form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

10-300 (Rev. 10-74) PHO 663 760 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

FOR NPS USE ONLY FEB 23 1978 RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED 30% 576

SEEI	NSTRUCTIONS IN <i>HOW 1</i> TYPE ALL ENTRIES			S
NAME				
ніsтопіс Monroe Co	ounty Jail			
AND/OR COMMON Athens Ja	ail			
LOCATION				
STREET & NUMBER				
CITY, TOWN	18 NG 8		NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	PICT
Athens		. VICINITY OF	Second	1101
STATE Mississi	nni	CODE 28	COUNTY Monroe	CODE 095 h
CLASSIFIC		20	rionroe	033
 CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
$\underline{\mathbf{x}}_{BUILDING(S)}$	X PRIVATE	X_UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDEN
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	X_IN PROCESS	X_YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	_TRANSPORTATION
		_NO	MILITARY	X_OTHER: Future
OWNER OF	PROPERTY		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Museum
NAME John Tubl)			
STREET & NUMBER				
Route 2				
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
Aberdeen		VICINITY OF	Mississip	pi 39730
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR			
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	Office of the Ch Monroe County Co			
STREET & NUMBER	Chestnut Street			
CITY, TOWN	onestiat bireet		STATE	
	Aberdeen		Mississip	opi 39730
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TITLE Statewid	e Survey of Historic	Sites		
DATE 1973		FEDERAL _2	STATECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Mississippi Departme	nt of Archives and	History	
сіту, т оwn Jack	son		State Mississi	ppi 39205
				

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

__EXCELLENT __GOOD

__FAIR

XDETERIORATED
__RUINS
__UNEXPOSED

__UNALTERED

X_ALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE
__MOVED DATE____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Athens Jail is a two-story structure of masonry, wood, and metal standing isolated in a fenced pasture. Its present physical appearance is the result of three building programs: the 1845 original construction, a slight remodeling in the late nineteenth century, and the rebuilding of the upper story in the early twentieth century. The original two-story, single-pile masonry building was apparently free The first floors of both the front and the rear elevations had of porch structures. center doorways flanked by single windows of nine-over-six-light sash, the upper sash being stationary. At the second-floor level were three similar window units on the front and two on the rear, all windows having heavy wooden sills. The front elevation had paired single-leaf doors, each with a long rectangular panel and a smaller square panel above and below; the rear elevation had a single door with six panels in the same configuration. All doorways had identical four-light transoms and simple joined members enframing the whole. With one exception, all windows and doors today remain in their original condition. A simple cornice composed of a fascia and what appears to have been a small fillet or cyma molding originally finished the front and rear elevations, but this was replaced in the twentieth century.

The later remodeling, dating possibly from the mid-1870s, when the building was converted into a dwelling, added a one-story wooden porch across the front elevation. Four slender, wood columns, interspersed with pierced millwork in circular motifs, supported the hip roof. These square columns were reflected on the facade wall with vertical wood members representing pilasters, between which was a dado. Apparently, a one-story, frame kitchen/dining room was added at the rear, but it was later removed and no traces remain. All the iron fittings of the jail were removed and sold during the remodeling. The facade at this period is well documented in a ca. 1905 photographic portrait of the Walter Smith family, then residents of the house.

At some later date, the final and most severe physical changes took place, with the demolition of the masonry upper story and its subsequent rebuilding in wood covered by pressed tin in a brick pattern. The hip roof porch was replaced with a shed porch, the new columns being of turned wood ornamented at the top with small millwork brackets. A pedimented gable was projected from the center of the roof of the building, sheltering a second-story porch approximately one-third the length of the facade; trim from the late nineteenth-century porch was reused as a makeshift bargeboard. The center bay was altered from window to door to serve the second-floor porch, and its door, once paneled below a large glazed area, is presently in pieces. During this final phase, the gable roof was rebuilt with a greater pitch and pedimented ends. Two original chimneys were rebuilt from the second floor upward and now resolve in simple corbeled caps.

