Form No. 10-306 (Rev. 10-74)

SUNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR FEDERAL PROPERTIES

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FOR NPS OC	EONLY	
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DATE ENTERED AUG 2 1 1984

## SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

NY AN AT						
NAME				1		
HISTORIC	Mondeaux Dam Pul	blic Utility Area				
AND/OR COMMON			2.5.4)			
	Mondeaux Dam Re	creation Area, or-M	ondeaux -Dam			
LOCATION	Roma Ely hom	ded by Arend	can to River a	and		
STREET & NUMBER	Medford_Ranger_	ded by Mend District France	4-12-d, 104			
	Chequamegon Nat		N/A NOT FOR PUBLICATION			
CITY.TOWN Town of Westboro	Y		CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	-		
STATE	<u></u>	VICINITY OF		COUNTY CODE		
Wisconsin		55	Taylor	119		
CLASSIFICAT	ION					
CATEGORY OWNERSHIP STATUS		PRES	PRESENT USE			
	PUBLIC		AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM		
	PRIVATE	_UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK		
	BOTH PUBLIC ACQUISITION		EDUCATIONAL			
	N PROCESS	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT GOVERNMENT	RELIGIOUS		
	BEING CONSIDERED		INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION		
		N0	MILITARY	XOTHER Public Recreation		
STREET & NUMBER 157 North 5th Av City. Town	vice, Chequamegon 1	National Forest	STATE			
Park Falls		VICINITY OF	Wisconsin	54552		
LOCATION O	F LEGAL DESCR	IPTION				
COURTHOUSE.						
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.	Register of Dee	eds, Taylor County	Courthouse			
STREET & NUMBER	224 South 2nd S	Street				
CITY, TOWN			STATE			
	Medford		Wisconsin	54451		
REPRESENTA	TION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS				
TITLE Wisconsin I	Inventory of Histor	ric Places				
DATE 1984						
		FEDERAL A_S	TATECOUNTYLOCAL			
	ate Historical Soci	lety of Wisconsin				
CITY, TOWN		999	STATE			
Mađ	lison, Wisconsin					





#### CONDITION

 X
 EXCELLENT
 \_\_DETERIORATED

 \_\_GOOD
 \_\_RUINS

 \_\_FAIR
 \_\_UNEXPOSED





#### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

\_\_ALTERED

The Mondeaux Dam Recreation Area is a development which includes four campgrounds, picnic and children's play areas, and a shelter and associated buildings and dam. It is situated adjacent to the Mondeaux Flowage of northern Taylor County on lands administered by the USDA Forest Service, Chequamegon National Forest, Medford Ranger District. The flowage is 416 acres in area, almost four miles in length (trending north/south), and varying in width between 120 feet and 1,900 feet. Development of the Flowage and associated facilities commenced in the winter of 1936-37 and was completed two years later in the winter of 1938. The landscape, structural and architectural design was developed by Forest Service architects and engineers. Actual construction and landscape modifications were done by Civilian Conservation Corps enrollees detailed from Camp Mondeaux River. Local skilled and unskilled workers also assisted in this development under the authority of the Work Projects Administration.

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While the various recreational facilities are distributed along the northernmost mile of the Flowage's shores, only the development's buildings, the dam itself and the 6.1 acregrounds within which they are included are treated as the historic district. Modifications through the years to all but the above-mentioned district rendered considerable alterations having degraded the larger area's historic value.

All three buildings fit within the "rustic" architectural expression, sharing basic design elements which include single-story wood frame construction, gable roofs, vertical board and batten exterior walls, six over six double hung sash windows and poured concrete foundations. The largest building is referred to as the Bath and Club House, and serves as a shelter and houses a food concession. The second building is the caretaker's/concessionaire's dwelling. The third building is a garage, and is used for tool storage and as a repair shop. The dam itself is a concrete spillway which holds a 14 foot head of water and blocks the northward flowing Mondeaux River. The buildings as well as the dam are in excellent condition and appear almost exactly as they did when originally built. The major exception to the site's present as compared to original appearance is that the buildings' roofs consist of asphalt shingles whereas the architect's plans prescribed cedar shingles or shakes. Site maintenance through the years has done little to alter structural attributes. See Attachments A through G for additional details. Site plans are on file at the Supervisor's Office, Chequamegon National Forest.

