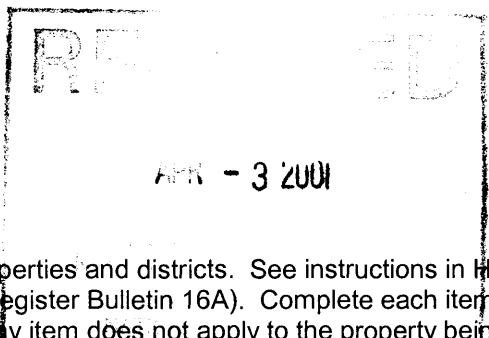


United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
REGISTRATION FORM**

498



This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

=====

1. Name of Property

=====

historic name Hart, Moses and Mary, Stone House and Ranch Complex

other names/site number Hart, Mose, Stone House (common name)

=====

2. Location

=====

street & number one mile west of Post Office on Bully Creek County Road ___ not for publication
city or town Westfall vicinity
state Oregon code OR county Malheur code 045 zip code 97920

=====

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

=====

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1986, as amended, I hereby certify that this nomination ___ request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property meets ___ does not meet the National Register Criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant ___ nationally ___ statewide locally. (___ See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

James Hanrahan March 26, 2001
Signature of certifying official Deputy SHPO Date

Oregon State Historic Preservation Office
State or Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property ___ meets ___ does not meet the National Register criteria. (___ See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Signature of commenting or other official Date

State or Federal agency and bureau

Name of Property

City, County and State

4. National Park Service Certification

I, hereby certify that this property is:

Signature of Keeper

Date of Action

Edson A. Ball

5-10-01

- entered in the National Register
See continuation sheet.
- determined eligible for the National Register
See continuation sheet.
- determined not eligible for the National Register
- removed from the National Register
- other (explain):

5. Classification

Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)

Number of Resources within Property

- private
- public-local
- public-State
- public-Federal

| Contributing | Noncontributing | |
|--------------|-----------------|------------|
| <u>1</u> | <u>4</u> | buildings |
| | | sites |
| | | structures |
| | | objects |
| <u>1</u> | <u>4</u> | Total |

Category of Property (Check only one box)

- building(s)
- district
- site
- structure
- object

Contributing resources previously listed N/A

Name of related multiple property listing N/A

6. Function or Use

Historic Functions

Cat: Domestic/Single Dwelling

Current Functions

Cat: Domestic/Single Dwelling

7. Description

Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)

Vernacular with Italianate details

Materials (Enter categories from instructions)

foundation Stone
 roof Wood Shingle
 walls Stone
 other 3 brick chimneys, 3 wood porches, 1 wood exterior staircase

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

=====
8. Statement of Significance
=====

Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing)

- X A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
X C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations (Mark "X" in all the boxes that apply.)

- A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
B removed from its original location.
C a birthplace or a grave.
D a cemetery.
E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
F a commemorative property.
G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)

Architecture
Agriculture

Period of Significance 1898-1950

Significant Dates 1898, 1913

Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above) N/A

Cultural Affiliation N/A

Architect/Builder Unknown

Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)
See continuation sheet

Name of Property

City, County and State

=====
9. Major Bibliographical References
=====

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

Previous documentation on file (NPS)

___ preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested.

___ previously listed in the National Register

___ previously determined eligible by the National Register

___ designated a National Historic Landmark

___ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # _____

___ recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # _____

Primary Location of Additional Data

X State Historic Preservation Office

___ Other State agency

___ Federal agency

___ Local government

___ University

___ Other

Name of repository: _____

=====
10. Geographical Data
=====

Acreage of Property 3 acres

UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet)

Table with 4 columns: Zone, Easting, Northing, Zone, Easting, Northing. Row 1: 1, 11, 442140, 4869875, 3, blank, blank, blank. Row 2: 2, blank, blank, blank, 4, blank, blank, blank.

Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

=====
11. Form Prepared By
=====

name/title James T. Post

organization N/A

date July 15, 2000

street & number 4247 Tami Lane

telephone 541-358-2375

city or town Central Point

state Oregon

zip code 97920

Hart, Moses and Mary, Stone House and Ranch Complex

Name of Property

Westfall vicinity, Malheur Co., OR

City, County and State

=====
Additional Documentation
=====

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

=====
Property Owner
=====

(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)

name David J. Post

street & number The Lost Marbles Ranch, 4155 Lawrence Road telephone 541-358-2375

city or town Westfall state Oregon zip code 97920

=====
Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Project (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section number 7 **Page** 1 **Moses and Mary Hart Stone House and Ranch Complex
Westfall, Malheur County, Oregon**

Setting:

The stone house is located one mile west of the Westfall post office on the Bully Creek Malheur County gravel road, and is west of the confluence of Cottonwood Creek and Bully Creek. The house is situated east and immediately adjacent to the tall bluff of a saddle shaped mountain. The house is oriented to the east facing the Westfall/Harper county road a mile away. A large fruit tree shades the southwest part of the house.

