United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	1e							
historic	Hypolite Borde	lon/Hou	ise					
and/or common	The state of the same						_	
2. Loca	ation	LA						
street & number	La. Hwy. li	n Marks	ville			_	not	for publication
city, town	Marksville			vicinity of	congressiona	ıl district {	3th-G	illis Long
state	La.	code	22	county	Avoyelles P	arish		code 009
3. Clas	sificatio	n						
Category district _X building(s) structure site object	Ownership X_ public private both Public Acquisiti in process being consid		Acces	cupied occupied ork in progress sible s: restricted s: unrestricted	Present Us agricul comme educati enterta govern industr military	ture ercial ional inment ment ial		museum and tourist park center private residence religious scientific transportation other:
name Ţ	own of Marksvi		et.					
city, town	Marksville			_ vicinity of		state [_a.	71351
5. Loca	ation of L	.ega	l De	scripti	on			
courthouse, regi	istry of deeds, etc.	Avoye	elles F	arish Court	house			
street & number								
city, town		Marks	sville			state	La	
6. Rep	resentati	on i	n Ex	cisting	Surveys	S		
title La. His	toric Sites Su	rvey		has this pro	pperty been dete	rmined ele	gible?	уеs <u>Х</u> по
date	1980							_ county local
depository for su	urvey records La.	State	Histor	ric Preserva		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Baton Rouge					state	La	

7. Description

Condition excellent deteriorated X good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unaltered X_ altered	Check one original siteX moved dateSeptember 1978
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Hypolite Bordelon House was recently moved to a small park on the outskirts of Marksville. Although the house is near the four lane Louisiana Route 1, it still enjoys an essentially naturalistic setting due to the adjacent large oak trees. The move was necessary in order to save the house from decay and neglect. It was inaccessible in its original location and unoccupied. In a few more years it would have collapsed. It has been restored in its present location and now serves as a museum and tourist center.

The house plan consists of two large rooms with a central chimney, a front and rear gallery and one rear cabinet. The double pitched roof is unusual in Avoyelles Parish. The roof structure is straight forward, without elaborate truss work. The house has been immaculately restored.

The following features are replaced:

- 1. the central bousillage chimney
- 2. the cabinet walls
- 3. many of the cypress blocks on which the house is raised
- 4. 4 of the shutters
- 5. the present hardware
- 6. most of the sashes

The present crude mantel is a copy taken from a similar house in Ville Platte. The bousillage walls, the front and rear chamfered columns and the French doors are original.

Although the house was lived in in later years, it strongly resembles a plantation kitchen of the period. This is suggested by the enormous size of the chimney, the one time proximity of two large wells and the lack of ceiling boards in the original construction.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899 1900-	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement	landscape architecture law literature military music philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	circa 1825	Builder/Architect		

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph) Criterion C

The Hypolite Bordelon House is significant in the area of architecture because it is a fine example of the small Creole house--something which was at one time plentiful and is now an unusual survival. The double pitched roof is highly unusual in Avoyelles Parish. It is therefore an important part of the parish's architectural history.

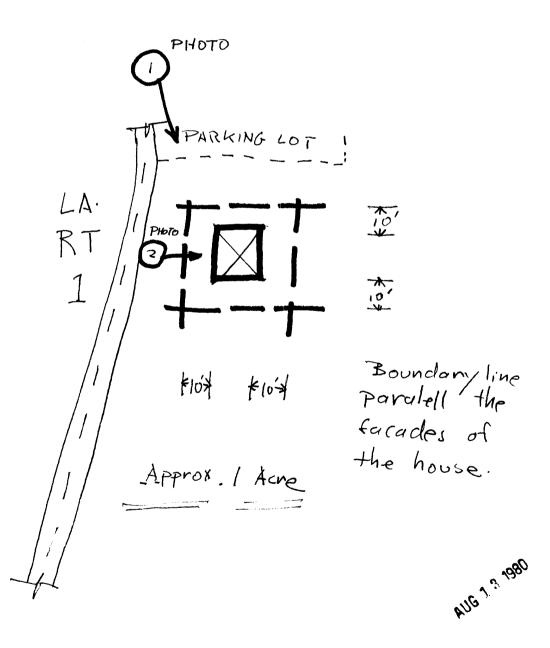
Also worthy of mention is the fact that the Bordelon family, who built the house, was one of the pioneer families of Avoyelles Parish.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Report on Bordelon House Prepared by Robert E. Smith, Restoration Architect

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Verbal boundary description	and justification			
See attached plat map.				
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11. Form Prep	ared By			
name/title Clyde M. Nec	k. Chairman		•	
	,	on Committee dat	te June 19	90
		on Committee da	te oune 19	<u> </u>
street & number 418 DeBello	evue Drive	tele		3-7367 home 7-5353 office
city or town Marksville		sta		•
12. State Histo	oric Pres			
			Jilicei O	EllinGation
The evaluated significance of this	property within the s	state is:		
national	X state	local		
As the designated State Historic F 665), I hereby nominate this prope according to the criteria and proce	erty for inclusion in th	e National Register a	and certify that it ha	s been evaluated
State Historic Preservation Officer	r signature) loho.	13 Del	Shell
title State Historic Prese	rvation Officer	Robert B. DeB	lieux date	8/6/80
For HCRS use only I hereby certify that this pro	perty is included in the	ne National Register		
tani) Ray	Tuce		date	10/16/80
Keeper of the National Register				
Attest: Ainha Huis	+ McClell	W. January	'date ,	10.14.80
Chief of Hegistration				