There are no important or unique interior features as regards the district's three buildings. However, these interiors, while modified and rehabilitated through the years, are generally in character with their 1930's appearance.



PREHISTORIC 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899 1900-	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC AGRICULTURE 	COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION ECONOMICS EDUCATION ENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT INDUSTRY	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	RELIGION SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER TRANSPORTATION 
SPECIFIC DATI	<b>rs</b> 1938	INVENTION	HITECT USDA-Forest S	CCC/Recreation

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Mondeaux Dam's exceptional significance resides in both its architecture and its historical associative value. While site development (1936-38) was a joint venture which included the efforts of the Forest Service as well as local workers funded through the WPA, Mondeaux Dam was essentially a CCC effort (1603rd Company, Camp Mondeaux River) - it is the singly most important recreation development to date on the Chequamegon.

#### WPA/CCC/Conservation/Recreation

In November of 1933, the Chequamegon National Forest was established, and several weeks later the Forest Service began to acquire land along the Mondeaux River. In April of 1935, Archie and Kay Campbell sold to the Government land on which the Mondeaux Dam would be constructed. About this time, Archie Campbell worked as a mechanic at the nearby Mondeaux River CCC Camp. He approached the camp superintendent about what he felt was a potential opportunity for public recreational development. The idea was viewed favorably; and in 1936, Forest Service architects and engineers began work on this proposed landscape, architectural and engineering development.

The creation of the Mondeaux Dam Recreation Area took over two years to complete. In the winter of 1936-1937, flowage basin clean-up commenced, and here CCC enrollees began their work. Timber was cut, skidded and hauled; slash and brush was burned. Surface modification such as cutting and filling was also in progress. By early 1937, the WPA provided local workers to join in the project; and in May of that year, construction of the dam itself had begun. Late in 1937, the construction of the three buildings was in progress. Correspondence on file at the Medford Ranger Station noted that on February 16, 1938, 104 WPA men and 30 CCC enrollees were involved in the project. In late 1938, the dam and buildings were completed, and the flowage basin was ready for flooding. In the spring of 1939, the first concessionaire/caretaker of the Mondeaux Flowage was selected; and appropriately enough, it was Archie Campbell. The Mondeaux Recreation Area has operated as a public use facility for the last 45 years.

The most immediately recognizable values are tied to its recreational function; however, to the people of Taylor County this site evokes a very special feeling which recalls an era of accomplishment in the face of adversity--a local expression of national determinism. The personnel of Taylor County's CCC camps (Camp Perkinstown and Camp Mondeaux River) planted trees to reforest areas ravaged by over-harvest and aftermath fires, and provided the basis for a forest products industry of growing

# 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAF

#### Bruhy, Mark E.

1983 Mondeaux Dam Recreation Area: Cultural Resource Evaluation. Manuscript on file at the Supervisor's Office, Chequamegon National Forest.

Throop, E. Gail

1983 A Characteristic Expression, A thematic Evaluation	of Forest Service Depression-
Era Administrative Buildings in the Pacific Northwest. CRM Archaeology, Volume 3(2):123-128.	Contract Abstracts and

