# KENTUCKY HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY Site No. JF 685

1. Historic Name(s) Temple Bodley St	ımmer House	22. ADD/County			
Original Owner Temple Bodley  2. Present Name  3. Location at end of gravel road, off Riva Ridge		23. U.S.G.S. Quadrant (15'/75')  Louisville West  24. UTM Reference  [16] [6] [0,5] [5] [0, 0] [4] [22] [2] [9] [0]			
			Rd., SW of Palatka Rd.		Zone Easting Northing
			4. Owner's Name Donald R. & Geraldine Fromme		25. Coordinate Accuracy
5. Owner's Address		26. Prehistoric Site Object			
7540 Riva Ridge Rd., 6. Open to Public 7. Visible from road	Louisville, Ky.4021	Historic Site Structure   Building * Other			
Yes NoX		27. National Register District Name:			
9. Local Contact/Organization Jeff. Co. Co of Historic Pres. & Archiv	res State	N/A			
	Federal	28. Significance Evaluation			
10. Site Plan with North Arrow	11. Architect				
Iraquois Park  Palatka Rd.  Rd.	Unknown	29. Status Date			
Tred	Unknown	National Landmark			
48/	13. Date c 1899	National Register			
Calabya Rd.	add. c. 1902 5 B 6	Kentucky Survey			
Palatka Rd. Rd. Rd. Rd. Rd. Rd. Rd.	14. Style	Local Landmark			
Contract of the Contract of th	A Shingle style 15	HABS/HAER			
/ 9	B. L. I.	30. Historic Theme social/ Primary humanitarian 25			
	Residence 1	Secondaryurban history 3 4			
	16. Present use	Other			
	Residence	31. Endangered Yes			
,	17. Condition	NoX			
	Good 2	32. Preservation Project Status			
18. Description See attached page	No. Stories 2	Actual Cost in \$1,000s			
	Single Pile NAX	33. ATTACH PHOTO			
	Floor Plan	1			
	Asymmetrical M Structural Fabric				
	Frame A. d B.				
	Decorative Fabric Weatherboard A. U				
	Shingle BQ				
(Continue on Back)	Roof Form Gable end	7			
(Continue on Back)		┥			
·		Roll No.			
See attached page		Picture No.			
		34. Prepared by: Mary Jean Kinsman			
See attached page		35. Organization Jeff. Co. Office of			
		Historic Pres & Archives			
		36. Date 84			

Red 2/2

### 18. Description

Two-story frame structure with weatherboard and shingle exterior, stone foundation, and gable roof. Irregular massing, intersecting roof planes, rambling porches, and varied window openings contribute to the informal, country-house appearance. The garage is a recent addition. The site is a one-acre tract on the level top of a hill, once part of a 200 acre tract of cleared acreage and wooded hillsides adjacent to Iroquois Park.

#### 19. History

Temple Bodley, a prominent Louisville attorney, civic leader, and author, built this summer house about 1899 -- a time when many wellto-do Louisvillians sought refuge from the city's summer heat by moving to the high knobs south of the city or the eastern bluffs along the Ohio River. A graduate of the University of Louisville School of Law, Bodley was in private practice from 1875 until he retired in 1903. He is probably best remembered for his devotion to civic affairs, especially his support for the establishment of Louisville's public parks in the early 1890s and his astute observations and commentary on the city leaders involved in that worthy endeavor. He donated a portion of his land near Iroquois Park to be added to that park, and from 1893 to 1897 he was a member of the Board of Park Commissioners. Other civic activities included membership on the board of the Waverly Hills Tuberculosis Sanatarium (JF-75-77) during construction of the first buildings there. After his retirement in 1903, Bodley (a great-greatnephew of Gen. George Rogers Clark) devoted his time to a long held interest in Kentucky history and wrote several books, including George Rogers Clark: His Life and Public Services and A History of Kentucky Before the Louisiana Purchase.

A manuscript collection of Bodley papers contains many references to the "summer place" or "farm" near Iroquois Park and to family activities as they moved from their winter residence in Louisville out to the farm for the spring, summer, and fall months each year. These records, along with city directory listings, indicate that the summer house was also a year-round residence for a number of years in the early 1900s. Although the Bodleys owned a house on West Oak Street in Old Louisville, they often rented a house in town for the winter and did not take up primary residence on Oak Street until 1917. After Bodley's death in 1940, the farm remained in the family until 1954 when it was sold.

