United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received APR 2 6 1984 date entered

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	ie				
historic	Kelley/Fredrickson House and Office Building				
and/or common	Arthur Fredrickson House and Candy Store				
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	233 N. Lafayette Bl	vd., \$ 314 W. LaSa	alle St.	N/A not for publication	
city, town	South Bend	N/A_ vicinity of			
state	Indiana code	018 county	St. Joseph	code 141	
3. Clas	sification			·	
Category district X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered N/A	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:	
4. Own	er of Proper	ty			
name	First Source Bank,	Trust Department			
street & number	First Source Center				
city, town	South Bend	N/A vicinity of	state	Indiana 46601	
5. Loca	ition of Lega	l Descriptio	on		
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. County	/City Building, Re	corder's Office		
street & number	227 W.	Jefferson Blvd.			
city, town	South B	end	state	Indiana 46601	
6. Repr	esentation i	n Existing S	Surveys		
Indiana title	Historic Sites and Structures Survey	has this pro	perty been determined e	ligible?yes _X_ no	
date	1979			te county local	
depository for su	Indiana Dep rvey recordsDivision of	artment of Natural Historic Preserva		ogy	
city, town	Indianapoli	S	state	Indiana	

7. Description

Condition excellent deterioratedX_ good ruins fair unexposed	Check one _X_ unaltered altered	Check one X original site moved date	
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Arthur Fredrickson House is located between the West Washington and the Chapin Park Historic Districts, in a near-downtown residential area. The house sits on the southwest corner and faces east onto Lafayette Boulevard; the former office and candy store building stands behind the house to the west, and faces north onto West LaSalle Street.

The Arthur Fredrickson house is an outstanding example of a Queen Anne style residence, characterized by an irregular floor plan, a variety of textures, multiple porches, bay and oriel windows, and a corner tower. The two and one-half story house of frame construction with a gable roof and a cut coursed stone foundation, was also influenced by the Stick style (Photos 1-4).

Typical of Queen Anne, the house has an irregular floor plan and silhouette. Two additions were put on sometime between 1899 and 1917, an oriel window on the north facade and a two-story addition in the rear (west), which consisted of a kitchen and a study. The multiple gables of the asphalt paper covered roof further contribute to the asymmetrical outline of the building. Three brick interior chimneys top the roof and iron finials adorn the peaks.

The conical roof of the corner tower (southeast corner) is also topped by a finial (Photo 7). The third floor of the polygonal-shaped tower features a band of Queen Anne windows, i.e., fixed sash bordered by small stained glass lights, and has decorative wood shingles that flare out over the second level. That level alternates double-hung, one-over-one windows with stick trimmed panels on its five sides. The tower's main level which is a rectangular, paneled bay is topped by fishscale shingled pent eaves supported by a series of small brackets. The windows in this bay are double-hung, one-over-one, as are the remainder of the windows in the house. Two exceptions are the stained, leaded glass fixed lights located in the main stairway (north facade under the oriel window) and in the dining room (south facade). In addition, the front gable is punctuated by a recessed, two-light, stained glass window topped with a projecting shelf supported by decorative brackets.

Another feature of the house which is common to the Queen Anne style is the variety of textures. Although this feature is often exhibited through the use of several different types of materials, the Fredrickson House is of frame construction and the various textures are all of wood. They include clapboard, decorative wood shingle, half-timbering on the main level of the tower and latticework trim in the upper front gable.

The last feature (latticework) is also indicative of the building's Stick style details which are seen most prominently in the four porches (one on each facade). The main porch is located at the northeast corner and extends halfway across the front (east) facade. It is topped by a pediment decorated with a sunburst pattern, and is supported by turned posts on pedestals, decorative balustrades, and brackets. The porch on the south side, and the two second floor balconies echo the main porch trim. The main entrance has a single leaf, carved, paneled door with a leaded, beveled glass light.