Outbuildings:

At the north elevation of the house, a small pitcher pump is six feet from the porch and kitchen. Adjacent to the pump is a twelve by fourteen foot root cellar, c.1900, eight feet from the house. The cellar roof is missing. One hundred feet further to the north, beyond the root cellar, is a twelve by fourteen foot hay storage shed, c. 1900. Seventy-five feet from the southwest elevation of the house is a twelve by twenty-four foot grain storage shed, c. 1915. Thirty feet from the southeast house elevation is a large water pump. A four by fourteen foot wood feed trough, c. 1920, is one hundred feet southeast of the house.

House Exterior:

The house is rectangular in shape, thirty-six feet wide and forty-seven and a half feet long. It has two stories. The three chimneys are composed of brick. The hip roof had been covered with wood shingles. A plain closed cornice is present without brackets. Tall apertures for windows and doors utilize segmented keystone arches. Wood frame transoms are present above the doors. One-piece stone sills are at the base of the windows. Single glazed windows are double hung with wood frame and sash. The east elevation, the main entrance, is square cut, uncoursed, hammer dressed ashlar. The remaining elevations are uncut, uncoursed rubble. The foundation for all elevations is basalt flow rock. The stone walls of the house are silicic ash-flow welded tuff.

There was a wood porch/balcony (now collapsed) at the east elevation of the house as well as a wood exterior stairway (now missing) from the ballroom on the west elevation. A wood porch at the north elevation of the house is present. There was a wood porch extending for forty-seven feet at the south elevation, now missing. Bond timber supported the west elevation stairway from the ballroom, and also the wood porch/balcony at the east elevation. A single, wide door was at the main entrance.

**United States Department of the Interior
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**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section number 7 Page 2 Moses and Mary Hart Stone House and Ranch Complex
Westfall, Malheur County, Oregon

House Interior:

On the first floor, the bridging floor joists are supported by basalt masonry about one foot above grade. There is no basement. No sub-flooring is noted in areas permitting examination. Tongue and groove fir flooring is utilized throughout the first and second floors. The stairs are single return with an intermediate landing. The first floor interior includes two bedrooms, a parlor, hallway, dining room, kitchen, pantry, and wire screened wood porch. The interior walls are wood lathe/plaster. The dining room walls utilize wood wainscot facing. The kitchen has a sink with a drain. There is no indoor plumbing.

A ballroom, two rooms reported to be servant's quarters, and a hallway are present on the second floor.

The chimney at the southwest area of the house rises vertically for two floors, then in the attic the brickwork laid at a forty-five degree angle, rises northeastward, and is supported by wooden beams. As this chimney reaches the roof crest, it rises vertically again. The chimney in the southeast part of the house rises vertically for two floors, then in the attic area, without external support bracing, angulates in corkscrew fashion, rising in a northeastward direction to reach the roof crest, then rises vertically again. The third chimney, in the northeastern part of the house appears to rise vertically throughout, to the roof crest. No fireplaces are in the house. The wood stoves that heated the rooms are missing.

House Alterations:

No apparent, significant alterations have been made to the house since its original construction in 1898, except for limited installation of electric lights. Electric power became available in Westfall in June, 1946.

Current Condition of House:

The house has retained its integrity of materials, excellent stone masonry, and design. The stone walls are in remarkably good condition. The majority of roof shingles are missing. The east elevation porch/balcony has collapsed, and the south elevation porch and west elevation exterior stairway from the ballroom are missing. The interior wood lathe/plaster walls are in a state of significant disrepair, and much vandalism has occurred. A portion of the first floor interior stairway is missing.

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**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section number7**Page** 3 **Moses and Mary Hart Stone House and Ranch Complex
Westfall, Malheur County, Oregon**

The roof of the root cellar has collapsed. The root cellar is believed to be c.1900. The wood hay storage shed to the north of the north house elevation, is c.1900, and is beginning to collapse. The grain storage shed is c.1915 and is in an excellent state of repair. At the same site, the original grain storage shed, c.1900, was a lean-to shed with partial roof support utilizing the pyroclastic rock bluff immediately westward and adjacent to the shed. The feed trough southeast of the east elevation of the house is most likely c.1950 and is in good repair .

**United States Department of the Interior
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**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section 8 Page 1 Moses and Mary Hart Stone House and Ranch Complex Westfall,
Malheur County, Oregon

The Mose Hart Stone House is locally significant in Malheur County under criterion "C" as an intact, rare example of Vernacular-Italianate style architecture. The house copied the architectural style of the Rinehart Stone House in Vale, Oregon. The Rinehart house was constructed in 1872, using sandstone from a quarry at the southeast edge of the town of Vale. The Mose Hart house has been identified by Nielsen and Galbreath in their book, "Oregon's Fading Past", as an architecture gem, soon to be forever lost unless restoration occurs in the near future. This private residence still remains one of the finest examples of pioneer architecture in Eastern Oregon.

