OMB No. 10024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

DEC 22 1992

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NATIONAL

REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the* National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property			
historic name Les Chenes Verts	(Live Oaks)		
other names/site number			
2. Location			
street & number <u>Corner Highland Road</u>	d and Jean Lafitte Avenue	N ⚠ not for	publication
city or town <u>Baton Rouge</u>		N/A vici	nity
state Louisiana code LA	county_East_Baton_Rouge	code 33 zip cod	e <u>70810</u>
3. State/Federal Agency Certification			
Signature of certifying official Title Gerra Ho SHPO, Dept of Culture, Recrea State of Federal agency and bureau In my opinion, the property meets does not comments.)	the documentation standards for registeric rofessional requirements set forth in 36 C for criteria. I recommend that this property continuation sheet for additional comment December 18, 1992 abdy, LA Date attion and Tourism	ng properties in the National Reg FR Part 60. In my opinion, the p be considered significant s.)	gister of roperty
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date		
State or Federal agency and bureau			
4. National Park Service Certification			
I hereby certify that the property is: entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet.	Signature of the Keeper	Made William	Date of Action
determined eligible for theNational RegisterSee continuation sheet.			
determined not eligible for the National Register.			
removed from the National Register.			
Other, (explain:)			

Les	Chenes	Verts
Name c	f Property	

East	Baton	Rouge	Parish,	LA
	and State			

5. Classification						
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)				
🗓 private	🗓 building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing			
public-local	☐ district			huildings		
☐ public-State☐ public-Federal	☐ site			_		
□ public-rederal	⊔ structure □ object					
			0	•		
Name of related multiple p (Enter "N/A" if property is not part	or operty listing of a multiple property listing.)	Number of co in the Nationa	ntributing resources pro I Register	eviously listed		
Louisiana's French C	reole Architecture	0				
6. Function or Use						
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Function (Enter categories from				
DOMESTIC/single dwel	ling	WORK IN PROC	GRESS			
						
7. Description						
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from	instructions)			
Other: French Creol	е	foundation	concrete			
Federal		walls				
			weatherboard			
		roof	wood shingle			
		other				

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

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Les	${\tt Chenes}$	Verts,	Baton	Rouge,	East	Baton	Rouge	Parish,	LA
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Les Chenes Verts (c. 1830) is a two story raised Creole plantation house of brick and frame construction. It stands within East Baton Rouge Parish on a large suburban plot which maintains much of its former rural character. Although moved from its original St. Landry Parish location, the house retains its National Register eligibility as a rare example of the apex of the French Creole building tradition.

Les Chenes Verts was originally located between Opelousas and Washington in St. Landry Parish. It stood within a grove of large oak and pecan trees along a rural gravel road. Vacant for many years, the house was open to the elements and suffered deterioration before being purchased by the current owners in 1985. As a result of this neglect, cattle had roamed freely throughout the lower floor. In addition, vandals had written graffiti on the walls and lighted dangerous fires in the interior. The house would most certainly have been lost had the new owners not moved it to East Baton Rouge Parish in 1991. Its new site, although in a suburban area, still has the feel of rural countryside. Reached by a gravel drive, the house now stands back from the road on a deeply wooded lot with rolling topography and its own private pond. Thus, the new setting is not at all inappropriate to the historic house.

Creole characteristics found within the house include:

- 1) a Class III hipped umbrella roof,
- 2) the fact that the <u>premier etage</u> (primary living space) is raised a full story above the ground,
- 3) the upper floor's French braced frame and brick between post infill,
- 4) wraparound mantels,
- 5) French doors and casement windows,
- 6) chamfered upper gallery columns,
- 7) two exterior gallery stairways (one original and one replicated).
- 8) exposed beaded ceiling beams throughout the lower floor rooms, gallery, and loggia, and
- 9) a hall-less Creole floorplan which is three rooms wide and two rooms deep. The rear range of rooms contains <u>cabinets</u> at each corner. On

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Les	Chenes	Verts,	East	Baton	Rouge	Parish,	LA

the lower floor the <u>cabinets</u> flank a loggia, but on the upper floor the space above the loggia has always been enclosed. A gallery adjoins the front rooms on each level.

