United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

DEC 1 9 1988

NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Name of Property			
historic name Kansas	s City Southern Depot		
other names/site number			
2. Location			
	near corner of Crosby St	N/A	not for publication
city, town Mansfield	Hear Corner or Crosby Sc	N/A_	vicinity
state Louisiana code	LA county DeSoto	code 031	zip code 71052
3. Classification	0-1	Number of December	an within Dannari
Ownership of Property	Category of Property	Number of Resource	• •
x private	building(s)	•	Noncontributing
public-local	district	_1	buildings
public-State	site		sites
public-Federal	structure		structures
	object		objects
		1	0 Total
Name of related multiple property listi	ng:	Number of contribu	ting resources previously
N/A	-	listed in the Nationa	al Register0
4. State/Federal Agency Certific	ation		
In my opinion, the property X mee	e and meets the procedural and proets does not meet the National F e Tassin, State Historic er, dept. of Culture, Rec	Register criteria. See cor Preservation	
In my opinion, the property mee	ets does not meet the National F	Register criteria. See cor	ntinuation sheet.
Signature of commenting or other offici	al		Date
State or Federal agency and bureau	·		
5. National Park Service Certific	ation		
I, hereby, certify that this property is:			
entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined not eligible for the National Register.	Albru Bye		1/19/89
removed from the National Registe other, (explain:)			
	Signature	of the Keeper	Date of Action

6. Function or Use			
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions) TRANSPORTATION/rail-related	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions) SOCIAL/civic		
7. Description			
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (en	ter categories from instructions)	
	foundation	concrete	
No style	walls	brick	
·			
	roof	asphalt	
	other		

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The Kansas City Southern Depot (1927) is a linear single story brick building set along a railroad siding east of downtown Mansfield. Although the depot fits best under the category "no style," it does feature hesitant touches of the Arts and Crafts influence. Despite some alterations, the building retains its National Register eligibility.

The plan consists of a ticket office with a white waiting room on one side and a colored waiting room on the other. Beyond the white waiting room is a passenger loggia with columns and concrete benches. It was originally open, but is now enclosed from the inside with wood. Beyond the colored waiting room is a large freight depot with an elevated floor. The roof line is continuous, but each floor plan element is marked by its own roof line feature. For example, the ticket office is marked by a projecting gabled mass front and rear, and the loggia is marked by a spreading double pitched hip roof. The waiting rooms feature broad, overhanging eaves with decorative projecting brackets. Other details include 1) copious use of round arched openings, 2) sets of double sash windows, 3) rough "tapestry" brick, and 4) decorative tiles. There is also a cast cement cartouche set in the central archway of the ticket window.

Interior features include 1) heavy plank doors with chamfered panels, 2) doorways with transoms, 3) brick wainscotting, and 4) wood chair rails. There is also a pair of interior ticket windows articulated in the form of a brick arch set between pilasters.

Alterations:

(1) The original tile roof surface has been replaced with asphalt. (2) As noted previously, the openings of the loggia have been enclosed from the inside with wood. (3) The interior ticket windows have been covered with plywood. (4) The freight depot interior has been subdivided for offices. (5) The end gables have been sheathed in fiberboard.

Assessment of Integrity:

These changes have been comparatively minor. The building is still very obviously a railroad depot, and hence still conveys its historic function and significance. It also possesses integrity of location, which is particularly important for historic depots.

١	See	continu	ation	sheet
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8. Statement of Significance					
Certifying official has considered the	significance of this	property in state		s:	
Applicable National Register Criteria	<u> Х</u> а	CD			
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	_A _B	CD	□E □F □G	N/A	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) transportation		s)	Period of Significance		Significant Dates
LIMBOVECCE			1927 - 1938		1927 - 1938
			Cultural Affiliation N/A		
Significant Person N/A			Architect/Builder Unknown		

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

The Kansas City Southern Railroad Depot is locally significant in the area of transportation as the only extant resource associated with the very important historical force of railroading in the town of Mansfield. Although the present depot is not an original one and hence is not associated directly with the coming of railroads to Mansfield, it does represent railroading as a crucial historical force in the town's economy from its construction in 1927 through 1938. (The year 1938 is being used because of the required 50 year cutoff for significance.)

While towns across the state felt fortunate to have one railroad, Mansfield had two main lines and one local line. The first to arrive was the east-west Texas and Pacific in 1884. The railroad was unable to obtain a right-of-way through town, so the tracks were laid some three miles to the south. A freight connection with Mansfield came via a tap line built by the Mansfield Railway and Transportation Company. Then in 1896 the north-south Kansas City Southern came through town. There were four depots -- one for Texas and Pacific, one for the Mansfield Railway and Transportation Railroad, and two for Kansas City Southern. The present KCS depot is the only one to have survived.

