NPS	Form	10-900
(Rev.	10/9	0)

sheet for

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

NOV - 8 224 INTERAGENCY RESOURCES DIVISION NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

RECEIVED 4

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Butletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

historic name Idaho Rocky Mountain Club

other names/site number Idaho Rocky Mountain Ranch

2 Location

street & numb	er State Highwa	ay 75				 -	N/A not fo	r publication
<u>city or town</u>	Stanley					 -	<u> X vicini</u>	ty
state	Idaho	code	ID	county	Custer	 le 037	zip co	de 83278
3. State/Fed	leral Agency C	ertificat	ion					

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1986, as amended, I hereby certify that this <u>X</u> nomination <u>request</u> for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property <u>X</u> meets <u>does</u> not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant <u>nationally X</u> statewide <u>X</u> locally. (<u>See continuation</u>

Signature of cert fičial oŦ inđ

additional

John R. Hill, State Historic Preservation Officer State or Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property K________ meets ______ does not meet the National Register criteria. (_____ See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Signature of commenting or other official

Date

Date

State or Federal agency and bureau

4. National Park Service Certification

I, hereby, certify that this property is: \underline{V} entered in the National Register.	ED A Brall	12.9.94
See continuation sheet	Coulon 10. relate	
determined eligible for the National		(
Register See continuation sheet		
determined not eligible for the		
National Register.		
removed from the National Register.		
other, (explain:)	_ Entered in the	
	Kignature of Keeper	Date of Action
	()	

Property Name <u>Idaho Rocky Mou</u>	ntain Club			
County and State Custer County, Idaho			Page	e <u>2</u>
5. Classification				
Ownership of Property	Category of Proper	ty	No. of Resources	within Property
<u>X</u> private	building(s)		contributing	noncontributing
public-local	<u>X</u> district		_12	<u>10</u> buildings
public-State	site			<u>0</u> sites
public-Federal	structure		2	<u>0</u> structures
	object			<u> 0 </u> objects
			14	<u>10</u> Total
	No. of	f contributing (resources previous	lv
Name of related multiple prop			al Register:0	
N/A	5107 PS-			
6. Functions or Use				
Or Functions of USC		•	***************************************	
Historic Functions (Enter cat	egories from instructions.)			
Cat: <u>DOMESTIC</u>		Sub	o: <u>Hotel</u>	
RECREATION AND CULTURE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>		
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	gories from instructions.)			
Cat: DOMESTIC		Sub: <u>_Hote</u>		······································
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		Sub: <u>Hote</u>	 el	
Cat: DOMESTIC		Sub:Hote	<u></u> ۱	
Cat: <u>DOMESTIC</u> <u>RECREATION AND CULTURE</u>		Sub: <u>Hote</u>		
Cat: <u>DOMESTIC</u> <u>RECREATION AND CULTURE</u> 7. Description				
Cat: <u>DOMESTIC</u> <u>RECREATION AND CULTURE</u> 		Materials	el	tions.)
Cat: <u>DOMESTIC</u> <u>RECREATION AND CULTURE</u> 7. Description Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instruc		Materials (Enter catego	ories from instruc	tions.)
Cat: <u>DOMESTIC</u> <u>RECREATION AND CULTURE</u> 		Materials	ories from instruct	tions.)
Cat: <u>DOMESTIC</u> <u>RECREATION AND CULTURE</u> 7. Description Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instruc		Materials (Enter catego foundation _(walls _WOOD:	ories from instruc CONCRETE log	tions.)
Cat: <u>DOMESTIC</u> <u>RECREATION AND CULTURE</u> 7. Description Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instrue OTHER: log cabin		Materials (Enter categor foundation _(ories from instruc CONCRETE log	tions.)
Cat: <u>DOMESTIC</u> <u>RECREATION AND CULTURE</u> 7. Description Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instruc		Materials (Enter categor foundation _(walls _WOOD: roof _WOOD: s	ories from instruc CONCRETE log	

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

USDI/NPS NRHP Registration Form		
Property NameIdaho Rocky Mountain Club		
County and StateCuster County, Idaho	Page <u>3</u>	
8. Statement of Significance Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one o National Register listing.)	r more boxes for the criteria qualifyin	g the property for
<u>X</u> A Property is associated with events that have mad our history.	e a significant contribution to the broa	ad patterns of
B Property is associated with the lives of persons	significant in our past.	
C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics or represents the work of a master, or possesses and distinguishable entity whose components lack	high artistic values, or represents a s	
D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, info	ormation important in prehistory or hist	ory.
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that	apply.)	
A owned by a religious institution or used for reli	igious purposes.	
B removed from its original location.		
C a birthplace or a grave.		
D a cemetery.		
E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.		
F a commemorative property.		
G less than 50 years of age or achieved significant	e within the past 50 years.	
Areas of Significance		
(Enter categories from instructions.) ENTERTAINMENT/RECREATION	Period of Significance 1929-1944	Significant Dates 1930
	Cultural Affiliation	
	N/A	. 1
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Significant Person	Architect/Builder	1
N/A	Bjorling, Ellis (architect)	

Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Property NameIdaho_Rocky Mountain Club		
County and State Custer County, Idaho	Page <u>4</u>	
9. Major Bibliographical References		
(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this f	form on one or more continuatior	sheets.)
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Primary location of addition	nal data:
preliminary determination of individual listing	<u>X</u> State Historic Preserva	
(36 CFR 67) has been requested	Other State agency	
previously listed in the National Register	Federal agency	
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Local government	
designated a National Historic Landmark	University	
recorded by Historic American Buildings	Other	
Survey #	Specify repository:	
recorded by Historic American Engineering		
Record #		
		000000000000000000000000000000000000000
10. Geographical Data		
Acreage of property <u>878</u>		
UTM References		
1 <u>1/1</u> <u>6/7/0/8/8/0</u> <u>4/8/8/5/9/7/0</u> 3 <u>1/1</u> <u>6/7/2/5/2</u> Zone Easting Northing Zone Easting	2/0 <u>4/8/8/5/2/2/0</u> Northing	
	-	
2 <u>1/1 6/7/2/5/0/0 4/8/8/6/0/2/0</u> 4 <u>1/1 6/7/3/3/2</u>	2/0 4/8/8/5/2/4/0	
<u>X</u> See continuatio	on sheet	
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property	on a continuation sheet.)	
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a	continuation sheet.)	
** ***		
11. Form Prepared By		
name/title Linda Morton-Keithley, Oral Historian		
name/title <u>Linda Morton-Keithley, Oral Historian</u> organization <u>Idaho State Historical Society</u>		
name/title <u>Linda Morton-Keithley, Oral Historian</u> organization <u>Idaho State Historical Society</u> street & number <u>210 Main Street</u>	telephone 208-334-38	
name/title <u>Linda Morton-Keithley, Oral Historian</u> organization <u>Idaho State Historical Society</u> street & number <u>210 Main Street</u>	telephone 208-334-38	
name/title <u>Linda Morton-Keithley, Oral Historian</u> organization <u>Idaho State Historical Society</u> street & number <u>210 Main Street</u> city or town <u>Boise</u>	telephone 208-334-38	
name/title <u>Linda Morton-Keithley, Oral Historian</u> organization <u>Idaho State Historical Society</u> street & number <u>210 Main Street</u> city or town <u>Boise</u>	telephone 208-334-38	
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name/title <u>Linda Morton-Keithley, Oral Historian</u> organization <u>Idaho State Historical Society</u> street & number <u>210 Main Street</u> city or town <u>Boise</u> Additional Documentation Submit the following items with the completed form:	telephone 208-334-38	
name/title <u>Linda Morton-Keithley, Oral Historian</u> organization <u>Idaho State Historical Society</u> street & number <u>210 Main Street</u> city or town <u>Boise</u> Additional Documentation Submit the following items with the completed form: Continuation Sheets	telephone 208-334-38	
11. Form Prepared By name/title Linda Morton-Keithley, Oral Historian organization Idaho State Historical Society street & number 210 Main Street city or town Boise Additional Documentation Submit the following items with the completed form: Continuation Sheets Maps A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's Line	telephone <u>208-334-38</u> state <u>ID</u> zip	
name/title <u>Linda Morton-Keithley, Oral Historian</u> organization <u>Idaho State Historical Society</u> street & number <u>210 Main Street</u> city or town <u>Boise</u> Additional Documentation Submit the following items with the completed form: Continuation Sheets Maps	telephone <u>208-334-38</u> state <u>ID</u> zip	
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name/title <u>Linda Morton-Keithley, Oral Historian</u> organization <u>Idaho State Historical Society</u> street & number <u>210 Main Street</u> city or town <u>Boise</u> Additional Documentation Submit the following items with the completed form: Continuation Sheets Maps A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's L A sketch map for historic districts and properties having large is Photographs Representative black and white photographs of the property. Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items	telephone <u>208-334-38</u> state <u>ID</u> zip ocation. acreage or numerous resources. .)	
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National Register of Continuation Sheet	Historic Places		Nov - 8 (224	
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The Idaho Rocky Mountain Club is located in central Idaho's Stanley Basin, approximately nine miles south of the town of Stanley. The property sits in a valley, roughly surrounded by Gold Creek on the north, the White Cloud Mountains on the east, Williams Creek on the south and the Salmon River on the west. The property is privately owned but is located within the boundaries of the Sawtooth National Recreation Area and is subject to compliance with a scenic easement administered by the Forest Service.