Two additional stone structures are present in the Westfall/Bully Creek area. A single room, stone wall jail, c. 1900, still exists across the street from the Westfall post office. Its roof and stone walls remain partly intact. Also, a small stone wall ranch house, is in the region. Its construction date is not known. It has been vacant for an unknown period of time.

Moses W. "Mose" and Mary Elizabeth "Lizzie" Hart were regarded as early settlers of the Westfall area. Mose married Lizzie in the Willamette Valley. Later, they came with a band of sheep to Bully Creek c. 1890. It was reported that Mose thought he could winter the sheep without hay, and established a camp on a timber claim. Before spring, most of the sheep had either starved or frozen to death. Later he acquired the ranch at the fork of Cottonwood (earlier called Canyon Creek) and Bully Creek. The stone house, on this ranch, was constructed under the direction of Mose Hart in 1898 at a cost of \$6000.00. The name of the stonemason is not known. On a stone on the left side of the upstairs doorway as one faces west towards the main, east elevation entrance to the house, one can still see an inscription "MWH 1899". The basalt rock used for the foundation most likely was obtained at the ranch site. Extensive basalt rock, illustrating typical columnar jointing, is readily seen nearby. While the Rinehart Stone House in Vale used sandstone from a nearby quarry, the Mose Hart house used silicic ash-flow welded tuff for the house walls that was obtained at a quarry on the Charles Becker Ranch on Indian Creek, eight miles away from the house. This lower Pliocene and upper Miocene welded tuff is a form of volcanic or pyroclastic ash, composed of a mixture of hot gas and glass fragments that welded together, under pressure, to form a very weather resistant rock.

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section 8 Page 2 Moses and Mary Hart Stone House and Ranch Complex Westfall,
Malheur County, Oregon

A state legislative act divided Malheur County from Baker County, and the first election was held June 4, 1888. Only male citizens twenty-one years of age or older were entitled to vote. The voting population of the county was about 1,000. About 800 votes were actually cast in the elections. Records show that in 1892, democrats nominated M.W. Hart, from Westfall, for Malheur County commissioner. He lost to republican Webb Anderson, from Dell, by a vote of 341 to 293.

For unknown reason, Mose and Lizzie sold their magnificent stone house soon after construction was completed. According to the original record in the Malheur County Clerk's office in Vale, Moses W. Hart and Mary E. Hart, sold their stone house and associated ranch property to Lemuel Burgess and John F. Kelsey, sheepmen from Shaniko country, for \$6750.00 on November 17, 1900. Mose was born on June 20, 1833, in Pennsylvania, and died September 9, 1909. Lizzie was born June 6, 1845 and died March 3, 1911. They are buried in row seven in the Westfall cemetery. They had no children.

According to Malheur County deed records, Burgess and Kelsey sold the house to Eugene Looney, a trustee for an unnamed party, but believed to be W. Scott Anderson and Nellie E. Anderson, from Ada, Idaho, on March 18, 1907. On November 14, 1913, a quit claim deed transferred ownership to Cleve Cammann and Jay S. Branson. On October 27, 1914, Cleve and Carrie Cammann sold their ownership interest to Jay S. Branson. According to Hazel Fahy Whittenburg, a daughter of Jay D. "Pat" and Lucy Fahy, the Fahy family lived in the stone house from c. 1919 and c. 1927. Lucy Fahy's sister, Fanny Lamberson, was married to Jay Branson. On August 2, 1929, Jay S. and Fanny Branson sold the house to O.H. and Alice Perkins. At unknown dates Russell and Pauline Zimmerman, and later on, Cleve and Carrie L. Cammann owned the house. On June 30, 1941, Lloyd and V. Doris Edmunson purchased the house from the Cammanns. Lloyd and Doris Edmunson were believed to be the last family to live in the house. On April 7, 1958, the Edmunsons sold the house to the Romans family. Martha Romans said they used the house to store saddles and other ranch equipment. The house has been abandoned and vandalized in recent years. Historical graffiti, from Zimmerman family descendents, is dated May 28, 1959. David Post acquired house ownership from the Romans family on March 7, 2000.

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**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section 8 Page 3 Moses and Mary Hart Stone House and Ranch Complex Westfall,
Malheur County, Oregon

The Mose Hart Stone House is significant in Malheur County under criterion "A" because of its location in Westfall, a former major transportation site. The Westfall area was part of the east-west route between Vale and Burns. This route was used by local Indians, and later by wagon trains, fur trappers, miners, explorers, and soldiers. In 1845, the ill fated wagon train, led by Stephen H.L. Meek, and his younger brother, Joseph, traveled through the Westfall area. Later, Bully Creek settlers built a wagon road via Cottonwood canyon to facilitate passage of freight between Vale, Westfall, Beulah, Drewsey, Harney City and Burns. Wagon tracks are still visible several miles west of town.