Built in 1927 to replace an earlier frame depot, the present station represents the importance of railroads to the town's economy from its construction through 1938. Mansfield's railroad network made it possible for the town to flourish as an industrial/manufacturing center. Although the lumber boom had peaked by the late 1920s, the manufacture of lumber and timber products remained the parish's principal industry. The large Frost Lumber Company, located in Mansfield adjacent to the railroad, owned 30,000 acres in the parish in 1938 and shipped its products nationwide. The several building complex is shown on a 1928 Sanborn map (last year available), along with a much smaller Star Lumber Company. Various other important manufacturing concerns dependent upon the railroad are documented in the 1928 Sanborn map and other primary sources

9. Major Bibliographical References	
Sanborn Insurance Company Maps, 1921, 1928.	
	ory. Vols I & II, DeSoto Historical Society,
	in an article on the Mansfield Railway &
	KCS depot. The latter documents the date of
construction using early 1927 issues of	
Vertical files for DeSoto Parish & Mansfield,	
	ary source materials from the 1930s in
	eld economy, principally articles from
periodicals.	
	,,
	See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS): N/A	
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested	X State historic preservation office
previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings	University
Survey #	Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of propertyless than one acre	
5 , , ,	
UTM References	
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Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
$C \mid 1 \mid $	
V Ladard Carbon Landards Landa	Ladar Ladardan Ladardandand
	See continuation sheet
	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description Please refer to enclosed	d sketch map.
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification Boundary lines were drawn to	o discretely encompass the significant
resource and recognize its immediate	historic setting along the railroad tracks.
	See continuation sheet
-	
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title National Register Staff	0.4.1 1000
organization <u>Division of Historic Preservation</u>	date October 1988
street & number P. O. Box 44247	telephone (504) 342-8160
city or townBaton Rouge	state Louisiana zip code 70804

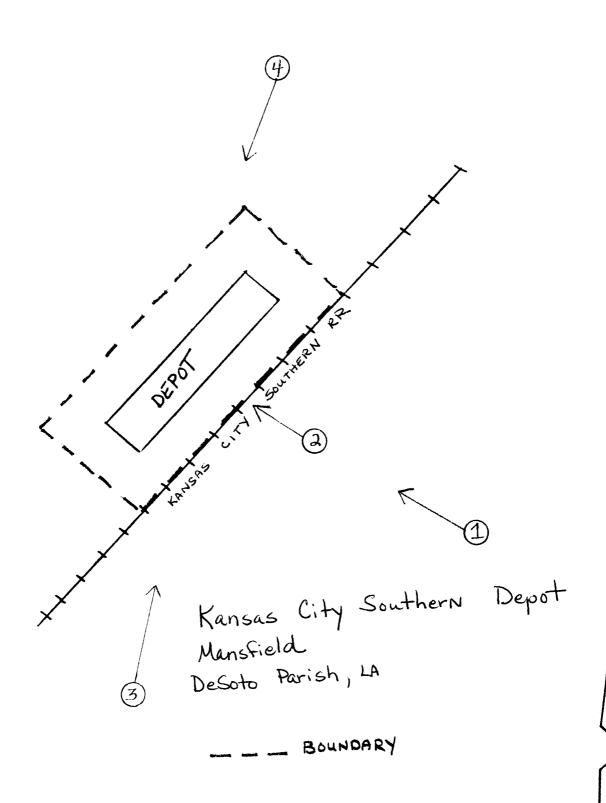
United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Kansas	City	Southern	Railroad	Depot,	DeSoto	Parish,	LA
Section	numb	er <u>8</u>	_ Page _	1			

from the late 1920s and the 1930s. They include the DeSoto Foundry and Machine Company, Ltd., a large several building complex that shipped nationwide; Nabors Trailer Company, a large firm that manufactured truck trailers and bodies; the DeSoto Cotton Oil Company, which occupied a seven building complex; and five oil company warehouse/storage tank facilities, including Standard Oil. Of course, all of the foregoing facilities were located adjacent to a railroad and would not have been in Mansfield were it not for the town's railroad network.

As the only extant resource directly associated with railroading, the KCS depot is of immense significance in the town's history. It directly represents the force that made possible Mansfield's continuing prosperity as a center of industrial/manufacturing activity. It is also noteworthy that this small town once boasted four depots, and now has only one.



1"=50'