The Club consists of two clusters of buildings--the lodge site and the lower ranch site--located on nearly 900 acres of otherwise undeveloped land. With the exception of State Highway 75 which bisects the property, the viewshed from the lodge contains only the ranch buildings, waterways, open meadows, and Sawtooth Mountains.

The lodge site consists of the lodge building, nine guest cabins, the hydroelectric plant, fish pond and several small, non-contributing structures. All significant buildings are log construction, using peeled round logs with saddle notched corners and cement mortar, and have gable roofs covered with wood shingles. Each structure sits on a concrete foundation and has multi-light casement-style windows, trimmed with green paint. All fireplaces/chimneys are built of locally-gathered stone. Light fixtures are rustic; shades are generally sheathed with unpeeled, half-round timbers. Interior and exterior doors are also clad with unpeeled, half-round timbers. All metal fixtures, such as door handles, hinges, curtain rods and andirons were manufactured on site using scrap iron and a coal forge.

Individual buildings are described below:

Lodge (1929-1930) - contributing

The lodge is a one and one-half story structure consisting of three connected units, arranged in a rear-facing L plan. The ground floor of the building is used primarily for guest services, while the upper half-story contains staff housing and storage.

On the west elevation, rustic hewn log steps lead to a shed-roof porch which extends the length of the central unit of the building. The eight porch columns are peeled timbers resting on a half-log base. The double doors which serve as the primary (guest) entrance to the building are located at the left (north) end of the porch and are flanked by windows. At the right (south) end of the porch is a second set of double doors, also flanked by windows. The roof line of the front elevation is punctuated by two gable-roof dormers and a central chimney. The south elevation of this unit has four sets of windows at the ground floor and two sets of windows at the upper floor. This portion of the building houses the lobby and dining room.

To the left (north) of the central unit is a wing used primarily for guest and staff lodging. The

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ground floor of the front (west) elevation exhibits three larger and three smaller (bathroom) sets of windows. The upper floor is punctuated by two gable-roof dormers. The north elevation contains a secondary entry door flanked by windows, at the ground level. At the upper level is a set of double doors which access a tack storage area. The exterior stairs and landing were removed several years ago due to deterioration. The rear (east) elevation has two large and three small sets of windows at the ground level.

The rear (east) unit of the lodge houses the kitchen and various storage/service areas. The south elevation has two sets of windows at the ground level and two gable-roof dormers at the upper level. A small one-story addition (built c. 1978) with metal roof houses the laundry facility. The addition has a door and window on the east elevation and one door on the south elevation. The east elevation has two windows and one service door at the ground level and two windows at the upper level. The north elevation of this rear unit has one set of large and four small windows at the ground level and one gable-roof dormer at the upper level. Sitting directly behind the kitchen area is the loading dock and a small, non-contributing ice/storage building.

Guest Cabins - Duplexes (1929-1930) - seven contributing, one non-contributing

Eight virtually identical duplex guest cabins flank the lodge, four on each side. The single noncontributing cabin was built c. 1991 to replace an original cabin which burned down in 1951. Each cabin has a central fireplace/chimney, and lean-to addition at the rear. The front elevation of each has a narrow, centrally placed porch with shed roof. Entry doors to the individual units are located at the center of the elevation, with one set of windows placed at the outside edges. Side elevations have one window each placed at the gable and lean-to ends. The rear elevation of each unit has a single window. Each unit contains a bedroom, dressing room and bathroom.

Guest Cabin - Single (1929-1930) - contributing

A single cabin, referred to as the "honeymoon" cabin, is located in the group of guest cabins to the right (south) of the lodge. The centrally-placed porch has a gable roof supported by peeled timber supports. The entry door is flanked with windows. The fireplace/chimney is located along the north elevation, as are three windows. Two windows are placed on the south elevation and a single windows is located on the rear (east) elevation.

Hydroelectric Plant (1929-1930) - contributing

The hydroelectric plant is a single-room structure with metal roof. A single window opening is located on the south elevation and the entry door is on the north elevation.

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Fish Pond (1929-1930) - contributing

The fish pond is located in front of the lodge and was built using a team of horses and fresnoes.

