NPS Form 10-900 (Oct. 1990)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

MAR 1 6 1995

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This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in how to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by Hanking in the Augustian Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by Hanking in the Augustian Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by Hanking in the Augustian Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by Hanking in the Augustian Form functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

. Name of Pro	perty									
nistoric name	Carnegi	e Library	<i>I</i>							
other names/site	numberCa	rnegie Pι	ıblic Lib	rary	/ 5RN513					·
2. Location										
street & number			reet					N.	Z'Anot fo	r publication
eity or town	Monte Vi	sta							_N 🕰 via	cinity
stateColora			CO county	, Rio	Grande		code _	105	zip co	de <u>81144</u>
3. State/Federal	Agency Ceri	ification						* *		
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Carnegie Library		Rio Grande County, CO			
Name of Property		County ar	nd State		
5. Classification					
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of R (Do not include)	lesources within Prop previously listed resources in	erty the count.)	
private	<u>M</u> building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing		
☐ public-local☐ public-State	☐ district ☐ site	1	0	buildings	
☐ public-State ☐ public-Federal	☐ structure	0	0	sites	
•	☐ object	0	0	structures	
		0	0	objects	
		1	0	Total	
Name of related multiple p (Enter "N/A" if property is not part	roperty listing of a multiple property listing.)	Number of c	ontributing resources nal Register	previously listed	
N/A		N/A			
6. Function or Use					
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Function (Enter categories from			
EDUCATION/library		EDUCATION/	library		
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		•			
7. Description					
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories fro	om instructions)		
Classical Revival		foundation Co	ncrete		
		wallsBr	ick		
		roofAs	phalt		
			rra cotta		
		Ou 1011C	LIU COCCU		

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

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DESCRIPTION

The Neoclassical-inspired Carnegie Library is located on Jefferson Street just off First Avenue, which is a main thoroughfare in Monte Vista. Surrounded by lawn and large cottonwood and evergreen trees, the brick building is one story with a raised garden level. The rectangular-shaped (64 by 30 feet) structure has a hipped roof covered with asphalt shingles, wood frame windows, and a concrete foundation finished with stucco. Extending almost 15 inches out from the wall, the widely overhanging eaves of the roof are boxed with a wide, galvanized metal fascia. Hard-fired red brick in a running bond pattern make up the walls. Two stringcourses of beige brick in a soldier course encircle the building. One stringcourse is directly above the main floor windows, while the other is located near the raised foundation. Terra cotta forms the classical detailing around the entry and the lugsills of the main level windows. A brick exterior chimney breaks the wall surface on the east elevation. The building is in good condition and has undergone very little alteration since its construction.

The Library faces west onto Jefferson Street and is one half level above grade. Brick walls with a concrete coping flank the steps and platform that lead to the centrally located entrance. A metal light post with a round glass globe sits on each concrete-capped wall. Two wooden and glazed doors topped with a transom light provide entry into the main floor. Pilasters flank the double door entrance and support a plain entablature with a stepped cap. Marking the entrance is "Carnegie Library" cut into cream-colored concrete above the stringcourse. On each side of the entry is a large window opening consisting of three, double leaf casements each with a divided transom light. Wooden muntins in a star-like pattern with triangular pieces of glass form the decorative transom lights that top these windows and the entrance. The windows on the lower level do not continue the symmetry of the facade as there are two to the north of the entry and three windows to the south.

The remaining facades are essentially brick walls highlighted with the stringcoursing and punctuated by windows. All the lower level windows are double hung sash with six-over-one lights. The sole exception is a small window on the south elevation where the opening is original but the replacement window is an aluminum slider. The upper level windows are six light hoppers with the exception of two tall nine-over-one double hung windows on the east elevation. All the windows are painted and the original wood storm sashes are in place.

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CARNEGIE LIBRARY
RIO GRANDE COUNTY, CO

DESCRIPTION (continued)

There are two exterior entrances to the lower level. On the east elevation is a shed roof extension (to the furnace room) and on the south elevation is a gabled roof extension (an emergency exit). Originally concrete retaining walls and steps leading to a wooden door, these entrances were enclosed with wood framing and roofs and eventually covered with shingles.