HYPOLITE BORDELON HOME

The Hypolite Bordelon Home, circa 1790-1820, is located on Tunica Drive (Louisiana Highway #1) in Marksville, La. This home has traditionally been known by this name, but most recent research has shown that the home was most probably built by Valerie Bordelon, Hypolite's father. Valerie Bordelon was the grandson of the first Bordelon in Louisiana, Laurent Bordelon, who came to Louisiana before 1730 as an employee of the French trading company, the Company of the Indies. Laurent was a native of LeHavre, in the Normandy province of France. One of Laurent Bordelon's sons, Antoine, who was the father of Valerie, was Assistant Regimental Adjutant, of the militia at the Pointe Coupee Post in New Roads, La. He commanded the militia group in Galvez's expedition against the British at Fort Bute in Baton Rouge during the American Revolution. Seven of Antoine's twelve children moved to the vicinity of the Avoyelles Post between the years 1796-1805, and became the ancestors of most of the Bordelons in Avoyelles Parish.

The Hypolite Bordelon Home is thirty-two (32) feet wide and thirty-six (36) feet long, and is typical of early French construction in Louisiana. That is, it contains two basic rooms centered by a large double, cooking and heating fireplace. In addition, there is a small back "cabinet" room used as a bedroom. There were two additional cabinet rooms added on the front gallery in the period 1830-1845. These were not re-built in the restoration, as our purpose was to restore the home to its original plan.

The house is built of virgin cypress and pine and sits on cypress piers. The structure of hand-dressed "poteaux" (posts) is pegged and mortised. Rafters are hand hewn. All of the primary framework is original, and in its original AUE 3 RED position. Original and existing hardware consists of hand-forged iron strap

hinges and door hooks with twists. Needed replacements were faithfully and meticulously copied from these originals. The window and door shutters on the front gallery are also original and all others were copied from these.

The walls of the home are "bousillage" that is, mud and moss, and are original to the house. Interior and front and rear exterior walls have been re-plastered, however, there are interior walls where the original plaster has been kept intact for historical and architectural purposes.

The planking of the ceilings is hand split and dressed oak. Ceiling joists are cypress and beaded. All are original. The building has examples of both hand-made (pre 1830) and machine made (post-1830) nails.

The roof line exhibits a unique architectural style not found in Avoyelles Parish but common to Pointe Coupee Parish. This is due to the Bordelons' Pointe Coupee heritage.

In 1977, Mrs. Virginia Bordelon McLelland, owner of the home, offered to donate the home to a group that would preserve and restore it. It had been unoccupied since the 1930's and was located approximately three miles south of Marksville near Red River. The home had been badly vandalized, and had been blown off of its piers by Hurricane Audrey in 1959. It was in danger of demolition by neglect. In early 1978, La Commission des Avoyelles, our parish historical society, the Marksville Jaycee Jaynes and the Town of Marksville banded together to work on the project. Following the donation, in June, 1978, of the house to the Town, plans were made to move the house to Marksville. This was considered necessary for a number of reasons. First of all, it was impossible to protect the house at its original location. It was located at an abandoned home site in the middle of farmland. The site was in no way historically significant. Secondly, it was early decided upon that the house was valuable primarily for its architectural and cultural

significance, and would serve excellently as a tourist information center, small museum and teaching device. This could be better accomplished by moving it to Marksville on Louisiana Highway #1, a major North-South thoroughfare. This would make the house easily accessible to the public. The house was moved in September, 1978 and is located across from the Avoyelles Parish School Board office and adjacent to Marksville elementary and high schools. Students are able to visit the home during their study of Louisiana history and culture.

We feel that the Hypolite Bordelon Home is worthy of nomination and placement on the National Register, primarily because of its architectural value. It is one of less than five homes of its type left in Avoyelles Parish. It typifies the kind and type of abode that Avoyelles pioneer families lived in and that many of our older population remembers fondly. It is historically and genealogically tied to the Bordelon family, one of the eight pioneer families in Avoyelles Parish. Valerie Bordelon served on the Police Jury. His son, Hypolite was active in legal affairs, and his name appears quite often in records in the Avoyelles Parish Courthouse. Three of his sons served in the Confederate Army during the Civil War.

This home, presently open to the public, is serving its purposes as tourist information center, museum and teaching device and doing it well. There is some work remaining on the house. We are in the process of reconstructing the mud-moss chimney in its original location. Also planned is a surrounding fence of hand split pickets. Old pickets have been purchased for this project, and we plan to erect the fence this summer.

The architect for the project was Robert E. Smith of Breaux Bridge,
Louisiana. Mr. Smith specializes in the restoration of early Louisiana
dwellings.