### National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number \_\_\_\_\_ Page \_\_\_\_

#### SUPPLEMENTARY LISTING RECORD

NRIS Reference Number: 92000190 Date Listed: 4/3/92

<u>Combination Shelter</u> Steuben IN Property Name: County: State:

Multiple Name

\_\_\_\_\_

This property is listed in the National Register of Historic Places in accordance with the attached nomination documentation subject to the following exceptions, exclusions, or amendments, notwithstanding the National Park Service certification included in the nomination documentation.

Signature of the Keeper

7/13/92 Date of Action

Amended Items in Nomination:

The resource count for this nomination had to be clarified -two objects are listed in Section 3 of the form, but it is not clear what these are. Frank Hurdis with the IN SHPO has clarified that these are two covered fountains. The form is officially amended to include this clarification.

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#### United States Department of the interior National Park Service

# National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

(

1. Name of Property	abe liter				
historic name Combination					
other names/site number CCC Shel	ter 151-018-05009				
2. Location					
street & number Pokagon State	Park	N/A not	for publication		
city, town Angola		X vicinity			
	N county Steuben	code 151	zip code 4670:		
3. Classification					
	tegory of Property	Number of Resources v	vithin Property		
	building(s)		ontributing		
public-local	district	1 0	buildings		
X public-State	site	0 0	sites		
public-Federal	structure	0 0	structures		
	object	2 0	objects		
		3 0	Total		
ame of related multiple property listing:	ć	Number of contributing			
ame of related multiple property listing: New Deal Resources in In	diana State Parks	ilsted in the National Re			
. State/Federal Agency Certification	<u> </u>				
Signature of certifying official Indiana Department of State or Federal agency and bureau	Natural Resources	Da			
In my opinion, the property 🛄 meets 🗌	does not meet the National Regis	iter criteria. 🛄 See continua	tion sheet.		
Signature of commenting or other official		Da	te		
State or Federal agency and bureau			- <u></u>		
. National Park Service Certification	<u>na kana ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang </u>	and the second	en la seconda de la second La seconda de la seconda de		
høreby, certify that this property is:		in a second de la construcción de l La construcción de la construcción d	and a second		
entered in the National Register.		ار بر میرود از ایرون از ایرون ایر مراجع میرون ایرون ایرو	and the second second		
See continuation sheet.	Pativa Andu	0	4/2/92		
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determined eligible for the National		,			
Register. See continuation sheet.			<u></u>		
determined not eligible for the		and the second s			
National Register.					
Tramewood from the Mathemat Desister					
removed from the National Register.			***		
other, (explain:)	-				
	Signature of the	Keeper	Date of Action		
	-fir signature of the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)					
RECREATION: Outdoor Recreation	RECREATION: Outdoor recreation					
7. Description						
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)					
	foundation STONE					
OTHER: NPS Rustic	walls STONE					
	WOOD: Log					
	roof ASPHALT					
	other					

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The Combination Shelter, today known as the CCC Shelter, is built into and at the crest of a wooded hillside overlooking Lake James to the west. An outstanding example of the CCC's local interpretation of the park rustic style. The L-shaped building has a gabled roof with fly rafters, exposed rafter ends, and exposed brackets. It is seventy-seven feet long (east and west elevatons), forty-five feet on the south elevation, and thirty feet on the north. There are two frame gabled vent dormers west of center, one facing north and one south, on the east-west gabled The roofing material is asphalt shingles; originally wood section. shingles likely would have been used. The lower story is constructed of split rock masonry; the upper story, which overhangs the lower, is of round (adzed) logs and mortar. The logs came from trees on the park site. The foundation is stone, of various rocks found in the park and its vicinity. The shelter contains two massive split rock fireplace chimneys, in the east and in the north gable ends. The fireplaces serve the upper story, which is almost entirely a picnic shelter.