The interior floor plan remains largely intact. Inside the front door, a vestibule leads up four risers to the main floor or a stairway on the south which leads to the lower level. The main floor contains reading rooms on each side of the entry. The windows are situated high on the wall to accommodate the wall mounted bookshelves in the reading rooms. The librarian's desk, with the two tall windows behind it, is strategically situated directly opposite the entry. The lower level originally housed a lecture room which now serves as the children's department. The lower level also contains restrooms, offices and a mechanical room. The original coal room was converted to an office.

The many windows are finished on the interior with a simple mitered trim throughout. The main floor windows have an additional flat-topped pediment above this trim and the pine woodwork is finished with dark stain and varnish. The lower level windows and trim are painted white. The walls throughout are finished in painted sand float plaster.

The building appears much as it did when it was originally built. Exterior changes include re-roofing in 1958 and 1973. The roof was originally wood shingled with galvanized metal hips and ridgeline. When the building was reshingled, the roof line was altered slightly to cover the top of the original galvanized metal fascia. It is believed that in 1946 the two exterior stairs to the lower level were covered with wood frame enclosures. A 1973 Treasurer's report indicated disbursements for shingles and roof installation. It is believed that the additional shingles were applied to the frame enclosures. Interior changes have also been minimal. The original pine and concrete floors have been carpeted. The original oak wrap-around librarian's desk was moved from the main floor and is now in use as an office desk on the lower level. The building is in good condition, although the masonry is in need of repointing. Calcium deposits, possibly caused by efflorescence, are visible on all elevations, particularly the east.

Bibilography

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

Previous documentation on file (NPS):
preliminary determination of individual listing (36
CFR 67) has been requested
☐ previously listed in the National Register
☐ previously determined eligible by the National
Register
☐ designated a National Historic Landmark
☐ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey
#
☐ recorded by Historic American Engineering
Record #

Primary location of additional data:

- ☐ State Historic Preservation Office
- ☐ Other State agency☐ Federal agency
- ☐ Local government
- ☐ University
- X Other

Name of repository:

Carnegie Library in Monte Vista

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CARNEGIE LIBRARY
RIO GRANDE COUNTY, CO

SIGNIFICANCE

The Carnegie Library in Monte Vista meets criterion A for significance in the area of social history for its assocation with Andrew Carnegie's nationwide public library movement. The building is also historically significant in the area of community planning and development for it represents Monte Vista's efforts to build and maintain a library facility for its residents.

The wealthy industrialist, Andrew Carnegie, chose libraries as a primary target for his philanthropy and consequently became known later in life as the "patron saint of libraries." Between 1889 and the mid-1920s, this benefactor had a great impact on public library development. In 1911, Carnegie set up a trust fund called the Carnegie Corporation of New York. The object of the corporation was to promote the advance and diffusion of knowledge and understanding among the people of the United States by aiding technical schools, institutions of higher learning, libraries, scientific research, and useful publications. He donated more than 56 million dollars for the construction of 2,509 library buildings throughout the English-speaking world. More than 40 million dollars of this amount went towards the construction of 1,679 public libraries in 1,412 communities in the United States. The Carnegie Library in Monte Vista is a reflection of the man's impact on public library development.

Monte Vista's interest in books and libraries began quite early. In 1885, a meeting of women in the area resulted in the formation of the Women's Literary Club. This club donated fifty dollars to get a circulating library started. The first books were kept in the back of the Fassett Store on the corner of First Avenue and Adams Street. By their September 1885 meeting, it was reported that there had been 100 volumes donated and the ladies were hoping it would turn into 500 volumes by the end of the year.

On January 18, 1887, General Ira Bloomfield, a lawyer, drew up the Articles of Corporation for the Monte Vista Library Association. Lillian Fassett's store became too small to house all the books so the library was moved to the Bonner-Meade building on the north side of First Avenue. This building housed the library until both it and the books were destroyed in a fire in 1894.