Inside the thirty-two-inch walls are two large twelve-foot by twenty-foot rooms separated by a hall eight feet in width. Each room has a fireplace, and the north (left) room has its original wood mantel with a simple paneled frieze. The identical floor plan is repeated on the second floor, with the fireplaces eliminated, and the two floors are linked by a simple, single-flight stair ascending from the right of the lower hall. A turned newel and heavy turned balusters carry a molded handrail at a low height, giving the stair an awkward appearance. The stair and all door and window trim downstairs are grained with heavy brush strokes over an ochre base coat, in crude simulation of oak. Floors

PERIOD AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW __PREHISTORIC __ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC __COMMUNITY PLANNING __LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE __RELIGION __1400-1499 __ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC __CONSERVATION __LAW __SCIENCE __ECONOMICS __1500-1599 __AGRICULTURE __LITERATURE __SCULPTURE __1600-1699 __ARCHITECTURE __EDUCATION __MILITARY __SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN __1700-1799 __ART __ENGINEERING __MUSIC __THEATER X1800-1899 __COMMERCE __EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT __PHILOSOPHY __TRANSPORTATION __1900-__COMMUNICATIONS __INDUSTRY X POLITICS/GOVERNMENT _OTHER (SPECIFY) __INVENTION

SPECIFIC DATES

1845

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Athens Jail is the oldest extant public building in Monroe County and one of the oldest in northeast Mississippi. It is the only known structure remaining to document the existence of the town that was the seat of government for the county from 1830 until 1857.

In 1821, four years after Mississippi had attained statehood, the legislature created Monroe County in the northeastern portion of the state. Though isolated and far removed from the developed civilization of the Natchez District, the frontier county was populous and showed the promise of great wealth. A strip of rich soil known as the "Black Prairie" and a navigable river, the Tombigbee, had attracted white settlers there as early as 1791. When in 1829 the legislature extended the boundaries of Monroe County to include the remaining Chickasaw and Choctaw lands within Mississippi, the county became the largest in the state. From this vast area, over twenty new counties would soon be formed. In 1830, the legislature divided Monroe County to create the new county of Lowndes. At the same time, it directed that a new county seat be chosen for Monroe—one nearer its geographical center. The new town was named Athens.

Well situated on the stage road from Morgan's Ferry on the Tombigbee River north to the old Natchez Trace, Athens enjoyed a brief period of prosperity. By 1838, it could boast of six stores and three hotels, and at the peak of its growth in the 1840s it claimed a population of five hundred. Around its courthouse square were arranged twenty or more business houses, two churches, two taverns, and a school, in addition to scores of residences. The town was the home of several politically prominent Mississippians, including Tilghman M. Tucker, governor of the state from 1842 to 1844. Reuben Davis, a lawyer of considerable fame, lived and practiced there.

In March of 1844, the Monroe County Police Court ordered the preparation of plans for a county jail at Athens, which drawings were exhibited and accepted on April 15. That same day "the Sheriff proceeded to cry off the building of the said Jail to the lowest bidder, when Joshua Toomer became the undertaker, he being the last and lowest bidder at the sum of Four Thousand Six hundred and ninety Dollars" (Minutes of Police Court, p. 122). The jail was satisfactorily completed in October, 1845, several months ahead of schedule (Minutes of Police Court, pp. 122, 253).

In 1849, the courthouse at Athens burned, giving opportunity to those who had long hoped to move the center of government to Aberdeen, and in 1857 the county seat was relocated in the rival town. Following the move, the decline of Athens was steady and uneventful. The jail in the former county seat continued to be used until October, 1872, when the county supervisors ordered the sheriff to sell the building for cash to the highest bidder. The January 7, 1873, minutes of the

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Monroe County, Mississippi. Minutes of Police Court, 1842-1848.

Monroe County, Mississippi. Minutes of the Board of Supervisors, Vol. 1.