Initially, no road passed into Harper valley except by way of Westfall. The large Pacific Live Stock Company Harper Ranch included much of Harper basin. The Westfall region prospered in agriculture and livestock, and supplied miners living in the Morman Basin and other gold sites. Sheep and cattle, and various crops were exported to other regions. Alfalfa was introduced in Malheur County c.1881. Potatoes were grown by a former stone house resident, Hazel Fahy Whittenburg, and her husband Jack. Specific economic details for Westfall area are not known, but in 1897, an estimated 35,000 tons of alfalfa hay were harvested in Malheur County. For the entire county, estimated number of stock sold: sheep, 50,000 head; cattle, 20,000; horses and mules, 5,000; hogs, 500. In 1901, the Malheur County assessment roll gave the value of stock in the county: cattle, \$312,605; sheep, \$201,870; horses and mules, \$80,975; hogs, \$970.

The Westfall population increased over the early years, and finally supported three general stores, two hotels, a bank, three saloons, a blacksmith shop, two livery barns, a school house, church, dance hall, garage, and candy store. Over 350 people voted in elections and the census of 1910 showed 140 people living with the city limits.

The stone house, and especially its ballroom, became a center for social and cultural activities in the town. The Mose Hart house was the scene of many dances and parties. It has been reported that dresses and even the wall paper in the house, had been imported from France and traveled "around the Horn". The ballroom was also reported to be the site of a private school at one time.

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**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section 8 Page 4 Moses and Mary Hart Stone House and Ranch Complex Westfall,
Malheur County, Oregon

In 1913, many of the town buildings were dismantled, and the people and buildings moved twelve miles away to Harper. It was the location of the new railroad station on the route between Ontario and Burns through the now passable Malheur River Canyon.

Most ranchers survived the depression years. The area was overstocked, mainly by flocks of sheep passing through the area. Local Westfall ranchers attempted to protect their access to public grazing land by homesteading public land containing known sources of water. The Taylor Grazing Act came into law in 1934 through the effort of concerned ranchers. Drift fences appeared. By the 1950's, small ranches were bought up by larger ranches. Wells and sprinkler systems were utilized, and row cropping began. In the 1920's there were ranches up every canyon, but now less than ten families remain. The Westfall school closed in 1961, and the school children are now transported to Harper. On October 15, 1959, only two town residents remained, Mrs. Carrie Cammann, and Mrs. Rachel Looney, the postmistress at that time. Now, no one lives within the town.

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section 9 Page 1 Moses and Mary Hart Stone House and Ranch Complex, Westfall,
Malheur County, Oregon

References

Arriola, Mildred, (current Westfall postmistress), Unrecorded interview with James Post, July 11, 2000, Westfall, Oregon.

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Clark, Keith, and Tiller, Lowell. Terrible Trail: The Meek Cutoff, 1845. Bend: Maverick Publications, Inc., 1966.

Davis, Gerri, County Appraiser, Assessor's Office, Malheur County, Vale, Oregon.

DeLong, Deborah R., County Clerk, Malheur County, Vale, Oregon.

Dittmer, Eric, Geology Department, Southern Oregon University, Ashland, Oregon.

Gray, Mary, (former curator, Rinehart Stone House), Unrecorded interviews with James Post, June, 2000, Vale, Oregon.

Gregg, Jacob Ray. Pioneer Days in Malheur County. Los Angeles: Privately printed by Lorrin L. Morrison, Printing and Publishing, 1950.

Hart, Maude, (ninety year resident of Westfall & Harper), Unrecorded interviews with James Post, June 8 and July 11, 2000, Harper, Oregon.

Hunter, F. Jerome, Architect, Jacksonville, Oregon.

Malheur Country History. Malheur Country Historical Society, 1988.

Meek, John, (descendent of Joseph Meek), Unrecorded interview with James Post, June 6, 2000, Baker City, Oregon.

Nielsen, Lawrence, and Galbreath, Donald S. Oregon's Fading Past. Bend: Maverick Publications, Inc., 1993.

**United States Department of Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section 9 Page 2 Moses and Mary Hart Stone House and Ranch Complex Westfall,
Malheur County, Oregon

Romans, Martha, (prior owner, Mose Hart Stone House, 1958 – 2000), Unrecorded
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Smith, Earl R. The Westfall Country. New York: Exposition Press, 1963.

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Whittenburg, Hazel, (prior occupant of Mose Hart Stone House, 1919 – 1927),
Unrecorded interview with James Post, July 11, 2000, Vale, Oregon.

Voegtly, Charles, H. An Illustrated History of Baker, Grant, Malheur, and Harney
Counties. Western Historical Publishing Company, 1902.

**United States Department of Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section 10 **Page 1** **Moses and Mary Hart Stone House and Ranch Complex** Westfall,
Malheur County, Oregon

Verbal Boundary Description

Northern half of the Northwest Quarter of Section 29, Township 18 S, Range 41 E W.M.