The interior of the house is virtually unchanged. There are 14 rooms. All of the major rooms have elaborately carved spindle screens, and several of the first floor rooms have sliding double pocket doors. The remaining doors are single leaf, with horizontal panels. The wide, molded door and window trim, with corner blocks and bulls-eyes, complements the high molded baseboards. The floors throughout the house are oak. The wood trim of the house also includes birds-eye maple, sycamore, and cherry. The main staircase has a paneled, carved newel post, a newel lamp, and an ornate balustrade with incised trim.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1700–1799 X 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture artX commerce communications		g landscape architectur law literature military music	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1892	Builder/Architect	Unknown	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Several factors make the Arthur Fredrickson house significant. Not only is it a classic example of a Queen Anne, stick style, upper middle or merchant class residence, but it is the only such example still standing in the Central Business District. The entire complex, consisting of the main house, a detached office building, wrought iron fencing, and garages, all on the same lot, have remained completely intact, including the house's interior architectural details. In addition, persons important to the South Bend community, because of their active involvement in civic, commercial and cultural affairs, built and resided in the house.

The house and office building were built for Albert H. Kelley in 1892, who resigned that year as Assistant Cashier at the Studebaker Brothers Manufacturing Company, to become actively involved in the South Bend Remedy Company, a patent medicine manufacturing firm, in which he had been an investor for several years. This mail order company, whose head-quarters were located in the office building that later became the candy store, achieved world-wide recognition for its "female remedy: Magnolia Blossom." In addition to owning the medicine company, Kelley was active in several other commercial and civic organizations. He helped to organize the Citizens National Bank in 1892 and served on its first board, and was a charter member of the Indiana Club, and the Commercial Athletic Club.

In 1897 he moved the South Bend Remedy Company to a new structure one block east, and sold his house and office to Edwin H. and Ida Kunstmann Fredrickson. From 1897 until 1928, when their youngest son, Arthur, moved his offices into it, the Fredricksons rented the former commercial building as a residence to persons of varied occupations, from dressmaker to mortician.

Edwin H. Fredrickson was a saloon keeper and a wholesale distributor of wine and spirits. His hobby was real estate speculation, resulting in his ownership of several downtown business sites. A well-respected South Bend citizen, he assisted in raising the first flag over the old second County Courthouse when it became a museum in 1896. His 1932 obituary stated that among his pall bearers was South Bend Mayor, William R. Hinkle. In 1881 he married Ida Kunstmann, daughter of a St. Joseph County pioneer family, and she, too, died in 1932, just 26 days after her husband.

From that time on their sons, Edwin, a university professor, and Arthur, preserved their parents' home exactly as it had been when they were alive. Absolutely nothing was changed, even to their parents' clothing which still hangs in the closets. This fact was noted in a feature article in the March 28, 1954, issue of the <u>Indianapolis Star</u>: "it (the house) remains as a bulwark of the era in which it was bought and furnished by their parents 60 years ago."

9. Ma	jor Bibliographica	al Refere	ences		
Sanborn a San	lis Star, 3-28-54 nd Perris Map Co., Ltd. <u>South</u> born and Perris Map Co., 1885 d City Directories.	Bend, St. Jo 5, 1891, 1893, -Continued	oseph Cou , 1899, 1	nty, India 917, 1925.	na. New York:
10. G	eographical Data				
Acreage of no Quadrangle r UTM Referen	ominated property <u>Less than one</u> name <u>South Bend West</u> Quadrangl ces	acre le		Quadrangle s	scale 1:24000
	6 ₁ 2 1 ₁ 3 ₁ 0 4 ₁ 6 1 ₁ 4 1 ₁ 7 ₁ 0	B Zon D H	e Easting	N N	orthing
Lot 379 0	riginal Plat			······································	
state N/	es and counties for properties over A code	county	county bo	oungaries	code
	_				
state	orm Prepared By	county			code
name/title	Leslie J. Choitz, Director Karen L. Kiemnec, Preserva Southhold Restoration, Inc Historic Preservation Comm	ation Planner	date	December,	1983
street & numb	per 502 W. Washington		telephone	219/234-3	441
city or town	South Bend		state	Indiana	46601
12. S	tate Historic Pres	ervation	Offic	er Ce	rtification
The evaluated	I significance of this property within the næional state	state is:			
665), I hereby according to	nated State Historic Preservation Officer nominate this property for inclusion in the criteria and procedures set forth by Preservation Officer signature	the National Regis	ter and certi		
	na State Historic Preservatio	on Officer		date 4	1-19-84
1	received that this property is included in the National Register	the National Regis Entered 11 Estional 1	the	date	5/24/84
Attest: Chief of R	egistration ·			date	