Pump House (late 1950s) - non-contributing (by virtue of date)

Ice/Storage House - non-contributing

The lower ranch site contains the pool and change rooms, staff and owner housing, barns, and corrals. Many of the structures at this site date to the era of the ranch's use as a cattle operation. Several other buildings date to the original homesteader of the property.

Individual buildings are described below:

Pool/Change Rooms (1929-1930) - contributing

The pool is a concrete-lined structure surrounded by a wood deck. It is placed on a hillside, exposing the lower side which has been enclosed to create two small change rooms. The pool is filled with natural hot water piped from a spring located a short distance away, across the Salmon River.

Homestead Barn and Shed (date unknown) - contributing

These two structures pre-date the construction of the lodge and were presumably built by the original homesteader of this section of the property. Both are of peeled log construction.

Homestead Cabin and Garage - non-contributing (both have been moved and extensively remodeled)

Machine Shop (c. 1953) - non-contributing (by virtue of date)

Barn (c. 1953) - non-contributing (by virtue of date)

Horse Barn (c. 1958) - non-contributing (by virtue of date)

Manager's Residence (1975) - non-contributing

Owner's Residence (c. 1978) - non-contributing

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	County and State Custer County, Idaho		

Ernest White and Company (builder)

The Idaho Rocky Mountain Club (IRMC) is significant under Criterion A as an example of one facet of Idaho's recreation industry, specifically a guest ranch facility, as it developed in the early decades of the twentieth century. The property is among the earliest such ranches to have been built in Idaho and today continues to exhibit a high degree of integrity.

Guest ranches developed as a near "cousin" to the dude ranch. The term dude ranch specifically refers to a working cattle operation that also accepts paying guests. The guests may or may not take part in the actual day-to-day ranch operations. Guest ranches, on the other hand, developed without the dependance on a cattle operation. In both cases, however, horses and horseback riding have historically been an important ranch activity. Although its precise beginning cannot be documented, the birth of dude ranching is generally credited to the Eaton brothers of Dakota Territory in the 1880s. The brothers moved their operation to Wyoming in 1904 and Wyoming soon became the leader in dude ranches, followed closely by Montana and Colorado. To a lesser extent, Idaho, Texas, New Mexico and Arizona also entered the recreation market with dude/guest ranches.

As is common in many western states, recreation has long been an important aspect of the Idaho way of life. Early settlers recognized Idaho's natural beauty and responded by taking fishing, hunting and sightseeing trips. Eventually, these recreational activities were seen as a potential source of income if appropriate accommodations and convenient transportation could be developed to lure the nonresident to the area. As early as the 1880s, North Idaho communities such as Sandpoint and Coeur d'Alene began to develop accommodations and railroad routes for the express purpose of attracting tourists and others to spend time in the area. A variety of activities soon developed, including boating, bicycling, fishing, hunting, camping, musical programs, and dancing. Likewise, in other areas of the state, recreational activities were promoted as access was made available. During the last two decades of the nineteenth century, local homesteaders in what is now called the Island Park area in eastern Idaho (near Yellowstone National Park) supplemented their income by offering their services as guides for hunting and fishing parties, and serving as "home stations" on the stage route into Yellowstone. Many wealthy visitors began to build summer homes and a number of resorts and inns were built for use by those who could not afford (or did not want) to build their own home.

In central Idaho's Stanley Basin, the 1920s saw the beginning of summer visitors as a major addition to the local economy. The earliest dude ranch in the area is believed to have opened in 1926. The Idaho Rocky Mountain Club was incorporated in September of 1929, with three principal stockholders--Winston Paul, C.W. Gillespie and P.G. Snedecor. Paul was a Frigidaire

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distributor from New York who had previously spent time in Stanley Basin as a guest of hunting guide Dave Williams. Gillespie was a local resident who had lived in the area for a number of years. Snedecor became involved with promotion of the property and acted as on-site manager for several years.

The three men began purchasing smaller parcels of land to create the current acreage, including lands owned by Dave and Carrie Williams, Claude and Mary Gillespie, and others. Construction on the IRMC, locally referred to as the "dude ranch," began in the fall of 1929 and was completed in the spring of 1930, providing important jobs for local laborers at a time when money was scarce. The local newspaper ran regular reports on the Club's progress, such as, "It is reported that the Dude Ranch at Stanley which has furnished employment for many Challisites the past few months, has closed down for the winter."¹

A workcrew of fifty to sixty men, including blacksmiths and stonemasons, camped on the grounds during construction. One worker, Bryan Connyers, recalls that he worked six days a week and was paid 50¢ per hour for a nine-hour day. The lodgepole pine logs for the buildings were cut primarily on nearby Williams and Gold creeks and were hauled to the work site by horse and wagon. The Club was designed by architect Ellis Bjorling and constructed by Ernest White and Company of Twin Falls, Idaho. The present owner recalls that Mr. White once visited the Club after her family took ownership in 1951. He reflected that he had never before (and never again) worked in log construction, but felt unable to turn down the opportunity for work during those early years of the Depression.

