United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

		5			
historic Ma	ine Insane Hospital	(Preferred)			
and/or common	Augusta Mental He	alth Institute			
2. Loca	ation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
street & number	Hospital Street		N/A	not for publication	
city, town	Augusta,	N/Avicinity of	congressional district	First	
state	Maine code	23 county	Kennebec	code 011	
3. Clas	sification				
Category X_ district building(s) structure site object	Ownership X_ public private both Public Acquisition N/A in process being considered	Status Xoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted Xyes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	<u>ηγυ</u> museum park private residence religious scientific transportation X other: Health Care	
4. Own	er of Proper	ty	an Alexandra Alexandra		
name	State of Maine - Bu	reau of Public Imp	rovements		
street & number	State House		54 j 4	* • ₁ .••	
city, town	Augusta,	N/Avicinity of	state Maine 04333		
5. Loca	ation of Lega	al Descripti	on		
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Kennel	pec County Registr	y of Deeds		
street & number		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
city, town	Augusta,		state Maine		
6. Rep	resentation	in Existing	Surveys		
title Maine His	storic Resources Inve	entory has this pro	operty been determined elegil	ble? Xyesno	
date 1976			federal <u>X</u> state	county local	
depository for su	urvey records Maine His	storic Preservatio	n Commission		
city, town	Augusta,		state	laine	

7. Description

Condition		Check one	C
<u>X</u> excellent	deteriorated	unaltered	_
good	ruins	<u>X</u> altered	-
fair	unexposed		

Check one _X__ original site ____ moved date _

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Maine Insane Hospital Historic District is an impressive complex of five architecturally significant institutional buildings, all connected to each other by covered passages. Dating from 1840 to 1889, none of the buildings has undergone major exterior alteration. The district overlooks the Kennebec River in an unchanged, park-like setting. As a group these structures represent the 19<u>th</u> century approach to custodial care for the mentally ill.

Buildings and Sites contributing to the character of the district:

- 1. Main Building: 1840, Greek Revival, 4½ stories (with wings of 3½ stories), granite, gabled roofs, Doric portico and porte-cochere, designed by John D. Lord. Additions to this structure were made over a span of years in exactly the same style until 1870. (See sketch map.)
- 2. Coburn Hall: 1875, Italianate, $3\frac{1}{2}$ stories, brick, hipped roof, designed by Francis H. Fassett.
- 3. Female Pavilion: 1881-83, Italianate, 2½ stories, brick, Mansard roof, facade tower, designed by Fassett & Stevens. Colonial Revival wing added 1923.
- 4. Male Pavilion: 1883-84, Italianate, 2½ stories, brick, Mansard roof, facade tower, designed by Fassett & Stevens. A modern covered passageway now links the east ends of the buildings #3 and #4.
- 5. Harlow Pavilion: 1889, Italianate, 3½ stories, brick with granite trim, hipped roof, designed by George M. Coombs. (An identical building on the women's side was erected at this time but later demolished.)

Nonconforming Intrusions:

None

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications		Iandscape architectur Iaw Iiterature military music philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculpture _X_ social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	N/A	Builder/Architect See	Description	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The 19th century portion of the Maine Insane Hospital is a distinct unit which represents the institutional approach to the problem of care for the mentally ill during this period. Significantly, in 1913 the facility was renamed the Augusta State Hospital and a number of modern structures of the 1920's and after were scattered about the old complex. The Maine Insane Hospital is also important as one of the earliest examples, besides Massachusetts, of an effort to deal with the problem of mental illness on a state level. Architecturally, these buildings represent the work of three of Maine's most noted architects: Francis H. Fassett, George M. Coombs, and John Calvin Stevens in addition to John B. Lord, a well-known local architect.

In a message to the legislature in 1830, Governor Jonathan Hunton urged the appropriation of funds to construct an insane hospital for Maine. This most progressive idea was acted upon in 1834 when the state legislature appropriated \$20,000.00 for the purpose if it could be matched by \$20,000.00 from private sources. This was accomplished and land was purchased in 1835 at \$3,000.00. John Lord was appointed architect and, following the general plan of the Worcester Insane Asylum in Massachusetts, designed the original part of the hospital which was completed in 1840. This building, including the $4\frac{1}{2}$ story center section and two straight wings was 260 feet in length. The north wing accomodated female inmates with males in the south wing.

Four additional wings (see map), two on each side, were later added between 1848 and 1870 all in the same identical style.

From that point on additional facilities were added as space was required and as approaches to patient care became more enlightened. These included an enlarged chapel and recreational facilities in Coburn Hall as well as separate quarters for the violent and the criminally insane to segregate them from other patients.

With the erection of the Harlow Building and its mate (now gone) in 1889, the early (19th century) phase of the history of the Maine Insane Hospital came to a close. Subsequent developments and construction were diffuse and belong to another era.

9. Major Bibliographical References

ħ

Johnson, George Whittaker, <u>History of the Maine Insane Hospital</u>. M. A. Thesis, University of Maine at Orono.

······································		
10. Geographical Data		
Acreage of nominated property9 Quadrangle name <u>Augusta</u> UMT References		Quadrangle scale 1:24000
A 1 19 4 3 18 5 1 10 4 19 0 15 5 17 10 Zone Easting Northing	B. 1 Zo	19 4 3 18 7 10 10 4 19 0 15 5 12 10 one Easting Northing
c 119 4 318 616 10 4 19 0 15 3 15 10	D 1	افن سيد محمد عن سيد محمد القيرين بالاً. محمد محمد المحمد العام ال
■ <u> </u>	F	
G└──┘└┴── ─── ┘└──┴──┴───┤	┊┡	┸╌┤╶┠╌┨╌╢╧╋╧┿╧┥╎╏╌╹╤┨╴┚╴┣╍┹╼┹╼┥
Verbal boundary description and justification		۰
See Continuation Sheet		
List all states and counties for properties over	lapping state c	or county boundaries
state N/A code	county	code
state code	county	ہ code
11. Form Prepared By		11 30
nome/litle : Turnik A Beaud Ilistonian (Debo		
name/title Frank A. Beard, Historian/Robe		
organization Maine Historic Preservation C	ommission	date April, 1982
street & number 55 Capitol Street	4	telephone 207/289-2133
city or town Augusta,		state Maine 04333
12. State Historic Pres	ervatio	n Officer Certification
The evaluated significance of this property within the	state is:	
national state	local	
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer (665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in t according to the criteria and procedures set forth by ti	he National Regi	ister and certify that it has been evaluated
State Historic Preservation Officer signature	end. the	thewortz
title $5.74.P.O.$	/	tiate 6/2/82_
For HCRS use only I hereby certify that this property is included in t	he National Regi	
William H. Brownain		date 7./9.82
Keeper of the National Register		1
Attest: Vatuck Hindung	: 	date 7/19/82
		and the second

00

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



MAINE INSANE HOSPITAL (PREFERRED)

CONTINUATION SHEET	ITEM NUMBER	10	PAGE	2	

Beginning at a point 10 meters west from the front door of building #1, the district boundary runs northerly 90 meters thence at a 90° angle easterly 200 meters, thence at a 90° angle southerly 180 meters, thence at a 90° angle westerly 200 meters, thence at a 90° angle northerly 90 meters to the point of beginning, forming a right quadrangle 180 X 200 meters.

This area encloses all the $19\underline{th}$ century buildings of the old Maine Insane Hospital and excludes all the modern buildings of the Augusta State Hospital with the exception of the 1923 wing attached to building #3.



MAINE INSANE HOSPITAL HISTORIC DISTRICT, Augusta, Maine

District Boundary _____