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY—NOMINATION FORM

Continuation sheet, Kelley Fredrickson House and Office Building Item Number 7 Page 1

The house still has its original combination gas and electric chandeliers and wall sconces. Every major room has a tiled fireplace except the front parlor, which has a decorative cast iron radiator. Ornamentation of the fireplace surrounds, mantels, and overmantels varies in style and elaboration, from the formal dining room with its molded tiles, pilasters, turned and carved wood trim, to the family dining room fireplace with a simpler wood surround with molded cornice and side fluting. (The family dining room was the original kitchen until the present kitchen was added between 1899 and 1917.)

The candy store, located directly to the west behind the house, is a one and one-half story wood frame building with a brick foundation. It has five rooms arranged in a rectangular floor plan. The gable roof is covered with asphalt paper. Like the main house, the store is sided with clapboard and has decorative shingles on the front parapet wall. The windows are one-over-one, double-hung sash with plain trim. The front porch extends across the entire front (north) facade, and has turned posts on pedestals with stick balusters. The building has two brick chimneys.

Inside, the window and door trim in the front three rooms is the same as that in the main house. The front room extends across the full width of the building and has a molded picture rail. The heating registers are ornate, cast iron floor grates.

The cinderblock, rectangular-shaped, flat-roofed garage was probably built in the 1920's. It is topped by ball finials at the corners. A concrete block section was added to the north in the mid-twentieth century, as was a frame section connecting the garage to the candy store on the west.

A three-foot wrought iron fence made by the Stewart Iron Works of Cincinnati, Ohio, surrounds the property on the east and north sides (up to the Candy Store). It has three gates, one at the front entrance of the house and one at each side entrance on the north facade (Photo 6).

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Continuation Sheet, Kelley Fredrickson House and Office Building Item Number 8, Page 2

Arthur lived at the home his entire life, and after his brother's death in 1968, he was the sole guardian of the property. In 1927 he established a wholesale candy distributorship, first in the basement of the house, then moving into the store a few months later. In 1980, at the age of 81, he retired from the business. He was a musical director for the Studebaker, Elbel, and Mishawaka Woolen Company corporate bands, and for church, silent film, Shrine and American Legion orchestras.

The brothers' most remarkable hobby was producing motion pictures. According to the 1954 <u>Indianapolis Star</u> article, they made over 40 8mm films "complete with script, titles, stage directions, original costumes, and rehearsals." Edwin was the writer, director, and editor, while Arthur acted as producer and set designer. Many well known South Bend personages performed in these productions, including Mrs. George Studebaker. Titles included "Peaches and Proverbs," "Three Men (The Loves of Cleopatra)," "From Soup to Nuts," and "Faust." Several props still remain in the attic of the house where the films were produced.

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Kelley/Fredrickson House and Continuation sheet Office Building

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South Bend News Times, 12-6-32, 12-7-32, 12-31-32.

South Bend Tribune, 12-6-32, 2-15-83.

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Historic Resources of Continuation sheet Downtown South Bend

Item number

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Kelley/Fredrickson Residence 233 N. Lafayette

d. 1892

OWNER: First Source Bank

Trust Department First Source Center

South Bend, Indiana 46601

Photo #32; Building #16

This property is already individually listed in the National Register

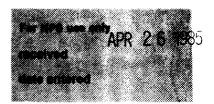
Continuation sheet

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Historic Resources of Downtown South Bend

Item number



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Kelley/Fredrickson Candy Store 314 W. LaSalle d. 1892

Photo #32; Building #22

This property is already individually listed in the National Register.