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United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places
Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

historic name Des Moines River Bridge

other names/site number _____

2. Location

street & number County Road P14 over East Fork of Des Moines River not for publication

city or town 6.9 miles southwest of Swea City vicinity

state Iowa code IA county Kossuth code 109 zip code 50590

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this nomination request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant nationally statewide locally. (See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Patricia Chen King DSHPD 4-7-98
Signature of certifying official/Title Date

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF IOWA

State or Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. (See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Signature of certifying official/Title Date

State or Federal agency and bureau

4. National Park Service Certification

I hereby certify that the property is:

- entered in the National Register
 - See continuation sheet
- determined eligible for the National Register
 - See continuation sheet
- determined not eligible for the National Register
- removed from the National Register
- other, (explain):

Edson H. Beall 5-15-98

5. Classification

Ownership of Property
(Check as many boxes as apply)

- private
- public-local
- public-State
- public-Federal

Category of Property
(Check only one box)

- building(s)
- district
- site
- structure
- object

Number of Resources within Property
(Do not include previously listed resources in the count)

Contributing	Noncontributing	
0	0	buildings
0	0	sites
1	0	structures
0	0	objects
1	0	Total

Name of related multiple property listing
(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing)

Highway Bridges of Iowa

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register

0

6. Function or Use

Historic Functions
(Enter categories from instructions)

TRANSPORTATION/road-related

Current Functions
(Enter categories from instructions)

TRANSPORTATION/road-related

7. Description

Architectural Classification
(Enter categories from instructions)

other: concrete Marsh arch

Materials
(Enter categories from instructions)

foundation Concrete
 walls
 roof
 other Concrete

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets)

Located 6.9 miles southwest of Swea City, the Des Moines River Bridge spans East Fork of the Des Moines River in a rural Kossuth County setting that has changed little since the structure's period of significance. A description of the structure follows:

span number: 1 construction date: 1916
 span length: 100.0' construction cost: \$7150.00 (contract amount)
 total length: 102.0' current condition: good
 roadway wdt.: 17.5' alterations: none

superstructure: concrete, 9-panel Marsh fixed arch
 substructure: concrete abutments and wingwalls
 floor/decking: concrete deck over concrete floor beams
 other features: tapered concrete arch ribs; concrete hangers, cast integrally with concrete floor beams; slotted concrete guardrails with paneled concrete bulkheads

Other than maintenance-related repairs, the bridge remains essentially unaltered as it continues to carry vehicular traffic. The Des Moines River Bridge today retains a high degree of integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling and association.

8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing)

- A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply)

Property is:

- A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
B removed from its original location.
C a birthplace or grave.
D a cemetery.
E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
F a commemorative property.
G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

Narrative Statement of Significance

(Explain the significance of the property on continuation sheets.)

Areas of Significance

(Enter categories from instructions)

ENGINEERING

Period of Significance

1916

(The period of significance is derived from the original construction date.)

Significant Dates

1916 (construction date)

Significant Person

(Complete if Criterion B is marked above)

N/A

Cultural Affiliation

N/A

Architect/Bulder

designer:

James B. Marsh, Des Moines IA

fabricator:

none

builder:

Marsh Engineering Co., Des Moines IA

9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibliography

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

Previous documentation on file (NPS):

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
previously listed in the National Register
previously determined eligible by the National Register
designated a National Historic Landmark
recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record

Primary location of additional data:

- State Historic Preservation Office
other State agency
Federal agency
Local government
University
other
name of repository:

10. Geographical DataAcreage of Property less than one acre**UTM References**

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet)

1 15 383080 4799930
zone easting northing2 _____
zone easting northing**Verbal Boundary Description**

(Describe the boundaries of the property)

The nominated property is a rectangular-shaped parcel measuring 20 feet by 102 feet, which is centered on the UTM point(s) listed above. Included within this rectangular parcel are the bridge's superstructure, substructure, approach spans and floor system.

Boundary Justification

(Explain why the boundaries were selected)

The nominated structure includes the bridge's superstructure, substructure, floor system, any approach spans and the property on which they rest. These boundaries encompass, but do not exceed, all of the property that has been historically associated with the bridge.