Much of the home's original Federal woodwork survives, including the previously mentioned wraparound mantels, two non-wrapping mantels, door and window surrounds, and simple chair rails and baseboards. Four of the building's eight plank doors are also original. An interesting feature is the rear second story door, which can be opened for cross-ventilation but leads nowhere because the rear exterior staircase on to which it formerly opened was removed during the historic period. A rail placed across the opening is designed to prevent residents from falling to the ground below.

In addition to the loss of the rear exterior stair, Les Chenes Verts had its upper <u>cabinet</u> doors relocated during the historic period. Other changes have resulted from the move and rehabilitation of the home. This work was done under the supervision of Sid Gray, a specialist in Creole house restoration.

These alterations include the following:

- 1) The brick lower story was replaced with stud wall construction veneered with the original bricks. The veneer was applied in such a way as to replicate the exact appearance of the original. The floorplan was replicated, all openings were put back in their original locations, and the original woodwork was used (doors and windows, mantels, exposed beam ceilings, etc.) The lower story piers were rebuilt using the original bricks. The lower story flooring (exterior and interior) also had to be replaced. Brick was used in all but one space.
- 2) The chimneys were rebuilt.
- 3) An interior stairway which rises from the east <u>cabinet</u> to the room above the loggia was constructed.
- 4) Some missing hardware, shutters, plank doors, one of the exterior stairs, one room's missing chair rail, and the home's plaster walls were replicated.
- 5) The upstairs <u>cabinets</u> were converted into bathrooms.
- 6) The roof's lost dormers were replaced based upon surviving physical evidence and a knowledge of other houses of the period and style.
- 7) A side wing with an attached shed roof carport was added. This wing is

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connected to the house by an enclosed breezeway.

Assessment of Integrity

Despite these changes, Les Chenes Verts still strongly conveys its architectural identity as a fully raised Creole plantation house. Its premier etage is still raised a full story above grade. The replacement of the lower story was done very sensitively, as explained above. In short, from the exterior it looks just as it did originally. More than enough rare historic characteristics and old fabric remain within the home to justify its nomination. Furthermore, the surviving rare Federal woodwork on the upper floor makes the premier etage significant in its own right. The side wing is low in scale and does not obscure any of the larger building's important features. Despite being moved from one parish to another, the house remains within French Creole South Louisiana. It is of sufficient caliber to be nominated to the Register at the state level of significance.

8. Statement of Significance	-
Applicable National Register Criteria	Areas of Significance
(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)	(Enter categories from instructions)
To realistial riogistor listing.	architecture
☐ A Property is associated with events that have made	
a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	
our motory.	
\square B Property is associated with the lives of persons	
significant in our past.	
☑ C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics	
of a type, period, or method of construction or	
represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and	
distinguishable entity whose components lack	Period of Significance
individual distinction.	c.1830
□ D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield,	
information important in prehistory or history.	
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	Significant Dates
	c.1830
Property is:	
☐ A owned by a religious institution or used for	
religious purposes.	Cinnificant Days an
☑ B removed from its original location.	Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)
	N/A
☐ C a birthplace or grave.	
□ D a cemetery.	Cultural Affiliation
	N/A
☐ E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	
☐ F a commemorative property.	
☐ G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance	Architect/Builder
within the past 50 years.	unknown
Narrative Statement of Significance	
(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)	
9. Major Bibliographical References	
Bibilography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on on	e or more continuation sheets.)
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Primary location of additional data:
\square preliminary determination of individual listing (36	☑ State Historic Preservation Office
CFR 67) has been requested	☐ Other State agency
 □ previously listed in the National Register □ previously determined eligible by the National 	 ☐ Federal agency ☐ Local government
Register	☐ University
☐ designated a National Historic Landmark	☐ Other
☐ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #LA-1188	Name of repository:
☐ recorded by Historic American Engineering	
Record #	