10 GEOGRAPHICAL	DATA			
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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESC	RIPTION	<u> </u>		
(See continuation she	et)			
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LIST ALL STATES AND	COUNTIES FOR PROPER	RTIES OVERLAPPIN	G STATE OR COUNTY I	BOUNDARIES
STATE N/A	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CODE
<b>11 FORM PREPARED</b>	BY			
Mark E. Bruhy, Cultu	ral Resource Speci	alist	7/9/	34
ORGANIZATION			DATE	
USDA-Forest Service,	Chequamegon Natio	onal Forest ar		al Forest
STREET & NUMBER	•	e i ie e i	TELEPHONE	0 0415 5
68 South Stevens Str	eet	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(715) 36 STATE	2-3415
Rhinelander			Wisconsi	n 54501
12 CERTIFICATION				
SIA	TE HISTORIC PRESERVAT		OMMENDATION	2
		۱C	IONE	kan .
		a a di seconda di secon		ATION OFFICER SIGNATURE
In compliance with Executive Or Historic Preservation Officer has evaluate its significance. The eva FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVE SI	been allowed 90 days in t luated level of significance	which to present the	e nomination to the State	
TITLE AGENCY PRE	SERVATION_OFFIC	CER	DATE	JUL 9 1984
OR NPS USE ONLY			·····	
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS	PROPERT IN INCLUDE	D IN THE NATIONA		121/2U
DIRECTOR, OFFIC OF SECH	EOLOGY AND HISTORE	RESERVATION	DATE	
KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL R	EGISTER			

GPO 892-303

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	Mondeaux Dam				
CONTINUATION SHEET	Recreation Area	ITEM NUMBER	8	PAGE	2

importance to Taylor County's economy. Soil conservation, water quality protection, improved wildlife habitat, road development and certainly the developed recreational resource are all part of the CCC's impact on Taylor County. However, with the passage of time, many of these accomplishments are not easily discerned, and as such, Mondeaux Dam serves as a dramatic reminder of area history, one of immense interpretive potential.

#### Architecture

Most government Depression Era architecture in northwestern Wisconsin was either temporary in nature, such as the CCC camps, or administrative facilities that have been or may soon be removed because of changing management needs and structural deterioration. Here Mondeaux Dam differs in that it was conceived and developed as a long-term recreational facility. There is only one other recreational site with standing structures of this era in northwestern Wisconsin, that being Copper Falls State Park, Ashland County. However, these buildings, constructed by the CCC under the authority of the State of Wisconsin, are log structures stylistically dissimilar to Mondeaux Dam. Moreover, a recent study has noted that "each Forest Service Region developed a characteristic expression of the rustic style that was particular to its geographical area" (Throop 1983:124). Clearly, Mondeaux Dam Recreation Area is "one of a kind" in northwestern Wisconsin, though in a broader perspective, the degree to which the site is architecturally unique must be the focus of future research. At this time the sanction of National Register eligibility would support preservation of one example of this type of architectural expression, an example deeply enriched by its associated historic value.

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Mondeaux Dam CONTINUATION SHEET Recreation Area ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE 1

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

The district is roughly trianguloid in plan with the apex to the north at a point where the Bath and Club House parking lot driveway intersects with Forest Road 106. The eastern boundary, approximately 500 feet in length, is for the most part the western bank of the Mondeaux River. However, this boundary diverges from the west bank to include but not exceed the eastern abutment of the dam. The southern boundary is an irregular line approximately 1,000 feet in length following for the most part the shore of the Mondeaux Flowage. The eastern terminus of this boundary line is the southern end of the dam's eastern abutment, and the western terminus is a point due west on the shoulder of Forest Road 106. The entire western boundary, then, is the eastern shoulder of Forest Road 106. The district includes a corner common to sections 13, 14, 23 and 24, T33N, RlW, however this corner is not marked and we cannot with precision relate district boundaries to section lines.



\*Generalized district boundaries delineated by red dots



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ATTACHMENT C: Club and Bath House

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NO FOUNDATION PLANTING AT GARAGE PLENTY OF TREES IN YARD AND BORDERING WOODS Scale - Ye"= 1'-0"



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ATTACHMENT E: Concessionaire's/ Caretaker's Dwelling







