city, town

Nashville

## **United States Department of the Interior National Park Service**

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only

received 0CT 2 4 1984

date entered

stateTennessee 37203

tered NOV 2.3 199

Type all entries	—complete applicable	e sections		***
1. Nam	ie .		•	
historic Hows-	Hutton House	-		
and or common	Hows-Madden Hous	e (preferred)		
2. Loca	ition			
street & number	7401 Huntwick Tr	ail 4,5,70		N/A not for publication
city, town Nash	ville γ ο .	N/Avicinity of		
state Tenne	ssee co	ode 047 coun	ty Davidson	<b>code</b> 037
3. Clas	sification			
Category  district  building(s)  structure  site  object	Ownership public X private both Public Acquisition N/A in process being considered	Status  X occupied  unoccupied  work in progres  Accessible  X yes: restricted  yes: unrestricte  no	entertainment government	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prope	erty		
name <sub>Mr a</sub>	nd Mrs. James Mado	don		
	7401 Huntwick Tr			
	hville	N/A vicinity of	state	e Tennessee 37209
		gal Descript	tion	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. David	dson County Courth	Ouse	
street & number				
city, town Nash	ville		state	e Tennessee 37201
6. Repr	esentation	in Existing	Surveys	
itle David	son County Survey	has this	property been determined	eligible? yes _X_ no
late 1978	-		federal s	state <u>X</u> county local
lepository for sui	rvey records Metropo	olitan Nashville H	istorical Commission	n

#### 7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one	
$\underline{X}$ excellent			$\underline{X}$ original si	te
good	ruins	X altered	moved	date
fair	unexposed			

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Hows-Madden House is a two-story frame residence located on Highway 70 in southwest Davidson County, Tennessee. Constructed ca. 1830, it is an excellent example of an early 19th century central hall and flanking parlor " I " house. The interior has not been altered and features original staircases, mantles, and decorative woodwork. The Hows-Madden house is located on a nine-acre tract near the confluence of Buffalo Creek and the Harpeth River. The house faces U.S. Highway 70 at the corner of Huntwick Trail Drive.

The main block of the house (ca. 1830) is two stories in height and one bay deep. At the rear of the house is an enclosed porch and a ca. 1880 one-story frame ell addition. The wood frame house has a gable roof and rests on a stone and log foundation. The house has weatherboard frame siding all elevations. Windows on the main block nine-over-six frame sash with original wood shutters. On the rear ell the windows are six-over-six frame sash. No windows are located on the east or west elevations of the main block which are dominated instead by large limestone block chimneys.

The home's main entrance is located on the south elevation facing Highway 70. This entrance consists of paired frame double doors which have three rectangular inset panels. Flanking the doorway are pilasters with Doric motif capitals and inset rectangular panels. Adjacent to the double doors are four-light sidelights and above the door is a twelve-light transom. All elements of the entrance are in excellent condition and new storm doors have been added over the original double doors.

The house originally featured a small two-story portico over the main entrance. This portico was altered ca. 1910 and a room was added on the second story over the main entrance. This addition features nine-over-six and six-over-six sash windows with exposed brackets and decorative millwork at the gable. On the first story the porch was widened to cover three bays instead of just the central entrance. The porch displays exposed rafters and rectangular posts with inset panels. The porch floor was also removed and replaced with a new concrete surface. A new roof also appears to have been added at this time and exposed rafters are evident beneath the eaves. Despite the early 20th century alterations the original character of the structure is still evident.

The rear ell addition (ca. 1890) is also of frame

### **National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form**

For NPS use only eceived ite entered

Continuation sheet Hows-Madden House

Item number

Page

construction. A one-story porch behind the main block was enclosed with frame siding when the ell was added. Both the porch and ell feature decorative molding and Eastlake style doors with etched glass in floral designs. Within the ell is a corbelled brick chimney.