Property Tax Number

Map Number 1841 Tax Lot Number 1800 Code Area Number 16
Malheur County Assessor Reference number 8634

Boundary Justification

A three acre boundary should encompass the Moses and Mary Hart Stone House and Ranch Complex, and its immediately adjacent structures, including the root cellar, pitcher pump, and hay storage shed to the north, the grain storage shed to the west, and the water pump and feed trough to the east of the stone house.

The branding corral far to the north along Bully Creek, and the hay storage corral some distance to the east of the house were excluded since those two structures are contemporary, and are not related to the historic nature of the stone house.

**United States Department of the Interior
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**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section Photos Page 1 Moses and Mary Hart Stone House and Ranch Complex,
Westfall, Malheur County, Oregon

- Mose Hart Stone House
- Westfall, Malheur County, Oregon
- Photographer: James T. Post
- Date of photographs: June 8, 2000
- Holder of the negatives: James T. Post
4247 Tami Lane, Central Point, OR 97502-1063
- Photograph Number and Description:
 - #1 of 45: Ash flow tuff, five miles south of Westfall on road from Harper. Camera facing north.
 - #2 of 45: View towards west from Harper-Westfall road
 - #3 of 45: Distant north elevation of stone house. Camera facing south.
 - #4 of 45: East elevation of house. Camera facing west.
 - #5 of 45: South and east elevations of house. Camera facing northwest
 - #6 of 45: South elevation of house. Camera facing north.
 - #7 of 45: North elevation of house. Camera facing south.
 - #8 of 45: North elevation of house. Camera facing south.
 - #9 of 45: West elevation of house. Camera facing east.
 - #10 of 45: West elevation of house, close up view. Camera facing east.
 - #11 of 45: East & north elevation cornice, close up view. Camera facing southwest.
 - #12 of 45: East elevation, window, close up view. Camera facing west.
 - #13 of 45: East elevaton, second floor doorway. Camera facing west.
 - #14 of 45: East elevation, main entrance. Camera facing west.
 - #15 of 45: East elevation, left side second floor doorway, inscription "M.H.H. 1899". Camera facing west.
 - #16 of 45: North elevation, foundation, basalt flow rock. Camera facing south.
 - #17 of 45: East elevation, main entrance, close up view. Camera facing west.
 - #18 of 45: Interior, near east elevation, first floor, stairway. Camera facing west.
 - #19 of 45: Interior, first floor, parlor. Camera facing west.
 - #20 of 45: Interior, first floor, parlor. Camera facing west
 - #21 of 45: Interior, first floor, from dining room. Camera facing northwest towards kitchen
 - #22 of 45: Interior, first floor, dining room. Camera facing west.
 - #23 of 45: Interior, first floor, kitchen, southwest corner. Camera facing southwest.

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

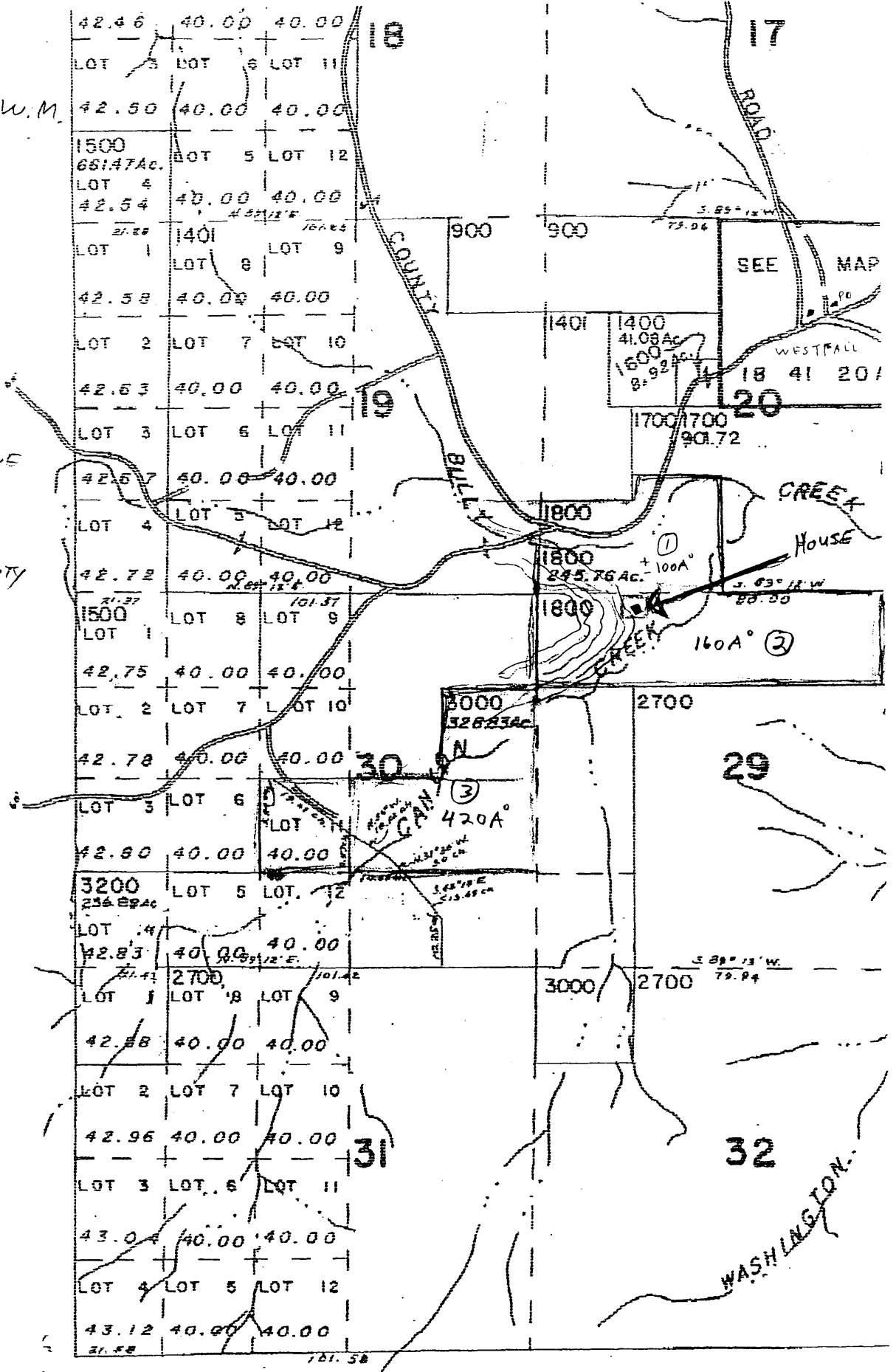
**Section Photos Page 2 Moses and Mary Hart Stone House and Ranch Complex
Westfall, Malheur County, Oregon**