Personal Interviews conducted by Mrs. Charles G. Hamilton, officer, Monroe County Historical Society:

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ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY less than one **UTM REFERENCES**

A 1 16 3 6 16 15 18 15	3,74,86,4,5	В		
ZONE EASTING	NORTHING	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING
		D		

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

Beginning at the Southeast corner of Section 5, Township 14 South, Range 18 West, Monroe County, Mississippi, and run thence North 51 degrees 30 minutes West - 137.0 feet to a point; run thence North 29 degrees East - 355.8 feet to a nail in the road; run thence North 5 degrees 27 minutes East - 20.4 feet to the point of beginning. thence in a Northwesterly direction along a fence on the North right-of-way of a gravel road the following calls and distances (North 72 degrees 37 minutes West - 80 feet; North 78 degrees 38 minutes West - 142.4 feet; North 80 degrees 45 minutes West -

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME/TITLE W. Norman Chronister, Research Assistant

Gregory B. Free, Restoration/Preservation Specialist

ORGANIZATION Mississippi Department of Archives and History	DATE December 16, 1977
STREET & NUMBER P. O. Box 571	TELEPHONE (601) 354-6218
CITY OR TOWN Jackson	STATE Mississippi 39205

12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

NATIONAL	STATE	LOCAL X
NATIONAL	SIAIL	LO CAL

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the

criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE	Eller A.	Hilliand		
The state of the s				
TITLE State Historic Preservation	Officer	DATE	Fobruary 16	1078

OR NPS USE ONLY		
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONA	AL REGISTER	r. C. Salva et al
Charaster	DATE	7.14.18
ATTEST: WAS A LEVEL OF A TO THE TOTAL OF A T	KEERER OE DATE	THE MATIONAL REGISTER
K eepen of the National Regioter		

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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7 - DESCRIPTION

throughout the building are pine in approximately five-inch widths.

The Athens Jail has suffered not only from many alterations, but also from serious neglect. Today the remaining brick walls show signs of stress. Because the gables have lost much of their siding, water has penetrated the entire structure, leaving the upper story in ruinous condition. The original first floor is stable.

8 - SIGNIFICANCE

Board of Supervisors acknowledged the receipt of \$1,028 from Mrs. E. P. Sadler for the jail (Minutes of the Board of Supervisors, Vol. 1, p. 339).

Interviews with descendants of owners have made possible a fairly complete history of ownership from the late nineteenth century until the present. In 1880, the jail was owned by William Hudson Butler, who sold the iron jail fittings and converted the structure into a dwelling. By 1902, the structure had become the property of Dr. Nathan Pennington, who sold it that year to Walter Smith. The Smith family occupied the building until 1916. In 1918, the structure was owned by Dr. George Thomas Tubb, who rented it to seven successive tenant families before leasing it in 1926 to his brother, Winston Tubb, who lived there until 1943. In 1940 the former jail was inherited by Dr. George Tubb's nephew, John Tubb. It has since remained in his possession and has been used as a residence and as a barn. Presently the Monroe County Historical Society is raising funds to acquire and restore the building, which will be utilized as a county museum.

9 - MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Mrs. Ellis Harris, daughter of John Miller, former tenant. Aberdeen, January 5, 1978

Eugene "Trick" Miller, son of John Miller, former tenant. Aberdeen, January 5, 1978

Miss Vergie Smith, granddaughter of William Hudson Butler, former owner. Aberdeen, January 5, 1978.

Mrs. Sam Stegall, daughter of Walter Smith, former owner. Amory, January 5, 1978.

Mrs. A. G. Taylor, Athens resident. Athens, January 5, 1978.

John Tubb, present owner. Athens, January 5, 1978.

Condy Tubb, son of former tenant. Athens, January 5, 1978.

Cecil Tubb, son of former tenant. Athens, January 5, 1978.

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10 - GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

97.3 feet) to a point; run thence in a Northwesterly direction along a curve on the North right-of-way of said road - 80 feet more or less to a point; run thence North 1 degree East along a fence on the North right-of-way of said road 54.4 feet to an iron pin; run thence South 84 degrees 28 minutes East - 375.0 feet to an iron pin; run thence South 5 degrees 27 minutes West - 142.3 feet to the point of beginning. With part lying in the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of Section 4 and part lying in the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section 5, Township 14 South, Range 18 West, Monroe County, Mississippi, and containing 1.0 acre, more or less.