With their usual resourcefulness, the women of the Monte Vista Library Association set to work earning money for a new building. They compiled a cookbook and made aprons to sell at the local fair. By the following year, they reached their goal of enough funds for a new building. In 1895, a small stone building was constructed on Jefferson Street. (This building, on a lot adjacent to the Carnegie Library, now houses the Monte Vista Historical Society.)

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CARNEGIE LIBRARY
RIO GRANDE COUNTY, CO

SIGNIFICANCE (continued)

The library soon outgrew this small building and the question was raised as to where to go from here. The philanthropist Andrew Carnegie could provide the solution and in 1916, Monte Vista began negotiating with the Carnegie Corporation for help in their quest to erect a building large enough to meet the needs of a their growing community. City records for March 16, 1917 read that "the Carnegie Corporation of New York has agreed to give \$10,000 to erect a free public library on condition the city of Monte Vista shall pledge itself to support a free public library with tax suppported funds provided a suitable site be found."

The town now had the wherewithal to begin construction; all they needed was a suitable building site. Mrs. I. W. Rice, Mr. L. B. Sylvester, and Mr. R. G. Breckenridge offered lots for the site. As the time approached to begin looking for an architect, Mr. Breckenridge withdrew his voluntary contribution of the property and instead wanted \$500 for his interest. The money was finally approved.

With the building site selected, the next obstacle to overcome was the choice of an architect meeting the approval of the Carnegie Corporation. John J. Huddart, a Denver architect, was recommended. Coincidently, Huddart was engaged in superintending the work on the Consolidated school building in Monte Vista, as well as a building in near-by Alamosa at this time. He accepted the job and submitted a preliminary plan to the Carnegie Corporation, which was approved.

John James Huddart (1856-1930) was an English-trained engineer and architect who arrived in Denver in 1882. He became the chief draftsman for Frank E. Edbrooke and remained there until 1887, when he went into practice for himself. He did a substantial amount of work in Denver before expanding his work to various towns throughout Colorado. In subsequent years, he enlarged his practice to include Wyoming, Nebraska and Oklahoma where he specialized in courthouses and school buildings. Huddart's domestic designs were decidedly eclectic and he adopted new design and engineering ideas throughout his career. Since his work was never locked into any one period, it serves as a barometer of changing tastes.

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CARNEGIE LIBRARY RIO GRANDE COUNTY, CO

SIGNIFICANCE (continued)

The Monte Vista Library Board approved the returned plans and a building committee was selected. The city began living up to its pledge to the Carnegie Corporation to provide support for the library. Money came in from carnivals, dances, and booths. The first mill levy was placed on the property in 1918 for the library's operation and books. A book shower was held in which many desirable volumes were donated. Finally on June 4, 1919 an open house was held and the new library was officially opened to the public. More books were donated by the good people of the city and paid memberships went for the purchase of new books.

Through the years the people of Monte Vista have been willing to support their library. In September 1932, city council voted to close the library, which was operating in the red for \$757.84, until tax money could be had for its reopening. It reopened in October 1933. Through the years the city has continued in its support of the library.

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CARNEGIE LIBRARY
RIO GRANDE COUNTY, CO

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- ---- "Carnegies." American Libraries, April 1990.
- Carnegie, Andrew. <u>Autobiography of Andrew Carnegie</u>. New York: Houghton-Mifflin Co., 1920.
- Gokturk, Cynthia M. "Public Libraries in the San Luis Valley." (typewritten manuscript in Monte Vista library) 1984.
- Monte Vista Journal. 5 February 1916; 20 May 1916; 27 January 1917; 28 April
 1917; 2 June 1917; 1 February 1919; 7 June 1919;
- Monte Vista Tribune. 22 February 1918; 12 July 1918; 27 September 1918; 11 October 1918; 28 March 1919; 30 May 1919; 6 June 1919.
- "Minutes for the Monte Vista Library Board." Carnegie Public Library, Monte Vista. 23 April 1917 through 30 September 1948.
- Monte Vista, Colorado. Carnegie Public Library. Historical Library Files [includes original blueprints].
- Riggenbach, Emma M. <u>A Bridge to Yesterday</u>. Monte Vista, CO: High Valley Press, 1982.