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## 20. Significance

The Bodley Summer House is significant for its associations with Temple Bodley, one of Louisville's prominent 19th century civic leaders and as a reminder of the "summer house" phenomenon in the knobs of southern Jefferson County. Bodley's fondness for his summer place and for the time he spent there is well-documented in his private papers and correspondence. It remains the only structure in the county which was an important and significant element in the life of this public-spirited citizen of the community.

#### 21. Sources of Information

Jefferson County (Ky.) Deed Books

Temple Bodley Papers and Letterbooks, Manuscript Department, The Filson Club, Louisville, Kentucky.

Information from James W. Stites, Jr., November 1984

"Louisville's Log Cabin Colony," <u>The</u> (Louisville) <u>Courier-Journal</u> 18 October 1896.

# KENTUCKY HISTORIC RESOURCE INVENTORY SUPPLEMENT BOUNDARY AND LOCATION INFORMATION

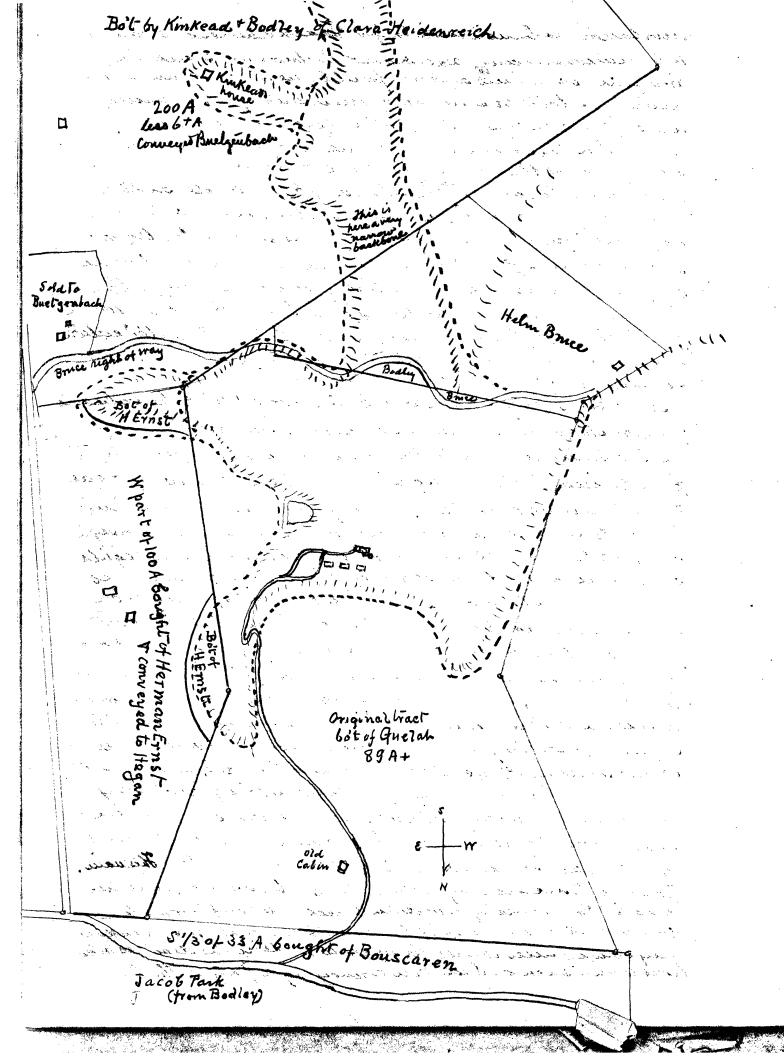
Historic Property Name Temple Bodle	y Summer House Site # JF 685
Multiple Resource/Thematic Nomination 1	Citle Jefferson County, Ky. MRA
U.T.M. Coordinates - List multiple UTMs	
A. 16 605500 4222900	D
В	E
C	F
Verbal Boundary Description	Acreage
The nominated property comprises al	l of Tract D as shown on the

Sketch of Site Plan (Showing outbuildings, structures, landscape features and the site boundary as described above.)

Troqueis Park

Randing Ridge

Randing Outbuildings, structures, landscape features and the site boundary as described above.)



Jefferson County (Ky) MRA JF 685 Temple Bodley Summer House Sketch map of Bodley tract drawn by Temple Bodley, n.d.