- Photograph Number and Description (continued):
 - #24 of 45: Interior, first floor, kitchen sink, northwest corner kitchen. Camera facing northwest.
 - #25 of 45: Interior, first floor, pantry north of kitchen. Camera facing north.
 - #26 of 45: Interior, second floor, stairway and hall. Camera facing west.
 - #27 of 45: Interior, second floor, ballroom. Camera facing west
 - #28 of 45: Interior, second floor, ballroom. Camera facing west.
 - #29 of 45: Interior, second floor, ballroom. Camera facing east.
 - #30 of 45: Interior, attic area, west ballroom, chimney, 45 degree/support. Camera facing north.
 - #31 of 45: Interior, attic area, east ballroom chimney, angulated. Camera facing northwest.
 - #32 of 45: pump, near southeast corner of house. Camera facing northeast.
 - #33 of 45: Root cellar, near north elevation of house. Camera facing west.
 - #34 of 45: Root cellar, interior. Camera facing north.
 - #35 of 45: Old shed, south elevation, near north elevation of house. Camera facing north.
 - #36 of 45: Old shed, south & east elevations, near north elevation of house. Camera facing northwest.
 - #37 of 45: Grain storage shed, east elevation, near west elevation of house. Camera facing west.
 - #38 of 45: Grain storage shed, north elevation, near west elevation of house. Camera facing south.
 - #39 of 45: Feed trough, near east elevation of house. Camera facing southeast.
 - #40 of 45: Concrete pitcher pump structure, near root cellar, north elevation of house. Camera facing south.
 - #41 of 45: Mule team, early 1900's, archives of Rinehart Stone House, Vale, Oregon
 - #42 of 45: Model T Fords, 1910, archives of Rinehart Stone House, Vale, Oregon
 - #43 of 45: Westfall, 1907, archives of Rinehart Stone House, Vale, Oregon
 - #44 of 45: Mose Hart Stone House, archives of Rinehart Stone House, Vale, Oregon, photograph date unknown
 - #45 of 45: Two barred owls, *Strix varia*, in rafters of attic above ballroom. Camera facing west.

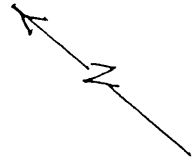
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SEE MAP 18 40

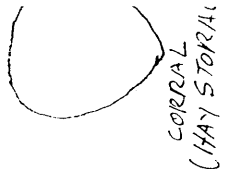
MOSE HART STONE HOUSE
WESTFALL
MALHEUR COUNTY
OREGON



WASHINGTON

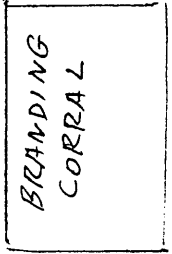
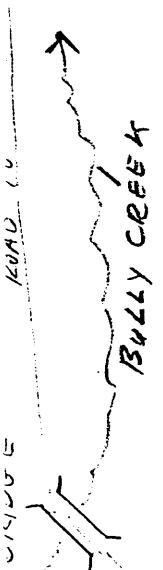