Carnegie Li	brary			ande County, CO	
Name of Property			County and	State	
10. Geographica	al Data				
Acreage of Prop	***				
1 1 3 3 9 Zone Easting 2 1	8 9 4 0 4 1 5 9 6 2 0 Northing		3 Zone 4 See	Easting Northing Continuation sheet	
Verbal Boundary (Describe the boundary	y Description aries of the property on a continuation sheet.)				
Boundary Justif (Explain why the boundary)	ication undaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)				
11. Form Prepa	red By				
name/titleCa	rol Lee Dugan, Director	(ed. HLW)		
organization Ca	rnegie Public Library		date	12/8/94	
street & number	120 Jefferson		telephone	(719)852-3931	
city or town	Monte Vista	state	СО	zip code81144	
Additional Docu			<u> </u>		
Submit the following	items with the completed form:				
Continuation Sh	neets				
Maps					
A USGS	map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the	property's	location.		
A Sketch	n map for historic districts and properties ha	ving large	acreage or	numerous resources.	
Photographs					
Represer	ntative black and white photographs of the	property.			
Additional items (Check with the SHF	S PO or FPO for any additional items)				
Property Owner					
(Complete this item	at the request of SHPO or FPO.)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
name	City of Monte Vista		-		
street & number	720 1st Avenue		telephone	(719)852-2692	
city or town	Monte Vista	state	CO	zip code	

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

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CARNEGIE LIBRARY
RIO GRANDE COUNTY, CO

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

Lots 5 through 8, block 23 in the town of Monte Vista

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION

The nominated property includes the entire parcel of land historically associated with the building.

PHOTOGRAPH LOG

The following information is common to all photographs:

name: Carnegie Library

Monte Vista, Rio Grande County, Colorado

photographer: Byron Syring

date of photograph: November 1994

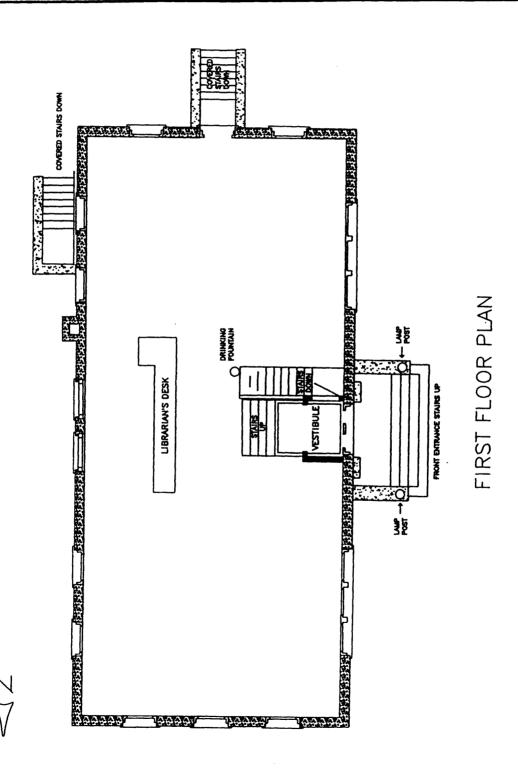
location of negative: Monte Vista Historical Society
110 Jefferson, Monte Vista

- photo #1 west (front) elevation; camera facing east
 - #2 north elevation; camera facing south
 - #3 east (rear) elevation; camera facing west
 - #4 south elevation; camera facing north
 - #5 south elevation; camera facing west

