6 1984 -

SEC 10 inde

For NPS use only

received NOV

date entered

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic Chui	rch San Germán	Auxerre of	San Germán (Historie Ch	unches of
and/or common	same		······	Historii Ch Puerto Re	IN TR
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	De la Cruz	St., Town 1	Plaza		not for publication
	n Germán				
			vicinity of		
state Puerto		code 7:	2 county	Mayaguez	code 0920
3. Clas	sificatio	<u>n</u>			
Category district building(s) _X_ structure site object	Ownership public both Public Acquisit in process being consid N\P	ion Acce	us occupied unoccupied work in progress essible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence X religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Pro	perty			
name Catho	olic Church, D	iocese of Ma	ayaguez		
street & number	Box 2272	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
city, town Ma	ayaguez	-	vicinity of	state	Puerto Rico 00708
5. Loca	ation of I	Legal D	escripti	on	
acurthouse radi	intry of doods ato	Supreme Cou	ct of Buerto I	Pico Church Litics	ation Case #2, 1904
	D 2202	Suprair Com		diater intrige	actor case #2, 1904
street & number	Box 2392				
city, town Sar	n Juan			state	Puerto Rico 00903
6. Rep	resentat	ion in E	Existing	Surveys	
Inventar title San Germ	cio de Bienes : mán	Inmuebles de	e has this pro	operty been determined e	ligible?yesX no
date May 1983	-				ate county loca
depository for su	urvey records Co	Legio de Arc	puitectos de I	Puerto Rico	

7. Description

X good ruir	Check one eriorated unaltered ns <u>X</u> altered exposed	Check one X original site moved date	

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The parish church of San Germán de Auxerre of San Germán is located on a block to itself overlooking the town plaza. It is oriented on an east-west axis, entrance facing east. The atrium in front of the church is raised above the level of the plaza, having a series of steps leading up to it from the street. The side walls of the church stand right on the side streets without any space separating them.

The rectangular plan consists of one nave 19 feet wide, and two aisles, 15 feet wide each. Open arcades (six arches) sitting on square pillars divide the space. There are seven bays plus the apse and sacristies. The first bay is the vestibule or sotocoro. Pendentives can be seen above this area hinting the previous existence of a dome, instead of a flat roof. Two chapels flank the vestibule, both having domes over pendentives. The chapel on the right functions as a baptistery. A modern concrete stairway attached to this chapel leads up to the choir loft. The main space is amply decorated and covered with a wooden vault. As in the San Juan Cathedral trompe l'oeil painting was used to imitate rich coffering on the wooden vault and moldings in the arcades. Wide side aisles permitted the placement of ten neoclassical 19th century marble altars, enriching the space. The side aisles are roofed lower than the main nave, permitting the placement of twelve clerestory windows on each side of the vault. The original wooden roof on the aisles was replaced with concrete in 1935. The plan culminates in a square apse covered with a lanterned dome sitting over pendentives. The sacristy is located on the left side of the apse, and a baroque style tower on the right. An earthquake destroyed the original brick masonry tower and the existing concrete tower, similar to the original, was built in 1939. The floors are finished with gray and white marble tiles, set at a diagonal to the church's main axis. The church conserves some original wooden doors and some of the windows. A neoclassical gray and white marble altar was placed in 1869. Valuable works of art such as a Juan Campeche painting, 17th century metalwork, and 19th century wooden carvings are kept in the choir loft which is being used as a small museum. The glass chandeliers that decorate the open arcades date from 1858. General repair work and the restoration of the wooden vault and trompe l'oeil painting is presently being undertaken.