Les Chenes Verts Name of Property	East Baton Rouge Parish, LA County and State
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of Property <u>less than an acre</u> UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)	
1 1 5 6 8 6 1 6 0 3 3 5 8 7 1 0 Northing	3 Zone Easting Northing 4 See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)	
See enclosed sketch map. Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)	
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title National Register Staff	
organization Division of Historic Preservation	dateOctober 1992
·	telephone (504) 342-8160
city or town Baton Rouge	state <u>Louisiana</u> zip code <u>70804</u>
Additional Documentation	
Submit the following items with the completed form:	
Continuation Sheets	
Maps	
A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the p	roperty's location.
A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having	g large acreage or numerous resources.
Photographs	
Representative black and white photographs of the pr	roperty.
Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)	
Property Owner	
(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)	
nameDr. and Mrs. F. Wayne Stromeyer	
street & number7109 Woodstock Drive	telephone(504) 928-7109
city or town Baton Rouge	stateLA zip code70809

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

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Les Chenes Verts is significant in the area of architecture at the state level because it is a rare surviving example of a large, raised Creole plantation house. Creole dwellings once dominated the rural landscape of central and southern Louisiana, but today perhaps only 300 - 400 examples of these buildings remain standing outside New Orleans. Of these, the majority are small or moderately sized one story houses, while only approximately thirty (30) are members of the distinct group of substantial, fully raised plantation houses which are regarded as the apex of the Creole style. Les Chenes Verts is one of these rare survivors. Despite its move and the resulting rebuilding of the basement story, the house still retains the architectural integrity necessary to identify it as a significant representative of this tradition and support its nomination to the National Register. In addition, the house is important because of its rare Federal woodwork. In Louisiana, far more Creole houses with Greek Revival woodwork have survived than have those showing Federal influence.

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BIBLIOGRAPHY

Site visit by National Register staff.

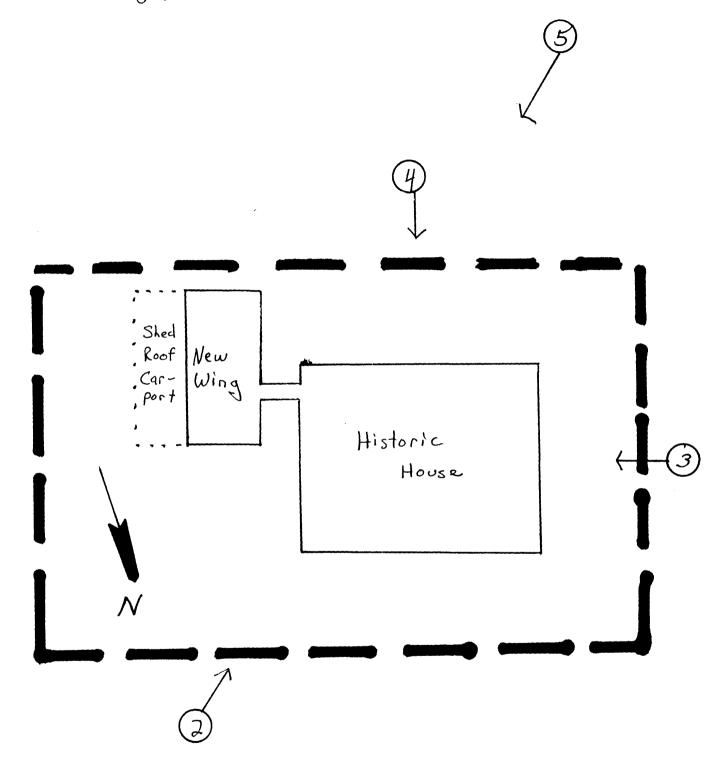
Historic American Buildings Survey drawings, Live Oak Plantation, LA-1188, July 29, 1986. Appended to these drawings are photos of the house before the move.

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Boundary Justification

Boundaries were drawn to discretely encompass the significant resource. Because this is a moved building, there is no historic setting to recognize. Also, there are various original buildings on the property. The one visible in Photos 3 and 6, the Ory House, is of sufficient distinction that it is being nominated separately to the Register.

Les Chenes Verts (Live Oaks) Baton Rouge, East Baton Partsh, LA



Scale: / "=20'
Boundary:



PRE-MOVE PHOTO

Les Chenes Verts, East Baton Rouge Parish, LA