The IRMC opened its doors to guests in June of 1930. The staff at that time included a manager, cook, two young women who worked in the dining hall, two or three young women who cleaned cabins, and three or four young men who handled the stock and guided pack trips. The women were housed in the staff dormitory on the second floor of the main lodge building, while the men lived at the lower ranch. Mattie Hansen, one of the waitresses, recalls that the income from this summer job was a welcome addition to her schoolteacher's salary.

Guests came by invitation only and were primarily from the upper classes of the midwestern and eastern United States. In the early years they came as far as Shoshone, Idaho on the train and were met there by staff for the final drive of approximately 100 miles to the Club. (Unlike similar facilities in other areas of the West, Idaho's dude and guest ranches never developed a dependence on the railroad to deliver guests to the door or assist with the promotion of the property.) Once there, activities included horseback riding, pack trips, soccer, ping pong, and bridge. On Sunday evenings, staff and guests often gathered in the lobby for a session of singing. A natural hot water pool and private fishing pond were also available for use by the visitors. Guests occasionally

¹<u>The Challis Messenger</u>, November 27, 1929, p. 5 c. 2.

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attended the local rodeo and from time to time, nearby working ranches would allow visitors to assist with activities such as branding.

In addition to the guest operation, the Club also raised sheep, chickens, and dairy cows. This practice of stock raising continued with later owners, particularly Edmund Bogert who operated it as a cattle ranch, with no facilities open to the public. Bogert was also responsible for the name change from Idaho Rocky Mountain Club to the current Idaho Rocky Mountain Ranch. [In 1936, the property had been sold to Domestic Exploration Corp., a New Jersey corporation; in 1942 to Josef Lanz, a clothing manufacturer; and in 1951, to Edmund Bogert, father of the current owner.]

Since 1977, the Idaho Rocky Mountain Ranch has operated as a guest ranch open to the public. It retains a high degree of physical integrity. Many of the furnishings and fixtures built or purchased in 1930 remain in use, including light fixtures and iron pieces such as door handles, hinges, andirons and curtain rods. Much of the current furniture, such as bedroom dressers and lobby furnishings were selected by Mrs. Paul. A Mr. Pierce constructed the peeled pine bedsteads still in use in the guest cabins. (The guest cabins were originally furnished with twin beds, but a number have since been converted to queen size, using the same wood.) The cookstove in the kitchen remains in use, as does the original Frigidaire refrigerator. (Other, more modern, appliances are also in use today.) Samples of the original monogrammed (IRMC) china are on display in the lobby; the pattern has been reproduced and continues in use in the dining room. The hydroelectric plant installed in 1930 is no longer functioning, but the equipment--amp meters, Pelton wheel, General Electric direct current generator--remain in situ.

The physical setting of the property also retains its integrity with open meadows used for pasture, the Salmon River running along the west edge of the property, and a backdrop of the Sawtooth mountains. Because of its role of one of the state's earliest guest ranches and high level of integrity, this property is worthy of nomination to the National Register of Historic Places. United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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Challis Messenger, The. (newspaper)

Chivers, Tom and Aileen. interviewed by Glenn Oakley (Boise and Stanley: Idaho State Historical Society and Sawtooth Interpretive Association), March 17, 1983.

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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 10 Page 1 Name of Property Idaho Rocky Mountain Club

County and State Custer County, Idaho

UTM References -

- 5. 11/673350/4884000
- 6. 11/672120/4883960
- 7. 11/672080/4883600
- 8. 11/671690/4884760
- 9. 11/670910/4884740

Verbal Boundary Description -

Township 9 North, Range 14 East, Boise Meridian Section 17: SW1/4 Section 18: SE1/4 Section 19: N1/2NE1/4 Section 20: NE1/4, NW1/4, N1/2SE1/4, NE1/4SW1/4 and all that portion of the W1/2SW1/4 lying east of Highway 93 [currently designated State Highway 75]

Boundary Justification -

The boundary includes all lands historically associated with the Idaho Rocky Mountain Club.