The interior of the house has not been significantly altered and displays much of its original detailing. In the central hall is a half-turn stairway with a simple wooden newel post, railing and spindles. In the flanking parlors are cut limestone fireplaces with radiating voussoirs and keystones. The wood mantles display a simple vernacular design with Doric motif pilasters. This design is also repeated on the two second-story fireplaces. Doors throughout the house have two inset rectangular panels and original carpenter locks. Floors are made up of 6" wide sawn poplar boards which are in good condition. In addition to the main staircase an original small quarter-turn stair is located in the west parlor. The original baseboards and chair rails also remain intact.

The Hows-Madden house was originally part of a large estate, but its lot now encompasses only nine acres. Modern homes have been built behind the house in the Huntwick Trail hollow. No original outbuildings remain on the site. The existing garage and stable were added in recent years. To the northeast of the house is a small rock wall which encloses the Hows and Hutton family cemetery. The wall and gravestones are in fair to good condition.

**v** ]

### 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 X 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications		landscape architectur law literature military music philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	ca. 1830	Builder/Architect	Unknown	

#### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Hows-Madden House is located in southwest Davidson County and is an architecturally and historically significant structure of the early 19th century. The building has been nominated under criteria B and C because of its architectural features and association with an early Davidson County family. Although altered in the early 20th century, the house still displays its 19th century character both on the interior and exterior.

Throughout the 19th century the Hows family was one of the most prominent in southwest Davidson County. In the late 1820s the family settled on several hundred acres west of Bellevue, and by the late 19th century the Hows owned several thousand acres. The family also constructed many large log and frame homes on their farmland along the Harpeth River and Buffalo Creek. In the 20th century all of the original land holdings were broken up and sold and of the many homes built by the family, only the Hows-Madden house stands today.

The Hows-Madden House was constructed ca. 1830 by Rasa Hows who moved to Davidson County from North Carolina in the late 1820s. In 1829 Rasa Hows purchased 361 acres along Buffalo Creek. In 1830 neighboring property was purchased along the Big Harpeth River by John C. Hows who also had moved to the area from North Carolina. The exact relationship between Rasa and John Hows is uncertain although they were related and owned property adjacent to each other. The John C. Hows home was also constructed in the 1830s and a 19th century illustration of the house shows it to be an "I" house similar in design to the Rasa Hows home.

The home that Rasa Hows constructed in the early 1830s was reflective of the vernacular house styles of the period. Constructed in the "I" house plan, the two story frame house featured a central double door with sidelights and a transom showing the influence of the Greek Revival style. The five-bay central hall and parlor plan was also a common design of the period. Excellent craftsmanship is evident in the large limestone chimneys and the interior detailing. The hand-carved newel posts, railing and mantles are all fine examples of the period.

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

See Continuation Sheet

GPO 894-788

10. Ge	ographi	cal Da	ta				
Acreage of nome Quadrangle name UTM References	inated property <u>-</u> ne <u>Belleγue</u> s	approx, 1 , Tenness	acre ee		,	Quadrangle scale	1:24000
Zone Easti C		9 9 3 9 6 12 rthing		B LZor D L F L	Easting	Northin	g 
See Contin	nuation She	et					
List all states	and counties fo	or properties	overlap N/A	ping state o	r county bo		ode N/A
state	N/A	code	N/A	county	N/A	co	ode N/A
11. For	rm Prepa	ared B	y				<u> </u>
name/title	Philip The	omason					
organization	Thomason	and Assoc	iates		date	July 20, 19	984
street & number	1700 Haye:	s Street,	Suit	e 202	telephone	(615) 320-	5732
city or town	Nashville				state	Tennessee	37203
12. Sta	te Histo	oric Pr	esei	rvation	n Offic	er Certi	ication
The evaluated si	gnificance of this national	property within		te is: _ local			
665), I hereby no according to the Deputy		rty for inclusio edures set forth	n in the l	National Regis	ster and certif	rvation Act of 1966 ly that it has been e	
title Executi	ive Directo	r, Tennes	see H	istorica	l Commis	sidate 10/12	r /84
For NPS use	only sytify that this prop	perty is include	d in the l		ster 18	date //	1-23-84
Keeper of the	e National Registe	<b>é</b> r				*	/
Attest: Chief of Reg	istration					date	

