Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

PH0356671

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED JAN 2 6 1976

DATE ENTERED MAY 2 8 1976

ATA SHEET

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN <i>HOW TO</i> TYPE ALL ENTRIES CO		
1 NAME HISTORIC *** Lawrence Kearny House		
AND/OR COMMON Kearny Cottage		
LOCATION		
STREET & NUMBER 63 Catalpa Street	n n n n	
		NOT FOR PUBLICATION
CITY TOWN Perth AmboyVIG	INITY OF	CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT
STATE CO New Jersey		COUNTY CODE Middlesex 023
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X_BUILDING(S) X_PRIVATE STRUCTURE BOTH SITE PUBLIC ACQUISITION OBJECT IN PROCESS BEING CONSIDERED	STATUS OCCUPIED UNOCCUPIED WORK IN PROGRESS ACCESSIBLE YES: RESTRICTED YES: UNRESTRICTED NO	PRESENT USE AGRICULTUREMUSEUM COMMERCIALPARK EDUCATIONALPRIVATE RESIDEN ENTERTAINMENTRELIGIOUS GOVERNMENTSCIENTIFIC INDUSTRIALTRANSPORTATION MILITARYOTHER:
OWNER OF PROPERTY Mrs. Walter J. Rielley, Pres	ident, Perth	Amboy Historical Society
227 Water Street		
city.town Perth Amboyvic		state New Jersey
LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIP	TION	
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Middlesex Count		
STREET & NUMBER		
CITY, TOWN		STATE
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5 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTIN	G SURVEYS	
TITLE Historic American Buildir	ngs Survev (N	J-637)
DATE 1940		STATECOUNTYLOCAL
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CITY, TOWN	cographs	STATE STATE
Washington		D.C.

7 DESCRIPTION

CON	DITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE		
EXCELLENTDETERIORATED		UNALTERED	ORIGINAL SITE		
GOOD	RUINS	ALTERED	MOVED DATE		
FAIR	UNEXPOSED				

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Constructed around 1784, Kearny Cottage, as Lawrence Kearny preferred his home be titled, is a simple 2½ story clapboarded and shingled frame dwelling. The roof is gable with a slight return and small brackets beneath the eaves. The front facade, which is clapboarded, has four bays with the entranceway at the center. The upper story has 3 bays with modern casement windows as contrasted to the original 6/6 sash of the first floor. There is a later 19th century one story porch across the front facade

Originally an I form structure, a leanto wing was later added to the rear to give the house a visual salt-box form. The rear exterior facade of the leanto is brick, although it is actually a frame wing. There are two modern dormers on the roof of the original unit. The interior walls are plaster and the floors have 9" pine floorboards.

In the 19th century the cottage was threatened by development which prompted Commodore Kearny to write "Woe be to him who ventures upon the sacred soil of my old cottage and draws a nail."

Kearny Cottage was moved around 1924 to a location in the park near the Raritan River when urban development plans threatened the building. It was again moved in 1936 to its present site within a park on Catalpa Avenue.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	DD AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	-EDUCATION	_20 MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
X1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
<u>_X</u> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES	1789-1868
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BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Kearny Cottage on Catalpa Street in Perth Amboy, New Jersey, was the lifelong home of Commodore Lawrence Kearny. Assigned to East Asian waters to protect American trade, he was the first to urge upon the Chinese in 1842, that American interests be privileged to an extent equal to that of the "nation most favored". The Chinese agreed. Kearny thus established the most favored nation doctrine as the standard for our relationship with China and a policy still the subject of negotiation in United States trade relations. Kearny's exchange of notes with the Chinese, Foster Rhea Dulles has called "the genesis of the Open Door doctrine proclaimed by Secretary Hays some fifty-seven years later."¹ Shortly afterward, in 1844, Kearny's achievement was sealed by Caleb Cushing in the Treaty of Wanghia, the United States' first treaty with China.

Biography

The Kearny Cottage on Catalpa Street was the lifelong residence of Commodore Lawrence Kearny (1789-1868). Born and raised in Perth Amboy, New Jersey, he was appointed midshipman in the Navy in 1807 and sailed the Atlantic coast in protection of American shipping. Gradually rising in rank, he successively commanded several schooners and a flotilla of galleys and barges. His first exploit was in capturing the British ship <u>Hebrus</u> in 1815. In 1821, while in command of the <u>Enterprise</u> he captured several pirate ships near Cuba and destroyed a pirate encampment at Cape Antonio, Cuba. Promoted to master commandant in 1825, he was assigned to the Mediterranean where he distinguished himself in taking seven pirate vessels and recovering stolen merchandise.

The most significant period in his life began in 1840 when he was given command of the East India Squadron and instructed to protect American interests in China. At the

¹Foster Rhea Dulles, "Kearny's Mission to China", an article in <u>Dictionary of American History</u>, Vol. III (New York, 1940), pp. 201-202.

	R BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES	
	muel Flagg, <u>A Diplomatic History of the United States</u> , New York,	
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	ory, Vol. III, New York, Charles Scribner's Sons, 1940.	
	lius W., A History of United States Foreign Policy, New York,	
	tice Hall, 1955.	
McGinnis,	William, History of Perth Amboy, New Jersey, 1651-1958, 1958(p.	_13
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	nate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the	
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FOR N	PS USE ONL	Y			
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8. Significance: (1) Lawrence Kearny House

CONTINUATION SHEET

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PAGE

conclusion of the Anglo-Chinese, or Opium War, in 1842, Kearny opened a series of deft diplomatic maneuvers which laid the foundation for an eventual extended relationship with China; on par with Great Britain. Going to Canton he made a favorable impression by announcing that the United States "does not sanction the smuggling of opium on this coast under the American flag, in violation of the laws of China."2 In addition, in demanding reparations for damages to American property due to mob violence, he ruled against excessive claims.

Having thus ingratiated himself to the Chinese, upon hearing that Great Britain had signed a treaty with China, he addressed the Chinese authorities, urging that American citizens "be placed upon the same footing as the merchants of the nation most favored."³ Kearny had achieved a modus <u>vivendi</u> which significantly influenced Caleb Cushing's successful conclusion of the Treaty of Wanghia (1844)--the first American treaty with China. On his return from China, he made forceful representations in Hawaii for the purpose of blocking a British attempt to obtain exclusive privileges there.

His subsequent career was relatively uneventful. He served as president of the board to examine midshipmen (1846), commandant of the Norfolk Navy Yard (1847), general superintendent of ocean mail steamships at New York (1857). He retired in 1861 and was commissioned a commodore on the retired list in 1867. He served one year as mayor of Perth Amboy and during his career returned home frequently to his wife and two sons. He died in the same house in which he was born.

²Kearny correspondence, Sen. Doc. No. 139, 29 Cong., 1 Sess., quoted in the Dictionary of American Biography, Vol. X, p. 270.

³Ibid., 271.