The interior, virtually open on the east and west, is dominated on the north by a twelve-foot wide fireplace of split-rock masonry. Inside the shelter at the south end is the former concession stand, now enclosed and used for storage and cross country ski rental. Within this enclosed space, at the south end of the east elevation, is the other massive fireplace, similar to the one in the north end. The shelter has a poured concrete floor.

Essentially, there are two main facades. The east, at the crest of the hill, is one story. The fireplace chimney on the east gable end dominates the southern third of the facade; the remainder is nearly all open, supported by three timber uprights. (Two are the original adze-hewn logs; the center support is milled and probably a replacement.) It faces a large, grassy open space surrounded by woods. The west facade, facing the lake, is two stories. The lower level, comprised entirely of stone, supports with a triple arch the partially enclosed upper level, which in effect has an open veranda supported by hewn log uprights with a rustic railing. Beneath the segmented arches is a stone floor, and on the north end, a fireplace, smaller and slightly to the west of the flue for the upper level fireplace. The stone floor extends out (west) into a patio, defined by a stone retaining wall.

X See continuation sheet

### 9. Major Bibliographical References

#### Archival Collections

National Archives, Washington, D.C. Records of the National Park Service	: Civilian Conservation Corps
Indiana Division, Indiana State Library, Clipping Files, CCC Clipping Files, Indiana State Parks <u>Outdoor Indiana</u> , 1934-1942	Indianpaolis
Archival Files, Park Office, Pokagon Sta	te Park
Previews desumentation on file (NDS).	X See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #	Primary location of additional data: State historic preservation office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	Specify repository: Indiana Historic Sites and
/	Structures Inventory
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of propertyLess than one acre	
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UTM References A 1,6 6 6,3 4,9 0 4,6 1,9 2,2 0 B   Zone Easting Northing D D D	Zone Easting Northing
	See continuation sheet
Verbai Boundary Description Bounded on the east by the west edge of the north and south beach parking lots, feet to the north of the northeast corner point approximately 100 feet to the south the shelter.	from a point approximately 60 r of the shelter, south to a
Boundary Justification	<u> </u>
Property extends down the hill from the l drinking fountains because they were part the hilltop shelter with the patio on the with steps leading down toward each four	t of the original design concept: e west overlooking the beach

11. Form Prepared By	
name/titieGlory-June Greiff	
organization	date July 15, 1991
street & number1753 South Talbott	telephone 317/637-6163
clty or town Indianapolis	state Indiana zip code 46225

8. Statement of Significance					×				
Certifying official has considered the significance of this property in relation to other properties:									
Applicable National Register Criteria	XA	В	ХC	D					
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)		□в		D	E	F	□G		
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) ARCHITECTURE ENTERTAINMENT/RECREATION SOCIAL HISTORY			Period ( 1930	of Signif 6 - 1 9 4			Significant Dates 1936		
					Cultural N/A	Affiliati	on		
Significant Person N/A					Archited Civ	t <b>/Builde</b> iliar	r Cons	ervation	Corps

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

Superbly adapted to its hillside location, the combination shelter at Pokagon is one of the finest examples of a park rustic shelterhouse built by the Civilian Conservation Corps to be found in an Indiana state park. As such, it offers a splendid material record of an important area of New Deal public works and recreational development in Indiana state parks during the 1930s, as described in the historic context "New Deal Work Programs in Indiana State Parks." As noted in the associated property type identified as "Properties associated with New Deal work projects related to recreational activities," the combination shelter is eligible under Criterion A (in the areas of recreation and in social history) because it is associated with the New Deal's work programs and park development in the 1930s. The building is also eligible under Criterion C because it is representative of the work and the style of architecture typical of the CCC. The combination shelter meets all the standards of integrity established in the multiple property nomination "New Deal Resources in Indiana State Parks." That is, the building stands in its original location and in its original setting, or more accurately, with surrounding vegetation now sufficiently matured to create the setting originally desired. But for minor alterations noted in the description (e.g., the replacement of one timber support) the design and materials remain intact, and the building is representative of and associated with two types of CCC workmanship--hewn timber construction and split-rock masonry. The integrity of the property's feeling is strong.

