development of this section of the state. Particularly significant is the simple but fine detailing of "The Corners" which is unusual for a building of the early 19th century in this region. Generally such early structures were less sophisticated in design and execution than "The Corners."

Among the famous visitors to "The Corners" were Presidents Andrew Jackson, Martin Van Buren, and James K. Polk, as well as William Cooper, the famous Tennessee artist and William Haskell, "the silver-tongued orator of Tennessee." The evergreens near the entrance are said to have come from the yard of John Sevier.

Date

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