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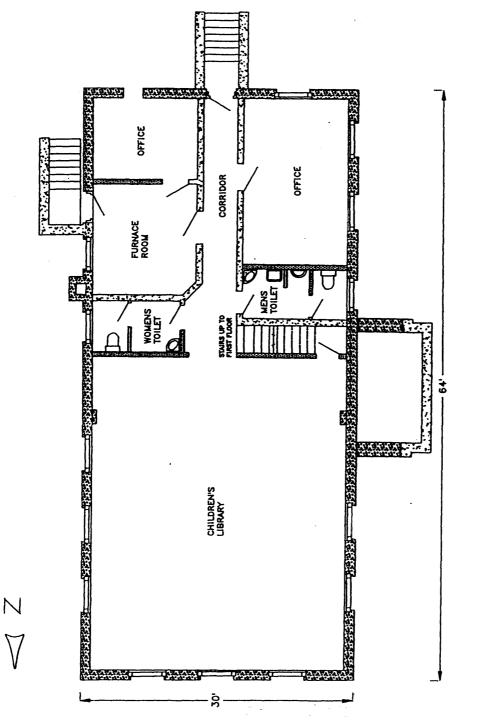
CARNEGIE LIBRARY
RIO GRANDE COUNTY, CO



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CARNEGIE LIBRARY RIO GRANDE COUNTY, CO

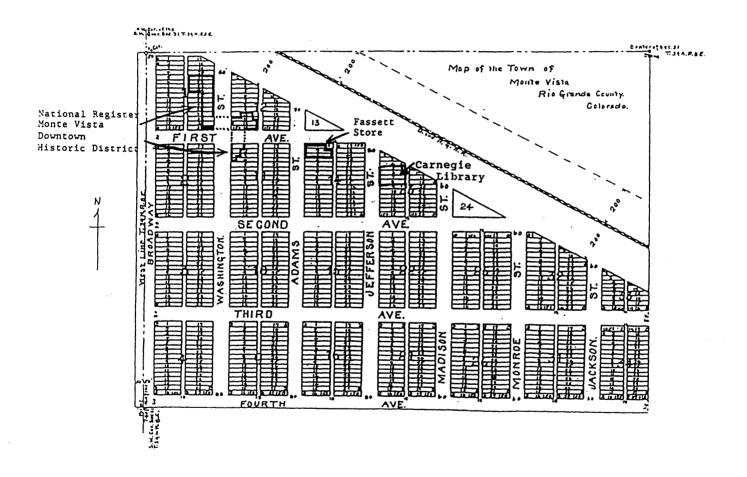


BASEMENT PLAN

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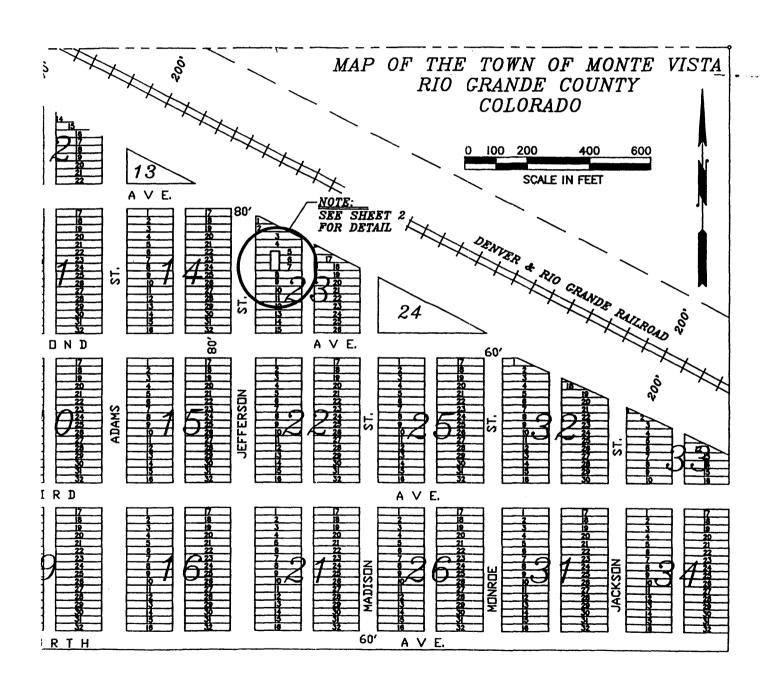
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