MOSE HART STONE HOUSE
1898
WESTFALL, MALHEUR COUNTY
OREGON



~300' FROM HOUSE

COTTONWOOD CREEK



~600' FROM HOUSE

ROAD

HAY STORAGE SHED

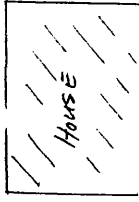


PITCHER PUMP

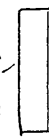
ROOT CELLAR



~100'



HAY TROUGH



~100'

WATER PUMP



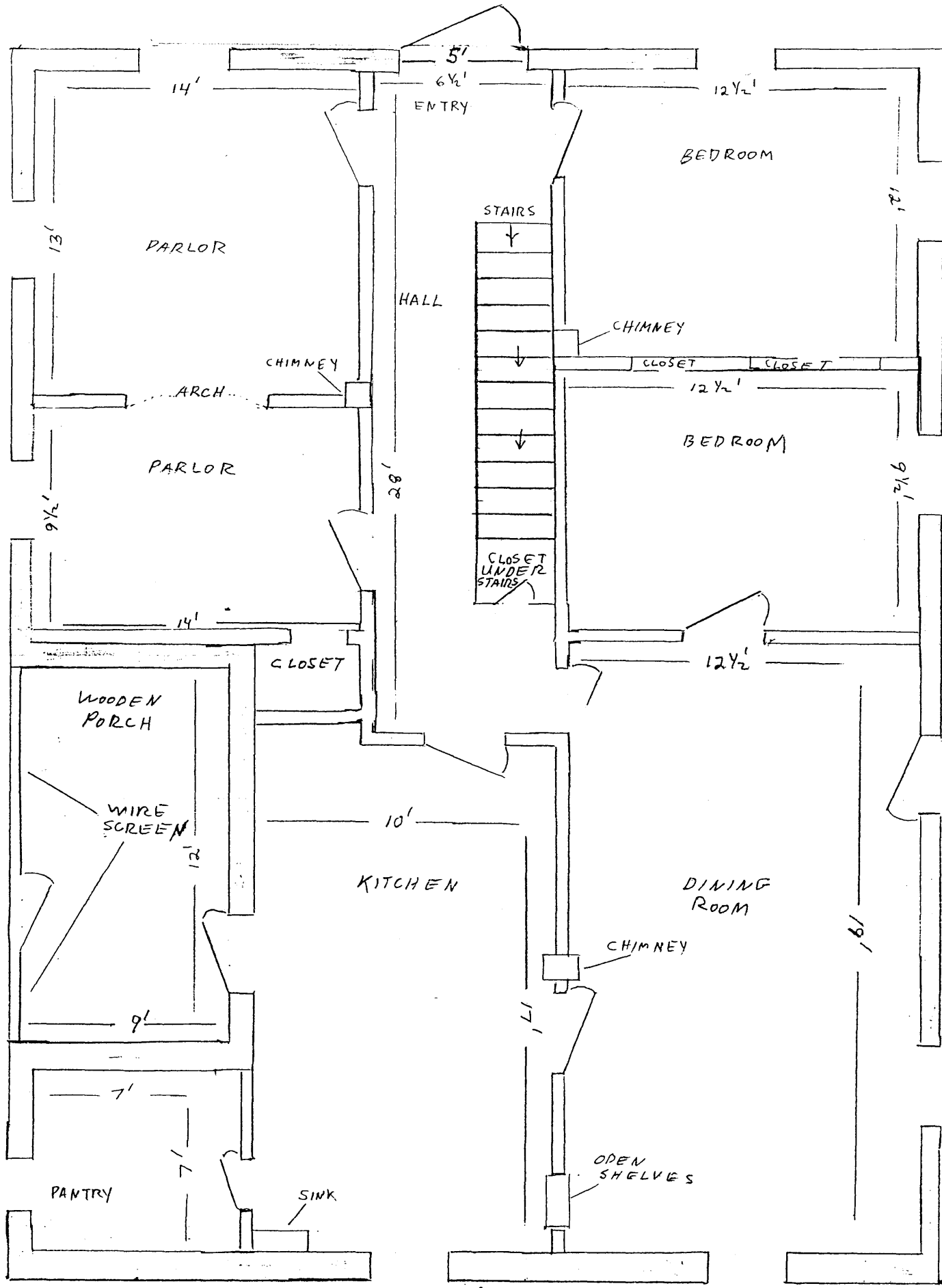
~25'

~75'

GRAINARY SHED



EAST



N
FIRST FLOOR

SCALE 1"=5 FEET

WEST

47 1/2'

14'

5'

6 1/2'

ENTRY

12 1/2'

BEDROOM

13'

PARLOR

STAIRS

HALL

CHIMNEY

CHIMNEY

ARCH

CLOSET

CLOSET

PARLOR

BEDROOM

9 1/2'

28'

CLOSET UNDER STAIRS

14'

CLOSET

12 1/2'

WOODEN PORCH

WIRE SCREEN

KITCHEN

DINING ROOM

10'