The Indiana Department of Conservation acquired and opened Pokagon State Park in the 1920s, and as with most of its other state parks, had developed it minimally. A large inn was built above Lake James, a picnic area established, a few trails built. With the establishment of CCC Company 556 at Camp SP-7 in 1934, Pokagon undertook an ambitious development program, which included reforestation, landscaping, road building, and construction of numerous outdoor recreational facilities. Among the finest of the latter was the "combination" shelter, so called because it contained a concession stand that served the beach and picnic areas, as well as ample room for picnic tables.

### National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 Page 2 Combination Shelter STeuber 6 14

The southern portion of the west facade is the gable end, which extends west twelve feet. The lower level of the gabled section is enclosed and contains restrooms. Entrances are on the west and south; beside each is a small arched single sash window.

Both the south and north elevations ease from two stories to one from west to east. The north elevation is dominated by the stone fireplace.

From each end of the patio, stone steps continue down the heavily wooded hillside toward the beach. Past the end of each of the steps, a bit more than halfway down the hill, is a sheltered drinking fountain, consisting of a stone base, water pipe surrounded by concrete, and a small gabled roof supported by four round log uprights. One continues down to the beach by means of a path (north) or a dirt service road (south).

The Combination Shelter is in very good condition and virtually unaltered, except that obviously it has required reroofing. The stone retaining wall surrounding the patio has suffered from vandalism, but is mostly intact. Photographs from the 1930s reveal that there were some large trees around the top of the hill at the time of construction, but trees on the hillside itself were relatively small. The shelter today is very likely as its planners had envisioned it to be; nestled in a beautiful oak forest.

### National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 8 Page 1 Combination Shelter Struben W IN

It was sometimes referred to as the beach shelter, although it is about two hundred yards above the beach. The CCC boys completed work on it by early 1936.

The building is an especially fine example of local adaptation of the park rustic style favored by the National Park Service. Such a style, interpreted with native materials, harmonized visually with the park environment, a goal stated both by NPS and the State Department of Conservation. CCC workers hewed local timber with adzes to construct the upper story, and split native stone for the lower story. For the most part the masonry exhibits excellent craftmanship, with mortar joints seldom exceeding a quarter inch, typical of most of the CCC split rock work in the park. The building exhibits numerous Craftsman elements, such as exposed rafter ends and fly rafters. Typically, large shelterhouses such as this were, when the CCC was most likely to create more detail and stylistic elements. Among the most used recreational buildings in the parks, beautiful and visually harmonious shelterhouses may have enhanced the visitors' encounters with the outdoors.

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 9 Page 1 Combination Shelter Steupen & M

Bibliography (continued)

Government Publications

"Annual Report of Department of Conservation," <u>Yearbook of Indiana</u>. 1925-1945.

United States Department of Interior, National Park Service. <u>Park and</u> <u>Recreation Structures</u>. 3 Vol. Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1938.

Other

- Interview with Roger W. Woodcock. Former CCC enrollee at Pokagon. November 3, 1990.
- Greiff, Glory-June. "New Deal Resources in Present Indiana State Parks." June 1990-May 1991. Sponsored by Indiana University, Indianapolis, and on file with the Indiana Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology (DHPA), 402 West Washington Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204. Field survey and inventory of existing CCC and WPA constructed buildings, structures, and sites.

. "New Deal Work Programs in Indiana State Parks, 1933-1942." Related historic context, 1991. On file at DHPA.

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>10</u> Page <u>1</u> Combination Shelter

Verbal Boundary Description, continued

The north and south boundaries are imaginary lines each extending to a point 200 feet west of the north and south extremities, respectively, of the east boundary. The west boundary is yet another imaginary line connecting those two points. The distance between is a little under 240 feet. The west boundary incorporates the two drinking fountain shelters on the hillside.