### National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received tate entered NOV 2 3 1984

Continuation sheet Hows-Madden House

Item number

Page 2

Rasa Hows prospered during the early 19th century. In 1837 he married Nancy Lovell and they had twelve children. By 1850 Rasa Hows owned over 3,000 acres along the Harpeth River and Buffalo Creek. His neighbor, John C. Hows had also married in the 1830s and constructed a large two-story log and frame home on his land facing the Nashville and Memphis Road (Highway 70). By 1850 John Hows is listed as owning 5,000 acres and the 8,000 acres jointly held by the Hows family made them the most prominent landowners in southwest Davidson County.

In 1858 Rasa Hows died and his property passed into the hands of his wife and children. His will recorded in 1859 bequethed the house, slaves and household furniture to his wife. The will stipulates that all of his children be sent to school and \$500 be paid to each upon reaching the age of 21. Several of his sons remained farmers and constructed thier own homes on the Hows property. The most notable descendant of Rasa Hows was Stephen Hows who served with Nathan Bedford Forrest's command during the Civil War. He later built a frame house on Highway 70 approximately one-quarter mile east of the Hows-Madden home. He also was prominent in Davidson County politics serving on the county court and school board for many years.

In 1873 the remaining 800 acres of the Hows estate was subdivided among six of Rasa How's sons and daughters. Francis Hows inherited the original homeplace and 101 acres and resided in the house with his mother, Nancy Hows, until her death in 1888. While the house was occupied by Francis Hows the porch and roofline were altered ca. 1910. The house continued to be the residence of Francis Hows until his death in 1921 at which time the house passed into the hands of William D. Hutton. Hutton owned the property until 1963 when it was sold to Scarritt College and the house has since had several owners until its purchase in 1976 by the Madden family.

The Hows-Madden home is the only remaining building associated with the Hows family. John C. Hows became a prominent landholder and public official in Davidson County and died in 1888. His large log and frame home stood until recent years when it was torn down for a new subdivision along Highway 70. The home of Stephen Hows, Rasa Hows' son, is also no longer standing. Descendants of the Hows family continue to reside in the area and two nearby bends in the Harpeth River are named for the Hows and Hutton family.

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For MPS use only
received
liste entered NOV 2 3 1984

Continuation sheet

Hows-Madden House

Item number

Page 3

The Hows family was prominent in southwest Davidson County for over one hundred years. During the mid-19th century the family owned over twelve square miles along the Big Harpeth River and Buffalo Creek. The Hows-Madden house, its early 19th century architectural character intact, is a significant part of this heritage. Much of the interior and exterior detailing remains in excellent condition and the house has been restored by the present owners.

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received NOV 2.3 1934

Continuation sheet

Hows-Madden House

Item number

Page 2

#### Bibliography

Davidson County Deed Records, 1829-1980.

Davidson County Tax Records, 1829, 1839.

Davidson County Will Book 17, October 27, 1859.

Lovell, Gordon. <u>The Lovells Come to Tennessee</u>. Private printing, Nashville, Tennessee, 1976.

United States Census Records, Davidson County. 1850.

The Westview. Nashville, Tennessee, Sept. 11, 1978, p. 20.

## National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received NOV 2 3 1984

Continuation sheet Hows-Madden House

item number 10

Page

2

Verbal Boundary Description:

The nominated property is roughly rectangular in shape and bounded on the south by U. S. Highway 70, on the west by Huntwick Trail, and on the north and east by adjoining property lines. This boundary includes enough area to insure the historical setting and architectural integrity of the Hows-Madden House.