11. Form Prepared Byname/title Deanne Zibell and Clayton Fraserorganization Fraserdesign date 31 August 1994street & number 1269 Cleveland Avenue telephone 303-669-7969city or town Loveland state Colorado zip code 80537**Additional Documentation**

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets**Maps**A **USGS map** (7½ or 15 minute series) indicating the property's locationA **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources**Photographs**Representative **black and white photographs** of the property**Additional Items**

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

Property Owner

(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO)

name/title Kossuth Countystreet & number 114 West State telephone 515-295-3320city or town Algona state Iowa zip code 50511

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 *et seq.*).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section Number 8 Page 1 Des Moines River Bridge Kossuth County; Iowa

Kossuth County, like virtually all of Iowa's counties, adopted the state highway commission's standard designs for its concrete bridges in the 1910s. Most of the county's structures during these years were small-scale slabs or girders, but in 1916 the board of supervisors deviated from this trend on one important span - this concrete arch over the East Fork of the Des Moines River, in the northwestern part of Kossuth County on the Kossuth/Emmet County line. For the Des Moines River Bridge, the county purchased a design from Des Moines Engineer James B. Marsh. Marsh had received a patent for his innovative medium-span arch in 1912. Comprised of two tapered concrete arches that carried the roadway deck between them from hangers, his invention soon became known as the rainbow arch for its distinctive profile. Marsh's design represented the hybridization of continuous concrete and segmental steel arch designs. This marked a radical departure from standard engineering practice. Concrete can withstand a nominal amount of tension, but is much stronger against compressive loading. Steel, on the other hand, can resist compressive forces, but is much more efficient in tension. For this reason, most previous concrete arches - both reinforced and mass arches in filled and open spandrel configurations - had been built with the arch below the deck, where the downward force of the deck could be carried in compression by the arch ribs and spandrel walls or columns. Marsh's suspended deck reversed this.

His arches, of course, acted in compression. But the hangers and floor beams carried the deck in tension. Further, the novel treatment of the deck over sliding steel plates on the floor beams and the use of pin-connected, articulated steel hangers for the end panel points were devices more suited to steel construction than concrete. To make the concrete thus act against its nature, Marsh inserted large amounts of structural steel. His bridges may have looked like concrete spans, but the arch ribs and hangers carried such heavy and complicated reinforcing that they were in reality steel structures encased in concrete. Marsh designed his bridges with either tied (with the arches attached to the abutments at the floor beam level) or fixed (arches extending below the floor beams to the abutments) configurations. Aside from this, all of his rainbow arches were similar, varying only in their span length, arch rise and number of hangers. The Beaver Creek Bridge featured a 100-foot span, divided evenly between nine panels. In February 1916 the county contracted with the Marsh Engineering Company to build the single-span arch for \$7150.00, of which each county would pay half.

Like virtually all of Marsh's bridges, the des Moines River Bridge used a standardized construction sequence. The abutments and piers of a typical rainbow arch were poured first, followed by the arch ribs, hangers and floor beams. Then the intermediate ties, floor slab, wall copings and rails were concreted. Once the formwork for the floor was removed, the intermediate hangers were coated. Because the hangers had to be under full dead load when they were concreted, the forms were struck no less than 10 days or more than 21 days after the slab was poured. Pouring the guardrails later in 1916 completed the bridge. It has functioned in place since that time, without alteration.

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section Number 8 Page 2 Des Moines River Bridge Kossuth County; Iowa

Marsh's invention did not foretell a new direction in reinforced concrete design. The industry would later turn to other, simpler slab and beam configurations as it developed more sophisticated reinforcing techniques in the 1930s and 1940s. The rainbow arch did, however, mark one of the more interesting early experiments in concrete engineering and represented the proliferation of concrete for road and bridge construction. It is not known how many Marsh arches were built in Iowa in the 1910s and 1920s: judging from county records, perhaps no more than 100. The large amount of reinforcing steel sheathed within a relatively thin skin of concrete has made them particularly vulnerable to rusting and spalling. As a result, only eleven are known to remain. The Des Moines River Bridge in Kossuth County is distinguished as one of the longest of these - a well-preserved example of an indigenous structural type.

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section Number 9 Page 3 Des Moines River Bridge Kossuth County; Iowa

Iowa Department of Transportation, Structure Inventory and Appraisal: Structure No. 217370.

Kossuth County Supervisors' Minutes, Book 9: page 332 (11 February 1916), located at the Kossuth County Courthouse, Algona IA.

Report of the State Highway Commission, 1916, pages 78, 207-08.

Field inspection by Charlene K. Roise, 13 July 1991.