CHIMNEY

12'

9'

11'

16'

7'

PANTRY

SINK

OPEN SHELVES

7'

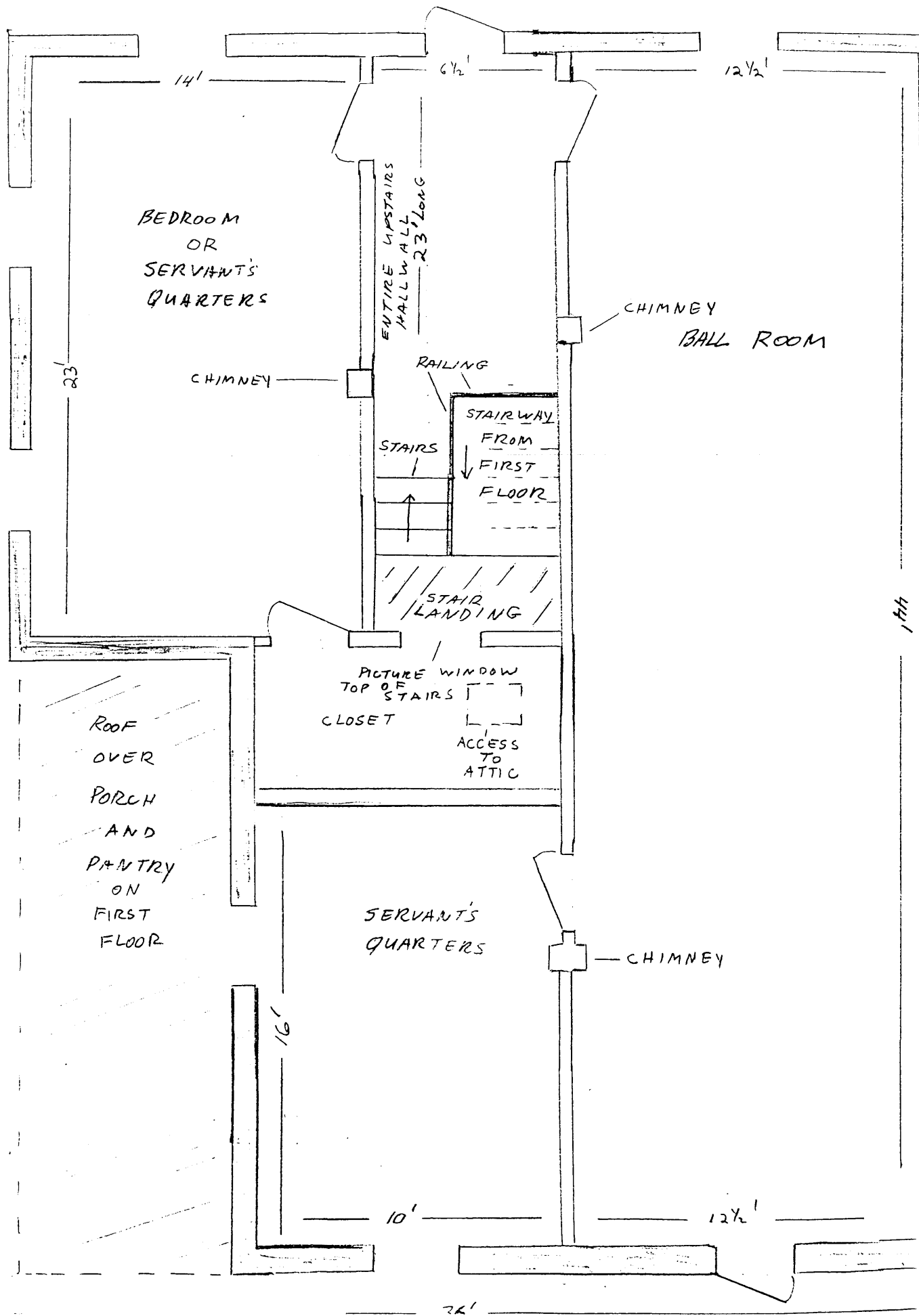
36'

EAST

MODE HART STONE HOUSE - 1870
WESTFALL, MALHEUR COUNTY, OREGON
- SECOND FLOOR -

12 JUN 6 1980

SCALE 1" = 5 FEET



BEDROOM
OR
SERVANTS'
QUARTERS

CHIMNEY

ENTIRE UPSTAIRS
HALLWAY 23' LONG

RAILING

STAIRWAY
FROM
FIRST
FLOOR

STAIRS

STAIR
LANDING

PICTURE WINDOW
TOP OF
STAIRS
CLOSET
ACCESS
TO
ATTIC

ROOF
OVER
PORCH
AND
PANTRY
ON
FIRST
FLOOR

SERVANTS'
QUARTERS

CHIMNEY
BALL ROOM

CHIMNEY

14'

23'

6 1/2'

12 1/2'

47 1/2'

16'

10'

12 1/2'

22'

14 1/2'