The main facade, of neoclassical style, is divided into two bodies and a triangular pediment. The first body is composed of three parts. The main entrance is an arched doorway, flanked by flat pilasters and crowned with a simple cornice. An arched window on each side permits light to enter the two chapels inside. The second body is smaller. It is divided vertically by pilasters holding a cornice. A round window is located in the center, an arched window was placed on each side. This body is crowned by a very ornamented triangular pediment. The side facades are simple, having just one arched door on each side. The only elements seen are buttresses, each topped by a molding. A parish house was constructed behind the church at the beginning of this century. It is not in contact with the original structure.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 X 1600–1699 X 1700–1799 X 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	heck and justify below X_ community planning landscape architecture conservation law economics literature education military engineering music exploration/settlement philosophy industry politics/government	 X religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1688, 1739 ,1897	Builder/Architect Various. See text.	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The church of San Germán de Auxerre is of historical and architectural significance. The parish of San Germán was founded in 1510. Due to the fact that the village changed its location several times, a permanent structure was not built until the year of 1688. San Germán was the most important town on the western half of the island for more than three centuries. With the passing of the years, natural phenomena damaged the structure, making extensive repairs necessary after 1717. The work was finished by 1739. The 1739 structure with few alterations is the one still standing today. At the beginning of the 19th century the church was again very deteriorated. In the period between 1834 and 1897 the structure underwent various repair projects. Among the builders and architects involved were Juan Puig (1834), Pascual Antongiorgi (1834 and 1841), Martin Albertuchi (1845), and Arch. Patricio Bolomburu (1897). In the 1897 construction, a choir loft was added and the roof over the nave was raised to permit light to enter the interior space. At present, the structure conserves most of its original architectural and design elements: brick masonry walls, arches, columns, sacristies and domes. It conserves a 19th century wooden vault, one of the few still standing on the island (others are Guayanilla and Sabana Grande). The church of San Germán has one of the most amply decorated interiors on the island. The vault and arches are painted in the trompe l'oeil manner. The church conserves the 1869 marble altar as well as ten other 19th century smaller secondary marble altars. A collection of 17th century metalwork , 18th century wooden carvings and a painting by José Campeche of great value are kept in the choir loft. The relationship between the church and the plaza is excellent. The linear plaza is closed at the west end by the church and on the east by the city hall. This follows the traditional relationship stipulated by Spanish Crown ordinances at the time the town was founded.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Feliciano, Héctor R., "La Iglesia Parroquial de San Germán: Su Historia y Arquitectura". Marvel, Thomas S. and Maria Luisa Moreno, <u>Architecture of Parish Churches in Puerto Rico</u>, Editorial Universitaria, Rio Piedras, P.R., unpublished.

10. Geograp	hical Data			
Acreage of nominated prope				
Quadrangle name San Ge			Qua	drangle scale <u>1:20,000</u>
UTM References Lat. 1	8°05'04" N, Long.	67°02 ' 41" W		
A Zone Easting	Northing	B Zone	Easting	Northing
c L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L		D		
EL		F		
G		н		
and De la Cruz St., (see enclosed location	d on the north by (on the south by Ru: on plan).	iz Belvis St.	, and on the	he east by the town plaza e west by the parish house
List all states and count	ies for properties over	apping state or	county bound	laries N/A
state N/A	code	county		code
state	code	county		code
11 Form Dr	epared By			
organization Investigacionstreet & number Tetuan			date July	1984)9) 724–4997
city or town Old San J	uan		state Puerto	o Rico 00901
	storic Pres	ervation	Office	r Certification
The evaluated significance of	······			
national				
	oric Preservation Officer property for inclusion in t procedures set forth by t	for the National His he National Regist	er and certify th Service.	tion Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– nat it has been evaluated
	Sincer signature To	am an	1	
title State Histori	c Preservation Off	icer		late October 30,1984
For NPS use only		he Notional Deniet	~ r	
Atuit & Andus	s property is included in t	ne National Regist		late 12/10/84
n Keeper of the National R	legister			
Attest:			~	late
Chief of Registration				

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered

Continuation sheet	Item number 6	Page ¹

Church San Germán Auxerre of San Germán Representation in Existing Surveys:

Inventory of the Historic Churches of Puerto Rico, 1984, State Historic Preservation Office, San Juan, Puerto Rico.

